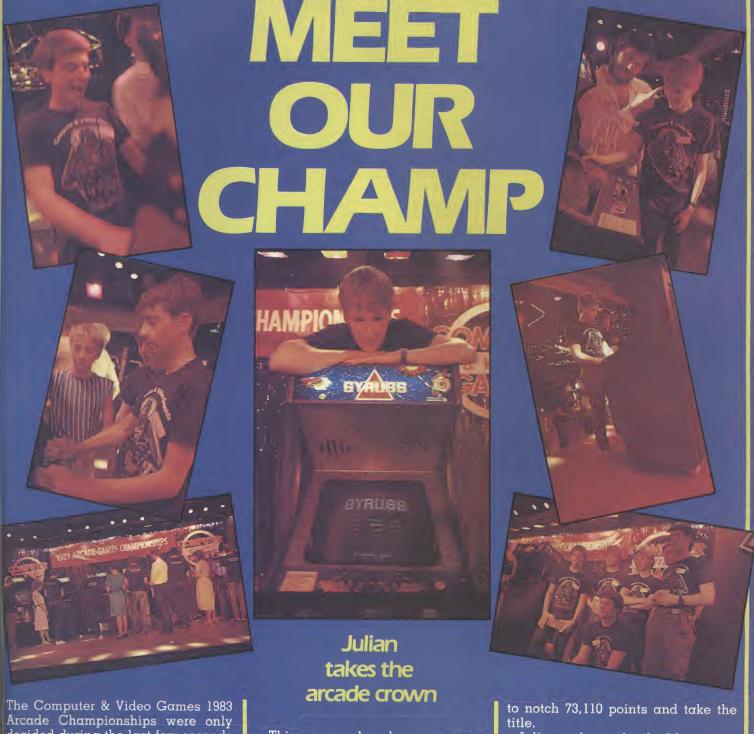


# Master Games for Master Players



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decided during the last few seconds of the action in July's thrilling final

Eighteen finalists were invited to the plush Xenon nightclub to compete against one-another and Radio l DJ Dave Lee Travis.

Some of the finalists got up early that day to appear on the BBC's morning programme Breakfast Time for an unofficial championship warm-up.

Then the 18 split into six groups of three to tackle their favourite machines with the highest scorer moving onto the next stage of the

This was played on a new machine saved especially for this competition by co-sponsors, arcade manuacturs Taitel. This was the graphically and musically awesome Gyruss unveiled by radio Luxembourg DJ Tony Prince and none of the finalists had a chance to play on it before the final.

Hot favourite from the Isle of Wight, David Rossset then set the pace with a 72,000 score on the machine and it seemed cut-anddried until the last finalist, Julian Rignall from Wales started to battle his way close to David's score.

And at the last gasp he overtook it

Julian took a cocktail table version of Galaga back back to his home in Llangeitho in Dyfed, Wales. He won his place in the final of the evergreen defender game which still attracted the most entries from arcade players across the country. The other games which made up the final were: Donkey Kong, Donkey Kong Junior, Mr Do, Robotron and

Dave Lee Travis turned up at the end of the day to present the finalists with certificates, Donkey Kong Junior hand-held games-watches from CGL and Julian with his Galaga machine.

## C-O-N-T

### WELCOME TO THE YEARBOOK

Unfolding before your very eyes is the first-ever Computer & Video Games Yearbook.

We've used some of Computer & Video Games magazine's most potent resources to put together a book we think computer buffs will love.

The jewels of this collection are four marvellous games set in another distant galaxy and setting your computer alive with intrigue, action and adventure.

Keith Campbell wrote the fascinating adventure
The Vezspozian Affair, set on a spacecraft.

Mike Singleton came up with Interstellar Intrigue, a game of diplomacy on a galactic scale, simple to

play but so difficult to win.

Ron Potkin contributed The Beacon Star Wars,
where two alien races struggle to capture the energy

giving beacon stars.

And Pat Norris was the brains behind Pirates & Polyps, space arcade action but with room to think out your tactics.

We were so pleased with these games that we converted as many as were practical over a range of computers which include the BBC, Atari, Spectrum, Dragon and Vic-20.

In the spaces between the games we packed in features about computer gaming and the people who made the industry what it is. There's plenty of cartoon fun with those horrors the Bugs and Trevor Truran sets you Puzzling with his brain teasers.

### SPACE ADVENTURES

### INTERSTELLAR INTRIGUE......21

Five hardened diplomats meet to share out the galaxy but each hopes to wrest complete control for himself. Take the part of Grakta the Bloodline delegate or Maachen the lizard from the Water Empire (up to five can play) as the fate of suns planets and fleets rests on your negotiating. Mike Singleton wrote this novel and tactical game for the Spectrum. And there are versions for the Dragon, BBC and Atari too. Illustrated by Stephen Gulbis. Can you take control of the galaxy when the might of four other empires is ranged up against you?



well as quick reactions.

### BEACON STAR WARS .....

Two alien tribes discover the secret of the beacon stars and realise that whoever controls this sector of space will have a say in the running of the galaxy. Their fleets of mining ships and gun ships help the race to produce stargates around the discovered stars. But what are the incredible space scavengers and how will they affect the outcome? Written for the Dragon by Ron Potkin, it's a well balanced and tactical strategy game for two players. Converted onto the Spectrum too. Illustrated by John Higgins. Can you out-think and out-fight your opponent?

The polyps are a rare and precious space commodity which you hope to attract down to your planet with a deep space scanner. But the pirates are out to steal the polyps away and to wreck your scanner and ground lasers. It's a battle of wits as you try to draw a bead on the pirate ships in the atmosphere and blow them out of the skies before they make off with a polyp — or worse — dive bomb your defences. Written by Pat Norris for the Spectrum we also have conversions for the Atari, Vic-20 and Dragon. Illustrated by Peter Harris. Do you blow up a pirate or pull down a polyp? It calls for fast wits as



It's not often that the special delivery rocket arrives on this lonely outpost of the galaxy. But when it does there's always a rush to see the latest issue of C&VG. This photograph was captured by the lens of Mike Goss and the two aliens were put together by Dorian Cross. We hope you get as much out of the yearbook as Dorian put into this marvellous model.



### GAMES EXTRA

### YAHTZEE......92 Come on Bud, roll them dice! You know this game 'aint fixed. Join our disreptable team of dice-men.

3D MAZE ......100
Get lost! And then find your way home again. That's the aim of this challenging maze escape game. Mind-boggling frustration for Sharp owners.

### METEOR ATTACK

Your city is in danger. A heavy shower of meteors is heading straight for it from the depths of space. Your mission is to destroy them before they destroy you! Space action on the Atari.

TRACKER.....112
Androids are on the loose again and threatening the safety of everyone in Victuille

### PAC-MAN ......116

A heart-rending tale of a Pac-Man who thought he was going to be left out of this Yearbook. Fun on the Spectrum.

Computer and Video Games Yearbook



## E-N-T-S

### THE VESPOZIAN AFFAIR ......68

D'Taan knew that she was on the verge of a great discovery, all the information was at her fingertips she just had to put two and two together. But if she makes her discovery will she be able to persuade Captain Bezel to change course to the right planets in time? How far can she trust Grakta — will he turn her over to the Bloodline Empire and can Machen be persuaded onto her side? An adventure with a real difference by Keith Campbell, where the action moves through space, goes beyond the ship and where some of the characters move independently. It was written for the Dragon but we converted it to the Atari, Dragon and BBC. Illustrations by David Pugh.



### **FEATURES**

### MEET OUR ARCADE CHAMP..

The page you've already passed. Read about the thrills and spills of our 1983 Video Games Championships and the skills of Julian Rignall, our worthy winner.

### EVOLUTION OF THE SPACE INVADERS....

We shed new light on the real strategies and motives behind the great invasion and find out that despite suffering enormous losses, the green meanies actually won.

### GAMES DESIGNER INTERVIEW......10

Eugene Lacey talks to Dave Lawson, the programming brains behind Imagine Software.

### THE BIGGEST GAMES FACTORY .....16

When it comes to games, more games come out of the Atari factory in California than anywhere else. But how many ideas finish up in the bin and how do they spot the winners.

### SOFTWARE HOUSE......65

The processes which could put your game on the streets. How a software house deals with your tape and what you could earn. We talked to Visions about their games and programmers.



### TIPS ON VIDEO GAMES .....96

How do you get to the final screens of Raiders of the Lost Ark? What's the best way to tackle Pitfall Harry. Eugene Lacey tells you how to tackle your favourite games.

### **LICENCING**.....104

It's big business and it's really taking off. Soon all your favourite book and film characters will be appearing on the small screen in computer or games centre form. Read about the million dollar deals which take them there.

### THE FUTURE OF GAMING .....107

In the future you will surrender all your senses to the game that comes into your home through a cable.

### PINBALL CRAZY.....109

Tim Metcalfe is pinball crazy, but he's not the only one. We sent him down to meet a family who think more about flippers and drop targets than even he does.

### DARK CRYSTAL.....129

We asked our magazine readers to draw a character or a scene from the fantasy Muppet movie, The Dark Crystal. Alan Outter was the winner and you can see just how he reproduced Jen the Gelfling on page 129. Then try it yourself on a BBC.



### THE REST

### PUZZLING.....8

We asked Trevor Truran to set your Earthling brains enough puzzles to keep them busy until this time next year. Trevor starts Puzzling on page 8 and there are more on pages 12, 20, 106 and 128.



### THE BUGS.....9

Every-so-often we have to kick ourselves to remember that the Bugs are the creations of cartoonist Elphin Lloyd-Jones They don't really exist in your computers. They go into action on pages 9, 14, 15 and 20. Ruining programmes, blowing up computers and planning chaos, just like they did in our computer room only last week. Maybe they are real after all!

### **EXPERTS.....18**

Would you like to add some professional gloss to your computer programs? We asked some software experts to tell us how on their computers. Malcolm Evans of New Generation Software gets to grips with the Spectrum on page 18. Simon Hunt of English Software explains how to get the best from the Atari on page 66. And Nat and Franklin of Salamander Software tame the Dragon on page 90.

### GLOSSARY.....120

Puzzled by computer jargon? We'll put a stop to all that. Robert Schifreen has composed the definitive computer glossary to take the jargon out of computers.

Editor Terry Pratt, Art editor Linda Freeman, Production Tim Metcalfe, Staff writer Eugene Lacey, Glossary Robert Schifreen, Advertisement manager Rita Lewis, Assistant advertisement manager Rob Cameron, Advertisement executive Louise Matthews, Advertisement assistant Louise Flockhart, Publishing director Tom Maloney. Published by Computer and Video Games, Durrant House, 8 Herbal Hill, London, ECIR 5EJ. Copyright © 1983 EMAP National Publications Ltd., Peterborough. Printed by East Midland Litho Printers, Peterborough.

Computer and Video Games Yearbook £2.2

### EVOLUTION OF THE

Was there motive behind the madness of the great 70s space invasion?

After some early success against the "untrained" defence forces, the later waves took an awesome hammering. Wave after wave was wiped out, sacrificed for the odd laser-base scalp — and still they kept coming.

For years the slaughter went on, some of the aliens began to look like the raw recruits they must have been, barely trained in the use of their lightning bolt missiles, before being rushed to the front line.

Reports of the carnage must have found their way back to the alien generals (or did too few saucer messengers get through), news that Earth's unofficial defenders were getting their collective eye in. Could it be that these losses were acceptable?

The common or guardian invader (Invadus Nipponicus) was having a hard time of it and then a new breed emerged in the scene. The advent of wings made saucers unnecessary and this new species made use of the swarming principle to become Galaxians. No longer the steady trudge through the stratosphere accompanied by the inevitable grunts, these aliens wheeled down depositing a steady stream of bombs, trapping defenders in corners and diving kamikaze-like upon them.

A new mutation and the world fell victim to Defendus Americaans. The first game of a great series by Williams former designer Eugene Jarvis, he followed it with Stargate and finally Robotron, as the aliens switched their base from Japan to the U.S. for a short while.

But while the new aliens took over the space invaders' traditional territory in the arcades, the old enemy was planning a new campaign. It moved straight into the Earthly homes and setting up residence in the humans' previous major defence, the telly ... a master stroke.

No more escaping from the meanies by rushing home to watch Coronation Street, the little devils were their waiting for you, courtesy of the home TV games centres.

Atari VCS aliens were a different shape but undoubtedly the same

In 1977, when the first unidentified grunts were heard in your local, the video games industry was born. It grew fat on the back of the space invasion, arcades sprang up, new manufacturers began creating alternative invasions and it blossomed.

Then came the pruning years of 1981-82, when the novelty wore off, leaving hardcore arcade go-ers who could spend hours on one 20p and those who flirted with new video games—

Eye-catching graphics and sound effects which attracted attention, without driving everyone into the saloon bar, were produced.

With home TV games centres and personal computers forever narrowing the gap in time before they produce their own arcade look-alikes, new thrills have to be constantly found and the arcade video games still lead TV games centres and home computer games, in innovation and standards of graphics and sound.

breed: antennae wriggling, legs twitching and fighting in profile but invaders none-the-less.

And susceptible to earthly defenders, who cut them down in their droves. Could it be that the distant intelligence behind this concerted onslaught had made yet another error or tactical judgement — or was this manoeuvre more evidence of the subtle planning going on in some far corner of the cosmos?

## The green meanies' master plan By Terry Pratt

Maybe so, because the next avenue of attack was a complete switch in tactics. No longer could mankind justify the slaughter of the galactic innocents by claiming that death was too good for the 'orrible little alien insects, who only had destruction in mind.

Pacman was different, all the characters were lovable. Here was a hero you could really relate to: a yellow featureless blob continually opening a black maw to sate his massive appetite.

Even the villains, the ghosts, were pretty cute: big doleful eyes and sweet names like "Blinky". Their mission might even have been misinterpreted as reasonable — to prevent Pacman from eating their world

to destruction, Subtley mankind had been switched from the side of the good guy to become the destroyer of good guys.

We took this change in good stead and soon ghosts were disappearing almost as fast as invaders had once done. But in Pacman we had a game which could actually cause us physical injury. Games were interspersed by finger soothing sessions, when caloused and bruised joints were nurtured back into shape ready for the next bout.

While Pacman took over our hearts in the arcades, the space invaders had found a new realm to conquer as they blasted their way into the home computer circuits.

At first this latest manifestation of invader was barely recognisable as the real thing. Many of them were featureless, even more, suffered from a slowness and jerkiness of movement which made them easy and unsatisfying targets.

Worse still, many of the early versions, could not even fire back and merely relied on getting to the bottom of the screen.

But they were still thriving in this new medium, and people were crying for more and better versions— eventually these poor recruits were replaced by creatures that could pass for the real thing and the galactic invasion continued apace— although still more young invaders were destined never to see their mothers again.

Pacman's insatiable appetite was also outgrowing the arcades as he munched and chewed his way onto the home screens. First he ignored the TV games centres by moving straight onto a variety of home computers. Then he backtracked to the Atari VCS system and arrived with a

SPACE INVADE

A whole new maze to wander and some flickering opponents to negotiate but Pacman was not a creature to let a change of environment ruin his appetite and the alien attack found itself with a new hero.

A heroine was not long in emerging as the attack was launched on the other half of humanity. Could

the other half of humanity. Could women be tempted into the arcades by relating to Ms Pacman? Hardly a feminist heroine, despite insisting on the "Ms" part of her title. She had a bow in her "hair" and really just wanted to settle down and have

baby Pacmen.

If women were the real target of Ms Pacman, then this was a setback to the cosmic intelligence's masterplan. Perhaps the real aim was to find a way of propagating Pacmen faster. Anyway, the male of the species took readily to Ms Pacman without worrying about role reversal, and turned it into a success.

Role reversal was fast approaching in another form. Donkey Kong pitted us against one of our favourite horrors, a mighty gorilla capturing a starlet and escaping to the top of a tall — if unfinished — building. We took the role of the poor carpenter Mario as he rushed to the starlet's rescue.

Then came Donkey Kong Junior and Mario was the enemy. A villain of the first degree, actually given the prefix wicked, who had locked up poor old Kong and was dealing out doom and destruction to the gorilla's heroic offspring as he tried desperately to rescue his Pa.

The Donkey Kong duo of games proved how fickle mankind's affections could be, we were putty in the hands of the great intergalactic game designer, if he told us black was white, we'd believe him.

It also reversed the trend of thousands of the enemy being wiped out for the odd one or two human



hero casualities. Now we were witness to the destruction of many Mario's without ever quite getting to grips with Kong.

And it also showed that the aliens producing these games had discovered our love of the cinema. They were giving us sequals like Space Invaders Part II and they were giving us heroes we already knew.

This trend continues to this day with Buck Rogers, Star Wars and Star Trek, being among the latest titles produced.

And the cinema played an even greater role in Tron, where the game was based on a film which was based on the game. And that fiction of film stars going inside the machine, is no being turned into fact by laser disc technology which uses

film clips to build up a game which switches the action to match the player's shooting and manoeuvring.

The alien intelligence has also moved back into its true colours, space creatures, as the new games prove: Xevious, Astron Belt, Mad Planets, Zaxxon, Gyruss...

The space invasion has been long, and it's been hard-fought and the casualties have been horrifying. But what have the invaders achieved at the end of it all?

Well, they succeeded where almost every film and fiction alien failed. They wormed their way into our culture, set up bases in our homes and in our social haunts and we've not only accepted their presence, we actually want to take the credit for it — in short, THEY WON!

## PUALNG

### CRAZYKONG

Once again Dolores Devine has been foolish enough to join Crazy Kong on a sightseeing tour of the Empire State Building and is now standing somewhat reluctantly on the roof garden with her hairy host as he plays with a helicopter.

Only **Lizardlegs** can scale the building in time to save her and there just happens to be one safe

way to the top.

Fortunately, by a coincidence a rare that you may be tempted not to believe it, the Christmas decorations in the office windows do mark out the route he must take.

Each symbol has a meaning. One represents UP, another DOWN, a third RIGHT and the fourth LEFT.

Just one snag — the symbols

change their meaning at each level and never have the same meaning again. So, whatever is, say UP on level one cannot be UP on levels two or three.

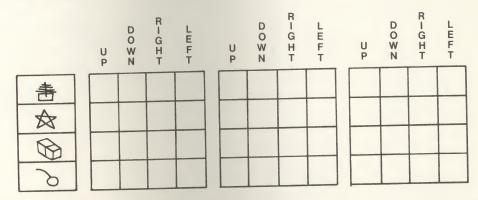
It may look an impossible task to find the only route and **Lizardlegs**, so adept at adhering to glass, is at a loss as to know how to begin his task. Can you help by marking out the one pathway?

It isn't as difficult a task as it looks

### BY TREVOR TRURAN

and the grid may help — enter a cross for an impossible meaning for a sign and a tick when you know it for sure.

A little thought and you can guide our window wiping friend to the roof—but hurry, Dolores is screaming again and her voice has already put two TV stations off the air...!



### DAMAGED GOODS

Another failing of the McCoy Co is their employment of drivers who believe that corners are optional. As you can see, the latest consignment of video favourites has arrived at the rear of the premises in something of a mess.

When the lorry set out each layer contained three types of cartridge but the collision with the wall has concerting-ed the contents.

The only good thing is that the letters of each game are still in their correct order, so, if you don't mind

lending a hand, you can name all twelve games and restore order from chaos.

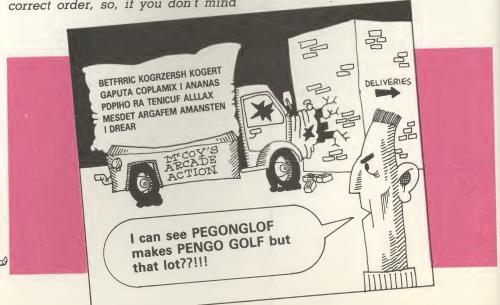
Otherwise the world will have to get used to **KOGRZERSH** in the Top Ten and no one will play a game with that name, will they?

Top Layer: BERZERK TRICKSHOT FROGGER

2nd Layer: GALAXIANS PACMAN UTOPIA

3rd Layer: PHOENIX DRACULA PIT-FALL

4th Layer: MEGAMANIA STARMAS-TER DEFENDER





## The New Heroes

We take you to
Liverpool to meet
Dave Lawson
the designer/
programmer of
Arcadia,
Spectral Invaders,
Spectral Spectres,
Ah Diddums,
and Schizoids.

F there is one person in England who you could describe as the country's top games programmer it must surely be Dave Lawson.

Like a top pop star Dave, cofounder of Imagine, the Liverpool software house, can look back on a string of number one hit games.

But Dave's successes have not just been top selling games they have also been first in other respects.

Spectral Invaders was the first commercially produced game for the Sinclair Spectrum, Space Warp the first commercially produced game for the BBC, and Dave was also heavily involved in the controversial Vic Men, the first game for the Vic-20.

Soon after these games were produced Dave wrote one of Bug Bytes' all time greats — Spectrum Spectres. The money earned on Spectres enabled him to go into business for



Lawson: "I knew my work would be valuable one day"

himself with another ex-Bug Byte employee — Mark Butler — and so Imagine was born.

Shortly after the split with Bug Byte Dave was back at the keyboard but this time writing games for his own company. By last Christmas Imagine were able to launch their first game — Aracdia. The game was an instant hit on the Spectrum and has since been converted for the Vic-20 and the Commodore 64.

Pressure of running an expanding company has forced Dave away from the computer though he still found time to write Ah Diddums, released in January.

I managed to steal an hour out of his hectic schedule to find out a little about the man behind the games.

Born twenty-three years ago in Liverpool and educated at Quarrymount Secondary Modern, Dave left school and home at 15. "I lived with friends and did odd jobs — anything really. It's easy to get jobs if you get the technique right. I spent the next two years hitch-hiking, sometimes by myself and sometimes with other people.

"When I was seventeen I joined the merchant navy as a trainee engineer. The next year and a half were spent at various colleges. It was boring. They make you spend about four years at college before you get anywhere near a ship."

The navy and Dave parted company in the summer of 1979 and he was back in Liverpool, back to the odd jobs and the hitch-hiking but this time much further afield — Spain, Italy, France and Germany.

He shrugs at the suggestion that hitch-hiking can be a lonely way of travelling: "It teaches you to be independent."

It was at this time that Dave's

interest in computers began. "I'm a compulsive reader. I read anything. I started reading electronics magazines especially Electronics Today International. I got interested in it because it seemed difficult. Eventually I saw an advert for a kit computer — a Nascom. I went straight out and bought one from Microdigital in Liverpool.

"It took me about a week to learn machine code. I didn't bother with basic. I couldn't see the point.'

Dave was soon writing his own programmes and developed a sharp disapproval for the professional software currently available in the entertainment field. Of his own work at this time he was more confident. "I knew it would be valuable one day".

Valuable could be taken as something of an understatement from a man who has just taken delivery of a brand new Ferrari Mondiall.

A Ferrari is hardly the choice of a modest man, although Lawson insists that the money is not his main motivation. "The money means nothing to me. It's the satisfaction of being the best. I feel proud of our games and proud of Imagine. We are also providing people with good quality products, which also gives me pleasure".

His current project is the setting up of what Dave calls a "software development environment". This is an ideal set of circumstances, tools, working conditions, programmers, and artists which collectively produce a good computer games pro-

duction line.

"There is no quick way of writing a good game. We brain storm our programmers all day. Fire ideas at them. We now have two artists working on graphics for the games. In the ideal programming environment the artists and programmers would work together throughout the course of the project."

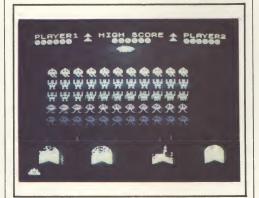
Since Imagine's launch less then twelve-months ago the company has spawned an advertising agency and there are half a dozen other com-

panies in the pipeline. Lawson believes in himself and partner Mark Butler. "I think we make a great team. I met him in Laskys. I was playing Star Raiders at the time and he came up to me as a salesman. Good game, he said.

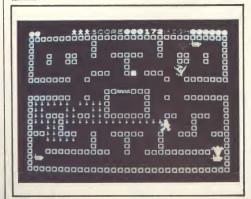
Arcadia, Spectres, and Spectral Invaders, "classics" that every **Spectrum owner** would want in his collection.



**Ah Diddums** 



**Spectral Invaders** 



I'm going to write one much better I | Spectres

said."

In the short term Imagine will be continuing to produce games for the Spectrum and also for the Commodore 64 before the end of the year.

Lawson says his long term plans are: "To become the biggest software company in the world and to become a public company by 1985."

And with what he has achieved so far we're convinced that this software supremo will do just that.

Lawson's first job in the computer games came as a result of seeing an article about a comparatively unknown firm that had just moved to Liverpool.

The firm was called Bug Byte and Dave was invited to join the team after showing the firm's bosses how to use one of their new computers.

When the Spectrum first appeared all the software houses were racing to get the first game on sale.

Dave was Bug Byte's main hope in this race and after thirteen failed production models managed to write the game from a pre-printers copy of the Spectrum Users Manual. Bug Byte were gambling that the manual and Lawson's interpretation of it were one hundred per cent accurate. The gamble paid off and Spectral Invaders is to this day the most accurate copy of arcade Space Invaders available for the Spectrum.

Dave's talent for arcade cloning was to pay off again for Bug Byte when Dave wrote Vic Men, a straight take-off of Pac Man, for the then new Commodore machine. Unfortunately for Bug Byte the game had to be withdrawn in the face of a threat of legal action by Atari — the holders of the Pac Man copyright.

For Imagine the past nine months has been a period of unprecedented

They have gone from a small office with three employees to a large office block in the centre of Liverpool with twelve employees.

Imagine's General Manager Bruce Everiss boasts proudly of "taking scousers off the dole". When we set up our own production and packaging facility we will take "first seven and then forty scousers off the dole".

Here at Computer and Video Games we reckon that Lawson and Imagine will be creating games that will keep them in the limelight for years to come.

### THE SPLURGS OF MOG

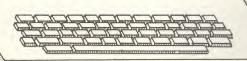
The story so far:

YOU are at the spot X surrounded by the usual mist which is so dense you cannot even see the feature you are on. You can go NORTH, SOUTH, EAST or WEST. In each direction there is another location and feature.

Each location contains a right NASTY and all but one is armed with a fearful weapon with which to bring about your immediate destruction.

The odd creature out keeps a somewhat ineffective guard over a GOLD CASKET.

SPACE BAR



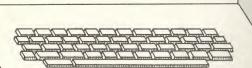
1. The GORGON is found in the SWAMP

which is not to the SOUTH.

2. The MOUNTAIN is due EAST of where you will find BEELZEBUB.

3. The VAMPIRE has the GOLD CASKET and is not in the LAKE.

SPACE BAR

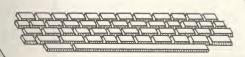


BUT...

it is not sufficient to locate it, grab it and exit! Your nearest and dearest companions are following behind and you must leave them complete details of just who is where and armed with what.

After studying the data you may find our grid helpful in sortng out the logical tangle.
Put a X where a combination is impossible and a / for a positive connection.
The immediate results from the first clue is already entered for you.

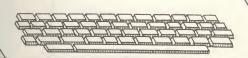
SPACE BAR



4. The SWORD will be used against you in the FOREST and MEDUSA hangs about in the CAVES.

5. The HYDRA, which doesn't have the SWORD, is to be found to the NORTH-WEST of the spot where the POISON will have to be swallowed.

6. To the NORTH you will encounter an attack to the outer flesh and to the SOUTH you are up against an EVIL SPELL.



GOLD CASKET POISON EVIL SPELL FIRE SWORD MEDUSA BEELZEBUB HYDRA VAMPIRE GORGON WEST **FOREST** MOUNTAIN CAVES **SWAMP** LAKE **MEDUSA BEELZEBUB** HYDRA **VAMPIRE** GORGON **GOLD CASKET** POISON **EVIL SPELL** FIRE **SWORD** 

WHO	DIRECTION	LOCATION	WHAT WITH
MEDUSA			
BEELZEBUB			
HYDRA			
VAMPIRE			
GORGON			



SOFTWARE PROGRAM WRITERS

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## The Biggest Games Factory in the World

More games ideas are suggested, investigated and discarded at the Atari research and development complex at Sunnyvale in California than anywhere else on this planet. Eugene Lacey looks at the way the games are thought up, the processes they go through and why the ideas that survive have to be among

the best around

The biggest games factory in the world is to be found at Sunnyvale, California, on the west coast of America.

That's the home of Atari's video games design plant where a team of over one hundred programmers, designers, and artists work unceasingly thinking up new ideas for/and developing video games.

The man responsible for running the whole operation is 37-year-old Condon Brown.

While many of you were asleep in your beds *Computer and Video Games* spoke by telephone to the man behind the games.

Fifteen years of experience in the computer business, that involved working as a programmer and eventually running his own consultancy, led Condon to be offered what many people consider as the top job at Atari one-and-a-half years ago.

"We eat, sleep, and breathe games at Sunnyvale... and it's not just at work... I seem to spend a lot of time at the breakfast table discussing a game... or some part of a game with my wife."

Does she ever get sick of it? Loud laughter. "Just occasionally."

The game design process is a mixture of formal, and informal discussion, involving a set team of people and a floating pool of specialists.

Brown sees three main categories of game: The coin operated arcade game conversions, such as Pac Man and Space Invaders, licensed games where the company buys the rights to use a well known character or story line, and totally original games thought up by Atari's designers.

Atari keep the numbers of games they have sold a very closely guarded secret though it is known that the arcade conversions are the best sellers. Pac Man is the most successful to date and is thought to have sold more than 10 million copies world wide.

Brown believes that the penchant for arcade conversions will not always be what the public wants and that the original games will become more popular.

To find good original ideas he arranges "brainstorming sessions" to attempt to tease out an idea from a group discussion. Between eight and 10 designers and programmers attend the meetings. "I use the terms

designer and programmer interchangeably... we try to set a theme for the meetings. It might be space adventure, maze, children's, or action games. These session can last anything from  $1\frac{1}{2}$  hour to all afternoon. Apart from time, place and theme we try to keep it informal."

Brainstorming sessions are an important part of the games factory output though Brown also stresses the importance of the individual flash of inspiration, "as many ideas come purely from one person as do from the brainstorming sessions".

Brown would like to see the whole company involved in the origination of new games process: "I regard the wider company as a potentially untapped resource."

Although the original games are often the most time consuming licensed titles and arcade conversions also present difficulties.

"We have to work within the limitations of the hardware — which usually means within the confines of the Atari VCS. Unlike the arcade machines which can constantly be improved in terms of their capabilities the VCS always remains the same.

"There is also the problem of trying to decide how licensed titles like ET & Raiders of the Lost Ark for example can best be used."



When Atari are convinced that an idea for a game is a good one the project is then handed down to a Cluster Group.

Each cluster group is made up of between five to eight people under the control of the cluster leader who in turn is responsible to Condon Brown.

Before an idea is assigned to a certain Cluster Group to turn it into a game a detailed Story Line and description of the game has to be produced for management approval.

This will contain detailed description of the gameplay, difficulty levels, and graphics together with precise market research to describe exactly whom the company believes will buy the game and why.

The next stage is to decide on a time scale for the completion of the project. This has to be flexible and games have taken from as little as five weeks to a year and a half to get into the shops. It is not only unforeseen technical difficulties that can put a project back — Atari also give careful thought to when is the right moment to put any given game on sale.

"We have to ensure that there is not a glut of games at one point in the year and a shortage at another."

There are usually as many as 10 games being developed at the same

time though not all of these are destined to go into full scale production.

The cluster groups are teams made up of various specialists: a sound engineer who works on sound effects, a graphic artist who works with the programmers, and a composer to make up musical jingles, theme pieces for the games. There are also individual specialists whom the cluster can seek advice from on any point.

These specialists often have long term projects of their own but are regarded as a shared resource by the cluster groups.

When a project is underway its progress is constantly monitored by the cluster leader. "There is lot of input into the group . . . particularly from software marketing . . . but the final responsibility for what the game will be like rests with the designers."

Condon Brown stresses the team approach to design but also believes that there is room within the structure for designers who prefer to work by themselves. He cites the case of Howard Warsaw who developed the Raiders of the Lost Ark game by himself. In an earlier interview Warsaw told C&VG how he worked out the conversion of the film into a video game after sitting through four screenings of the film.

The quality of Atari's games, like that of any other video game manufacturer, depends on the strengths of the design team. One thing, Brown has to come to terms with, is the tremendous amount of poaching that goes on in the industry.

"We pay very well and generally have the pick of the industry."

He does not believe there is any set type of designer that fits into the Atari mould. "They come from many different walks of life... and range from 17-year-olds to PHD's... the one thing they all have in common is an abiding fascinating and love for computers."

"We try to select people with a proven track record and would normally expect some knowledge of advanced languages such as assembler language, and sequential processes . . . it is not important for a good designer to have a strong

mathematics background."

The advanced knowledge the designers attain in the existing range of Atari computers means that their opinions are highly valued by the hardware researchers. "Because they have to work within the confines of set system they quickly start to think how much more they could put into a game if the computer had extra capacity in certain areas."

The conversion of games is a recent problem for the designers and a feasibility study has to be produced as early as possible in the development of the game if it is likely that Atari would want to market the game for other computer systems.

Not only games for specific systems but games for specific parts of the world designed to cater for the different culture and tastes.

The first of these games Astrisk and Obelisk was currently being under development when we spoke to Condon Brown. "It's based on the cartoon characters and is designed with the European market where they are particularly popular. It will be test launched in France later this year."

With several million Pac Man, Space Invaders, Galaxians and others too numerous to mention now in millions of homes there can be little doubt that the Sunnyvale plant is quite definitely the biggestgames factory in the world.

And what does the man in charge of it all like to do to relax? "I enjoy a game of Defender". Careful with those smart bombs Condon.

### Presentation on the

### -Malcolm Evans gets things moving

Malcolm Evans of New Generation Software probably knows the Spectrum as well as anyone.

Here, Malcolm gives you the benefit of all that experience as he undertakes to get a little animation going on the Spectrum.

Although the Spectrum has a character set fixed in its ROM, certain ASCII codes are not assigned to a particular character.

These can be defined by the user to be any chosen character and can then be printed either by entering graphics mode and using one of the letters from A to U, or by printing the character using CHR\$ which will output the specific ASCII code.

There are 20 user definable characters on a Spectrum and they occupy ASCII codes 144 to 164.

If you type PRINT USR("A") the machine will give the location of the first byte of graphics data. The first 8 bytes including that one will hold the data for the first character and so on. There are 20 characters which is 160 memory locations.

To calculate the actual data for the characters, you first need to design it on a piece of 8x8 squared paper. Each of the 64 squares can either be coloured in or left unshaded.

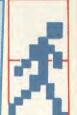
When you have finished designing your character you need to convert each horizontal row of coloured and empty squares into a binary number. To do this use the BIN function. Use a 1 for each coloured square and a 0 for each unshaded square. When you have your eight binary numbers then you simply poke the data into the memory like this ...

POKE USR("A"),BIN 10100010 POKE USR("A")+1,BIN 10001100 POKE USR("A")+2,BIN 01101100

And so on until you have poked in all 8 rows. This will continue until you reach USR("A")+7.

This defines user defined graphic character A. To define any others simply use USR("B"), then USR("C"), and so on:

This article outlines the use of user defined graphics, to achieve smooth



### ILLUSTRATION 1

Illustration one shows two characters which form a larger figure.

Illustration two then gets him moving through four walking positions.

### **ILLUSTRATION 2**

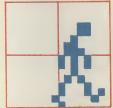




Position 1

4

Position 2



Position 3

Position 4

animation to enhance the graphics in your own programs, and continues to show how to extend the user defined graphic symbols far beyond the 21 characters in the Spectrum specification.

Pages 92-93 of the Spectrum manual outline the use of user defined graphics characters.

It is simple to combine such defined characters to form a larger figure. Figure 1 shows two such characters arranged to produce the figure of a walking man. If we were to draw such a figure on the screen and attempt to move it to the right it would appear to hop. Listing 1 shows a program to do just this.

Ideally we need to draw the figure moving smoothly across the character boundaries. This we can do by adding intermediate figure positions using four characters (2 wide by 2 high). Even when the figure is within the pair of characters, 4 are still necessary since a trailing pair of characters is required to blank out the remains of the figure as it is moved forward to the next character position on the screen.

Listing 2 shows one way of achieving the required animation. Lines 10-70 convert the picture data into

the user defined graphics A-P.

Another graphics character has been introduced to provide a ground plane. They have been entered in this manner so that it is easy to modify the pictures at any time. Line 1030 draws the four characters that make up the man quickly. There are two FOR-NEXT loops. N determines which of the four intermediate pictures is to be drawn, and M the position across the screen.

Using a similar method, it is possible to animate the figure to move in any direction. Each direction requires further User defined graphics characters. Since we have already taken up 17 of the 21 available, we must find some way of extending the capabilities of the Spectrum.

The beginning of the character set used by the Spectrum system is pointed to by a system parameter called CHAR\$ at location 23606 and 23607.

This good piece of foresight of the Spectrum programmers allows the user to POKE into these locations to produce new character sets.

Listing 3 introduces another six characters to provide the pictures of the man falling. Since the size of the figure is one character wide and two high, by previous arguments it is necessary to use a set of characters three high to move the figure up or down. These additional characters are available since CHAR\$ has been POKED to 30208 (location 23607 having been POKED to 118). The first usable character (CHr\$ 32) is at 30464. Only two intermediate positions are provided this time to speed up the fall rate.

To add some humour (even if it is sick) lines 1100-1240 have been introduced to complete the demonstration loop. The POKE at line 1200 is to amend the scroll count SCR CT to ensure that the subsequent prints of char\$ 36 (a blank) result in the screen being scrolled.

When you press BREAK to leave the loop you will still be in the alternative character set. Don't panic. Simply poke 23607,60, trying to ignore the gibberish that the basic system puts onto the screen, and the system will regain some form of intelligence.

### SPECTRUM

```
1 REM "graphics 3"- man falli
   779
     10 FOR n=0 TO 183
     20 READ d: POKE 30464+n,d: NEX
    30 DATA 0,0,0,1,1,2,2,6,0,0,0,
  128,128,0,0,0,7,7,6,14,26,34,18,
  3,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0: REM position
    40 DATA 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
  96,96,128,128,128,0,0,0,0,1,1,2,
  1,192,192,128,128,128,128,192,0:
   REM position 2
    50 DATA 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
  24,24,32,96,112,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,
  168,168,32,80,136,138<mark>,4,128: REM</mark>
   Position 3
    60 DATA 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
  6, 6, 8, 28, 26, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 42, 7
  2,24,20,36,66,130,131: REM Posit
  ion 4
    70 DATA 255,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
   80 DATA 0,0,0,0,0,0,141,78,84,
 56, 56, 16, 16, 48, 48, 112, 80, 80, 152,
 128,0,0,0,0,0: REM position f1
   90 DATA 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,14
 1,78,84,56,56,16,16,48,48,112,80
 ,80,152,128: REM position f2
  800 POKE 23607,118
  900 FOR x=0 TO 30
  910 PRINT AT 9,x; CHR$ 48: NEXT
 1000 LET 2=31
 1010 FOR m=0 TO 30: FOR m=0 TO 1
 5 STEP 4
 1020 PAUSE 5
 1030 PRINT AT 7,m;CHR$ (32+m);CH
R$ (33+n);AT 8,m;CHR$ (34+n);CHR
$ (35*n): NEXT n: NEXT m
1040 FOR y=7 TO 18: FOR n=0 TO 3
 STEP 3
1050 PAUSE 1
1060 PRINT AT 9,31;CHR$ (49+n);A
T y+1,31;CHR$ (50+n);AT y+2,31;C
HR# (51+n): NEXT n: NEXT y
1100 FOR n=0 TO 1: PAUSE 1: FOR
m=8 TO 1-h
1110 PRINT AT 19+n,31;CHR$ (49+m
1120 FOR 9=2 TO 2-9 STEP -1
1130 PRINT AT 21,9; INK 2; CHR$ 4
8: NEXT 9
1140 LET Z=g: NEXT m: NEXT m
1150 PRINT AT 21,0; INK 2; CHR$ 4
```

```
8; INK 2;CHR$ 48;AT 20,31;CHR$ 3
   5; AT 21, 31; CHR# 35
   1200 POKE 23692,13
   1205 FOR n=0 TO 11
   1210 PRINT CHR# 35: NEXT m
   1220 FOR n=22816 TO 22848
   1230 POKE n,56: NEXT n
   1240 GO TO 1000
   1900 REM POKE 23607,60 to get
   back to original character set
      1 REM "graphics 1"- man
     10 FOR h=0 TO 15
    20 READ d: POKE USR "a"+n,d: N
  EXT n
    60 DATA 0,0,0,BIN 00000110,BIN
   00000110,BIN 00001000,BIN 00011
  100,BIN 00011910,BIN 00191010,BI
  N 01001000,BIN 00011000,BIN 0010
  0100,BIN 00100100,BIN 01000010,B
  IN-10000010,BIN 10000011
  1020 FOR n=0 TO 30
  1030 PRINT AT 7, n;" ";CHR$ 144;A
  T 8, n; " "; CHR$ 145: PAUSE 5: NEX
     1 REM "graphics 2"- man walki
  77.53
    10 FOR n=0 TO 125
  - 20 READ d: POKE USR "a"+m,d: N
  EXT n
   30 DATA 0,0,0,1,1,2,2,6,0,0,0,
 128,128,0,0,0,7,7,6,14,26,34,18,
 3,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0: REM position
   40 DATA 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
 96,96,128,128,128,0,0,0,0,1,1,2,
 1,192,192,128,128,128,128,192,0:
  REM position 2
   50 DATA 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,
 24,24,32,96,112,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,
 168,168,32,80,136,138,4,128: REM
 Position 3
  60 DATA 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
6,6,8,28,26,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,42,7
2,24,20,36,66,130,131: REM posit
ion 4
  70 DATA 255,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
 900 FOR X=0 TO 30
 910 PRINT AT 9,×;CHR$ 160: NEXT
1010 FOR m=0 TO 30: FOR n=0 TO 1
5 STEP 4
1020 PAUSE 5
1030 PRINT AT 7,m; CHR$ (144+m); C
HR$ (145+n);AT 8,m;CHR$ (146+n);
CHR# (147*n): NEXT n: NEXT m
```

### PUZZLE PROG

This very basic computer program which, with very little adaptation, should run on most machines, asks you to sort out a tangled mess into four eight-lettered words.

At present the letters are stored in pairs in an array and you could, of

course, produce the words:

COLOSSAL CRIMINAL COMPUTER

CALAMITY

on your screen just by changing the order of the pairs in the DATA state-

This is definitely NON-U and is frowned upon. Anybody who would sink that low would never reach their keyboard again!

You are invited having typed in the program, to RUN it; your screen should produce the array:

SS	MI	AL	IN	
LO	CO	CA	IM	
UT	AL	TY	ER	
MP	CO	CR	LA	

At each turn enter three INPUTS; A and B give the column and row of the array pair to be moved and C the

### DUCKSHOOT

McCoy's, despite the name, is probably the cheapest software house ever to rent an accommodation address in downton Dorking.

Indeed, the most expensive part of all their products is the cassette holder.

Still, their fairground replica does actually run although the ducks don't even waddle and only three players can fire their six shots before the inevitable program crash.

It so happened that Nigel, Jane and Tracey in their first attempt managed to hit one duck with each shot; the bird, quite properly, disappearing from the screen. After the final shot had demolished the eighteenth duck the display briefly showed that they had each scored the same total before all went blank.

If Tracey hit more 20's than Nigel who hit more 10's than Jane you can work out which six ducks each shot, can't you?



10 DIM A\$ (4,4)

20 FOR J= 0 TO 3

30 FOR K = 0 TO 3

40 READ A\$(J,K)

50 PRINT TAB (4\*J, 4\*K) A\$(J,K)

60 NEXT K

70 NEXT J

80 DATA SS, LO, UT, MP, MI, CO, AL, CO, AL, CA, TY, CR, IN, IM, ER, LA

90 PRINT: PRINT

100 INPUT A.B.C

110 M\$=A\$(A.B)

120 IF C=0 THEN A\$(A,B)=A\$(3-A,3-B): A\$(3-A,3-B)= M\$: GOTO170

quantities.

puzzle!

particular kind of switch you wish to make. C can have the value 0, 1 or 2.

Just how the switches are made is

for you to work out - either by trial

or by a study of the program. To save

typing little or no error trapping

routines are included so expect the

worst if you try to put in illegal

Just how few moves are needed to

form the four words — ah, there's the

130 IF C=1 THEN A\$(A,B)=A\$(B,A): A\$(B,A)=M\$: GOTO170

140 D = A + 1 : IF D > 3 THEN D = 4 - D

150 E = B - 1; IF E > 0 THEN E = 4 + E

160 A\$(A,B)=A\$(D,E): A\$(D,E)=M\$

165 \*\*\*REM Whatever you need to CLEAR THE SCREEN HERE \*\*\*

 $170 \; FOR \; J = 0 \; TO \; 3$ 

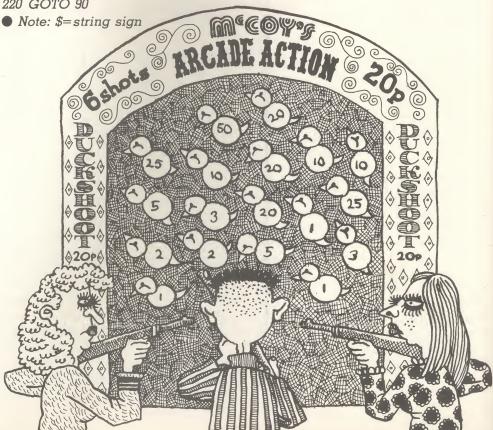
180 FOR K= 0 TO 3

190 PRINT TAB (4\*J, 4\*K)A\$(J, K)

200 NEXT K

210 NEXT I

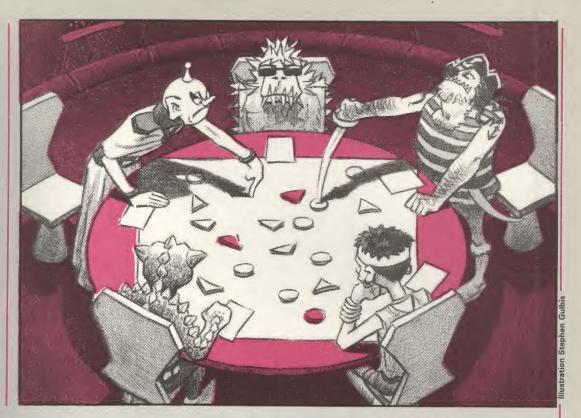
220 GOTO 90



Five of the most powerful and influential beings in the galaxy meet on board the orbiting space station of Far Funus.

Their declared intention is to bring peace to the galaxy by settling their differences, over the negotiating table, diplomatically. Secretly, each of warlike beings hopes to outwit the other four and seize control of the galaxy for his empire once and for all.

There's Bezel from the Pirate Empire resplendent in his burgundy and magenta robes but a creature none of the others would trust as far as they could have thrown his feared and awesome ship. the good vessel Vespo-



NTERSTELLAR Negotiate and

INTRIGUE manoeuvre your way to control of the galaxy By Mike Singleton

All of the others are at a disadvantage when haughty Shazaz-Ka looks them in the eye. They dare not return the stare of this subtle diplomat from the powerful Sun Empire, for fear of being permanently blinded. He uses this advantage sparingly but his terrible frown falls most regularly on the illmannered Bezel.

In contrast, the brutish gesturing and roaring from infamously illtempered Tiaithan Lizard delegate Maachen, threatens to disrupt the proceedings at every turn. The others excuse his behaviour by making allowances for his being out of his natural amphibious environment but they are not so quick to dismiss the threat his numerous blueemblemed Water Empire forces pose.

No-one has ever discovered the name of the anonymous Ice Warrior, whose features remain hidden behind a glacier mask and whose grating voice is disguised by the crackling breathing apparatus that serves him on this mission. He represents the weak and muchscattered Dead Empire, whose voice at these proceedings is only heard because no other empire can take control of the inhospitable planets and dvina stars where they live.

But while they look

down on the primitive resources of the Dead Empire and the irony that these most lifeless of beings have chosen vibrant green as the distinguishing colour of their poorly-equipped the others keep one wary eye on his ice-axe. And all know the value of an ally capable of inhabiting planets where no-one else can visit — let alone live.

Lastly comes Grakta of the Bloodline Empire. Traditionally the rulers of this galaxy and let none estimate his cunning which is the result of 27 generations of careful cloning.

His power relies on the Bloodline's long control of the stellar energy, but now it is under fierce attack from all sides - yet knowing Grakta he may still win the day.

The five are sat around a board, with their base stars, outlying stars and fleets on it. As the fortunes of galactic war ebb and flow before them they argue, connive, ally and betray to gain the upper hand for their respective empires.

Any is capable of wresting complete control, but each must use the others in brief alliances, all will try to prevent any other from becoming too powerful. It's diplomacy on a cosmic scale for two-five players and no holds are

barred.

### THE RULES

### TURNS

Płayers take it in turn to make their moves. The order of play is decided randomly by the computer at the beginning of the game. For each star a player owns at the beginning of his turn, he gets one movement point.

During his turn he uses these movement points in moving fleets, rotating fleets and firing at other fleets.

The player does not have to use all his movement points and in fact can use none if he so wishes. Movement points, however, cannot be "saved up" for the next turn. If they are not used, they are lost.

A player with no movement points misses his turn. This does not necessarily mean he is out of the game. If he still has some fleets left, the actions of another player may still enable him to capture a star without even moving and then he will find himself back in the game!

### MOVING A FLEET

Moving a fleet one space costs one movement point. A fleet can only move into an adjacent empty space. A fleet must move forward, left or right.

It cannot move backwards. Once it has moved, it will be pointing in the direction it travelled. A player, of course, can only move his own fleets.

New fleets can be created at stars a player owns. To bring a new fleet into existence, the player simply makes a move from the star into an adjacent empty space. This move can be in any of four directions, north, east, south or west.

### ROTATING A FLEET

Rotating a fleet costs one movement point. The fleet can rotate through 90 or 180 degrees. When rotating, the fleet remains in the same space and simply changes direction. To rotate a fleet, the player must own it.

### FIRING AT A FLEET

Firing at a fleet costs one movement point. A player can fire from any star or fleet he owns at a fleet in an adjacent space. If he fires from a star, he can fire north, south, east or west. If he fires from a fleet, he must fire in the direction the fleet is pointing. The target fleet is always destroyed, even if it belongs to the player himself! Stars cannot be fired at or destroyed.

### CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP

Ownership of a fleet or star can change as a result of movement, rotation or firing. It always depends on the new situation created by a player's action and any changes of ownership take effect immediately.

Ownership is determined by the fleets "attacking" that star or fleet. A fleet is said to be attacking another fleet or star when:

- 1) It is adjacent to that fleet or star.
- 2) It is pointing directly at that fleet or star.
- 3) If it is attacking a fleet, the two fleets are not pointing towards each other. A fleet cannot attack a fleet that is pointing towards it. Therefore, fleets pointing towards each other do not affect each other.

The following rules govern the ownership of stars and fleets:

1) If no fleets are attacking, ownership of a fleet or star does not change.

- 2) If there are ONLY neutral fleets attacking it, the fleet or star becomes neutral itself.
- 3) If each of the attacking players has an equal number of fleets attacking it, the fleet or star becomes neutral.
- 4) If any player has more fleets attacking it than any other player, then the star or fleet is captured by that player and becomes his star or fleet.
- 5) Neutral fleets are only counted as attacking fleets if no other players' fleets are involved.

Each move a player makes involves a potential change in ownership of surrounding fleets and stars. In certain situations, chain reactions can occur. Imagine, for example, a line of fleets pointing towards each other. If ownership of the first fleet in the line changes, this will cause ownership of the next to change and then the next again. Such changes take effect **immediately**, not just at the end of a player's turn.

### DURING MOVEMENT OF A FLEET

- 1) Removes fleet from map. Checks for changes.
- 2) Puts fleet in new position. Checks for change in ownership of that fleet.
- 3) Checks for changes in ownership of newly attacked fleet or star and any connected fleets.

### DURING ROTATION OF A FLEET

- 1) Rotates fleet. Checks for change in ownership of the star or fleet that was under attack.
- 2) Checks for change in ownership of rotated fleet.
- 3) Checks for change in ownership of newly attacked fleet or star.

### AFTER FIRING

1) Check for change in ownership of fleet or star that the destroyed fleet was attacking.

All checks for changes in ownership always involve a check on any connected fleets or stars, so chain reactions may occur in any stage of the checking.

### WINNING

The object of the game is to bring peace to the galaxy. The winner, therefore is the only player left who can make a move. To win, you must leave the other players with no stars and thus no movement points.

### THE CONTROLS

- C = CHOOSING
- M = MOVING
- R = ROTATING
- F = FIRING
- E = END YOUR TURN
- S = SAVE THE GAME

ON TAPE

CURSOR KEYS are used for direction of movement, rotation or firing. They are also used to control the movement of the square cursor during the CHOOS-ING option.

In the CHOOSING option you can move the square cursor to any fleet or star you own. You can also choose any of the other options. When you choose to move, rotate or fire, the fleet or star will begin to flash. Then you press a direction key and the action will occur. You return to CHOOSING automatically after rotation or firing but during MOVING you must return by pressing C.

E enables you to end your turn at any stage. But only when CHOOSING.

S enables you to save the game on tape at any stage. When loaded back in, the program will recreate the exact conditions that held when you pressed S. All you need to do after pressing S is give the saved game a filename.

1 DIM p\$(6,10) 2 DIM x(4): DIM y(4): DIM n(7 DIM mc73 3 LET x(1)=-1: LET y(1)=0 4 LET x(2)=0: LET y(2)=1 5 LET x(3)=0: LET y(3)=-1 6 LET x(4)=1: LET y(4)=0 10 GO SUB 600 11 GO SUB 140 12 GO SUB 100 13 GO SUB 110 14 GO SUB 130 15 GO SUB 150 16 GO SUB 190 17 PAPER 0: BRIGHT 1: BORDER 0 CLS 18 GO SUB 160 19 LET p=2: LET lp=1 20 LET m=m(p): IF m=0 THEN GO TO 23 21 GO SUB 170: GO SUB 200: IF \$="s" THEN GO TO 30 22 LET lpsp 23 LET p=p+1: IF p=7 THEN LET 24 GO TO 20 27 REM -----28 REM save game on tape 29 REM -30 INPUT "SAVING! GAME NAME = ";f#: IF LEN f#>10 THEN GO TO 3 31 SAVE F# LINE 40 32 GO TO 21 BY REM ----38 REM autostant saved game 39 REM ---40 PAPER 0: BRIGHT 1: BORDER 0 41 RESTORE : GO SUB 100: GO SU B 160 42 GO TO 21 97 REM ----98 REM read in graphics data 99 REM ----100 FOR b=0 TO 159: READ m: POK E USR "a"+b,n: NEXT b: RETURN 107 REM -----108 REM read in block data 109 REM ----110 FOR b=1 TO 7: FOR y=1 TO 2: READ b\$(b,g): NEXT g: NEXT b: R ETURN 117 REM -----118 REM print block 119 REM' ---120 INK c: PRINT AT 9\*2, x\*2-2; b \$(b,1): PRINT AT 9\*2+1,x\*2-2;b\$( 6,2): RETURN 127 REM ----128 REM read in start positions 130 FOR c=2 TO 6: READ x,y: LET s\$(x,y)="5": IF m(c)=0 THEN GO TO 132 131 LET c\$(x,y)=STR\$ c 132 NEXT C: RETURN 137 REM ----138 REM set up arrays 139 REM -----140 DIM b\$(7,2,2) 141 DIM s%(16,10) 142 DIM c\$(16,10) 145 FOR x=1 TO 16: LET s\$(x)≈"6 566666656": LET c\$(x)="777777777 7": NEXT X: RETURN 147 REM -----148 REM generate starmap 149 REM ----



150 FOR s≕1 TO 25 151 LET x=1+INT (RND\*16): LET 9 =1+INT (RMD\*10): IF s\$(x,y)<>"6" THEN GO TO 151 152 IF x>1 THEN IF s\$(x-1,y)<> '6" THEN GO TO 151 153 IF ×<16 THEN 1 IF s\$(x+1,9)< >"6" THEN GO TO 151 154 IF y>1 THEN IF S\$(x,y-1)<> 6" THEN GO TO 151 155 IF y<10 THEN IF s\$(x,y+1)< "6" THEN GO TO 151 156 LET s\$(x,y)="5": NEXT s: RE TURN 157 FEM ----158 REM print starmap 159 REM ----160 FOR y=1 TO 10: FOR x=1 TO 1 6: LET b=VAL s#(x,y): LET c=VAL c\$(x,y): GO SUB 120: NEXT x: NEX T 9: RETURN 167 REM ..... 168 REM print title & player 169 REM ------170 BORDER P: PAPER P: INK 0: B RIGHT 0: PRINT AT 0,0;p\$(p);" INTERSTE 11 LLAR INTRIGUE 171 PRINT AT 0,23; "MOVES= ";m: INPUT "" 172 IF lp<>p THEN PAPER 0: BRI GHT 1: RETURN 173 PRINT AT 0,10; FLASH 1; PAP ER 0; INK 7; BRIGHT 1;" WINNER 174 FOR k≈1 TO 50: BEEF .1,9: B EEP .1,12: NEXT K

175 GO TO 175 177 REM --178 REM flash block & key test 179 REM ----180 FLASH 1: LET c=p: LET b=VAL S\$(x,y): GO SUB 120 181 LET is=INKEYs: IF is="n" OR i=="f" OR i=="m" OR i=="r" OR i \$="e" THEN RETURN 182 GO TO 181 187 REM ----188 REM generate neutral fleets 189 REM -----190 FOR s=1 TO 70 191 LET x=1+INT (RND\*16): LET 9 =1+INT (RND\*10): IF s\$(x,y)<>"6" THEN GO TO 191 192 LET b=1+INT (RND#4): LET mx = x + x(b): LET my = y + y(b): IF mx = 0OR mx=17 OR my=0 OR my=11 THEN GO TO 194 193 IF c\$(mx,mg)X>"/" [HEN LE] b=5-b 194 LET s\$(x,y)=STR\$ b: NEXT s: RETURN 198 REM select move location 200 LET x=8: LET y=5 201 PRINT AT 0,10; FLASH 1; PAP ER 0; INK 7;" CHOOSING ": BEEP .5,9 202 GO SUB 500 205 IF i\$="m" THEN GO SUB 250 206 IF i\$="r" THEN GO SUB 300 207 IF i\$="f" THEN GO SUB 350 210 IF is="e" OR is="s" THEN R

```
ETURN
  220 GO TO 201
  247 REM ---
  248 REM move fleet
  249 REM -
  250 FLASH 1: PRINT AT 0,10; PAP
 ER 0; INK 7; "MOVING FLEET"
 251 LET is=INKEYs: IF (is<"5" O
 R i$>"8") AND i$<>"c" THEN GO T
 0 251
 252 IF i≢="c" THEN RETURN
  253 LET i≕VAL i$-4
 254 LET nx=x+x(i): LET ny=y+y(i
 ): IF nx=0 OR nx=17 OR ny=0 OR n
 y=11 THEN GO TO 251
 255 IF s#(nx,ny)<>"6" THEN GO
 TO 251
 256 IF b=5 THEN FLASH 0: GO SU
B 120: GO TO 261
 257 IF i+b=5 THEN GO TO 251
 258 LET ob=b: FLASH 0: LET c=7:
 LET b=6: GO SUB 120
 259 LET c$(x,y)="7": LET s$(x,y
 >=STR$ b
 260 LET b=ob: GO SUB 400
 261 LET x=nx: LET y=ny: LET c=p
 LET b=i: FLASH 1: GO SUB 120:
LET c^{\sharp}(x,y)=STR\sharp c: LET s^{\sharp}(x,y)=
STR# b
 262 GO SUB 401: LET x=nx: LET y
eng: LET c=VAL c$(x,y): LET b=i
 263 GO SUB 400
 268 FLASH 0: LET m=m-1: PRINT A
T 0,30; BRIGHT 0; PAPER 8; INK 0
 269 BEEP .4,12
 270 IF m=0 THEN LET i#="e": FL
ASH 0: GO SUB 120: RETURN
 275 IF c$(x,y)<>STR$ p THEN FL
ASH 0: GO SUB 120: RETURN
280 GO TO 251
```

```
298 REM rotate fleet
299 REM ---
 300 FLASH 1: PRINT AT 0,10; PAP
ER 0; INK 7;" ROTATING "
301 LET is=INKEYs: IF (isk"5" 0
R i$>"8"> AND i$<>"c" THEN GO T
302 IF is="c" THEN BEEP .5,9:
RETURN
303 LET i=VAL i$-4: IF i=b THEN
 GO TO 301
 304 LET ob=b: FLASH 0: LET b=i:
 GO SUB 120: LET s$(x,y)=STR$ b:
 LET b=ob: GO SUB 400: LET b=i.
GO SUB 401: GO SUB 400
 305 LET m=m-1: PRINT AT 0,30; B
RIGHT 0; PAPER 8; INK 0;m;" "
 306 BEEP .4,12
 307 IF m=0 THEN LET i=="e"
 308 RETURN
 347 REM ---
 348 REM fire at fleet
 349 REM ---
 350 FLASH 1: PRINT AT 0,10; PAP
ER 0; INK 7;" FIRING
351 LET i==INKEY=: IF (i=<"5" O
R is>"8") AND is<>"c" THEN GO T
0 351
 352 IF is="c" THEN BEEP .5,9:
RETURN
 353 LET i=VAL i=-4: IF 6<>5 AND
 i<>b THEN GO TO 351
 354 LET nx=x+x(i): LET ny=y+y(i
): IF nx=0 OR nx=17 OR ny=0 OR n
9=11 THEN GO TO 351
 355 IF s$(mx,my)>"4" THEN GO T
0.351
 356 LET ob=b: LET oc=c: LET ox=
x: LET oy=y: LET x=nx: LET y=ny
 357 FOR f=1 TO 10: BEEP .05,15:
```

```
BEEP .05,10: NEXT f
  358 LET i=VAL s$(x,y): FLASH 0:
 LET b=6: GO SUB 120: LET s≢(x,y
 )="6": LET c$(x,y)="0": LET b=i:
 GO SUB 424
 359 LET c=VAL c$(x,y): GO SUB 1
 20: LET m=m-1: PRINT AT 0,30; BR
 IGHT 0; PAPER 8; INK 0;m;" "
 360 IF m=0 THEN LET is="e"
 361 RETURN
 397 REM ----
 398 REM check fleet or star
 399 REM -----
 400 LET ox=x: LET oy=y: LET ob=
b: LET oc=c: GO TO 424
 401 LET ox=x: LET oy=y: LET ob=
b: LET ocsc
 402 FOR k=2 TO 7: LET m(k)=0: N
EXT k: LET c1=0: LET c2=0: LET h
n=0: LET hc=c: LET en=1
 403 FOR d=1 TO 4: IF d≈b THEN
GO TO 410
 404 LET ax=x+x(d): LET ay=y+y(d
): IF ax=0 OR ax=17 OR ay=0 OR a
9=11 THEN GO TO 410
 405 LET ab=VAL s$(ax,ay): IF d+
ab<>5 THEN GO TO 410
 406 LET ac=VAL c#(ax,ay): LET n
(ac)=n(ac)+1: IF n(ac)<hn OR ac=
 THEN GO TO 410
 407 IF n(ac)=hn THEN LET en=1:
 GO TO 410
408 LET hn=n(ac): LET hc=ac: LE
T en=0
410 NEXT d
411 IF en=0 THEN GO TO 420
412 IF hm>0 OR n(7)>0 THEN LET
hc=7
420 IF hc=c THEN GO TO 430
421 IF b=5 THEN LET m(c)=m(c)-
1: LET mchc)=mchc)+1
```

### RUNS ON A BBC MODEL B. CONVERTED BY STEVE WILLIS

Loaded in two parts 1. "INTRIGE" 2. (loaded automatically by 1.) "INT#2"

The major problem with this conversion was the need to use the BBC MODE2 to gain the required colours for more than two players. Again this led to the further problem of needing 32 character width on a 20 character display.

The games uses all 32 characters, by displaying pair together, to give 16 large characters. Rearranging the characters to only use 16 meant a rather sick display. In the end I redesigned the Spectrum characters so that they can be overlapped.

This overlap is achieved by printing the left-hand character, then back spacing (using the VDU5 graphics motion of the cursor) by a character width. Finally the right-hand half of the character is printed. Thus 2 characters which would take 128

pixels (2x64) now take 96 pixels (64 - 32 + 64). With 1280 pixels across this still isn't enough.

By then reducing the 'used' amount of each character in the X direction to 5/8ths we further reduce the character to 80 pixels wide. This gives us 32 across! In the Y direction we have 32 available lines so there is no problem except to match the final shapes. This all sounds complicated but is achieved in the end by rewriting the character definitions in "INTRIGE" and then line 120 in "INT#2" does everything!

Now the second effect of using MODE2, is the lack of space available for variables; or to be more precise for string variables. This game in its original form used two large string arrays and this proved impossible on the BBC. This has been overcome by storing the display information, previously held in S\$(X,Y) & C\$(X,Y), by POKEing in the spare areas of the

10MODE7 20DIMP#(6), M%(7) 30REM" \*\*ENTER PLAYERS\*\*" 40CLS 50PRINTTAB(0,2)CHR\$(131)CHR\$( 60FORIX=3TO4:PRINTTAB(0,IX)CH R\$(131)CHR\$(141)CHR\$(255)CHR\$(25 5 2CHR\$( 255 ) " INTERSTELLAR INT RIGUE "CHR\$(255)CHR\$(255)CHR \$(255): NEXT

70PRINTTAB(0,5)CHR\$(131)CHR\$( 157) 80PRINT''TAB(4)" Designed by Mike Singleton for"'': FORIX=6T07 :PRINTTAB(7)CHR#(141)" COMPUTER & VIDEO GAMES":NEXT:PRINT''' BC micro translation by Steve Wi llis" 90PRINTTAB(0,19)" THIS GAME C AN BE PLAYED BY AS FEW AS"" TWO PLAYERS, OR AS MANY AS FIVE."//

```
422 LET c=hc: LET c$(x,y)=STR$
    FLASH 0: GO SUB 120: BEEP .3,
  423 IF b=5 THEN GO TO 430
  424 LET x=x+x(b): LET y=y+y(b):
  IF x=0 OR x=17 OR y=0 OR y=11 T
 HEN GO TO 430
  425 LET b=VAL s$(x,y): IF b=6 T
 HEN GO TO 430
 426 LET c=VAL c$(x,y): GO TO 40
  430 LET x=ox: LET y=oy: LET c=o
   LET b=ob: RETURN
  497 REM ---
  498 REM cursor & key test
  499 REM ----
  500 FLASH 0: OVER 1: LET c=8: L
 ET b=7: GO SUB 120
  510 LET it=INKEY#: IF (is<"5" O
 R i$>"8"> AND i$<>"r" AND i$<>"m
 " AND is<>"f" AND is<>"e" AND is
 ()"s" THEN GO TO 510
 515 IF (i$="5" AND x=1) OR (i$=
 "8" AND x=16) OR (1$="7" AND y=1
 ) OR (is="6" AND y=10) THEN GO
 520 IF (i#<"5" OR i#>"8"> AND c
$(x,y)<>STR$ p AND i$<>"e" AND i
$<>"s" THEN GO TO 510
 521 IF is="r" AND s$(x,y)>"4" T
HEN GO TO 510
 525 GO SUB 120: OVER 0
 526 IF is="e" OR is="s" THEN F
LASH 0: RETURN
 530 IF is<"5" OR is>"8" THEN
ET b=VAL s$(x,y): LET c=p: FLASH
 1: GO SUB 120: BEEP .5,9: RETUR
 540 LET i=VAL i=-4: LET x=x+x(i
  LET y=y+y(i): GO TO 500
 597 REM --
 598 REM enter players
 599 REM -
600 DIM P$(6,10): OVER 0: FLASH
0: BRIGHT 0: INK 7: PAPER 1: BO
```

```
604 PRINT AT 0,3; INK 0; PAPER
6:0
 605 PRINT AT 1,3; INK 0; PAPER
6; " INTERSTELLAR INTRIGUE "
 606 PRINT AT 2,3; INK 0; PAPER
 610 PRINT : PRINT "Designed by
Mike Singleton for"
615 PRINT : PRINT "
                        COMPUTER
 & VIDEO GAMES"
 620 PRINT AT 10,0; "This game ca
n be played by as
                   few as two p
                    as five. Ple
layers or as many
ase enter how many
                    are people a
re going to play."
625 INPUT "Number of players =
';mp: IF mp<>INT mp OR mp<2 OR m
p>5 THEN GO TO 625
630 PRINT RT 10,0; "You have cho
sen a "; mp; "-player game. Please
enter each player's name. Up to m
ine letters are allowed for each mame. "
h mame.
635 PRINT AT 15,0;
 640 FOR p=1 TO np
 645 INPUT "Player's name = ";n$
 IF LEN m$>9 OR m$="" THEN GO
TO 645
650 LET c=INT (RND*5)+2: IF p$(
               " THEN GO TO 650
 655 LET m(c)=1: LET p$(c)=n$: P
RINT ps(c)
 660 NEXT P
 665 PRINT : PRINT "Thankyou. Pl
ease wait a moment."
 690 RETURN
4997 REM ---
4998 REM graphics data
4999 REM -----
5000 DATA 0,1,3,7,15,31,63,127
5010 DATA 0,128,192,224,240,248,
252,254
5020 DATA 254,252,248,240,224,19
2,128,0
5030 DATA 127,63,31,15,7,3,1,0
5040 DATA 0,7,31,63,63,127,127,1
```

```
5050 DATA 0,224,248,252,252,254,
   254, 254
   5060 DATA 127,127,127,63,63,31,7
   . 131
  5070 DATA 254,254,254,252,252,24
  8,224,0
  5080 DATA 15,15,15,15,15,15,0
  5090 DRTA 240,240,240,240,24
  0,240,0
  5100 DATA 0,15,15,15,15,15,15
  5110 DATA 0,240,240,240,240,240,
  240,240
  5120 DATA 0,0,0,0,127,127,12
 5130 DATA 127,127,127,127,0,0,0,
 5140 DATA 0,0,0,0,254,254,254,25
 5150 DATA 254,254,254,254,0,0,0
 5160 DATA 255,128,128,128,128,12
 8,128,128
 5170 DATA 255,1,1,1,1,1,1,1
 5180 DATA 128,128,128,128,12
 8,128,255
 5190 DATA 1,1,1,1,1,1,255
 5197 REM --
 5198 REM block data
 5199 REM
 5200 DATA "ao","dp"
 5210 DATA "kl","dc"
 5220 DATA "ab","ij"
5230 DATA "mb","nc"
5240 DATA "ef" "9h"
5250 DATA " " "9h"
5260 DATA "gr", "st"
5297 REM ---
5298 REM stantup data
5299 REM ----
5300 DATA 8,1
5310 DATA 1,4
5320 DATA 16,4
5330 DATA 4,10
5340 DATA 13,10
```

computer where no Basic may venture.

For this I have used &AOO to &BFF and the program now PEEKs and POKEs these areas. The relationship is as follows:—S\$(X,Y) becomes ?(2816 + 10\*X% + Y%)

C\$(X,Y) becomes ?(2560 + 10\*X% + Y%)

As X=16 & Y=10 are the maxima, one can calculate that there is an unused gap from 2731 to 2826. In fact these locations are used when saving a game (we will discuss this in a minute).

Thus the S\$(X,Y) & C\$(X,Y) strings have been replaced throughout and, as in all the games, X% & Y% etc. (integer variables) have been used. In fact as the data storage is numeric in the game this is more efficient than evaluating VAL (string) all the time as in the SPECTRUM version.

Now to SAVEing and LOADing games. SAVEing a game is achieved by storing a machine code dump of locations &AOO to &BAA in the file named "INTINT" on tape or disc. At the time a

SAVE is requested, the player's names, number of moves allowed, and player colours are loaded as an ASCII dump into the spare area from 2731 to 2816 (lines 31 to 38). The whole data stream is then SAVEd.

The option of LOADing a saved game is selected at the start of the first program. If an "S" is entered instead of the number of players, then when the main program has loaded the player puts a previously saved game tape in the recorder and it will be loaded. The game is then running.

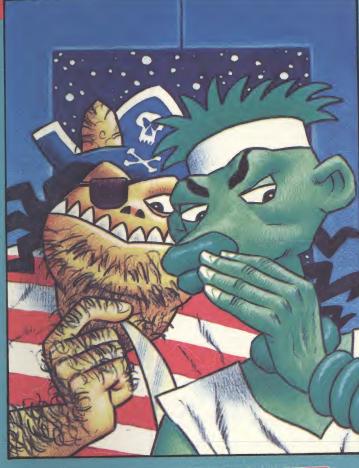
With tape storage several saved games can be stored on one tape or several tapes. However they are all called "INTINT" this could be modified if you wish quite simply. Both SAVE & LOAD work correctly to a disc system.

Finally PAGE has again been set to &1200 if a disc system interface is in use, or &EOO if not. This allows the use of MODE2 with disc versions of the game.

```
" PLEASE ENTER THE NUMBER OF PLA
YERS FOR"'" THIS GAME :- ( S
FOR A SAVED GAME)"
95INPUTTAB(13,23)" ",N$
100IFN$="S"THEN N$="0" ELSE IF
VAL(N$)<2 OR VAL(N$)>5 THENVDU7:
GOTO90
110VDU23,224,0,0,6,6,14,30,62,62
62
120VDU23,225,0,0,0,96,112,120,124,124
```

```
130VDU23,226,124,124,120,112,9
6,96,0,0
140VDU23,227,62,62,30,14,6,0,0
,0
150VDU23,228,0,15,31,31,63,63,
127,127
160VDU23,229,0,240,248,248,252
,252,254,254
170VDU23,230,127,127,63,63,31,
31,15,0
180VDU23,231,254,254,252,252,2
```

48,248,240,0 190VDU23,232,6,6,6,6,6,6,6,6 200VDU23,233,240,240,240,240,2 40,240,240,0 210VDU23,234,0,6,6,6,6,6,6,6 220VDU23,235,0,240,240,240,240 ,240,240,240 230YDU23,236,0,0,0,0,0,126,126 240VDU23,237,126,126,126,0,0,0 250VDU23,238,0,0,0,0,0,252,252 , 252 260YDU23,239,252,252,252,0,0,0 ,0,0 270VDU23,240,255,128,128,128,1 28,128,128,128 280VDU23,241,255,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1 290VDU23,242,128,128,128,128,1 28, 128, 128, 255 300VDU23,243,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,255 305VDU23,244,255,255,255,255,2 55, 255, 255, 255 310P%=VAL(NS) 320IFPAGE<>%E00THENPAGE=%1200 330CHAIN"INT#2" 340END PLIST ØMODE7 1DIMP\$(6),X%(4),Y%(4),N%(7), M%(7), B\$(7,2) 2XX(1)=-1:YX(1)=0:XX(2)=0:YX (2)=1:XX(3)=0:YX(3)=-1:XX(4)=1:Y 20(4)無例 3FORIX=11TO170:7(2816+1%)=0: ?(2560+1%)=0:NEXT 4NP%=P%:GOSUB110:IFNP%=OTHEN GOTO49 5FLASH=0 10G0SUB600 11G0SUB145 14G0SUB130 15G0SUB150 16G0SUB190 17REM\*\*SCREEN COLOURS\*\* 18G0SUB160 19P%=2:LP%=1 20MX=MX(PX):IFMX=0THEN23 21GOSUB170:GOSUB200:IFI\$="S"T HEN30 22C%=0:B%=7:FLASH=0:GOSUB120: LPX=PX 23P%=P%+1:IFP%=7THENP%=2 24G0T020 30MODE7:PRINTTAB(3,7)" THE GA ME WILL BE SAVED WITH"'TAB(9)" T HE NAME INTINT" " PLEASE START TAPE RECORDER AND WAIT" 3172816=NP% 32FORIX=1TONPX:IF LEN(P\$(I%))



< 10 THEN P\$(I%)=P\$(I%)+STRING\$(1 @-LEN(P\$(I%))," "):NEXT 33FORIX=2T06:FORJX=1T010:?(27 S1+J%+I%\*10)=ASC(MID#(P#(I%),J%, 100: NEXT: NEXT 3472802=LP%:72803=P%:FORIX=2T 06:7(2804+1%)=M%(1%):NEXT 35\*SAVE"INTINT" 0A00 +01AA 0A 00 37PRINT''" PLEASE STOP THE TAPE RECORDER " 38EHD 40CLS:PRINTTAB(2,6)" POSITION THE FILE INTINT , THEN" ! ! !! PLEASE START THE TAPE RECORDER": \*LOAD"INTINT" 41MPX=72816 42FORIX=2T06:FORJX=1T010:P\$(I %)=P\$(I%)+CHR\$(?(2731+J%+I%\*10)) : NEXT : NEXT 43LP%=72802:P%=72803:FORI%=2T 06:M%(I%)=?(2804+I%):NEXT 46FLASH=0:GOSUB160 47GOT021 108REM" \*\*READ IN BLOCK DATA\*\* 110RESTORE5200:FORBX=1T07:FORY N=1TO2:READB#(BN,YN):NEXT:NEXT:R ETURN 148REM" \*\*PRINT BLOCK\*\*" 120GCOL0,CX+FLASH\*8:MOVEXX\*80-

80.(24-Y%\*2)\*40+40:PRINTCHR\$(ASC

(B\$(B%,1>)+159);:PLOT0,-32,0:PRI NTCHR#(ASC(RIGHT#(B#(B%,1),1))+1 59):MOVEXX#80-80,(23-Y%#2)#40+48 :PRINTCHR#(ASC(B#(B%,2))+159); 125PLOT0,-32,0:PRINTCHR\$(ASC(R IGHT申( B事( B%, 2 ), 1 ) )+159 ): RETURN 128REM" \*\*READ IN START POSTIO 村S米米" 130FORC%=2TO5:READX%,Y%:?(2816 +XX\*10+YX)=5:IFMX(CX)=0THEN132 1317(2560+XX\*10+YX)=CX 132NEXT: RETURN 138REM" \*\*SET UP ARRAYS\*\*" 145FORYX=1T010:FORXX=1T016:7(2 816+XX\*10+YX)=6:7(2560+XX\*10+YX) =7: NEXT: NEXT: RETURN 148REM" \*\*GENERATE STARMAP\*\*" 150FORS%=1TO25 151X%=RND(16):Y%=RND(10):IF?(2 816+XX\*10+Y%><>6THEN151 1521FX%>1THEN1F?(2816+X%\*10+Y% -1)<>6THEN151 1531FXX<16THEN1F7<2816+XX\*10+Y %+10<>6THEN151 154IFYX>1THENIF?(2816+XX\*10+(Y %-100K>6THEN151 1551FY%<10THEN1F?(2816+X%\*10+( Y%+100006THEN151 1567(2816+X2\*10+Y2)=5:NEXT:RET URN

158REM" \*\*PRINT STARMAP\*\*"

160MODE2:VDU5:FORY%=1T010:FORX %=1T016:B%=?(2816+X%\*10+Y%):C%=? (2560+X%\*10+Y%):GOSUB120:NEXT:NE XT:RETURN

168REM" \*\*PRINT TITLE & PLAYER

170PROCWIPE(100):GCOL0,P%:MOVE 256,1000:PRINT"INTERSTELLAR":MOV E384,964:PRINT"INTRIGUE":MOVE0,1 00:PRINTP\$(P%);TAB(11)"MOVES= "; M%

171MOVE0,120:PLOT5,1280,120:MO VE0,928:PLOT5,1280,928

172IFLP%<>P%THENGCOLØ,128:RETU RN

173PROCWIPE(32):GCOL0,9:MOVE0, 64:PRINTTAB(6)"WINNER"

17480UND1,-15,100,50:80UND2,-1 5,53,25:80UND3,-15,75,50:80UND2, -15,125,25:REM" \*\*WINNING TUNE\*\*

175END

178REM" \*\*FLASH BLOCK AND KEY TEST\*\*"

180C%=P%:B%=?(2816+X%\*10+Y%):G 08UB120

1811\$=INKEY\$(5):IFI\$="N"ORI\$=" F"ORI\$="M"ORI\$="R"ORI\$="E"THENRE TURNELSE181

188REM" \*\*GENERATE NEUTRAL FLE ETS\*\*"

# No change because fleets are pointing towards each other. Only a neutral fleet is involved. Therefore it effects ownership. The red fleet is not actually attacking because the central fleet is pointing at it. The red fleet is also attacking. Therefore the neutral fleet has no effect. Red has a majority of attacking fleets, so ownership goes to red. Example of a chain reaction.

**EXAMPLES OF ATTACKS** 

190FORS%=1T070 191%%=RND(16):Y%=RND(10):IF?(2 816+XX\*10+Y%)<>6THEN191 192BX=RND(4):NXX=XX+XX(BX):NYX =YX+YX(BX):IFNXX=@ORNXX=17ORNYX= 00RNY%=11THEN194 193IF?(2560+NXX\*10+NYX)<> 7THE MB4=5-B4 1947(2816+XX\*10+YX)=BX:NEXT:RE TURN 198REM" \*\*SELECT MOVE LOCATION \*\*" 20088=8: 78=5 201PROCWIPE(32):MOVE384,32:GCO L0,8:GCOL0,128:PRINT"CHOOSING":V DUZ 202GOSUB500 2051FI\$="M"THENGOSUB250 206IFI\$="R"THENGOSUB300 2071F1\$="F"THENGOSUB350 210IFI#="E"ORI#="S"THEN RETURN ELSE201 248REM" \*\*MOVE FLEET\*\*" 250PROCWIPE(32):MOVE256,32:GCO LØ,8:GCOLØ,128:PRINT"MOVING FLEE T " 2511#=INKEY#(5):IF(I#<"5"ORI#> "8")ANDI\$<>"C"THEN:GOTO251 252IFI#="C"THEN FLASH=0:C%=P%: B%=I%:GOSUB120:RETURN 2531%=VAL(I\$)-4 254NXX=XX+XX(IX):NYX=YX+YX(IX) :IFNXX=00RNXX=170RNYX=00RNYX=11T HEN YOUT: GOTO251

```
2551F7(2816+10*NXX+NYX)<>6THEN
     VDU7:GOTO251
      256IFB%=5THENFLASH=0:GOSUB120:
    C%=0:B%=7:GOSUB120:GOTO261
      2571F1%+B%=5THENGOTO251
      2580B%=B%:FLASH=0:C%=0:B%=7028
    16+X%*10+Y%>:GOSUB120:B%=7:GOSUB
   120
     2597(2560+10*XX+YX)=7:7(2816+1
   日本区区十字とつ無点
     260B%=0B%:GOSUB400
     261XX=NXX:YX=NYX:CX=PX:BX=IX:F
   LASH≈1:GOSUB120:?(2560+10*X%+Y%)
   =CX:7(2816+10*XX+YX)=BX
     262GOSUB401:XX=NXX:YX=NYX:CX=?
   (2560+10*XX+YX):BX=IX
     263G0SUB4@@
    268GOSUB2000
    269VDU7
    270IFM%=0THENI$="E":FLASH=0:C%
  =P%:GOSUB120:RETURN
    2751F?(2560+10*XX+YX)<>PXTHENF
  LASH=0:C%=P%:7(2560+10*X%+Y%)=C%
  :GOSUB120:RETURN
    280GOTO251
    298REM" **ROTATE FLEET**"
    300PROCWIPE(32):MOVE384,32:GCO
  L0,8:GCOL0,128:PRINT"ROTATING":V
  DUZ
    301[#=[NKEY#(5):[F([#<"5"OR[#>
  "8")ANDI$<>"C"THEN301
    SØZIFIS="C"THEN SOUND1,-15,3,1
  0:RETURN
   303I%=VAL(I#)-4:IFI%=B%THEN301
   3040B%=B%:FLASH=0:C%=0:GOSUB12
 0:B%=1%:C%=P%:GOSUB120:7(2816+10
 *XX+YX)=BX:BX=OBX:GOSUB400:BX=IX
 :GOSUB401:GOSUB400
   305G0SUB2000
   307IFMX=0THENI$="E"
   308RETURN
   348REM" **FIRE AT FLEET**"
   350PROCWIPE(32):MOVE448,32:GCO
 L0,8:PRINT"FIRING":VDU?
   3511#=INKEY#(5):IF(1#<"5"OR1#>
 "8")ANDI$<>"C"THEN351
  352IFI#="C"THENVDUZ:RETURN
  S5SI%=VAL(I#)-4:IFB%<>5ANDI%<>
BXTHEN SOUND1,-15,1,5:GOTO351
  354NXX=XX+XX(IX):NYX=YX+YX(IX)
:IFNXX=00RNXX=170RNYX=00RNYX=11T
HEN SOUND1,-15,1,5:GOT0351
  3551F7(2816+10*NXX+NYX)>4THEN
SOUND1,-15,1,5:GOT0351
  3560B4=B4:0C4=C4:0X4=X4:0Y4=Y4
:XX=NXX:YX=NYX
  357SOUND0,-15,6,20
  3581%=?(2816+10*%%+Y%):B%=1%:F
LASH=0:C%=0:GOSUB120:7(2816+10*X
```

```
%+Y%)=6:?(2560+10*X%+Y%)=0:GOSUB
424
  359C%=?(2560+10*X%+Y%):GOSUB12
0:GOSUB2000
  360IFM%=0THENI$="E":RETURN
  361RETURN
  398REM" **CHECK FLEET OR STAR*
  4000XX=XX:0YX=YX:0BX=BX:0CX=CX
: GOTO424
  4010XX=XX:0YX=YX:0BX=BX:0CX=CX
  402F0RKX=2T07:NX(KX)=0:NEXT:C1
X=0:C2X=0:HNX=0:HCX=CX:ENX=1
  403FORDN=1TO4:IFDN=BNTHENGOTO4
10
  4048XX=XX+XXCDXD: 6YX=YX+YXCDXD
 :IFAXX=00RAXX=170RAYX=00RAYX=11T
 HEN410
   405AB%=?(2016+10*AX%+AY%):IFD%
 +AB%<>5THEN410
   406ACX=?(2560+10*AXX+AYX):NX(A
 CX >=NX( ACX )+1: IFNX( ACX )<HNXORACX
 =7THEN410
   4071FNX(ACX)=HNXTHENENX=1:GOTO
   408HNX=NXCACX>: HCX=ACX: ENX=0
   410NEXT
   411IFEN%=0THEN420
   412IFHN%>00RN%(7)>0THENHC%=7
   4201FHC%=C%THEN430
   421IFBX=5THENMX(CX)=MX(CX)-1:M
 20 HO2 >= M20 HO2 >+1
   422CX=HCX:?(2560+10*XX+YX)=CX:
  FLASH=0:GOSUB120:SOUND1,-15,17,5
    423FLASH=0:SC%=C%:SB%=B%:C%=0:
  BX=7:GOSUB120:BX=SBX:CX=SCX:IFBX
  =5THEH430
    424XX=XX+XX(BX):YX=YX+YX(BX):I
  FXX=00RXX=170RYX=00RYX=11THEN430
    425B%=?(2816+10*X%+Y%):IFB%=6T
  HEN430
    426C%=?(2560+10*X%+Y%):G0T0402
    430XX=0XX:YX=0YX:CX=0CX:BX=0BX
  RETURN
    498REM" **CURSOR % KEY TEST**"
    500CX=8:BX=7:FLASH=0:GOSUB120
    510Is=INKEYs(5):IF(Is("5"ORIs)
  "8")ANDI$<>"R"ANDI$<>"M"ANDI$<>"
  F"ANDI#<>"E"ANDI#<>"S"THEN510
    515IF([$="5"ANDX%=1)OR([$="8"A
  NDXX=16 ORK [$="7"ANDYX=1 ORK [$=""
   6"ANDY%=10)THEN510
     520IF(|$4"5"ORI$>"8")AND?(2560
   +10*XX+YX)<>PXANDI#<>"E"ANDI#<>"
   S"THEN510
     5211F1#="R"AND?(2816+10*XX+YX)
   >4THEN510
     525G0SUB120
     526IFI$="E"ORI$="S"THENFLASH=0
```

: RETURN 5301F1\$<"5"OR1\$>"8"THENB%=?(28 16+10\*XX+Y%>:C%=P%:FLASH=1:GOSUB 120:SOUND1,-15,9,10:RETURN 540C%=0:B%=7:FLASH=0:GOSUB120: IX=VAL(I#)-4:XX=XX+XX(IX):YX=YX+ 598REM" \*\*ENTER PLAYERS\*\*" 630CLS:PRINTTAB(3,6)" YOU HAVE CHOSEN A "; NP%; " PLAYER GAME. " " PLEASE ENTER EACH PLAYER'S NA ME. UP TO"" NINE LETTERS ARE AL LOWED FOR EACH NAME." 640FORPX=1TONPX 645PRINTTAB(0,10+P%\*2)" NAME O F PLAYER ";PX;" :-";:INPUTN#:IFL EN(N#)>90RN#=""THENPRINTTAB(0,10 +P%\*2)STRING\$(39," "):GOTO645

650C%=RND(5)+1:IFP\$(C%)<>""THE N650 655M%(C%)=1:P\$(C%)=N\$ 660NEXT THANK YOU. PLEAS 665PRINT" E WAIT A MOMENT." 690RETURN 1000DEFPROCWIPE(U%) 1010MOVE0,U%:GCOL0,0 1020FORZ%=0T019:PRINTCHR\$(244); : NEXT 1030ENDPROC 2000PROCWIPE(100): M%=M%-1:GCOL0 ,P%:MOVE0,100:PRINTP\$(P%):MOVE70 4,100:PRINT"MOVES= ";M%:RETURN 4233FORI%=1TONP%:FORJ%=1T010: 5200DATAAO,DP,KL,DC,AB,IJ,MB,NC , ,QR,ST EF, GH, 5300DATA8,1,1,4,16,4,4,10,13,10

### **RUNS ON AN ATARI 400/800. CONVERTED BY SIMON GOODWIN**

In line 130 of this listing, the two string assignments are filled by pressing both Control and a comma symbol.

The following four lines have certain sections to be printed in inverse video:—

165 all the print statements

1174 "Start" should be in inverse video

1620 the first print statement

1640 all print statements in inverse video

And in the following lines some unprintable characters must be entered in number form and must be turned back to character form.

Line 830 includes 104, 162, 6, 169, 7, 160, 64, 32, 92, 228, 96

This should be turned back to characters by using FOR J=1 TO 11: READ A: ?CHR\$(A);:NEXT J Line 160 includes 104, 240, 40, 104, 133, 207, 104, 133, 206, 169, 224, 133, 205, 169, 0, 133, 204, 162, 0, 161, 204, 129

206, 230, 204, 208, 8, 230, 205, 165, 205, 201, 228, 240, 8, 230, 206, 208, 236, 230, 207, 208, 232, 96, 0

This should be turned back to characters by using FOR J=1 TO 45: READ A:? CHR\$(A);:NEXT J

170 FOR J=CHB+24 TO J+87:READ A:POKE J.A:NEXT J:OPEN #1,4,N,"K" 180 DATA 0,16,48,126,254,126,48,16 190 DATA 0,28,28,28,127,62,28,8 200 DATA 8,28,62,127,28,28,28,0 210 DATA 0,8,12,126,127,126,12,8 220 DATA 0,24,60,126,126,60,24,0 230 DATA 0.16.48.94.130.94.48.16 240 DATA 0,28,20,20,119,34,20,8 250 DATA 8,20,34,119,20,20,28,0 260 DATA 0.8,12,122,65,122,12,8 270 DATA 0,24,60,102,102,60,24,0 280 DATA 146,212,9,38,192,40,66,137 800 J=1536: DL=PEEK(560)+PEEK(561)\*256: KE DL+3,199:POKE DL+15,135:POKE 1790,1 POKE 1791,234:POKE 1788,N 810 READ A:IF A<>-1 THEN POKE J.A:J=J+ 60TO 810 815 J=1700

820 READ A: IF AK >-1 THEN POKE J.A: J=J+1: GOTO 820 900 DATA 724173225366124061117332556614 1,10,212,141,22,208,238,253,6,104,64,-1 950 DATA 216,169,0,141,253,6,173,252,6,2 40,22,238,192,2,206,251,6,208,14,169,7,1 41,251,6,173,192,2,24,105,9,141,192 952 DATA 2,76,98,228,-1 1000 DIM P\$(36),X(4),Y(4),N(7),M(7),S(16 .10),C(16,10),I\$(1),SG(7),Z(6),N\$(6),S\$( 1002 FOR J=1 TO 6: M(J)=N: N(J)=N: Z(J)=N: N EXT J: P\$=A\$: M(7)=N: N(7)=N: S\$=A\$ 1005 FOR J=1 TO 4:READ X,Y:X(J)=X:Y(J)=Y:NEXT J:FOR J=1 TO 7:READ X:SG(J)=X:NEXT 1007 DATA -1,0,0,1,0,-1,1,0 1008 DATA 9,130,162,167,2,135,34 1010 GOSUB 1600:GOSUB 1140:GOSUB 1130:GO SUB 1150:GOSUB 1190:POKE 756,RT-4 1012 POSITION N.N:? #6;A\$(1,20):POKE 708 1013 POKE 512,N:POKE 513,6:POKE 54286,19 1017 GOSUB 1160:P=2:LP=1 1020 M=M(P): IF M=N THEN 1023 1021 GOSUB 1170:GOSUB 1200 1022 LP=P 1023 P=P+1:IF P=7 THEN P=2 1024 GOTO 1020 1120 POSITION X,Y: IF B=6 THEN ? #6;" ":R ETURN 1121 ? #6;CHR\$(SG(C)+B):RETURN 1130 FOR C=2 TO 6: READ X,Y:S(X,Y)=5:IF M (C)=N THEN 1132 1131 C(X,Y)=C 1132 NEXT C: RETURN 1135 DATA 8,1,1,4,16,4,4,10,13,10 1140 FOR X=1 TO 16:FOR Y=1 TO 10:S(X,Y)= 6:C(X,Y)=7:NEXT Y:NEXT X:RETURN 1150 FOR S=1 TO 25 1151 X=1+INT(RND(N)\*16): Y=1+INT(RND(N)\*1 0): IF S(X,Y)(>6 THEN 1151 1152 IF X>1 THEN IF S(X-1,YX)6 THEN 115 1153 IF X(16 THEN IF S(X+1,YX)6 THEN 11 1154 IF Y>1 THEN IF S(X,Y-1)X>6 THEN 115 1155 IF YK10 THEN IF SKX,Y+1 X>6 THEN 11 1156 S(X,Y)=5:NEXT S:RETURN 1160 FOR Y=1 TO 10:FOR X=1 TO 16:B=S(X,Y):C=C(X,Y):GOSUB 1120:NEXT X:NEXT Y:RETU 1170 POSITION N.11:? #6;CHR\$(5+SG(P));" ;P\$(P\*6-5,P\*6);" MOVES= ";M: IF LP<>P TH EN RETURN 1173 POSITION N.N:? #6;" \*\* WINNEF POKE 53248,N:FOR J=1 TO 500:NEXT J \*\* HINNER \*\* 1174 POSITION 3,4:? #6;A\$(1,13):POSITION 3,5:? #6;" press start ":POSITION 3,6:? #6;A\$(1,13) 1175 FOR J=1 TO 10:NEXT J:IF PEEK(53279)

1176 RUN 1180 C=P:B=S(X,Y):GOSUB 1120 1181 GET #1,A: I\$=CHR\$(A): IF I\$="N" OR I\$
="F" OR I\$="N" OR I\$="R" OR I\$="E" THEN RETURN 1182 GOTO 1181 1190 FOR S=1 TO 70 1191 X=1+INT(RND(N)\*16):Y=1+INT(RND(N)\*1 0):IF S(X,Y)<>6 THEN 1191 1192 B=1+INT(RND(N)\*4):NX=X+X(B):NY=Y+Y( B): IF NX=N OR NX=17 OR NY=N OR NY=11 THE N 1194 1193 IF C(NX,NYX)7 THEN B=5-B 1194 S(X,Y)=B: NEXT S: RETURN 1200 X=8:Y=5:POKE 53248,112:PY=568:A\$(51 2,640)=A\$:A\$(PY,PY+9)=B\$ 1201 SOUND N.100,10,15: POSITION 3,N:? #6 ";:SOUND N.N.N.N.GOSUB CHOOSING j 11 500



1205 IF I = "M" THEN GOSUB 2000: GOSUB 124 0 1206 IF I\$="R" THEN GOSUB 2000:GOSUB 130 0 1207 IF I\$="F" THEN GOSUB 2000:GOSUB 135 0 1208 POKE 1788,N:POKE 704,88 1210 IF I\$="E" THEN RETURN 1211 GOTO 1201 1240 POSITION 3,N:? #6; "MOVING FLEET"; 1242 GET #1.A: I\$=CHR\$(A): IF I\$="C" THEN RETURN 1244 IF I\$="+" THEN I=1:GOTO 1254 1246 IF I\$="=" THEN I=2:GOTO 1254 1248 IF I\$="-" THEN I=3:GOTO 1254 1250 IF I\$="\*" THEN I=4:60T0 1254 1252 GOTO 1242 1254 NX=X+X(I):NY=Y+Y(I):IF NX=N OR NX=1 7 OR NY=N OR NY=11 THEN 1242 1255 IF S(NX,NY)X >6 THEN 1242 1256 IF B=5 THEN GOSUB 1120:GOTO 1261 1257 IF I+B=5 THEN 1242 1258 OB=B:C=7:B=6:GOSUB 1120

1\$

\*1

HE

(51)

#6

B 1

```
1259 C(X,Y)=7:S(X,Y)=B
1260 B=0B:GOSUB 1400
1281 X=NX:POKE 53248,48+8*X:A*(PY,PY+9)=
S*:PY=PY+8*Y(I):Y=NY:A*(PY,PY+9)=B*:C=P:
B=I:GOSUB 1120:C(X,Y)=C:S(X,Y)=B
1262 GOSUB 1401:X=NX:Y=NY:C=C(X,Y):B=I
1263 GOSUB 1400
1268 SOUND N.200.10.15: M=M-1: POSITION 16
,11:? #6;M;" ":SOUND N,N,N,N
1270 IF M=N THEN I$="E":GOSUB 1120:RETUR
1275 IF C(X,Y)X>P THEN GOSUB 1120:RETURN
1280 60TO 1242
1300 POSITION 3,N:? #6;"
                              ROTATING
1301 GET #1,A:I$=CHR$(A):IF I$="C" THEN
SOUND N.150,4,15:FOR J=1 TO 50:NEXT J:SO
UND HANANAN RETURN
1302 IF I$="+" THEN I=1:60TO 1320
1303 IF I$="=" THEN I=2:GOTO 1320
1304 IF I$="-" THEN I=3:60TO 1320
1305 IF I = "*" THEN I=4:GOTO 1320
1306 GOTO 1301
1320 IF I=B THEN 1301
1321 OB=B:B=I:GOSUB 1120:S(X,Y)=B:B=OB:G
OSUB 1400:B=I:GOSUB 1401:GOSUB 1400
1322 SOUND N,121,14,15:M=M-1:POSITION 16,11:? #6;M;" ":SOUND N,N,N,N
1323 IF M=N THEN I$="E"
1324 RETURN
1350 POSITION 3,N:? #6;"
                              FIRING
1351 GET #1.A:I$=CHR$(A):IF I$="C" THEN
SOUND N,150,4,15:FOR J=1 TO 50:NEXT J:SO
UND NANAMARETURN
1352 IF I$="+" THEN I=1:60TO 1357
1353 IF I = "= " THEN I=2:60T0 1357
1354 IF I$="-" THEN I=3:GOTO 1357
1355 IF I≇="*" THEN I=4:GOTO 1357
1356 GOTO 1351
1357 IF B<>5 AND I<>B THEN 1351
1358 NX=X+X(I):NY=Y+Y(I):IF NX=N OR NX=1
  OR NY=N OR NY=11 THEN 1351
1359 IF S(NX,NY)>4 THEN 1351
1360 OB=B:OC=C:OX=X:OY=Y:X=NX:Y=NY
1361 FOR J=N TO 200 STEP 10: SOUND N,J,10
,15: NEXT J:SOUND N.N.N.:GOSUB 1370
1362 I=S(X,Y):B=6:GOSUB 1120:S(X,Y)=6:C(
X,Y)=N:B=I:GOSUB 1424
1363 C=C(X,Y):60SUB 1120:M=M-1:POSITION
16,11:? #6;M;"
1364 IF M=N THEN I$="E"
1365 RETURN
1370 POSITION X,Y:? #6;"-":FOR J=N TO 15
0 STEP 3:SOUND N,J,8,15:NEXT J:SOUND N,N
MAN: RETURN
1400 OX=X:OY=Y:OB=B:OC=C:GOTO 1424
1402 FOR K=2 TO 7:N(K)=N:NEXT K:C1=N:C2=
N: HN=N: HC=C: EN=1
1403 FOR D=1 TO 4: IF D=B THEN 1410
1404 AX=X+X(D): AY=Y+Y(D): IF AX=N OR AX=1
 OR AY=N OR AY=11 THEN 1410
1405 AB=S(AX,AY):IF D+AB<>5 THEN 1410
1406 AC=C(AX,AY):N(AC)=N(AC)+1:IF N(AC)<
HN OR AC=7 THEN 1410
1407 IF N(AC)=HN THEN EN=1:GOTO 1410
```

```
1408 HN=N(AC): HC=AC: EN=N
1410 NEXT D
1411 IF EN=N THEN 1420
1412 IF HN>N OR N(7)>N THEN HC=7
1420 IF HC=C THEN 1430
1421 IF B=5 THEN M(C)=M(C)-1:M(HC)=M(HC)
1422 SOUND N.100.8.15: C=HC: C(X,Y)=C: GOSU
B 1120: SOUND N.N.N.N
1423 IF B=5 THEN 1430
1424 X=X+X(B):Y=Y+Y(B):IF X=N OR X=17 OR Y=N OR Y=11 THEN 1430
1425 B=S(X,Y): IF B=6 THEN 1430
1426 C=C(X,Y):60T0 1402
1430 X=0X: Y=0Y: C=0C: B=0B: RETURN
1500 REM CURSOR
1501 I=N:GET #1,A:I$=CHR$(A)
1502 IF I$="+" THEN I=1:60TO 1515
1503 IF I$="=" THEN I=2:GOTO 1515
1504 IF I$="-" THEN I=3:GOTO 1515
1505 IF I$="*" THEN I=4:60TO 1515
1510~\rm{IF}~\rm{I} $$<>"R" AND I$<>"M" AND I$<>"F" AND I$<>"E" THEN 1501
1515 IF (I=1 AND X=1) OR (I=4 AND X=16) OR_{\odot}(I=3 \text{ AND Y=1}) OR (I=2 \text{ AND Y=10}) THEN
1501
1520 IF I=N AND C(X,Y)<>P AND I$<>"E" TH
EN 1501
1521 IF I = "R" AND S(X,Y)>4 THEN 1501
1526 IF I$="E" THEN RETURN
1530 IF I=N THEN B=S(X,Y):C=P:SOUND N.50
,4,15:FOR J=1 TO 10:NEXT J:SOUND N,N,N,N
: RETURN
 1540 X=X+X(I):POKE 53248,48+X*8:IF Y(I)=
N THEN 1500
1550 A$(PY,PY+9)=S$:PY=PY+8*Y(I):A$(PY,P
Y+9)=B$:Y=Y+Y(I):GOTO 1500
 1600 POSITION 3,7:? #6;"press any key":G
ET #1,A
 1620 ? #6;")THIS GAME IS FOR 2 TO 5 PLAYERS":? #6:? #6;"HOW MANY SHALL PLAY
 ?":N$="
 1630 GET #1,A:A=A-48:IF AK2 OR A>5 THEN
 1630
 1640 NP=A:? #6;"PLEASE ENTER EACH
                                         PLAY
 ERS NAME - UP TOSIX LETTERS ARE
                                         ALLO
 WED":X=N:Y=10:L=1:P=1
 1650 POSITION X,Y:? #6;"*"
 1880 GET #1,A: IF A=126 THEN 1700
 1662 IF A=155 AND L=1 THEN 1660
 1665 IF A=155 THEN L=1:60T0 1800
 1670 N$(L,L)=CHR$(A):L=L+1:IF L>6 THEN L
 =1:60TO 1800
 1680 POSITION X,Y:? #6;CHR$(A):X=X+1:GOT
 0 1650
 1700 POSITION X,Y:? #6;" ":L=L-1:X=X-1:I
 F XKN THEN X=N:L=1
 1710 GOTO 1650
 1800 C=INT(RND(N)*5)+2:IF Z(C)X>N THEN 1
 800
 1810 M(C)=1:Z(C)=1:P$(C*6-5,C*6)=N$:P=P+
 1:IF P>NP THEN 1900
 1820 X=N:Y=10:POSITION X,Y:N$="
  #6;N$:GOTO 1650
 1900 ? #6;")PLEASE WAIT 20 SECS": RETURN
```

2000 POKE 1787,7:POKE 704,4:POKE 1788,1:

RETURN

```
1 CLEAR5000.8H7000:POKE65495.0:GR=8H7000:ML=8H7020:GOSUB60100
2 DIMX(4), Y(4), N(7), M(7)
3 \times (1) = -1 \cdot Y(1) = 0
4 \times (2) = 0 : Y(2) = 1
5 \times (3) = 0 \cdot Y(3) = -1
6 \times (4) = 1 : Y(4) = 0
7 DEF FNCC(0)=VAL(MID$(C$(X),Y,1))
8 DEF FNSS(0)=VAL(MID$(S$(X),Y,1))
9 DEF FNCL(0)=VAL("&H"+MID$(".AAFFA5F5A0",2*(F-1),2))
10 DEF FNIK(0)=(I$="")OR(INSTR(AR$+"C",I$))=0
11 AR$=CHR$(8)+CHR$(10)+CHR$(9)+CHR$(94)
12 DEF.FNAR(O)=VAL(MID$("5687",INSTR(AR$,I$),1))-4
15 GOSUB600:GOSUB140:GOSUB110:GOSUB130:GOSUB150
16 GOSUB190 'NEUTRAL FLEETS
17 PMODE3,1:PCLS2:SCREEN1,0:CL=85:GOSUB60005:M#="INTERSTELLAR@IN
   TRIGUE":GOSUB61000
18 GOSUB160
19 P=2:LP=1
20 M=M(P):IFM=0THEN23
21 Q$=INKEY$:GOSUB170:GOSUB200
22 LP=P
23 P=P+1:IFP=7THENP=2
24 GOTO20
50 OC=C:OB=B:C=1:B=6:GOSUB120:C=OC:B=OB:RETURN
55 GOSUB50:GOTO120
110 GOTO5200
120 DRAW"BM"+STR$(16*(X-1))+","+STR$(16*(Y-1))+B$(B,C):RETURN
130 NA$="START":GOSUB60010:FORC=2TO6:READX,Y:MID$(S$(X),Y,1)="5"
    :IFM(C)=0THEN132
131 MID$(C$(X),Y,1)=MID$(STR$(C),2)
132 NEXTC:RETURN
140 DIMB$(7,7)
141 DIMS $ (16)
142 DIMC$(16)
145 FORX=1T016:S$(X)=STRING$(10,"6"):C$(X)=STRING$(10,"7"):NEXTX
    :RETURN
150 FORS=1TO25
151 X=RND(16):Y=RND(10):IF FNSS(0)<>6THEN151
152 IFX>1THENIFMID$(S$(X-1),Y,1)<>"6"THEN151
153 IFX<16THENIFMID$(S$(X+1),Y,1)<>"6"THEN151
154 IFY>1THENIFMID*(S*(X),Y-1,1)<>"6"THEN151
156 MID$(S$(X),Y,1)="5":NEXTS:RETURN
160 LINE(0,161)-(255,161),PSET:FORY=1TO10:FORX=1TO16:B= FNSS(0):
    C= FNCC(0):GOSUB120:NEXTX,Y:RETURN
170 IFLF=P THEN173ELSECL=FNCL(0):GOSUB60005:CL=85:G=100:GOSUB185
    :GOSUB60005:M$=P$(P)+"@MOVES"+STR$(M)
171 IFINKEY S=""THENGOSUB61000:GOSUB185:GOTO170
172 RETURN
173 CL=85:G=100:GOSUB60005:GOSUB185:M$=P$(P)+"@WINNER":GOSUB6100
    0:GOSUB185:PLAY"T50ABCDE":IFINKEY$=""THEN173ELSERUN
176 Q$=INKEY$:IFQ$=""THEN176ELSERETURN
185 FORG1=1TOG:NEXTG1:RETURN
190 FORS=1TO70
191 X=RND(16):Y=RND(10):IF FNSS(0)<>6THEN191
192 B=RND(4):NX=X+X(B):NY=Y+Y(B):IFNX=00RNX=170RNY=00RNY=11THEN1
    94
193 IF FNCC(0)<>7 THENB=5-B
```

```
194 MID*(S*(X),Y,1)=MID*(STR*(E),2):NEXTS:RETURN
   200 X=8:Y=5
   201 M$="CHOOSE MV"+STR$(M):GOSUB697:SOUND100,3
   205 IFI*="M"THENGOSUB250
   206 IFI$="R"THENGOSUB300
   207 IFI$="F"THENGOSUB350
   210 IFI$="E" THENRETURN
   220 GOTO201
   250 M$="MOVING@FLEET":GOSUB697
   251 Is=INKEYs:IF FNIK(0)THENGOSUB55:GOTO251
   252 IFI*="C"THENRETURN
  253 I=FNAR(0)
  254 NX=X+X(I):NY=Y+Y(I):IFNX=0ORNX=17ORNY=0ORNY=11THEN250
  255 IFMID*(S*(NX),NY,1)<>"6"THEN250
  256 IFB=5 THENGOSUB120:GOTO261
  257 IFI+B=5THEN250
  258 OB=B:C=1:B=6:GOSUB120
  259 MID$(C$(X),Y,1)="7":MID$(S$(X),Y,1)=MID$(STR$(B),2)
  261 X=NX:Y=NY:C=F:B=I:GOSUB120:MID$(C$(X),Y,1)=MID$(STR$(C),2):M
      ID$(S$(X),Y,1)=MID$(STR$(B),2)
  262 GOSUB401:X=NX:Y=NY:C=FNCC(0):B=I
  263 GOSUE400
  268 M=M-1:GDSUB699
  269 PLAY"T100ECFEGD"
  270 IFM=0THENI$="E":GOSUB120:RETURN
  280 GOTO250
 300 M$="ROTATING":GOSUE697
 301 Is=INKEYs:IF FNIK(0)THENGOSUB55:GOTO301
 302 IFI$="C"THENSOUND1,1:RETURN
 303 I=FNAR(0):IFI=B THEN300
 304 GOSUB50:B=I:C=OC:GOSUB120:MID$(S$(X),Y,1)=MID$(STR$(B),2):B=
     OB:GOSUB400:B=I:GOSUB401:GOSUB400
 305 M=M-1:GOSUB699
 306 FLAY"T50AF"
 307 IFM=OTHENI$="E"
 308 RETURN
 350 Ms="FIRING":GOSUB697
 351 Is=INKEYs:IF FNIK(0)THENGOSUB55:GOTO351
 352 IFI$="C" THENSOUND1,1:RETURN
 353 I=FNAR(0):IF(B<>5)AND(I<>B)THEN350
354 NX=X+X(I):NY=Y+Y(I):IFNX=0 OR NX=17 OR NY=0 OR NY=11 THEN350
 355 IF MID$(S$(NX),NY,1)>"4"
                              THEN350
356 OB=B:OC=C:OX=X:OY=Y:X=NX:Y=NY
357 PLAY"T20ABDEFBA"
358 I=FNSS(0):OC=C:B=6:C=1:GOSUB120:MID$(S$(X),Y,1)="6":MID$(C$(
359 C=FNCC(0):GOSUB120:M=M-1:GOSUB699
360 IFM=0 THENI$="E"
400 OX=X:OY=Y:OB=B:OC=C:GOTO424
401 OX=X:OY=Y:OB=B:OC=C
402 FORK=2T07:N(K)=0:NEXTK:C1=0:C2=0:HN=0:HC=C:EN=1
403 FORD=1TO4:IFD=E THEN410
404 AX=X+X(D):AY=Y+Y(D):IFAX=0 OR AX=17 ORAY=0 OR AY=11THEN410
405 AB=VAL(MID$(S$(AX),AY,1)):IFD+AB<>5THEN410
406 AC=VAL(MID$(C$(AX),AY,1)):N(AC)=N(AC)+1:IFN(AC)<HN OR AC=7TH
```

### DRAGON CONTINUED

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410 NEXTD
411 IFEN=0THEN420
412 IFHN>0 OR N(7)>0THENHC=7
420 IFHC=C THEN430
421 IFB=5 THENM(C)=M(C)-1:M(HC)=M(HC)+1
422 C=HC:MID\$(C\$(X),Y,1)=MID\$(STR\$(C),2):GOSUB120:PLAY"T200ACDEF
423 IFB=5THEN430
424 X=X+X(B):Y=Y+Y(B):IFX=0ORX=17ORY=0ORY=11THEN430
425 B=FNSS(0):IFB=6THEN430
426 C=FNCC(0):GOTO402
430 X=OX:Y=OY:C=OC:B=OB:RETURN
500 B=7
503 C=4:GOSUB120:C=2:GOSUB120
510 I\$=INKEY\$:IFI\$="" OR INSTR(AR\$+"RMFES",I\$)=0THEN503



512 IFINSTR(AR\$,I\$) THENI\$=CHR\$(FNAR(0)+52) 515 IF(I\$="5" AND X=1)OR(I\$="8" AND X=16)OR(I\$="7" AND Y=1)OR(I\$ ="6" AND Y=10)THEN503 520 IF(INSTR("5678",I\$)=0)AND MID\$(C\$(X),Y,1)<>MID\$(STR\$(F),2) A 521 IFI\$="R" AND MID\$(S\$(X),Y,1)>"4" THEN503 525 GOSUB120 526 IF INSTR("E", I\$) THENRETURN 530 IF INSTR("5678",I\$)=OTHENE=FNSS(O):C=P:GOSUB120:RETURN 540 I=VAL(I\$)-4:X=X+X(I):Y=Y+Y(I):GOTO500 600 DIMF\$(6):CLS 605 PRINT" INTERSTELLAR INTRIGUE" 606 FRINT "+STRING\$(21,"-") 610 PRINT" DESIGNED BY MIKE SINGLETON FOR 615 PRINT" COMPUTER & VIDEO GAMES" 617 PRINT" (CONVERSION BY RON POTKIN)" 620 PRINT@192," THIS GAME CAN BE PLAYED BY AS FEW AS TWO PLAYE AS FIVE. PLEASE ENTER HOW MANY DING TO PLAY." PEOPLE ARE G 625 INPUT" NUMBER OF PLAYERS =";NP:IFNP<>INT(NP)ORNP<20RNP>5 TH 630 PRINT@192," YOU HAVE A"; NP; "-PLAYER GAME."," ENTER EACH PLAYER'S NAME."+STRING\$(4,13) 635 PRINT@256,""; 638 FORP=1TO NP 640 FRINT"PLAYER'S NAME("; MID\*(STR\*(F),2);")= "; 645 INPUT""; Ns:IFNs=""THEN640ELSEIFLEN(Ns)>9THEN:Ns=LEFTs(Ns,9) 650 C=RND(5)+1:IFLEFT\$(P\$(C),1)>CHR\$(31)THEN650 655 M(C)=1:P\$(C)=N\$



When only the BEST is good enough



Games for the VIC 20, Commodore 64, Spectrum, Dragon 32, BBC...

TERMINAL SOFTWARE, 28 CHURCH LANE, PRESTWICH, MANCHESTER M25 5AJ. TEL 06) 773 9313



```
407 IFN(AC)=HN THENEN=1:GOTO410
408 HN=N(AC):HC=AC:EN=0
660 NEXTE
665 PRINT"THANKYOU."+CHR$(13)+" PLEASE WAIT A MOMENT...";
690 RETURN
697 CL=FNCL(0):GOSUB60005:COLOR2:AY=174:AX=INT(16-LEN(M$)):LINE(
    8*(AX-1),169)-(8*(AX+2*LEN(M$)+1),186),FSET,BF:GOTO61030
699 CL=85:M$="MOVES"+STR$(M)
700 GOSUB60005
702 GOTO61000
2000 POKE65494,0:PRINT"SAVE PROGRAM":INPUT"PRESS ENTER"; B$
2010 FORI=49T052:PRINTI-48:CSAVE"STELLAR":FORU=1T02000:NEXTU,I:S
5200 AL$="BD6DUR2U2D5R2D2U9R2U2D9ND4R6UL4UR4UL4UR4UL6"
5202 AF$="BD6DUDR2U3R2U2D12R2U14D2R2D5ND7R4UL2U2L2"
5204 AU$="ND3L2NU2ND10L2ND3"
5206 AG$="L2D2NL2DNL2D2R2U2R6UL6U"
5208 RV$="BM+12,+14;A2"
5209 'BLUE
5210 B$(1,2)="C3"+AL$
5212 B$(3,2)="C3"+AF$
5219 'GREEN
5220 B$(1,7)="C1"+AL$:B$(3,7)="C1"+AF$
5225 'RED
5226 B$(1,3)="C4"+AL$:B$(3,3)="C4"+AF$
```

```
5228 B$(1,4)=B$(1,2)+"C2"+AG$;B$(3,4)=B$(3,2)+"C2"+AU$
5231 B$(1,5)=B$(1,3)+"C2"+AG$;B$(3,5)=B$(3,3)+"C2"+AU$
5235 B$(1,6)=B$(1,2)+"C1"+AG$:B$(3,6)=B$(3,2)+"C1"+AU$
5234 / BLUE/GREEN
5240 CR#="DUR2BR8R4D2BD10D2L4BL8L2U2BU10U2"
5239 / CURSOR
5241 B$(7,2)="C2"+CR$$B$(7,4)="C4"+CR$
 5250 ST#="BD6DUR2U2R2U2R2NU2R2DL2DR4DL6DR8DL10DR8DL6NL2D2R2ND2R2
      UL2U2"
 5251 SC#="NU3R2NU3L4NU3"
 5252 B$(5,2)="C3"+ST$:B$(5,3)="C4"+ST$
 5253 B$(5,4)=B$(5,2)+"C2"+SC$;B$(5,5)=B$(5,3)+"C2"+SC$
 5254 B$(5,6)=B$(5,2)+"C1"+SC$:B$(5,7)="C1"+ST$
  5255 X#="R2D15R2U15"
  5260 B$(6,1)="C2D15R2U15"+X$+X$+X$
  5259 /SPACE
  5280 FORC=ZTO7; B$(2,C)=RV$+B$(3,C)+"A0"
  5282 B$(4,C)=RV$+B$(1,C)+"A0"
  5284 NEXTC: RETURN
       5297
  5298 /STARTUP DATA
   5299 DATA START
   5300 DATA 8,1
   5310 DATA1,4
   5320 DATA16,4
   60005 POKEGR+1,CL:DEFUSR0=GR:US=USR0(0):POKEGR+1,85:RETURN
   5330 DATA4,10
   5340 DATA13,10
```

60009 'FIND DATA 60010 RESTORE 60020 READAS:IFAS=NAS THENRETURNELSE60020 60098 'ML TO CLEAR VIDEO BOTTOM 60099 'NEEDS GR !!! 60100 DATA GRAPH 60110 DATA C655108E1A60E7A0108C1E002DF839 60120 NAs="GRAPH":GOSUB60010 60130 C=0:READAs:FORJ=1TOLEN(As)/2:POKEGR+C,VAL("&H"+MIDs("."+As 60200 CH\$="0123456789ABCDEFGHIJKLMNP RSTUVWXY\*" 60210 D\$="EEEEEMEGEEMEEOEEOMGEEGGEGMEGMMGOEGOMMEEMEMMGEMGMMMEMMM 60220 S\$="KNNNNNKDIDDDDKKNBKMMWWCDCBNKCEHOWCCWMVBBNLKMMVNNKWBBCD KNMPNNKNNNNNNKDDDDDKFCCCCOINOQSQONMMMMMWNURRNNNNTTRFPNVN NAWWWaaaaaannnadonkwwkenkmdddddddnnnnnnkwnuhhddnnwkkfinnnh 60230 DATA ML



60240 DATA 33761F34B6A14781432705BD8B302003BDB3ED1F0110AE02ECA1E D40ECA1ED42ECA1ED44ECA1ED46E684C0083404A647C6203DC306001F0 1E6463AAF484FAE40E6A4C14F2711E680C12A260431212050E1A427034

60250 DATA 31ABC6073404A6A08041C6033DAE42308B342010AE48EC8183404 0484848483404ABE0E684C04058585858CB05EDA41F20C30020ED48352 035045A26C73520EC468B02ED4635045A1026FF7F324A39

60260 IF(PEEK(ML)=51)AND(PEEK(ML+1)=118)THEN60280ELSENA\$="ML":GO

60270 C=0:FORT=1TO2:READA#:FORJ=1TOLEN(A#)/2:POKEML+C,VAL("&H"+M ID\$(","+A\$,2%J,2)):C=C+1:NEXTJ,I

60280 AD\$="":U=VARPTR(CH\$):GOSUB60290:U=VARPTR(D\$):GOSUB60290:U=

60290 AD\$=AD\$+CHR\$(PEEK(U+2))+CHR\$(PEEK(U+3)):RETURN 60997 'PRINT ALPHA GRAPHICS

61000 AY=174:J=0:K=INSTR(1,M\$,"@"):IFK>0THENJ=1:AY=168:K=INSTR(K

61010 I=INSTR(M\$,"@"):IFI<>0THENX\$=MID\$(M\$,I+1):M\$=LEFT\$(M\$,I-1) :GOSUB61040:M\$=X\$:AY=AY+(10-4\*(J=1)):GOTO61010ELSE61040

61020 J=INSTR(M\$,"@"):IFJ<>0THENX\$=MID\$(M\$,J+1):M\$=LEFT\$(M\$,J-1) :GOSUB7:M\$=X\$:AY=AY+10:GOTO61020 61030 'USR

61035 MS\$=AD\$+CHR\$(AX)+CHR\$(AY)+M\$:DEFUSR0=ML:US=USR0(VARFTR(MS\$ 61040 AX=INT(16-LEN(M\$)):GOTO61030

# by Ron Potkin

All over the galaxy contests like this are being fought, each unique in its own way and yet each so many in similar

aspects.

Who was to guess that the emnity between the forces of Bluuton and the crimson ships of Redare would last thus long and be so intense? But greed is a strange thing and both of these ambitious space tribes knows the full worth of the riches which are being uncovered before their very eyes.

Both know that they must keep the secret from the mighty empires, which would rush in and swallow the prize and wipe out the squabbling tribes like so much space dust.

And both tribes know that if they can harness this wealth of energy for then themselves tribe might one day rank as high as those great empires and control just as large a slice of the galaxy ... but first ... they just have to defeat their rivals.

The Beacon Stars, rich in stellar energy, had lain there for eons but their light had been stifled by the darkness and their power remained undiscovered in the blackness of the "Dead Areas" into which no spacecraft dared travel.

Then came the Scavengers, a strange space phenomena, no-one ever saw them none knew where they would strike next and few could but wonder at the results they produced.

Two alien races clash in deepest space

The first sign was a strange green glow in the night sky where a "Dead Area" had been before and then the blackness was gone forever and bright α sometimes Beacon Star shone out from where the darkness

had been. The Beacon Star Wars are fought out between the fleets of Redare and Bluuton as they rush to capture the stars and use them to produce the stellar-energy creating Stargates.

Their fleets are made up of Miner ships fast and useful for exploration and Gun ships, slow but mighty in battle.

And each has a base stargate, immovable but strong in defence and able to produce new ships to add to the fleets.

Other stargates can be built on the sites of captured Beacon Stars by having a Miner ship and a Gun ship adjacent to the Beacon Star and cannibalising these to create a star gate.

Every star gate produces three E.R.Us every turn and these are the mark of who is winning the game. These are also the basis of new ships, from the cheap to produce Miners, to the expensive Gun Ships.

# OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Rewind the tape fully and press the PLAY button on the recorder. Type CLOAD and press ENTER.

2. Once the program has been loaded — it takes about 60

seconds — type RUN and press ENTER.

3. There will be a slight pause. The logo and title will then appear on the screen. This indicates that the board is

4. The board appears with the Bluutons on the left side of the screen and the Redarians on the right. The Dead Areas

appear in the central part of the screen. 5. The bottom part of the screen is devoted to messages and information. Currently, this will be flashing the message:

BLUUTON PRESS ENTER

The Bluutons always move first.

### THE RULES OF PLAY

To earn the most number of energy resource units (ERU's) before the last Dead Area is cleared.

#### 2. Sequence of play.

a) The Blue player moves his pieces. The commands 6. available are:

Move — use the numbers 1 to 6

Jump — press "J"

Capture — occupy a Beacon Star Produce — press "P"

Complete — press "C". Checks for remaining attacks. Finish — press "F". Does not check for attacks.

b) Combat takes place. The computer will determine the

c) One Dead area is removed from the board. The ne At area to be cleared is determined and painted blue.

d) Scavenger explosions are determined and paint tion

e) The Red player now plays and steps (a) to (d) one

f) The game finishes after 30 turns when the Dead Ardoc f) The game finishes after 30 turns when the Dead Arc) are cleared, the winner is the player earning the mc) sixt ERU's. Note that ships in play have no value.

Star Batt Mine

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#### 3. The Pieces.

Each player commences with five pieces. These may during the course of play be increased up to a maximum

The capabilities of each piece are:

Start Moves Attack Defence Jumps Cost Prod

	Start with	Moves	Attacks Factors	Defence Factors	Jump	Cost (ERU) Prod	
Stargate	1	0	2	2	0	0	2
Battleship	2	3	4	5	2	5	0
Miner	2	5	1	3	3	3	0
					3	3	U

#### 4. Other Pieces.

Other pieces on the board are:

- a) Clear Hex Yellow hex. Pieces may normally only enter these hex.
- b) Dead Areas these are red hex. There are 30 when the game commences. One is cleared before each player starts his turn. The game finishes when the last hex is cleared, the current player has finished his moves and all attacks are complete. No piece may enter a Dead Area. c) Beacon Stars — These are green stars. There are 10 hidden underneath the Dead Areas. They cannot be occupied until the Dead Area is removed.
- d) Scavengers at Work! this is a blue hex. It indicates where the next Dead Area will be cleared.
- e) Scavenger Explosion this is a green hex. It indicates that a scvenger has moved too close to a star. The star may be in a clear space or lying beneath a Dead Area. f) The red half hex around the edge of the board are merely decorative and do not form part of the playing

#### 5. Starting play.

Each player must press ENTER to start his turn. He will be prompted for his move by a piece flashing. The message area shows the status of this piece i.e.

Name of the side currently moving Name of current piece Balance of ERU's

Index number XXX

Moves XX Attack Factors XX

Defence Factors XX

#### 6. Moving.

its

nds

The number of moves available appear in the top-right corner of the message area. To move one hex, press a number from 1 to 6. Visualise a six-hour clock (see below). If you wish to STOP moving before all modes are expended, press "S". A piece must stop when it moves next to an opponent. e the

#### 7. Production.

At the player's option, new pieces may be produced and brought immediately into play. There are three restricinted tions:

a) New ships must be docked at the Base Stargate (The d) are one at the edge of the board).

b) Each Stargate has a maximum of four docks. Occupied Area docks or docks adjacent to an opponent may not be used. mos c) The number of pieces for one side must not exceed

To produce ships type "P" and when the number of free docks appear type "M" for a minership or "G" for a gunship. Provided sufficient ERU's are available, the ships will be placed in a dock. Press "A" when complete.



#### 8. Occupying and converting a Star.

Occupying a Beacon Star requires both a miner and a gunship. If a gunship is in orbit around a star then a miner may be moved into and occupy the star hex. The miner and the star combine to form a Stargate.

Occupation may not take place if an opponent is in orbit around the star.

New Stargates will commence producing three ERU's per turn starting with the player's next turn.

#### 9. Jumps

If a ship is in orbit around a friendly Stargate it may jump through hyper-space to another Stargate provided the destination is not under attack. Press "J" to jump the current piece. Each Stargate will flicker in turn. Press "Y" if you wish to jump to that Stargate. Press "N" if you do not. Press ENTER or "A" to abort the jump command.

If the distance between the two hex exceeds the maximum allowed, there is possibility that the jump may fail. Each hex over the maximum reduces the chance of success by ten percent. This is indicated on the screen.

#### 10. "C" and "F".

If a player decides that his turn is complete and no further pieces need be moved, he may press "C". The computer will check all remaining pieces and look for any that are still adjacent to opponents from a previous turn.

This however is rather slow and if it can be seen that there are no potential attacks, press "F" instead. This brings the player's turn to an immediate end.

#### COMBAT

Once a player has completed his moves, combat will occur. If a piece is attacking a single opponent, combat is automatic, but if two or more pieces are being attacked the player will be asked to indicate the direction of attack. Enter a number from 1 to 6.

Calculation of Odds.

The combat odds are based on the ratio of the attack points of both the attacker and the defender. Any pieces adjacent to the attacker but not under attack may give assistance. Their attack points are added to those of the defender. If the defender is a stargate, the attack points of any piece in orbit will be added to the defender's points. Assistance may only be given to one defender.

The Outcome.

To determine the outcome of an attack, take the higher number, divide it by the other and round it down. The resulting number will indicate the column to be used in the table below. If the defender's points are higher, use the left side. If the attacker's are higher, use the right side.

The computer now selects a number from 1 to 10 and selects the appropriate row to obtain the result. Odds greater than six mean automatic elimination. If as the result, the defence factors fall to zero or below, a piece is eliminated.

Examples:

(1) The attacker's points total 10 points; the defender has 4 points. 10 divided by 4 gives 2.5 which is rounded down to 2. The odds therefore are 2-1 in favour of the attacker.

Assuming a dice roll of 8, the outcome is 4 — the attacker loses two points.

(2) The attacker's points totals 3; the defender's total 10. This gives odds of 3-1 in favour of the defender. A dice roll of 3 is an outcome of 5 - both lose two points.



#### Runs a Dragon in 32K

10 PCLEAR8:CLEAR900, &H7800:CLS:GOSUB1790:GOT01040 20 POKE 65494,1:RETURN 29 'Clear message area 30 DEFUSRO=GR:US=USRO(0):RETURN 40 POKEGR+1,170+85\*PL:GOSUB30:POKEGR+1,85:COLOR 2:GOSUB510:GOTU430 50 G=20:As=INKEYs:IFAs>""THENA=VAL(As):IFA<7THENRETURN 60 GOSUB150:GOTO50 69 'Get Board/video parameters for piece using index QQ 70 BX=FNMN(XX):BY=FNMN(YY):RETURN 80 FL\$=PC\$(3xFL+FNMN(TT)) 90 GOSUB70 100 PX=10+16\*BX:PY=9\*BY+9 110 Ys="EM=PX;,=PY;";RETURN 120 POKEFNPC(XX), BX:POKEFNPC(YY), EY:RETURN 129 'Save attack data 130 POKEFNPC(FG),FNMN(FG)+1:POKEFNPC(ID),AJ:RETURN 140 FORG1=1TOG: NEXT: RETURN 160 COLOR CR:FORJ=2T00 STEP-1:LINE(PX-Z+2\*J, PY-6+J)-(PX+10-Z\*J, PY+5-J), PSET, BF:N EXTU:RETURN 170 GOSUB80:DRAWY\$+"C"+STR\$(3+PL)+FL\$:RETURN 180 DRAWY\$+"C1"+BS\$:RETURN 190 DRAWY\$+"C2"+FL\$:RETURN - uses CR,GG,HH,HX 209 'Draw hex outline around combat area 200 210 FORI=OTO HH:GOSUB230:NEXTI:IFCR<>2THENCR=3+FL 220 IFGG=HH THENRETURNELSEFORI=HH+1 TO GG:GOSUB230:NEXTI:RETURN 230 QQ=FNQB(I):IFQQ=OTHENRETURNELSEGOSUBZ0:GOTO290 'Examine hex in direction a 239 'NA=-1 None,NA=0 Friend, NA=1 Opponent AJ≃Contents of hex

```
250 NA=-1:IFA=0THENAJ=-1:RETURNELSEUX=FNXY(0):UY=FNXY(1):IFFNXE(EX+UX)OR FNYE(EY
       260 IF(AJ>2*NR)OR(AJ=0)THENRETURNELSENA=1+((AJ<=NR)=(QQ<=NR)):RETURN
      280 GOSUB100:DRAWY$+"C"+STR$(CR)+DA$;PAINT(PX,PY),CR,CR:RETURN
      290 GOSUB100:DRAWY$+"C"+STR$(CR)+DA$:RETURN
      299 'String of random numbers
      300 Q=0:FORI=0TO DR-1
      310 Q=Q+1:GOSUB390:IF(BX<3)OR(BX>11)THEN310ELSEFOKEI+RD,Q:NEXTI
      320 FORT=DR TO 1 STEP-1:R=RND(I)-1:A=PEEK(R+RD):POKER+RD,FEEK(I-1+RD):POKEI-1+RD
      329 'Data Search
      330 RESTORE
     340 READA$:IFA$<>NA$ THEN340ELSERETURN
     350 GOSUB380:GOSUB280
     360 IFCR<>2 THENRETURNELSECR=1
     370 J=FNBQ(0)-50:IFJ<0THENRETURNELSEPOKEFNBF(0),J:IFJ=49THENGOSUB100:GOTG18GELSE
     RETURN
     379 /Calculate BX,BY from random number table
    390 BY=2*INT(Q/15)+INT((Q-15*INT(Q/15))/8);BX=2*Q-15*BY;RETURN
    395 'Alpha graphics routines
    400 AY=174:J=0:K=INSTR(1,M$,"@"):IFK>0THENJ=1:AY=168:K=INSTR(K+1,M$,"@"):IFK>0TH
    410 I=INSTR(Ms,"@"):IFI<>0THENXs=MIDs(Ms,I+1):Ms=LEFTs(Ms,I-1):GOSUB440:Ms=Xs:AY
    420 J=TNSTR(M$,"@"):IFJ<>OTHENX$=MID$(M$,J+1):M$=LEFT$(M$,J-1):GOSUB430:M$=X$:AY
   430 TF(LEN(M$)<1)OR((AX+LEN(M$))>31)OR(AY>184)OR(AY<163)THENPRINT"ERROR":STOP
   435 MS#=AD#+CHR#(AX)+CHR#(AY)+M#:DEFUSR0=ML:US=USR0(VARFTR(MS#)):RETURN
   450 GOSUB30:M#=ME#(ER):GOTO400
   460 TEPPOINT(0,163)=4THENRETURNELSEGOSUB30:AX=1:AY=164:M$=ME$(FL)+"@"+TY$(FNMN(T
   T)):"@ERUS":GOSUE420:COLOR 4:LINE(170,162)-(170,191),PSET:PSET(0,163,4)
   #80 AX=16:AY=174:M$=MID$(STR$(FNMN(NN)),2):GDSUB430:M$=MID$(STR$(CO(PL)),2):AX=1
   2:AY=184:GOSUB430:AX=26:AY=174:M$=STR$(FNMN(AA))+"@"+STR$(FNMN(DD)):GOTO420
  500 AX=26:AY=164:Ms="
  510 AY=174:AX=INT(16-LEN(M$)):LINE(8*(AX-1),169)-(8*(AX+2*LEN(M$)+1),186),PSET,B
  520 SP=PL:FORPL=0701
  525 IFFNST(0)<1+NR*PL THEN550
  530 FORQQ=1→NR*PL TO FNST(0):IFFNMN(XX)=99 THENGOSUB560:QQ=99:NEXTQQ:GOTO530ELSE
  550 NEXT PL:PL=SP:RETURN
 560 I=QQ:IFQQ=FNST(0)THENGOSUB70:FOKEFNBP(0),0ELSEFORQQ=QQ+1 TO FNST(0):GOSUB70:
 POKEFNEP(0), QQ-1:FORJ=0TOSZ-1:POKEFNFC(J)-SZ,FNMN(J):NEXTJ,QQ
 578 'Set-up piece parameters in table - needs QQ
 580 FORI=0TO SZ-1; POKEFNPC(I), 0; NEXTI; GOSUB120
 590 POKEFNPC(TT), TP:FORI=1T04:POKEFNPC(I+2), SH(TF,I):NEXTI
 500 POKEFNPC(NN), NO(PL):NO(PL)=NO(PL)+1:POKEFNBP(0),QQ:POKEW+PL,FNST(0)+1:GOTO17
 609 /Hyper jump
 610 A#=INKEY#:SQ=QQ:SX=BX:SY=BY:ER=0:A=1:JJ=FNMN(JF)
620 GOSUB250:IF(NA=0)AND(FNNX(TT)=3)THEN630ELSEA=A+1:IFA<ZTHEN620ELSEER=13:GOTOZ
330 SJ=AJ:FORQQ=S TO FNST(0):IF(SJ<>QQ)AND(FNMN(TT)=3)THENTX=FNMN(XX):TY=FNMN(YY
440 F3=0:F0RA=1T06:G0SUB250:IFNA=1 THENA=7:NEXTA:G0T0720ELSEIFAJ=0THENF3=A:NEXTA
59 IFF3=0THEN/20ELSEA=F3:UX=FNXY(0):UY=FNXY(1):GOSUB1020:R=100+(JJ-MN)*10
360 IFR<0THENR=0ELSEIFR>100THENR=100
.70 GOSUB30:Ms=ME$(2)+"@"+STR$(R)+" PCT"+" "+ME$(22):GOSUB400
680 GOSUB50:J=INSTR("YNA",A$):ONJ+1 GOTO680,690,720,735
A90 IFR<RND(100)THENI=0:GOSUB30:M$=ME$(23):GOSUB400:QQ=SQ:GOTO1710
700 TX=8X:TY=8Y:6X=SX:6Y=SY:CR=2:GOSU6280:FOKEFN8F(0),0:8X=TX:6Y=TY
710 QQ=SO:BX=BX+UX:BY=BY+UY:FOKEFNBF(0),QQ:GOSUB120:GOTO170
```

```
720 NEXTQC:ER=10
 7750 COOLIGOROUT STORM OF STOR
 700 HP=INNETP*0X=DA*0T=DT*EN=T*DA=DX*UA*DT=BT*UT*TX=DA*TT=BT*M=1*FZ=U
760 GOSUB250:IF(NA=0)AND(FNNX(TT)=2)THENF2=1 ELSEIF(NA=1)AND(FNNX(TT)
730 GOSUB490
735 ER=1
740 QQ=SQ:GOTO80
  770 A=A+1:IFA<7THEN760ELSEIFF2=0THENER=5:GOTO800
   790 EX=TX:EY=TY:GOSUB280:TP=3:GOSUE580:FOKEW+FL,FNST(0)-1:GOTO490
   780 EX=SX:EY=SY:CR=2:GOSUE280:POKEFNEF(0),0
    800 GOSUB490: EX=SX: EY=SY: RETURN
    810 A$=INKEY$:SQ=QQ:GOSUB1000:IFER THEN980
     830 F1=0:FORT=1TO6:RQ=S:GOSUB70:A=T:GOSUB250:TFAU THEN870
     820 ER=0:QQ=S:IFFNMN(TT)<>3 THENER=8:GOTO980
    809 'Production
      850 F2=0:FORA=1TO6:GOSUB250:IFNA=1 THENA=7:FZ=0ELSEF2=1
      840 EX=BX+UX:EY=EY+UY
       860 NEXTA: IFF2 THENF1=F1+1: DK(F1)=I
                                                                                                                     "+STR$(CO(PL)):GOSUB420
        890 GOSUB30:AY=164:AX=1:M4=ME4(14)+STR4(F1)+"
         YIU GUBUEYZU: U=INSTRUMBAM, AB): UN U+IGUTUYIU, Y5U, Y4U, Y7U
920 G=100:A$=INKEY$:IFA$>UUTHENRETURNELSEAX=25:AY=174:M$="MGA":GOSUB430:GOSUB140
       870 NEXTI
        910 GOSUE920:J=INSTR("MGA",A$):ON J+1GOTO910,930,940,990
           950 IFCS>CO(PL)THEN910ELSECO(PL)=CO(PL)-CS:A=DK(F1):EX=BX+FNXY(0):EY=BY+FNXY(1):
           930 CS=3:TP=1:GOTO950
             960 QQ=FNST(0)+1:GOSUE580
            F1=F1-1
             970 GOSUBIO00: IFER=0 THEN880
              1000 ER=0:IFCO(FL)<3THENER=6ELSEIFFNST(0)=NR+NFXFL THENER=7
               980 GOSUE490
              990 QQ=SQ:GOTO80
               1019 'Distance between two hex
               1010 RETURN
                1030 IFMN>K THENMN=K
1040 IFMN>L THENMN=L
                 1059 /Determine player - Game is controlled by this line
                  1060 PL=1-FL:S=1+NR*FL:GOSUB1140:GOSUB520:GOSUB1070:GOTO1060
                   1070 IFDR<0THEN2300ELSECR=2:I=DR:GDSUB350:DR=DR-1:IFDR>=0THENI=DR:CR=3:GDSUB350
                    1080 IFSS<>DA THENFORJ=0T01:I=DE(J):IFI=200THENNEXTJ:ELSEGOSUB380:POKEFNBF(0),0:
                      1110 I=SS:GOSUB380:IFFNEQ(0)<>OTHEN1100ELSEFORA=1TO6:GOSUB250:IF(AJ=49)OR(AJ=99)
                     CR=2:GOSUE280:NEXTU
                     1090 FORJ=0TO1:DE(J)=200
                     1100 SS=SS+1:IFSS=76 THENSS=DA
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Defender  Defend
1130 DE(J)=SS:POKEFNEF(0),53:GOSUB100:CR=1:GOSUB280  1130 NEXTJ:RETURN 1140 IFFNST(0) <s 1150="" 1180="" 1200="" 1210="" g='100:Ms=Mes(PL)+Mes(3):GOSUB140:GOSUB30:GOSUB400:IFINKEYs=""THENGOSUB140:GOSUB30:MV=FNMN(MM):IFMV=0THEN1310' gosub30:ifas="C" gosub30:mv="FNMN(MM):IFMV=0THEN1310" gosub50:ifa="" hites<="" okefnpc(id),0:pokefnpc(fg),0:pokefnpc(aid),0:nextqq="" th="" then1240elsej='INSTR("CSFJP",As):ON' then1280="" turn=""></s>
1260 IFAJ<>OTHENSOUND10,5:GOTO1210 1270 POKEFNEP(0),0:POKEFNEP(1),QQ:GOSUB190:EX=EX+UX:EY=EY+UY:GOSUB150:A\$=INKEY\$:IFER=4THE 1280 FORA=1T06:GOSUB250:IFNA=1 THENGOSUB190:EX=EX+UX:EY=EY+UY:GOSUB120:GOSUB170 1290 IFMF=100THENPLAY'T200;02ABCDEFG'':GOSUB30:XZ=1 1310 IFINSTR("CS",A\$)THEN1310ELSEMV=MV-MF:IF MV>0THEN1180 1319 'Enter COMBAT sequence 1320 M\$=ME\$(20):IFZZ THENGOSUB40ELSEM\$=ME\$(21)+M\$:GOTO40 1327 'First - find attackers - if they are attacking more than one request decis 1330 A\$=INKEY\$:HX=0:FORQQ=S TO S+NR:IFFNMN(FG)=0THEN1360 1350 GOSUB50:GOSUB250:IFNA=1 THENM\$=ME\$(20):T
Second - set-up QE for each combat sequence  Lacking same piece. Save in QE. Defender in QE(0)  Test and check if any at

ATTACK TABLE

5

Evens 1 2

Attacker

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9)

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1369 (Calculate attack factors as we go
 1390 IFFNMN(FG)=0THENQQ=QQ+1:IFQQ>FNST(0)THENRETURN ELSE1390
1370 IFHX THENCE=2:GOSUB210
 1400 AJ=FNMN(ID):FOKEFNQA(0),AJ:FOKEFNAJ(AID),1:GOSUE1430
 1410 QQ=QQ+1:IFQQ>FNST(0)THEN1440ELSEIFFNMN(ID)=AJ THENGOSUB1430
1380 AP=0:QQ=S:HH=0
  1430 FOKEFNPC(FG),0:HH=HH+1:FOKEFNQA(HH),QQ:AP=AF+FNMN(AA):RETURN
   1439 /Now calculate defender factors plus assistance
    1450 A=AP/DF:B=INT(A):IFA>6THENRT=10ELSEIF6*A<1THENRT=1ELSERT=FNRT(RND(10))
   1440 AJ=FNQE(0);DP=FNNX(AA);GOSUB1740;DP=DP+K
    1449 'Get column and random row
     1460 IFRT=OTHENRT=10
     1470 CR=1:GOSUB210:HX=1
     1480 GOSUB30: M#=RT#(RT): GOSUB400
      1500 ON RT GOSUB1520,1530,1560,1570,1600,1620,1630.1640,1670,1700
      1490 GOSUB270
        1530 FORT=1TO HH:QQ=FNQE(I):J=FNMN(DD):K=INT(.5+J/2):
       1510 GOTO1370
        1540 IF (J-K) < 1THENGOSUE1710ELSEFOKEFNPC (DD) + J-K
        1520 K=99:GOTO1580
          1580 FORT=1TO HH:QQ=FNQE(I):J=FNMN(DD):IF(J-K):ITHENCOSUB1710ELSEPOKE:NPC(DD),J-
         1550 NEXTI: RETURN
         1560 K=3:GOTO1580
          1570 K=2
           1590 NEXTI:RETURN
            1600 GOSUB1570
             1650 I=0:QQ=FNQB(0):J=FNMN(DD):IF(J-K)<1THENGOSUB1710ELSEFOKEFNFC(DD),J-K
            1610 GOTO1630
            1620 RETURN
             1630 K=2:GOT01650
               1670 I=0:QQ=FNQB(0):J=FNMN(DD):K=INT(.5+J/2)
               1880 IF(J-K)<1THENGOSUB1710ELSEPOKEFNPC(DD),J-K
              1660 RETURN
                1708

1708

**TETNAMATET PRICE Unless it's a stargate Which changes sides

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                1/10 IEFNMACTI)=STHENIF CERSICOJENKTNKÆFLJIMENI/SUELBECKEZD:GUBUBTYU
1/15 POKEFNQA(I),0:GOSUB80:FORA=1TO6:GOSUB250:IFFNNX(TT)=STHENF2=0:A=7:NEXTA ELS
                1690 RETURN
                  LNEXIG:FZ=50
1720 PLAY"T200;02ACEG;01ECDE;03AECDEFG":POKEFNEF(0),FZ:POKEFNPC(XX),99:CR=4:GOSU
p1/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocupi/2:ep-2:cocup
                  BIOUSCK=ZSGUSUBIOUSCK=ZSGUSUBZBUSIFFZ THENCK=SSGUTUZBUELSEKETUKN
1730 ER=27:GOSUB450:GOSUB80:FOKEFNPC(XX),99:TP=3:QQ=FNST(0)+1:FOKEFNQA(I),QQ:GOT
                  B160:CR=2:GOSUB160:CR=2:GOSUB280:IFF2 THENCR=4:GOTO280ELSERETURN
                    1740 F2=1:GG=HH:K=0:FORU=1TO HH:QQ=FNQB(J):GOSUB1760:NEXTJ
                     1/DU FZ=U:RR=FNRB(U):IFFNMN(II)
1/OU GOSUB70:FORA=1TO6:GOSUB250:IF(NA=F2)AND(FNNX(AID)=0)THENK=K+FNNX(AA):FOKEFN

A MATEN I *COTOCO I * COMPONIO / CON A I
                    1750 F2=0:QQ=FNQB(0):IFFNMN(TT)<>3THENRETURN
                     AJ(AID),1:GG=GG+1:POKEFNQA(GG),AJ
                       1/07 · IDITIBLISE
1790 POKE65495,0:ML=&H7E00:GR=&H7EC0:W=&H7C00:ED=&H7E00:RD=&H7F10:DA=30:DR=75:QB
                        1800 S=1:SZ=12:NR=16:XX=0:YY=1:TT=2:MM=3:AA=4:DD=5:FG=10:TD=7:ATD=8:NN=9:UF=6
                      1770 NEXTA
                      1780 RETURN
                        1810 DIMDK(6), ME$(28), TY$(5), SH(3,4), CO(1), DE(1), NO(1)
                         1820 GOSUB3020:SCREEN1,0
                         1819 /Logo
                          1829 'Clear BD,W and RD
                          1830 FORT=W TO QB:FOKEI, 0:NEXTI
                           1840 DEFFNOD(A)=(BX+BY)AND1
                           1839 / DEF FN'S
                           1850 DEFFNQA(0)=QE+0
                            1860 DEFFNQB(0)=FEEK(FNQA(0))
                            1870 DEFFNBF(O)=BD+16*(BY+0*UY)+EX+0*UX
                            1880 DEFFNEQ(0)=FEEK(FNEF(0))
```

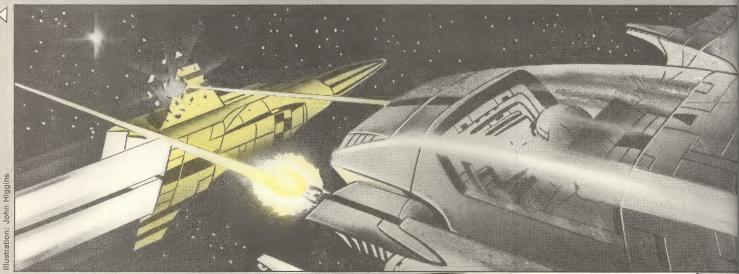
```
1890 DEFFNFC(O)=W+SZ*QQ+O
        1900 DEFFNMN(Q)=PEEK(FNPC(Q))
        1910 DEF FNXY(0)=VAL(MID*("... 1-1 1 1 0 2-1 1-1-1 0-2", A*4+2*0,2))
        1930 DEF FNYEDGE(0)=0<0 OR 0>16
        1940 DEF FNST(D)=FEEK(W+PL)
        1950 DEF FNAJ(D)=W+SZ*AJ+D
          AU DEF ENNX(II) = PEEK(FNAJ(O))
       1970 DEFFNRT(0)=VAL(MID$(MID$(OD$,12*0,12),5+B+(B=0)*(INT(1/A)-2),1))
       1930 BS$="U1D1R2D1R2D4;BU4R2U1R2U1L2U1L2;U4BD4L2D1L2"
       1990 PC$(2)="DUNUZE10UL6NL2;UF2NR2UZRZNR2UL6DNL2R4;D5NL2NR2D2NR4NL6DNL4R2"
       2000 FC#(3)="BUU3R2UR2NUR2DNL2R2D3L2D2R2ND2L4NU3ND2L4ND2R2U2"
      2010 PC$(1)="NU3ND3R10DL2D2L2NDL2UE2UL4U2R2NR6U2R2NUNDRZD"
      2020 PC$(6)=PC$(3):PC$(5)="PM+10,-1;A2"+PC$(2)+"A0"
      2030 PC$(4)="BM+10,-1;A2"+PC$(1)+"A0"
       740 D4#="BU9R10D3R2D3R2D5L2D3L2D3L10U3L2U3L2U5R2U3R2U2"
      2040 'Put pieces in logo
      7050 DRAW"F1;BM72,86;"+BS$
      2060 FORT=-1T01 STEP2:A#="C"+STR#(3-(I>0))+"BM"
     2070 DRAWA$+STR$(58-I*L-L*(I<0))+","+STR$(86+I*INT(L3/2))+";"+PC$(3-3*(I<0))
2080 DRAWA$+STR$(58-I*L-L*(I<0))+","+STR$(86-I*INT(L3/2))+";"+PC$(2-3*(I<0))
     2090 DRAWA$+STR$(72)+","+STR$(86+I*INT(L3))+";"+FC$(1-3*(I>0))
      110 GDSUB2510:AX=19:FORI=1TOZ:M$=MID$("....THE
     NPOTKIN", I*6,6):AY=20*I:GOSUE435:NEXTI:M$="COMPUTER AND@VIDEO GAMES":GOSUE400
     2120 GOSUB300:FORT=1TO4:FCOPYI TO I+4:NEXTI:FMODE3,5:SCREEN1,0:FMODE3,1
     2130 PCLS2:COLOR4:LINE(0,162)-(255,162),PSET
                                                                                    BY RO
    2139 (Board Outline
    2140 FORI=0T0144 STEP18:DFAW"C4;EM8,"+STR$(I)+";D3L2D3L2D6R2D3R2D3":DRAW"EM246,"
    +STR*(T)+";D3R?D3R2D4L2D3L2D3"
    2140 FORT=0T06:DRAW"BM"+STR$(22+32*I)+",0;D3R2D3R2D3R10U3R2U3R2U3":PAINT(27+32*I
    2170 DRAW"BM"+STR$(22+32*I)+",162;U3R2U3R2U3R10D3R2D3R2D3":PAINT(27+32*I,160),4,
   2190 FORT=2TO254STEP252:PAINT(I,2),4,4:NEXT
   2199 'Set up the pieces
   2200 NAS="NAME":GOSUB330:FORI=1T03:READTY$(I),SH(I,1),SH(I,2),SH(I,3),SH(I,4):NE
   2210 NA$="PC":GOSUB330:QQ=1:PL=0:GOSUB2220:QQ=1+NR:PL=1:GOSUB2220:GOTO2260
   2230 READEX: IFEX=999THENRETURN
   2740 READBY, TP: GOSUB580
   **50 QQ=QQ+1:GOTO2230
       'Set-up Dead Areas
  2260 CR=4:DR=DA-1:FORI=OTO DR:GOSUB350:FOKEFNBF(0),50:NEXTI:SS=DA
  T=RND(DR):GOSUB380:IFFNBQ(0)=99THEN2280ELSEPOKEFNBP(0),99:NEXTJ
  2300 G=1000:GOSUB30:IFCO(0)>CO(1)THENPL=0:ELSEPL=1
 ZSIO MS=MES(24)+MES(FL)+MES(25)+STRS(CO(FL)):GOSUB2320:MS=MES(26):GOSUB2320:GOTO
 >520 GOSUB30:Q$=INKEY$::IFQ$="Y"THENRUNELSEIFQ$=""THENGOSUB400:GOTO140
 2350 DATA 0,8,3, 1,7,1, 1,9,2, 0,6,1, 0,10,2
 2878 DATA 14,8,3, 13,7,1, 13,9,2, 14,6,1, 14,10,2
1389 'More piece data - name,MV,AT,DF,Jumps
2378 DATA NAME
7900 DATA MINER,5,1,3,3
2410 DATA GUNSHIP, 3, 4, 5, 2
TAEO DATA STARSHIP, 0, 2, 2, 0
2490 GOSUEZO: PRINT"SAVE PROGRAM"
1440 INPUT"UN="; B$
2958 IMPUT"FOSITION TAFE";C&
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FIN

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2460 FORT=1TO4:MOTORON:FORJ=1TO2500:NEXT:MOTOROFF:FRINTI;
2470 CSAVE"SPACE"+B$+CHR$(48+I):NEXT
2480 PRINT"DONE":STOP
2500 STOP
2509 'All messages
2510 ME$(0)="BLUUTON"
2520 ME$(1)="REDARE"
2530 ME#(2)="JUMP STARGATES"
2540 ME$(3)="@PRESS ENTER"
 2550 ME$(4)="BEACON STAR@OCCUPIED"
 2540 ME$(5)="NEEDS A@GUNSHIF@TO LAND"
 2570 ME$(6)="INSUFFICIENT@ERUS"
 2580 ME$(7)="MAXIMUM@FLEET"
 2590 ME$(8)="LOST BASE@STARGATE"
 2600 ME$(9)="NO DOCKS FREE"
 2610 ME$(10)="NO STARGATES@AVAILABLE"
 2620 ME$(11)="INDICATE@DIRECTION"
 2630 ME$(12)="ENEMY IN@ORBIT"
 2640 ME$(13)="MUST BEGIN ORBIT"
  2650 ME#(14)="DOCKS@FREE ERUS MGA@"
  2660 ME$(15)="MV@AT@DF"
  2670 ME$(16)="FRODUCTION"
  2680 ME$(17)="LANDING"
  2690 ME$(18)="ATTACK"
  2700 ME$(19)="HYPER JUMP"
  2710 ME$(20)="COMBAT"
  2720 ME$(21)="NO "
   2730 ME$(22)=" YNA"
   2740 ME$(23)="JUMP FAILED@SHIP IMPLODES"
   2750 ME$(24)="DEAD AREA CLEARG"
   2760 ME$(25)=" WINS@ERUS "
   2765 ME$(26)="PRESS Y @TO PLAY AGAIN"
   2766 ME$(27)="STARGATE@CAPTURED"
   2767 ME$(28)="MAX FLEET@NO CAPTURE"
   2770 RT$(1)="ATTACKER@ELIMINATED"
   2780 RT$(2)="ATTACKER@LOSES HALF"
   2790 RT$(3)="ATTACKER@LOSES THREE"
   2800 RT$(4)="ATTACKER@LOSES TWO"
    2810 RT$(5)="BOTH LOSE TWO"
    2820 RT$(6)="NO DAMAGE"
    2830 RT$(7)="DEFENDER@LOSES TWO
    2840 RT$(8)="DEFENDER@LOSES THREE"
    2870 00$=".....34679000000.23568990000.23457899000.22356789900.22345678990
    .12344668899.12234557899.11233447799.11123336799.11112225788"
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2879 'Machine language to clear message area
    2880 DATA GRAPH
    2890 DATA C655108E1A60E7A0108C1E002DF839
    2900 NA$="GRAPH":GOSUB330
    2910 C=0:READAs:FORJ=1TOLEN(As)/2:POKEGR+C,VAL("&H"+MIDs("."+As,2*J,2)):C=C+1:NE
   2915 'This section devoted to M/L to print text in PMODE3,1 for the DRAGON. Use
   2920 CH#="0123456789ABCDEFGHIJKLMNP RSTUVWXY*"
   2930 D#="EEEEEMEGEEMEGOEGOMGEEGGEGMEGMMGOEGOMMEEMEMMGEMGMMMEMMMOEEOEMOGMOOEOOM"
   2940 S$="KNNNNNKDIDDDDKKNEKMMWWCDCBNKCEHOWCCWMVBBNLKMMVNNKWBBCDGMKNNKNNKKNNLBBVK
   NNWNNUNNUNNUKNMMMNKUNNNNUUMMUMMUMMWMMKNMFNNKNNNWNNNKDDDDDKFCCCCOINOQSQONMMMM
   MMUNURRNNNNTTRPFNUNNVMMMAAAAAAAVNNUQONKNMKBNKWDDDDDDNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNRRUNNNHDHNN
  2950 DATA ML
  2960 DATA 33761F34B6A14781432705BD8B302003BDB3ED1F0110AE02ECA1ED40ECA1ED42ECA1ED
  44ECA1ED46E684C0083404A647C6203DC306001F01E6463AAF484FAE40E6A4C14F2711E680C12A26
  2970 DATA 31ABC6073404A6A08041C6033DAE42308B342010AE48EC81834040484848483404ABE0
  E484C040585858CB05EDA41F20C30020ED48352035045A26C73520EC468B02ED4635045A1026FF
  2980 IF(PEEK(ML)=51)AND(PEEK(ML+1)=118)THEN3000ELSENA$="ML":GOSUB330
 2990 C=0:FORI=1TO2:READAs:FORJ=1TOLEN(As)/2:FOKEML+C,VAL("&H"+MIDs("."+As,2*J,2)
 3000 AD$="":U=VARPTR(CH$):GOSUB3010:U=VARPTR(D$):GOSUB3010:U=VARPTR(S$)
 3010 AD$=AD$+CHR$(FEEK(U+2))+CHR$(FEEK(U+3)):RETURN
 3020 PMODE3,1:PCLS2:LINE(0,0)-(255,191),PSET,B:M=3^(.5):AX=63:AY=110:L=28
 3030 L3=M*L:L2=M*L/2:LD=L/2
 3040 X=AX:Y=AY:GOSUB3110
 3050 Y=AY-L2*2:GOSUB3110
 3060 Y=AY-L2*4:GOSUB3110
 3070 X=AX-LD*3:Y=AY-L2:GOSUB3110
 3080 Y=AY-L2*3:GOSUB3110
3090 X=AX+3*LD:Y=AY-L2:GOSUB3110
3100 Y=AY-3*L2
3110 LINE(X,Y)-(X-LD,Y+L2),FSET
3120 LINE-(X,Y+L3), FSET
3130 LINE-(X+L,Y+L3), PSET
3140 LINE-(X+L+LD,Y+L2),FSET
3150 LINE-(X+L,Y), PSET
3160 LINE-(X,Y), PSET
3170 RETURN
```

# DESCRIPTION OF VARIABLES & FUNCTIONS

PL: Whose move?

Set to 0 for Blue, 1 for Red.

BX,BY: Board Coordinates.

These are set for each piece during initialisation and will change in accordance with directions given by the player. BX and BY will always be both odd or both even numbers. See FNOD() which checks this.

PX,PY: Picture Coordinates.

The starting point for each DRAW command. Calculated using BX and BY. BD; Board.

The address of the first byte of the Board. There is some waste since although the board has only 128 hex, 256 bytes are reserved. This is convenient for calculations.

This is a function which returns the address of a hex on the Board using BD, BX, BY, UX and UY. The arguments are 0 — points to the address of BX,BY — or 1 — points to

an adjacent hex indicated by UX and UY.

FNBQ(): Contents of hex.

This function return the contents of the hex — e.g. PEEK(FNBP(X)). W: Piece Table.

The address of the first byte of the piece table. 512 bytes are allowed allowing for expansion of NR and SZ. NR: Maximum number of pieces on each side.

Set to 16.

SZ: Number of Parameters in piece table.

QQ: Index of current piece.

FNPC(): Address of parameter for piece QQ.

This is a function which returns the address of a parameter for a piece. QQ must contain the index. The argument is the byte number (see XX,YY,TT etc). FNMN(): Contents of piece table.

Similar to FNBQ().



Runs on a 48K Spectrum

In order to resave this program, type as a direct command, "CLEAR" and then "ENTER" Secondly type, as a direct command, "POKE 24449,128, and then ENTER. Finally type SAVE "BSW" LINE 1 and save in the normal way.

PRINT AT 19,0,,,, AT 1

9.30. PRINT AT 19,0,,,, AT 1

9.30. LET 9120: LET 34=INKEY\$: IJA

9.50. LET 9120: LET THEN LET 8=UA

9.50. LET 9120: LET 100 AS 1 THEN POKE 2

9.50. THEN RETURN

150. SUB 150 IS 150

150. SUB 150 IS 150

160. SUB 150 IS 150

160. SUB 150 IS 150

160. GO SUB 150 IS 160

160. GO SUB 150 IS 160

160. RETURN AT 100

160. RETURN AT 100

160. SUB 160 IS 160

160. SUB 160

1

Py,Px;" ";AT Py+1,Px;" ": LET i 1=0
200 PLOT INK ik; PX +8, 150-P9 +8:
200 PLOT INK ik; 7, 0: RETURN
210 BEEP 0, 1: FOR i=0 TO hh G
ET cr=1+pt
220 IF 99=hh THEN RETURN
225 FOR i=hh+1 TO 99: GO SUB 2:
230 LET qq=FN b(i): IF qq=0 THI DRAW THEN TO 99: 60 SUB 23 99=FN b(i): IF 99=0 THE PETURN

205 GO SUB 70: GO SUB 30: PRINT

1:AT py,px;"";AT py+1,px;"": aj=na: R 253 LET (1): IF T na=-1: IF a=@ THEN LET au=na: KEIUKM 253 LET UX=FN X(0): LET UY=FM X (1): IF FN e(bx+UX) OR FN f(by+U 4) THEN LET aj=na: RETURM 258 LET aj=FN q(1) 260 IF aj>2∗nr OR aj=0 THEM RET 295 PRINT Z#; INK 8; PAPER CF; "
;; PAPER 8; INK CF; LET Z#=""
D ATTR (PY+1, PX+1) >47 THEN LET Z
295 IF CR=6 THEN IF CR=6 THEN GO SUB 200 PRINT I\$: IMK 7: PAPER ETURN ETURN

300 LET q=0: FOR i =0 TO dr

310 LET q=q+1: GO SUB 390: I

315 POKE i+rd,q: NEXT i

320 FOR i=0 TO dr: LET r=FM:

+1)-1: LET a=PEEK (r+rd): POKE

+rd,PEEK (i+rd): POKE i+rd,a:

350 GO SUB 380: GO SUB 280

360 IF cr<>6 THEN RETURN

360 LET cr=4

370 LET cr=4

EN RETURN

370 LET cr=4

EN RETURN POKE 370 LET j=FN q(0)-50: IF j:0 TH N RETURN 373 POKE FN s(0) j: IF j=49 THE GO SUB 100: GO TO 180 G=100: GO SUB 140: GO T 520 LET SP=P1: FOR P=0 TO 1: LE 530 FOR q=1+nr\*p( TO FN ((0): L ET qq=q: IF FN m(xx)=99 THEN GO SUB 560: GO TO 530 NEXT q: NEXT p: LET p(=sp: SOUR TO THE GO SUB TO: POKE FN S(0), 0: GO TO 570
565 FOR q=qq+1 TO FM ((0): LET qq=q: GO SUB 70: POKE FN S(0) , qq
1-1: FOR J=0 TO SZ-1: POKE FN P(J)
1-SZ,FN m(J): NEXT J: NEXT Q
570 POKE w+P(,FN ((0)-1: LET qq
1: RETURN
580 FOR i=0 TO SZ-1: POKE FN P(

),0: NEXT i: GO SUB 120 590 POKE FN P(tt),tp: FOR i=1 4: POKE FN P(i+2),s(tp,i): NE 600 POKE FN P(NN), N(P(+1): LET N(P(+1) = N(P(+1)+1: POKE FN 5(0) 99: POKE W+P(,FN ((0)+1: SO TO 610 LET LET sq=qq: LET sx=bx: Li LET er=0: LET a=1: LET =by: m (jp) FN W(1P)
620 GO SUB 250: IF D8=0 AND FN
D(tt)=3 THEN GO TO 630
623 LET a=8+1: IF 8/7 THEN GO T 626 PRINT AT 2 rbit": GO TO 73 630 LET SJEAJ: AT 21,0; "Must be in a IF ST Q=S 0): LET qq=q: IF SJ<>qq AND FN ( (tt)=3 THEN LET tx=FN m(xx): LET ty=FN m(yy): GO SUB 30: GO TO 6 40
635 GO TO 720
640 LET f3=0: FOR a=1 TO 6: GO
SUB 250: IF na=1 THEN LET a=7: ;
EXT a: GO TO 720
643 IF aj=0 THEN LET f3=a
646 NEXT a: IF f3=0 THEN GO TO 550 LET a=f3: LET UX=FN X(0): L T UY=FN X(1): GO SUB 1020: LET =100+(jj-mn) \*10 660 IF r(0 OR r)100 THEN LET r= r)100) \*100 ET WET (r)100) \*100
670 GO SUB 30: PRINT "Liump star
gates" r; "%" "Press Y, N, A"
680 GO SUB 50: GO TO 630+10+(a\$
690 IF r(FN z(100) THEN LET 1=0
600 SUB 30: PRINT AT 21 0: "Jump
1: LET qq=sq: GO TO 1710
700 LET tx=bx: LET ty=by: LET b
8 280: POKE FN s(0), 0: LET bx=tx (()100) \*100 B 280: POKE FN 5 (5),

LET by=ty

710 LET qq=sq: LET bx=bx+ux: LE

T by=by+uy: POKE FN s(0),qq: GO

720 NEXT q: PRINT AT 21,0;"No s

targates available" LET f2=0
760 GO SUB 250: IF na=0 AND FN
n(tt)=2 THEN LET f2=1
765 IF na=1 AND FN n(tt)</a> ()3 THE
N PRINT AT 21,0; "Enemy in orbit"
1 LET er=12: GO TO 800
170 LET a=a+1: IF a<7 THEN GO TO 760 0 760
.775 IF \$2=0 THEN PRINT AT 21,0;
.780 IF \$2=0 THEN PRINT AT 21,0;
.780 IF \$0 TO 800
.780 LET bx=sx: LET by=sy: LET c
.780 LET bx=sx: LET by=sy: LET c
.790 LET bx=tx: LET by=ty: 60 Su
.800: LET tp=3: GO SUB 580: POK
. 800 GO SUB 490: LET bx=sx: LET by=sy: RETURN 810 LET sq=qq: GO SUB 1000: IF 810 LET STERRY GO THEN GO TO 980 820 LET EFED: LE GO SUB 1888: IF ET THEN GO TO 980

820 LET er=0: LET qq=s: IF FN m
(tt) <>3 THEN PRINT AT 21,0: "Lost
base stargate": GO TO 980

830 LET f1=0: FOR i=1 TO 6: LET
9q=s: GO SUB 70: LET a:: GO SU
850: IF a; THEN GO TO 370
860 LET bx=bx+ux: LET by=by+uy
850 LET f2=1: FOR a=1 TO 6: GO
ET f2=0: IF na=1 THEN LET a=7: L 1+1: LET k(f1) = i THEN LET f1=f 870 NEXT i 880 IF f1=0 THEN 11-0 THEM PRINT AT 20,0;

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"No docks free": GO TO 980
890 GO SUB 30: PRINT "Docks fre
890 GO SUB 30: PRINT "Docks fre
890 LET 99=5: GO SUB 70
910 GO SUB 920: GO TO 910+20\*(a
910 GO SUB 920: GO TO 910+20\*(a
910 GO SUB 920: GO TO 910+20\*(a
910 HET 9=50: LET a\*=INKEY\*: IF
920 LET 9=50: LET a\*=INKEY\*: IF
920 LET 0VER 1;AT 22,0,000
930 LET cs=3: LET tp=1: GO TO 9
930 LET cs=3: LET tp=1: GO TO 9 940 LET cs=5: LET tp=2 950 IF cs>c(pl+1) THEN 80 TO 91 50 954 BEEP .2,36: BEEP .2,24: LET C(PL+1) = C(PL+1) - CS: LET 8 = K (F1) LET bx = bx + FN x (0): LET by = by + F x (1): LET f1 = f1 - f1 - f1 + f1 = f1 - f1 + f1 = f1 - f1 + f1 = f1 + f1 = f1 - f1 = f1 + f1 = Ø 970 GO SUB 1000: IF EF =0 THEN G TO 880 O TO 880 SUB 490 GO TO 80 GO SUB 490 GO TO 80 GO SUB 490 GO TO 80 leet Size de 1010 RETURN
1020 LET dx = ABS (sx-tx): LET dy =
1020 LET dx = ABS (sy-ty): LET i = dx /2 + dg /2: LE
ABS (sy-ty): LET i = dx /2 + dg /2: LE
T j = ABS (dx /2 - dy /2): LET k = dx +i:
LET l = dx + j: LET mn = i + j
LET l = dx + j: LET mn = i + j
1030 IF mn > k THEN LET mn = i
1040 IF mn > k THEN LET mn = i
1050 RETURN 1050 RETURN
1070 IF dr (0 THEN GO TO 2300
1070 IF dr (0 THEN GO TO 2300
1075 LET cr=6: LET i=dr: GO SUB
350: LET dr=dr-1: IF dr = THEN
350: LET cr=1: GO SUB 350
LET i=dr: LET cr=1: GO SUB 350
LET i=dr: LET cr=1: GO SUB 350
1080 IF SS () da THEN FOR j=0 TO 1
0 SUB 380: POKE FN S (0), 0: LET c
0 SUB 380: POKE FN S (0), 0: LET c
1085 IF SS () da THEN NEXT j
1090 FOR j=0 TO 1: LET d (j+1) = 20
0 1100 LET 55=55+1: IF 55=76 THEN LET ss=da 1110 LET i=ss: GO SUB 380: IF FN q(0) <>0 THEN GO TO 1100 q(0) <>0 THEN GO TO 1100 1114 FOR a=1 TO 6: GO SUB 250: I F aj <>49 AND aj <>99 THEN NEXT a: GO TO 1130 1120 LET d(j+1) =ss: POKE FN 5 (0) 153: GO SUB 100: LET cr=4: GO SU 6 280 XT J: RETURN FN ((0) = nr \*p ( THEN GO TO 53: 1130 NEXT 1140 IF FN 1170 GO SUB 30: LET MV =FN M (MM):
1170 GO SUB 30: LET MV =FN M (MM):
1180 PRINT AT 19,0; M\$ (Pi+1); TAB
1180 PRINT AT 19,0; M\$ (Pi+1); TAB
14; "MOVES"; TAB 30; MV 1\$ (FN M (11)
14; "MOVES"; TAB 30; MV 1\$ (FN M (11)
14; "MOVES"; TAB 30; MY 1\$ (FN M (11)
14; "MOVES"; TAB 30; CP (11)
15 "; FN M (10)" "ERU'S"; TAB 3; CP (11)
17 "TAB 14; "Defence factors"; FN M (11) (14) SUB 80: IF 8\$="C" THEN G m (dd) m(dd)
1190 GO SUB 80: IF a = "."
1190 GO SUB 80: IF a = "."
1190 GO SUB 80: IF a = "."
1200 LET mf = 1
1210 PRINT OVER 1; AT 22 0 "."
1210 PRINT OVER 1; AT a\$4

+110\*(a\$="F")+20\*(a\$="L(")+10\*(a\$="P") 1220 GO SUB 30: PRINT "Production": GO SUB 810: GO TO 1180
1230 GO SUB 30: PRINT "Hyper jum
1230 GO SUB 510: GO TO 1180+100+1
P": GO SUB 610: GO TO 1180+100+1
P": GO SUB 610: GO SUB 30
1240 GO SUB 250: GO SUB 30
1250 IF aj=49 AND FN m(11) =1 THE
1250 IF aj=49 AND FN m(11) =1 TH 170

1280 FOR a=1 TO 6: GO SUB 250: I
F na=1 THEN GO SUB 130: LET #f=1
F na=1 THEN GO SUB 130: LET #f=1
F na=1 THEN GO PRINT AT 26,0; "At
00: GO SUB 30: PRINT AT 26,0; "At
1290 NEXT a: IF #f=100 THEM FOR
1290 NEXT a: IF #f=100 THEM FOR
0 SUB 30: LET ZZ=1
0 SUB 30: LET ZZ=1
1300 IF a\$\( () \)"C" AND a\$\( () \)"S" THEN
1300 IF a\$\( () \)"C" AND B\$\( () \)"S" THEN
0 1180 0 1180
1310 FOR V=36 TO 1 STEP -1: BEEP
.01,V: NEXT V: LET qq=qq+1: IF
.01,V: NEXT V: LET qq=qq+1: IF
qq(=FN \ (0) THEN BO TO 1176
1320 GO SUB 30: IF NOT II THEN P
1320 GO SUB 30: IF NOT II THEN P
1330 PRINT "Combat": RETURN
RINT "No combat": RETURN
OR q=s TO s+nr: LET qq=q: IF FN
OR q=s TO s+nr: LET qq=q: IF FN
OR q=s TO s+nr: LET qq=q: IF FN
0R (fg) =0 THEN GO TO 1350
m(fg) =0 THEN GO TO 1350
N m(id): POKE FN j(0id),1: GO TO
N m(id): POKE FN j(0id),1: GO TO PRINT AT 28,8; "I 1345 GD SUB 80: PRINT AT 20,0; "I ndicate direction 1350 GO SUB 50: GO SUB 250: IF n a(1 THEN GO TO 1350 1355 PRINT AT 20,0, GO SUB 130 : POKE FN j(aid),1: BEEP .2,36: BEEP .2,24 1360 NEXT 9 1370 IF hx 1380 LET ap=0: LET qq=5: LET hh= 1390 IF FN M (fg) =0 THEN LET 44=4 1390 IF FN M (fg) =0 THEN LET 44=9 1400 LET a j=FN M (id): POKE FN a ( 1400 LET a j=FN M (id); POKE FN a ( 1430 Jaj: POKE FN j(aid), 1: 60 SUB 1430 J 1410 LET qq=qq+1: IF qq>FN (10)
THEN GO TO 1440
1420 IF FN m (id) = a j THEN GO SUB GO TO 1410 POKE FN P (F9), 0: LET hh=hh+ POKE FN a (hh), 99: LET ap=ap+F 1: POKE FN a (hh) , qq: LET ap=ap+F N m (aa): RETURN 1440 LET aj=FN b (0): LET dp=FN n (aa): GO SUB 1740: LET dp=dp+A: 1450 LET a=ap/dp: LET b=INT a: I 1450 LET a=ap/dp: LET t=1+9\*( Fa>6 OR a+6<1 THEN LET rt=1+9\*( a>6): GO TO 1470 1460 LET rt=FN r(FN z(10)): IF r 1470 LET rt=10 1470 LET cr=4: GO SUB 210: LET h x=1 1480 GO SUB 30: PRINT (\$1) 1490 LET G=250: GO SUB 148: イド車(ドル 60 5 UB 30 1500 GO SUB 1510+ft \*10+20 \*fft ) 2) +20 \* (rt > 4) +10 \* (rt > 5) +20 \* (rt > 8) +2 0 \* (rt > 9) 1510 GO TO 1370 1520 LET k = 99: GO TO 1580 1520 FOR e=1 TO hh: LET i=e: LET 1530 FOR e=1 TO hh: LET i=e: LET 99=FN b(i): LET j=FN b(dd): LET 99=FN b(i): THEN GO SUB 1710 1540 IF j<=k THEN POKE FN p(dd), j 1545 IF j>k THEN POKE FN p(dd), j 1550 NEXT e: RETURN 1560 LET k=3: GO TO 1580

1570 LET k=2 1580 FOR e=1 TO bh: LET i=e: LET 1580 FOR e=1 TO bh: LET i=e: LET 1585 IF b(i): LET j=FN \*\*(dd): IF 1585 IF j>k THEN POKE FN p(dd),j 1590 NEXT e: RETURN 1600 GO SUB 1570 1610 GO TO 1630 1620 RETURN 1630 LET k=2: GO TO 1650 1640 LET k=3: 1650 LET i=0: LET 99=FN b(0): LE T j=FN m(dd): IF j(=k THEN SO SU 1655 IF in THEN IF jok THEN POKE FN P (dd) , j -k
1660 RETURN
1670 LET i=0: LET qq=FN b(i): LE
T j=FN m(dd): LET k=INT (.5+j/2)
1680 IF j<=k THEN GO SUB 1710
1685 IF j>k THEN POKE FN P(dd),j 1690 RETURN 1790 RETURN
1700 LET 1=99: GO TO 1650
1710 IF FN & (tt) =3 AND FN L (0) (p
1714 POKE FN a(i) 0: GO SUB 80:
LET 12=0: FOR a=1 TO 6: GO SUB 2
LET 12=50
1720 FOR y=1 TO 20: POTO LET /2=50
1720 FOR v=1 TO 20: BEEP .01 /10:
NEXT v: FOR v=1 TO 40: BEEP .02
E FN P(xx) .99: LET cr=2: GO SUB .260: IF /2
1725 RETURN
1730 GO SUB 30: PRINT AT 21 .0; "S
KE FN P(xx) .99: LET tp=3: LET .0; "S
KE FN P(xx) .99: LET .0; "S
FN L(0)+1: POKE FN a(i) .99: GO 1740 LET [2=1: LET 99=hh: LET k=
0: FOR j=1 TO hh: LET qq=FN b(j)
1750 LET f2=0: MEXT j
F FN b(tt) (>3 THEN RETURN
5UB 250: IF na=f2 PND FN n(aid)
N j(aid) 1: LET 99=99+1: POKE FN
1760 NEXT a
1760 NEXT a
1760 RANDOMIZE 1740 LET FOR j 1790 RETURN
1790 RANDONIZE: LET W=64000: LE
1 bd=64500: LET /d=64000: LET ds
=30: LET df=75: LET qb=64000
1791 PRINT AT 10,3: "EFACON STAP
USE LOADED" 1792 PRINT AT 12,8; "PLEASE WAIT"
1800 LET S=1: LET SZ=12: LET NC=
16: LET XX=0: LET 99=1: LET t1=2
LET 00=3: LET 00=4: LET 00=5:
LET 01=10: LET 10=7: LET 01=0:
LET 01=0: LET jp=6: LET UX=0: LET 1792 PRINT AT 1800 LET S=1: 1810 DIM p\$(6,2): DIM k(6): DIM a\$(2,7): DIM t\$(3,8): DIM s(3,4) DIM c(2): DIM d(2): DIM D(2): DIM r\$(10,20) 1820 FOR i=0 TO 159: READ X: POK BUSR "a"+i,x: NEXT i: GO SUB 30 

4,85,253,255, 221,93,124,8,0,0, 6,0, 69,144,54,68,169,66,89,149 132,41,132,69,16,138,73,149, 148,81,74,37,138,68,195,84, 80 1830 FOR i=w TO qb: POKE i,8: NE 1990 LET q\$=""": FOR
i=1 TO 6: LET p\$(i) =q\$(i+2-1 TO
i+2): NEXT I: LET m\$(1) ="BLUUTON
": LET m\$(2) = "REDARE"
2000 FOR i=1 TO 10: OFFOR CANAL 2000 FOR i=1 TO 10: READ (\$11): NEXT i

2010 DATA "Attacker eliminated";
"Attacker loses half" "Attacker loses two
"Both lose "Attacker loses two
efender loses two", "No damage", "D
es three", "Defender loses half",
"Defender eliminated loses half",
"Defender loses two "Defender loses half",
"Defe =99 2050 FOR 1=1 TO 5: READ barby : GO SUB 580: LET 99=99+1: NE 1: RETURN 2050 DATA "Mines",5,1,3,3,"Gunsh ip",3,4,5,2,"Stargate,0,2,2,0 2070 DATA 0,8,3,1,7,1,1,9,2,0,6, 2070 DATA 0,8,3,1,7,1,1,9,2,0,6,
1.0,10,2
2080 DATA 14,8,3,13,7,1,13,9,2,1
4.6,1,14,10,2
1=0 TO dr: 60 SUB 350: POKE FN S
2100 LET SS=d8: FOR J=1 TO 10
1F FN q(0)=99 THEN SD TD 2110
TURN
TURN

2070 DATA 0,8,3,1,7,1,1,9,2,0,6

10,10,10,10

10,10,10,10

11,10,10

12,10,10

12,10,10

13,10,10

14,10,10

15,10

16,10

17,10,10

17,10,10

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18 2300 LET W\$=M\$(1+(c(2))c(1));" WINS !! " (1) = C (2) THEN LET \*\* = "I 2310 IF C (1) = C (2) THEN LET \*\* = "I 2310 IF C (1) = C (2) THEN LET \*\* = "I 2310 IF C (1) = C (2) THEN LET \*\* = "I 2310 IF C (1) = C (2) THEN LET \*\* = "I 2310 IF C (2) THEN LET \*\* = "I 2310 IF C (2) THEN LET \*\* = "I 2310 IF C (2) THEN LET \*\* = "I 2310 IF C (2) THEN LET \*\* = "I 2310 IF C (2) THEN LET \*\* = "I 2310 IF C (2) THEN LET \*\* = "I 2310 IF C (2) THEN LET \*\* = "I C WINS 2310 IF c(1) =c(2) THEN LET #\$="I

2 PRINT FLASH 1;AT 10,8;"STO P THE TAPE": PAUSE 200: CLS : FL ASH @

5 BORDER Ø: PAPER Ø: INK 7: C LS : LET z#="

10 OVER 0: LET md=0: LET mpc=0 LET b=0: LET np=7: LET o=0: LE T.pc=0: LET k=0: LET u=k: LET z= LET ts=2: LET t1=ts: LET ss=t LET siess

15 FOR a=1 TO 50: PLOT INT CRN D\*247+8), INT (RND\*151+18): NEXT PLOT 0,16: DRAW 255,0: PLOT 0 .16: LET e=5: LET a=0: FOR w=0 T O 255: LET f=INT (RND\*12+1): LET a=a+f: IF a>255 THEN GO TO 25 20 DRAW f.e: LET e=-e: NEXT W 25 DIM e(7): DIM f(7): FOR a=1 TO 7: LET e(a)=a\*2: NEXT a: FOR a=1 TO 7: LET f(a)=INT (RND#29+ 2): NEXT a:

30 FOR a=1 TO 7: PRINT AT e(a) ,f(a); OVER 1; INK 6; "B": NEXT a FOR a=0 TO 31: PRINT AT 0,a; I NK 7; "K": NEXT a: FOR a≈1 TO 19: PRINT AT a,0; INK 7; "K": NEXT a 35 PRINT AT 20,7; INK 4;"I";AT 21,7; "J"; AT 20,25; ; "I"; AT 21,25 "J": PRINT AT 19,16; INK 5;"P"; AT 20.15; "CDE"; AT 21.15; "FGH"

40 OVER 1: IF ATTR (ss,ts)=3 T HEN LET nm=nm-1: LET md=md+1: G O SUB 535: PRINT AT sa,ta; OVER 0; INK 7;" "

45 RANDOMIZE : LET q=1

50 IF k=1 THEN LET h=INT (RND \*18+12): GO TO 55

51 IF y=1 THEN LET h≠INT (RND \*20+1): GO TO 55

53 LET h=INT (RND\*30+1)

55 LET mm=q: LET s=0: LET m=1: LET g=19: LET i=INT (RND\*9+1)

60 GO SUB 230: LET pc=pc+1: GO SUB 505: REM \*\*MAIN LOOP\*\*

65 IF pc>4 AND b=1 THEN GO SU B 425: LET pc=0

70 IF pc>4 THEN LET pc=0

75 IF mp=0 THEN GO TO 550

80 IF m=0 THEN GO TO 125

IF s=50 THEN GO TO 165 85 90 IF s≈100 THEN GO TO 145

95 IF i=9 THEN LET s=50: PRIN T AT 9,h;"M";AT 9,h;"N": LET z=1

0^10: PRINT AT 9,h; INK 7;"N";AT 9,h; INK 3;"O": GO TO 120

100 LET 9=9-1: IF ATTR (9,h)=70 AND g=s1 AND h=t1 AND b=1 THEN RANDOMIZE USR 32555: RANDOMIZE USR 32505: GO SUB 455: LET b=0: LET s=100: GO TO 140

105 IF ATTR (g,h)=6 THEN LET s ≈100: RANDOMIZE USR 32555: GO TO 140

110 IF g=18 THEN PRINT AT g,h; INK 3; "M": GO TO 120

115 PRINT AT 9,h; INK 3; "M"; AT 9±1,h; INK 7;"M"

120 IF mp=0 THEN GO TO 550

125 IF mm=0 THEN GO TO 45 130 GO SUB 230: GO SUB 210

135 GO TO 60

140 PRINT AT 9,h; INK 7; "B"; AT g+1,h;"M";AT g,h; BRIGHT 1; INK 2; "Q": GO SUB 415: GO TO 120

145 LET 9=9-1: IF 9<1 THEN PRI NT AT 9+1,h; BRIGHT 0; INK 7;"Q" : LET m=0: LET mp=np-1: LET mm=n m-1: IF np=0 THEN GO TO 550

150 IF m=0 THEN GO TO 120

155 PRINT AT 9,h; BRIGHT 1; INK 2;"Q";AT g+1,h; BRIGHT 0; INK 7 ;"0": GO TO 120

Pirates

#### ARCADE ACTION IN THE HEAVENS. BY PAT NORRIS

#### **RUNS ON A SPECTRUM IN 48K**

160 PRINT AT 9,h; BRIGHT 0; INK 7; "B"; AT 9-1, h; "O"; AT 9, h; BRIG HT 1; INK 2; "Q": GO SUB 415: GO TO 120

165 LET d=g: LET t=h: LET g=g+1 170 IF ATTR (9,h)=70 AND 9=s1 A ND h=t1 AND b=1 THEN RANDOMIZE USR 32555: RANDOMIZE USR 32505: GO SUB 455: LET b=0: LET s=100: GO TO 160

175 IF ATTR (9,h)=6 THEN LET s =100: RANDOMIZE USR 32555: GO TO 169

180 IF ATTR (g,h)=4 THEN GO SU B 480: GO TO 120

185 IF ATTR (9,h)=5 THEN GO SU B 480: GO TO 545

190 IF 9>20 THEN PRINT AT 9-1 h; INK 7; "O"; AT 9, h; INK 2; BRIG HT 1; "L": LET m=0: LET nm=nm-1: RANDOMIZE USR 32505: PRINT AT 9, h; OVER 0; INK 2;" ": GO TO 120 195 IF h>1 AND h<30 AND g<18 TH

EN LET h=h+INT (RND\*3-1): PRINT AT 9,h; INK 3;"0";AT d,t; INK 7 ;"0": GO TO 120

200 PRINT AT 9,h; INK 3;"O";AT d,t; INK 7;"O": GO TO 120

210 IF INKEY#="z" AND k=0 THEN GO SUB 280: RETURN

215 IF INKEY\$="0" AND b=0 THEN

GO SUB 375: RETURN 220 IF INKEY#="m" AND y=0 THEN

GO SUB 340: RETURN 225 RETURN

230 LET ts=ts+(INKEY=="p")-(INK

EY事="6") 235 IF ts>30 THEN LET ts=30

240 IF ts<1 THEN LET ts=1 245 LET ss=ss+(INKEY#="a")-(INK EY#="q" >

250 IF ss>18 THEN LET ss=18 255 IF ss<1 THEM LET ss=1 260 PRINT OVER 0; AT 0, ts; INK 7; "A"; "K"; AT 0, ts-1; "K"

265 PRINT OVER 0;AT ss-1,0; IN K 7; "K"; AT ss, 0; "A"; AT ss+1, 0; "K

270 RETURN

280 BRIGHT 0: PLOT 60,16: DRAW INK 8;(ts-7)\*8,(19-ss)\*8: RANDO MIZE USR 32480: IF ATTR (ss,ts)= 6 THEN GO TO 325

285 IF ATTR (ss,ts)=66 THEN GO SUB 300: GO TO 325

290 IF ATTR (ss,ts)=3 THEN GO SUB 305: GO TO 330

295 GO SUB 320: GO TO 330 300 PRINT AT ss,ts; INK 7;"Q":

GO SUB 535: GO SUB 395: RETURN 305 LET nm=nm-1: LET md=md+1: 0 O SUB 535

310 IF s=0 THEN PRINT AT ss.ts INK 7; "M": GO TO 320

315 IF s=50 THEN PRINT AT ss,t s; INK 7; "0"

320 PRINT AT ss,ts; INK 2; BRIC HT 1; "L": RANDOMIZE USR 32505: ETURN

325 LET t=0: LET d=t: RANDOMIZE USR 32505: PLOT INVERSE 1:60,1 6: DRAW INK 8;(ts-7)\*8,(19-ss) RETURN

INVERSE 1;60,16: DRAW 330 PLOT INK 8;(ts-7)\*8,(19-ss)\*8: GO \$ UB 335: RETURN

335 PRINT AT ss,ts; INK 7; BRIG HT 0; "L": RETURN

340 BRIGHT 0: PLOT 204,16: DRAW INK 8;(ts-25)\*8,(19-ss)\*8: RAN DOMIZE USR 32480: IF ATTR (ss,ts

>=6 THEN GO TO 360 345 IF ATTR (ss,ts)=66 THEN SUB 300: GO TO 360

350 IF ATTR (ss,ts)=3 THEN GO SUB 305: GO TO 365

355 GO SUB 320: GO TO 365 360 RANDOMIZE USR 32505: PLOT

INVERSE 1;204,16: DRAW INK 8;(t s-25)\*8,(19-ss)\*8: RETURN 365 PLOT INVERSE 1;204,16: DRA

INK 8;(ts-25)\*8,(19-ss)\*8: G SUB 335: RETURN

375 BRIGHT 0: PLOT INK 5;132,2 1: DRAW INK 8;(ts-16)\*8,(18-ss) \*8: RANDOMIZE USR 32530

380 IF ATTR (ss,ts)=6 THEN RAW DOMIZE USR 32555: GO SUB 460: RE TURN

385 LET zz=5^5: PLOT INVERSE 1 INK 5;132,21: DRAW INK 8;(ts-16)\*8,(18-ss)\*8: RETURN

390 REM \*\*RESTORE POLYPS\*\* 395 LET mm=mm-1: LET md=md+1 400 FOR p=1 TO 7: IF e(p)=50 TH EN LET e(p)=ss: LET f(p)=ts: PR INT AT ss,ts; INK 6; "B": RETURN

405 NEXT P: RETURN 415 FOR p=1 TO 7: IF e(p)=g AND

f(p)=h THEN LET e(p)=50: RETUR

420 NEXT P: RETURN 425 PLOT INVERSE 1; INK 5;132, 21 DRAW INK 8;(t1-16)\*8,(18-\$1 )\*8: PRINT AT \$1,t1; BRIGHT 0; I NK 7; "B": RANDOMIZE USR 32555 430 IF t1<16 THEN LET t1=t1+1 435 IF t1>16 THEN LET t1=t1-1 440 LET s1=s1+1: IF s1>18 THEN LET 31=18 445 IF \$1=18 AND t1=16 THEN LE T b=0: LET np=np-1: LET npc=npc+ 1: RETURN 450 LET b=1: PRINT AT s1,t1; IN K 6; BRIGHT 1; "B" 455 PLOT INVERSE 1; INK 5;132, 21: DRAW INK 8;(t1-16)\*8,(18-s1 J#8: RETURN 460 LET b=1: PRINT AT ss,ts; IN K 7; "B": PRINT AT ss,ts; INK 6; BRIGHT 1; "B": GO SUB 415: LET s1 =ss: LET t1=ts 465 FOR p=1 TO 7: IF e(p)=s1 AN D f(p)=t1 THEN LET e(p)=50: RET 470 NEXT P: RETURN

480 PRINT AT 9-1,h; INK 7;"O";A

T 9,h; INK 2; BRIGHT 1;"L";AT 9+

1,h;"L": RANDOMIZE USR 32505: RA

NDOMIZE USR 32580: PAUSE 40: RAN DOMIZE USR 32580: IF h=7 THEN L 485 IF h=25 THEN LET y=1 490 IF k=1 AND y=1 THEN GO TO 495 LET m=0: LET nm=nm-1: LET z z=10^10: PRINT OVER 0;AT 9,h;"
";AT 9+1,h;" ": RETURN
505 LET o=o+1: IF o>7 THEN LET 510 IF e(o)=50 THEN RETURN 515 PRINT RT e(o), f(o); INK 7;" 520 LET f(o)=f(o)~1: IF f(o)<1 THEN LET f(o)=31 525 PRINT AT e(o), f(o); INK 6;" B": RETURN 535 IF ss=9 AND ts=h THEN LET m=0: RETURN 540 RETURN 545 GO SUB 555: PRINT AT 18,0; INK 6; "GAME OVER PROJECTOR DESTR OYED": GO TO 565 550 GO SUB 555: PRINT AT 18,0; INK 7; "GAME FINISHED": GO TO 565 555 OVER 0: PRINT AT 18,0;z\$;AT

19,0;z\$;AT 20,0;z\$;AT 21,0;z\$:

560 GO SUB 555: PRINT AT 18,0; INK 5; "GAME OVER LASERS DESTROYE D": GO TO 565 565 PRINT AT 20,0; INK 7;"POLYP S SAFE =";AT 21,0;"POLYPS LOST = ";AT 20,18;"MISSILES";AT 21,18;" DESTROYED =" 570 PRINT AT 20,14; INK 7;mpc;A T 21,14;7-mpc;AT 21,28;md 575 PRINT AT 7,2;"Press ""P"" f or another game" 580 IF npc>0 AND npc<3 THEN LE T p=="Not very good are you!." 585 IF npc>2 AND npc<6 THEN LE T ps="You need a little practice 590 IF mpc=6 THEN LET p\$="Not bad at all." 595 IF mpc=7 THEN LET p#="BRIL LIANT play." 600 IF mpc=0 THEN LET p#="YOU" RE HOPELESS try tiddlywinks" 605 PRINT AT 2,1;p\$
610 IF INKEY\$="p" OR INKEY\$="P" THEN GO TO 620 615 GO TO 600 620 CLEAR : RUN 5

RETURN

Sun Polyps are one of the galaxy's many natural phenomena. Clouds of these small creatures drift in the outer atmospheres of planets, enriching and increasing it.

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But planets fortunate enough to have these minute beings in orbit around them, now find the more mercenary elements of the galaxy eager to get their hands on them.

In Pirates and Polyps, it is your job to protect the polyps from a band of pi-

You control a scanner and two laser bases on the surface of the planet and must stop pirate vessels from destroying and stealing polyps.

If both your laser bases or the projector are hit, then the game is lost. And if all the polyps are stolen the game is also over.

But you can collect the polyps yourself, by aiming your scanner at one and enticing it down to earth.

In order to collect a polyp or destroy a pirate vessel radar scanners at the top and left side of the screen must be lined up onto the appropriate largets Key "Z" will fire the LEFT laser base, key "M" will fire the RIGHT Computer and Video Games Yearbook

laser base Key "O" will bring the PROJECTOR into operation.

TOP SCANNER KEY O = LEFTKEY P = RIGHT SIDE SCANNER

KEY Q = UPKEY A = DOWN

When a pirate vessel lands on a polyp it will be captured. The pirate will change to red and proceed to the top of the screen. You will lose the polyps if the pirate reaches the top of the screen.

But a "stolen" polyp can be saved by destroying the pirate with laser fire.

Pirates come in four different guises, so don't be fooled by them. If the pirate ships cannot find a polyp then they turn and head back to earth bent on destruction. If they manage to hit your scanners or a laser base, it will be destroyed.

If a laser base is destroyed then it is not usable. If the projector has locked onto a polyp, then the polyp will be drawn into the projector automatically, unless a pirate ship intervenes.

Laser fire destroys pirates but has no effect on the polyps. The projector has no effect on pirate vessels.

It's a hard game to win but the tactics will soon become clear when you've had a few turns at polypcollecting.

On the Dragon, Pirates & Polyps has undergone a few changes in the use of keys.

It uses the arrow keys to move the laser base sights, rather than Q, A, O, P and B rather than O.

The bit configuration is used on the screen to identify pieces and to avoid confusion the projection flashes its beam.

```
1 CLS:PCLEAR8:CLEAR500,&H7000:GOSUB5000:GOTO200
2 FORJ=1T04: IFFEEK(J+340)=223 THENONJ GOSUB7,6,4,5
4 TS=TS+10*(TS>10):PUT(TS-10,0)-(TS+15,7),AA,PSET:RETURN
5 TS=TS-10*(TS<240): FUT (TS-10,0)-(TS+15,7), AA, FSET: RETURN
3 NEXTJ: RETURN
6 SS=SS-8*(SS<144):PUT(0,SS-8)-(9,SS+15),DD,FSET:RETURN
7 SS=SS+8*(SS>8):PUT(0,SS-8)-(9,SS+15),DD,PSET:RETURN
 9 AW=FNAT(0):X=X+10:IFAW=9THENPUT(X,Y)-(X+9,Y+7),RR,PSET:RETURN ELSEPUT(X,Y)-(X+
 15 COLOR CR:LINE(65,159)-(5+TS,8+SS), FSET:RETURN
 16 COLOR CR:LINE(185,159)-(5+TS,85+8),PSET:RETURN
 30 READAS: IFAS=NAS THENRETURNELSE30
 40 AY=20:M$="GAME OVER":GOTO61010
  90 X=T1:Y=S1:GOTO100
  92 X=T:Y=D:GOTO100
  100 ON ASC(P$)-64 GOTO105,115,120,105,105,105,105,105,130,105,140,145,150,155,16
  94 X=F(0):Y=E(0):GOTO100
  96 X=H:Y=G:GOTO100
  0,165,170,175,105,180,105,185
   115 FUT(X,Y)-(X+9,Y+7),BB,PSET::RETURN
   120 PUT(X,Y)-(X+29,Y+15),CC,PSET:RETURN
   130 FUT(X,Y)-(X+9,Y+15),II,FSET;RETURN
   135 FUT(X,Y)-(X+9,Y+7),JJ,PSET;RETURN
   140 FUT(X,Y)-(X+9,Y+7),KK,PSET:RETURN
   145 PUT(X,Y)-(X+9,Y+7),LL,PSET:RETURN
    150 FUT(X,Y)-(X+9,Y+7),MM,FSET;RETURN
    155 FUT(X,Y)-(X+9,Y+7),NN,PSET:RETURN
    160 FUT(X,Y)-(X+9,Y+7),00,PSET:RETURN
    165 PUT(X,Y)-(X+9,Y+7),FP,PSET:RETURN
    170 PUT(X,Y)-(X+9,Y+7),QQ,FSET;RETURN
    175 PUT(X,Y)-(X+9,Y+7),RR,FSET;RETURN
    180 PUT(X,Y)-(X+9,Y+7),TT,PSET;RETURN
     185 FUT(X,Y)-(X+9,Y+7),VV,FSET;RETURN
     201 MD=0:FS=0:B=0:NP=7:0=0:FC=0:K=0:YY=K:Z=K:TS=10:T1=TS:SS=8:S1=SS
     205 COLOR1:LINE(255,176)-(0,191), PSET, BF; COLOR4:LINE(255,176)-(0,176), PSET; E=-5;
     190 . '** START GAME **
     200 PMODE3,1:PCLS2
     A=0:FORW=0TO255:F=RND(8)+4:A=A+F:IFA>255THEN215
      220 A=0:FORO=1T07:P$="B":GOSUB94:NEXTO:O=A:P$="K":Y=0::FORX=0T0240STEP10:GOSUB10
     210 LINE-(A,176+E), PSET: E=5*(E=0); NEXTW
      0:NEXTX:PSET(254,3,4):PSET(254,4,4):FORY=8T0152STEP8:X=0:GOSUB100:NEXTY
      235 GOSUB5:GOSUB6:X=60:Y=160:P$="I":GOSUB100:X=180:GOSUB100:X=120:Y=152:P$="F":G
      OSUB100:X=110:Y=160:P$="C":GOSUB100:GOSUB6090:SCREEN1,0
      240 X=TS:Y=SS:IFFNAT(0)=20THENNM=NM-1:MD=MD+1:GOSUB735:P$="R":GOSUB99
       245 R=RND(-TIMER):Q=1
       250 IFK=1THENH=10*(RND(15)+7):GOTO255
       251 IFY=1THEN10*(H=RND(16)):GOTO255
       253 H=RND(23)*10
       255 NM=Q:S=0:M=1:G=152:I=RND(9)*8
       260 GOSUB2:PC=PC+1:GOSUB705
       265 IFPC>4 AND B=1THENGOSUB625:PC=0
        270 IFFC>4THENFC=0
        275 IFNF = 0 THEN 750
        295 IFI=G THENS=50:F$="J":GOSUB96:F$="N":GOSUB96:Z=10^10:F$="O":GOSUB96:GOTO320
        280 IFM=0THEN325
        300 G=G-8:X=H:Y=G:GET(X,Y)-(X+9,Y+7),VV,G:IFFNAT(0)=12 AND G=S1 AND H=T1 AND B=1
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THENPLAYM4#:GOSUB655:B=0:S=100:GOTO340
     305 X=H:Y=G:IFFNAT(0)=9-THENS=100:PLAYM1$:GOTO340
     310 IFG=144THENF$="M":GOSUB96:GOTO320
     315 PUT(H,G+8)-(H+9,G+15),VV,PSET;GET(H,G)-(H+9,G+7),VV,G;PUT(H,G)-(H+9,G+7),MM,
     325 IFNM=0THEN245
    330 GOSUB2:GOSUB410
    335 GOTO260
    340 X=H:Y=G:PUT(H,G)-(H+9,G+7),RR,PSET:GOSUB8:PUT(H,G+8)-(H+9,G+15),RR,PSET:PUT(
    H,G)-(H+9,G+7),QQ,PSET:GOSUB615:GOTO320
    345 G=G-8:IFG<8THENPUT(H,G+8)-(H+9,G+15),VV,PSET:M=0:NP=NP-1:NM=NM-1:IFNP=0THEN7
    355 X=H-10:Y=G+8:GOSUB9:X=H:Y=G:GOSUB8:PUT(H,G)-(H+9,G+7),QQ,PSET:GOTO320
    360 PUT(H,G-8)-(H+9,G-1),RR,PSET:PUT(H,G)-(H+9,G+7),QQ,PSET:GOSUB615:GOTO320
   370 X=H:Y=G:AT=FNAT(0):IFAT=12 AND G=S1 AND H=T1 AND B=1 THEN PLAYM4$:GOSUB655:B
   375 IFAT=9THENS=100:PLAYM3$:GOTO360
   380 IFAT=26THENGOSUB680:GOTO320
   385 IFAT=19THENGOSUB680:GOTO745
   390 IFG>160THENX=H:Y=G-8:P$="R":GOSUB100:Y=Y+8:GET(X,Y)-(X+9,Y+7),UU,G:P$="L":GO
   SUB100:M=0:NM=NM-1:FLAYM7$:PUT(X,Y)-(X+9,Y+7),UU,PSET:GOT0320
   395 IFH>10ANDH<230 AND G<144 THEN H=H+10*(2-RND(3)):X=T-10:Y=D:GOSUB9:GET(H,G)-(
   H+9,G+7),VV,G:PUT(H,G)-(H+9,G+7),00,PSET:GOT0320
   400 P$="0":GOSUB96:P$="R":GOSUB92:GOTO320
   410 IF(PEEK(340)=223) AND K=0 THEN480
   415 IF(PEEK(340)=251) AND B=0THEN575
   420 IF(PEEK(343)=247) AND YY=0 THEN540
  425 RETURN
  480 CR=3:GOSUB15:PLAYM1#:X=TS:Y=SS:AT=FNAT(0):IF AT=9 THEN525
  490 IFAT=20THENGOSUB505:GOTO530
  495 GOSUB520:GOTO530
  500 PUT(TS,SS)-(TS+9,SS+7),RR,PSET:GOSUB735:GOTO595
  510 IFS=0 OR S=50THEN PUT(TS,SS)-(TS+9,SS+7),RR,PSET
 520 PUT(TS,SS)-(TS+9,SS+7),LL,PSET:PLAYM6$:RETURN
 525 T=0:D=T:PLAYM5$:CR=2:GOSUB15:RETURN
 530 CR=2:GOSUB15
 535 PUT(TS,SS)-(TS+9,SS+7),RR,PSET:RETURN
 540 CR=3:GOSUB16:FLAYM1$:X=TS:Y=SS:AT=FNAT(0):IFAT=9THEN560
 545 IFAT=33THENGOSUB500:GOTO560
 550 IFAT=20THENGOSUB505:GOTO565
 555 GOSUB520:GOTO565
 560 PLAYM1$:CR=2:GOTO16
 565 CR=2:GOSUB16:GOTO535
 575 COLOR 1:LINE(125,152)-(5+TS,SS+8),PSET:PLAYM1$
 580 X=TS:Y=SS:IFFNAT(0)=9 THENPLAYM4#:GOSUB585:GOTO660
 585 Z=20^20:COLOR2:LINE(125,152)-(5+TS,SS+8),PSET:RETURN
595 NM=NM-1:MD=MD+1
600 FORP=1TO7:IFE(P)=50 THENE(P)=SS:F(P)=TS:PUT(TS,SS)-(TS+9,SS+7),BB,PSET:RETUR
615 FORP=1TO7:IFE(P)=G AND F(P)=H THEN E(P)=50:RETURNELSENEXTP:RETURN
625 COLOR 2:LINE(125,152)-(5+T1,S1+8),PSET:P$="R":GOSUB90:PLAYM3$
630 T1=T1+10*(T1>120)-10*(T1<120):S1=S1-8*(S1<144)
645 IFS1=144 AND T1=120 THENB=0:NP=NF-1:PS=PS+1:RETURN
655 COLOR1:LINE(125,152)-(5+T1,S1+8),PSET:Z=20^20:COLOR2:LINE(125,152)-(5+T1,S1+
8), PSET: RETURN
660 B=1:P$="R":GOSUB98:P$="T":GOSUB98:GOSUB615:S1=SS:T1=TS
665 FORP=1T07:IFE(P)=S1 AND F(P)=T1 THENE(P)=50:RETURNELSENEXTP:RETURN
680 G=G-8:P$="R":GOSUB96:G=G+8:P$="L":GOSUB96:G=G+8:GOSUB96:PLAYM5$:G=G-8:PLAYM4
690 IFK=1 AND YY=1 THEN760
695 M=0:NM=NM-1:Z=20^20:F$="R":GOSUB96:G=G+8:GOSUB96:G=G-8:RETURN
710 IFE(0)=50THENRETURN
715 P$="R":GOSUB94
720 F(0)=F(0)-10:IFF(0)<10THENF(0)=240
95 IFSS=G AND TS=H THENM=0:RETURNELSERETURN
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745 GOSUB40:AY=35:M$="PROJECTOR@DESTROYED":GOSUB61010:GOTO765
765 PLAYM2$:AY=60:M$="POLYPS SAFE"+STR$(PS)+"@"+"MISSILES@DESTROYED"+STR$(MD):GO
770 AY=100:M$="PRESS P FOR@ANOTHER GAME":GOSUB61010
780 IFPS=0THENM$="KEEP UP@THE PRACTICE"ELSEIFPS<3 THENM$="BETTER LUCK@NEXT TIME"
SUB61010
ELSEIFPS<6 THENM$="YOU NEED@MORE PRACTICE"ELSEIFPS=6THENM$="VERY GOOD"ELSEM$="BR
ILLIANT PLAY"
800 FORT=1TO20000:IFINKEY$<>"P"THENNEXT:AU=1ELSEAU=0
 810 PMODE3,5:SCREEN1,0:GOTO200
 2000 GOTO61100
 4999 'GETS
 5000 POKE65495,0
 5001 CLS:PRINT@260,"PLEASE WAIT ....."
 5002 AR$=" "+CHR$(8)+CHR$(9)+CHR$(10)+CHR$(94)
 5005 DIMAA(6), BB(2), CC(12), DD(6), II(4), KK(2), LL(2), MM(2), NN(2), DD(2), PP(2), QQ(2)
 5006 /9=6=POLYF, 19=5=PROJ, 26=4=LASER, 20=3=MISS/TY, 33=2=WITH POLY,12=7=CAUGHT
 5007 DEF FNAT(0)=8*PPOINT(X+2,Y+2)+PPOINT(X+4,Y+2)
 5010 PMODE3,1:PCLS2:GOSUB6000:PMODE3,1
 5015 NA$="AA":GOSUB20:GOSUB5100:GET(0,0)-(25,7),AA,G
  5020 GOSUB5100:GET(0,0)-(9,7),BB,G
  5030 GOSUB5100:GET(0,0)-(29,15),CC,G
  5040 GOSUB5100:GET(0,0)-(9,23),DD,G
  5045 GOSUB5100:GET(0,0)-(9,15),II,G
  5055 GOSUB5100:GET(0,0)-(9,7),KK,G
  5060 GQSUB5100:GET(0,0)-(9,7),LL,G
  5065 GOSUB5100:GET(0,0)-(9,7),MM,G
  5070 GOSUB5100:GET(0,0)-(9,7),NN,G
  5075 GOSUB5100:GET(0,0)-(9,7),00,G
  5080 GOSUB5100:GET(0,0)-(9,7),FP,G
  5085 GOSUB5100:GET(0,0)-(9,7),QQ,G
  5086 GOSUB5100:GET(0,0)-(9,7),TT,G:PCLS2:GET(0,0)-(9,7),RR,G
   5087 M1$="V10L25004AG":M2$="V10L25003ABCABCABCABC":M3$="V30L15001FA":M4$="V15L15
   5088 M5$="V31L255T25503A":M6$="L200;01V31BV28AV24GV20FV16DV10C£V5C";M7$="L20001V
   318V30FV29DV28GV27EV25CV23FV21CV19GV17BV15;L21002D£V13C£V11F£V9DV7AV5BV3EV1G"
   5094 RETURN
   5100 PCLS2:READI:J=0:K=0
   5105 READF: IFF=OTHENRETURN
   5110 POKE8H600+K+J*32,F
   5115 K=K+1:IFK=I THENJ=J+1:K=0
   5116 GOTO5105
   5120 /******
     85,93,85,85, 85,93,0
    5135 DATA 2,85,85,93,85,64,85,124,85,124,85,64,85,93,0
    5140 DATA4, 85,170,169,85,89,105,150,149, 89,105,121,169,170,170,170,169, 106,17
    0,170,169,90,170,170,101, 86,10,85,149,85,169,106,85, 85,170,169,85,86,170,170,8
    5, 86,89,150,85,89,101,101,149, 89,101,101,149,101,165,105,101, 101,85,85,101,16
    5145 DATA 2,85,85,85,85,85,85,93,85,93,85, 85,85,85,85,85,85,85,85,85,117,85,117,
    85,127,85,127,85,117,85,117,85, 85,85,85,85,85,85,85,85,93,85,93,0
    5150 DATA 2,102,85,102,85,166,149,170,149,170,149,170,149, 153,149,106,85,89,85,
     89,85,89,85, 106,85,102,85, 149,149,149,149,0
     5160 DATA2,85,85,85,85,85,85,93,85,93,0
     5159 'KKK
     5165 DATA 2,213,213,119,85,85,85,93,213, 221,85,85,85,119,85,213,213,0
     5169 / MMM-MISSILE
     5170 DATA2,85,85,85,85,93,85,93,85,119,0
     5175 DATA2,85,85,85,85,221,213,221,213,255,213,255,213,221,213,213,0
     5174 'NNN -TYFG
     5179 '000 - PIRATE
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ILLUSTRATION: PETER HARRIS.
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5180 DATA2,85,85,213,213,221,213,255,213,255,213,221,213,221,213,213,213,0
5184 'PPP - TOP OF PROJ
5185 DATA2,85,85,85,85,89,85,89,85,89,85,106,85,106,85,102,0
5189 'QQQ - WITH FOLYF
5190 DATA 2,221,213,127,85,112,85,127,85,127,85,64,85,93,0
5194 / CAUGHT POLYP
5195 DATA 2,85,85,93,85,77,85,124,85,124,85,64,85,93,0
5999 'INSTRUCTIONS
6000 PCLS2:GOSUB60000
6005 AY=10:M$="COMPUTER AND@VIDEO GAMES":GOSUB61010
6010 AY=40:M$="PRESENT":GOSUB61040
6020 AY=65:M$="PIRATES@ @AND@ @POLYPS":GOSUB61010
6030 AY=125:M$="BY PAT NORRIS":GOSUB61010
6040 AY=168:M$="CONVERTED BY@RON POTKIN":GOSUB61010
6043 COLOR4:LINE(10,57)-(246,140),PSET,B
6045 PMODE3,5:PCLS2:FORI=1TO4:PCOPYI TO I+4:NEXT:SCREEN1,0:RETURN
6090 IFAU THENAU=0:RETURNELSECLS:PRINT@258," PRESS I FOR INSTRUCTIONS -
                                                                             AN
Y OTHER KEY TO PLAY"
6095 As=INKEYs:IFAs=""THEN6095ELSEIFAs<>"I"THENRETURN
6100 CLS:M$="PIRATES AND POLYPS":GOSUB6900:M$="BY PAT NORRIS":GOSUB6900:M$="INST
RUCTIONS": GOSUB6900
6110 PRINT"OBJECTIVE":PRINT" *TO STOP PIRATE VESSELS FROM"
6120 PRINT" DESTROYING YOUR BASE AND":PRINT" STEALING THE SUN POLYPS. IF":PRINT"
BOTH YOUR LASER BASES ARE":PRINT" HIT THEN THE GAME IS LOST."
            *WHEN ALL THE SUN POLYPS ARE":PRINT" COLLECTED OR STOLEN THE GAME
6130 PRINT"
 FINISHES."
            *SCORES ARE SHOWN AT THE END":PRINT" OF THE GAME."
6140 PRINT"
6150 GOSUB6910
6160 PRINT" *IN ORDER TO COLLECT A POLYPS": PRINT" OR DESTROY A PIRATE THE": PRIN
T" RADAR SCANNERS AT THE TOP AND":PRINT" LEFT SIDE OF THE SCREEN MUST":PRINT" BE
 LINED UP ON THE TARGETS."
            *TOP SCANNER - USE LEFT/RIGHT ARROWS": PRINT" *SIDE SCANNER - USE
6170 PRINT"
          ARROWS"
HEZDOWN
                          - USE Z"," *RIGHT LASER - USE M":PRINT" *PROJECTOR
6175 PRINT"
            *LEFT LASER
    - USE B"
6180 GOSUB6910
6190 PRINT" *WHEN A PIRATE LANDS ON A":PRINT" POLYPS, IT IS CAPTURED AND":PRINT
" THE PIRATE PROCEEDS TO THE":PRINT" TOP OF THE SCREEN. YOU WILL":PRINT" LOSE TH
E POLYPS IF IT REACHES": PRINT" THE TOP."
6200 PRINT" *THE POLYPS MAY BE SAVED BY": PRINT" DESTROYING THE PIRATE WITH": PRI
NT" LASER FIRE."
6205 GOSUB6910
                                           HIT":PRINT" *WHEN THE PROJECTOR IS"
6210 PRINT" *A LASER IS NOT USEABLE WHEN
:PRINT" LOCKED ONTO A POLYPS, THE":PRINT" POLYPS WILL BE DRAWN INTO":PRINT" THE
PROJECTOR.":PRINT" *LASER FIRE HAS NO EFFECT ON
                                                  POLYPS."
6220 PRINT"
                                           ON PIRATES."
            *THE PROJECTOR HAS NO EFFECT
6230 PRINT: INPUT"PRESS ENTER TO START"; A$
6300 RETURN
6900 L=LEN(M$):PRINTTAB(16-L/2);M$:RETURN
6910 PRINT: INPUT"PRESS <ENTER>"; A$:CLS:PRINT: RETURN
60000 ML=8HZ000
60200 CH$="0123456789ABCDEFGHIJKLMNP RSTUVWXY*"
60210 D$="EEEEEMEGEEMEEOEEOMGEEGGEGMEGMMGOEGOMMEEMEMMGEMGMMMEMMMOEEOEMOGMOOEOOM"
60220 S$="KNNNNNKDIDDDDKKNBKMMWWCDCBNKCEHOWCCWMVBBNLKMMVNNKWBBCDGMKNNKNNKKNNLBBV
MMMANURRNNNNTTRPPNVNNVMMMAAAAAAAVNNVQONKNMKBNKADDDDDDNNNNNNNNNHHDDNNNRRUNNNHDHN
NNNNKDDD"
60230 DATA ML
 60240 DATA 33761F34B6A14781432705BD8B302003BDB3ED1F0110AE02ECA1ED40ECA1ED42ECA1E
 D44ECA1ED46E684C0083404A647C6203DC306001F01E6463AAF484FAE40E6A4C14F2711E680C12A2
 60431212050E1A427034C20EF31213420C6073D10AE44
 60250 DATA 31ABC6073404A6A08041C6033DAE42308B342010AE48EC81834040484848483404ABE
 0E684C04058585858CB05EDA41F20C30020ED48352035045A26C73520EC468B02ED4635045A1026F
 F7F324A39
 60260 IF(PEEK(ML)=51)AND(PEEK(ML+1)=118)THEN60280ELSENA$="ML":GOSUB20
 60270 C=0:FORT=1TO2:READAs:FORJ=1TOLEN(As)/2:POKEML+C,VAL("&H"+MIDs("."+As,2*J,2
 )):C=C+1:NEXTJ,I
 60280 AD$="":U=VARFTR(CH$):GOSUB60290:U=VARFTR(D$):GOSUB60290:U=VARFTR(S$)
 60290 AD$=AD$+CHR$(PEEK(U+2))+CHR$(PEEK(U+3)):RETURN
 60997 'PRINT ALPHA GRAPHICS
 61010 I=INSTR(Ms,"@"):IFI<>OTHENX$=MID$(Ms,I+1):M$=LEFT$(Ms,I-1):GOSUB61040:M$=X
 $:AY=AY+(10-4*(J=1)):GOTO61010ELSE61040
 61035 MS$=AD$+CHR$(AX)+CHR$(AY)+M$:DEFUSR0=ML:US=USR0(VARPTR(MS$)):RETURN
 61040 AX=INT(16-LEN(M$)):GOTO61035
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The PRINT statements in the line below include special control characters, which do not come in the printer listing.

```
LINE 550 AND 1040 - (CONTROL COMMA)
LINE 1000 - (CONTROL I)
LINE 1000 - (CONTROL A B C)
LINE 1000 - (CONTROL D E F)
LINE 1010 - (CONTROL 6)
LINE 1010 - (CONTROL G)
 LINE 1010 - (CONTROL H)
 LINE 1010 - (CONTROL H)
      1858 - 4 % (CONTROL COMMA)
      160 - AS INTRIGUE LINE 160
 LINE 1895 - AS INTRIGUE LINE 830
 LIHE
 LIHE
 LINE 3050 - (CONTROL M)
  LINE 5060 - 6 * (CONTROL COMMA)
 LINE 6838 - (CONTROL COMMA)
  LINE 7848 - (CONTROL COMMA)
  LINE 11200 - (CONTROL COMMA)
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10 REM PIRATES AND POLYPS - C&VG 1983 20 REM Author P. Norris 30 REM Atari conversion by S.Goodwin 100 DIM A\$(1024):RT=PEEK(106):POKE 106,R T-8:GRAPHICS 18:POKE 16,64:POKE 53774,64 110\_PMB=(RT-8)\*256:CHB=PMB+1024:VTAB=PEE R(134)+PEEK(135)\*256: ATAB=PEEK(140)+PEEK (141) 3256 120 OFFS=PMB-ATAB: HI=INT(OFFS/256): LO=OF FS-HI\*256: POKE VTAB+2,LO: POKE VTAB+3,HI 140 FOR J=708 TO J+3:READ A:POKE J,A:NEX 150 DATA 56,234,120,74 170 FOR J=CHB+512 TO J+119:READ A:POKE J ,A:NEXT J 172 DATA 20,85,85,81,85,81,65,20 174 DATA 3,124,192,255,127,63,31,7 176 DATA 255,122,249,255,255,255,240,193 178 DATA 192,62,3,255,242,196,56,224 180 DATA 0.1.3.7.12.25.32.248 182 DATA 255,255,165,66,129,195,0,0 184 DATA 0,128,192,224,48,24,4,31 186 DATA 60,126,255,253,245,249,98,60 188 DATA 24,24,60,60,90,102,129,0 190 DATA 0.0.8.8.8.24.24.52 192 DATA 60,60,60,60,60,60,195,195 194 DATA 195,195,60,60,60,60,60,60 196 DATA 255,255,195,195,255,255,60,60 198 DATA 153,66,0,153,153,0,66,153 200 DATA 60,255,255,2**43,255,243,195,60** 210 POSITION 6,1:? #6;"Pirates":POSITION 8,3:? #6;"and":POSITION 6,5:? #6;"POLYP 215 POSITION N.8:? #6;"COPYRIGHT C&UG 19 3":OPEN #1,4,N,"K:":POSITION 3,11:? #6; press any key":GET #1,A 220 POSITION N.N:? #6;")":? #6;" \*\*\* ca ution \*\*\*":? #6:? #6;"THESE INSTRUCTIONS ":? #6;"WON'T BE AVAILABLE"



230 ? #6;"DURING THE GAME AND":? #6;"IT MAY BE HISE TO":? #6;"MAKE A FEW NOTES!" 240 ? #6;" press any key":GET #1;A:GRA PHICS N:POKE 106;RT-8:POKE 710;208:POKE 756;RT-4:POKE 82;N:POKE 752;1:? :? #6 245 POKE 16,64:POKE 53774,64 250 ? :? " OBJECTIVE: To stop pirate ve ssels fromdestroying your base and steal ing the sun polyps." 260 ? :? "If both your laser bases are b it, or theprojector is hit then the game is lost.":? 270 ? "When all the sun polyps are colle cted or stolen then the game finishes # 1 7 "In order to collect a polyp or d a pirate vessel, you must use the 310 ? "joystick to move the scanner onto appropriate target.":? 320 ? "Press the trigger to fire the la the



er, or press the space bar to operate the e":? "projector.":? 330 ? "When a pirate vessel lands on a p olyp, the polyp will be captured. The p will change to RED and proceed"; 340 ? " towards":? "the top of the scree n.":? :? "You will lose the polyp if the reaches the top. ":7:7 350 7 ." press any key ":GET #1,A:? ") 360 ? "The polyp may be saved by destroy the pirate with laser fire.":?:? "polyp then the polyp will be draw into the projector automatically. "Laser fire destroys pirates but" 390 ? " has no":? "effect on the polyps. 400 ? "The projector has no effect again Pirate Vessels. ":? :? :? " COMPUT ER AND VIDEO GAMES hope that you " 450 DLIST=PEEK(560)+PEEK(561)\*256:SCRN=P EEK(DLIST+4)+PEEK(DLIST+5)\*256:FOR J=DLI ST+6 TO J+17:POKE J,4 460 NEXT J:POKE J,34:POKE J+1,34:POKE J+ 2,34:POKE J+4,6 500 COLM=184:COLS=120:POKE 704.COLS:POKE 706,4:POKE 707,4:POKE 708,234:POKE 1791 ,7: POKE 709,74 550 A\$(1)=" ":A\$(1024)=" ":A\$(2)=A\$:BONU 600 FOR J=854 TO J+9:READ A:POKE PMB+J,A :NEXT J:FOR J=988 TO J+3:READ A:POKE PMB +J,A:NEXT J:J=1536 10 DATA 12,12,30,30,63,63,127,127,255,2 55,128,128,192,192 600 READ A:IF A<>-1 THEN POKE J,A:J=J+1: GOTO SOO 310 DATA 216,238,194,2,238,195,2,206,255 ,6,208,17,169,7,141,255,6,173,194,2,24,1 85,8,141,194,2,141,195,2,76,98,228,-1 1025 POKE 54279,RT-8:POKE 559,46:POKE 53 .3:POSITION 0.23:? "score 0 1030 OST=15:K=3:NP=7:TS=19:T1=TS:SS=12:S 1=88:DIM B\$(6),E(7),F(7):FOR A=1 TO 7:E( # = A \* 2 : F(A) = INT(RND(0) \* 35+2) 1848 POSITION F(A), E(A): ? " ": NEXT A: TX=

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1055 DATA 24,38,60,24,24,38,24,24,60,36, 24,24 1060 FOR J=1 TO 6:READ A:B\$(J,J)=CHR\$(A):NEXT J:A\$(TY,TY+5)=B\$ 1065 DATA 126,66,66,66,66,126 1110 IF K=1 THEN H=INT(RND(N)\*23+1):60T0 1120 H=INT(RND(N)\*36+1) 1130\_NM=Q:S=N:M=1:G=19:I=INT(RND(N)\*9+1) : MY=733 1140 IF U>N THEN U=U-3:SOUND 3,N,8,U 1145 GOSUB **5000**:PC=PC+1:GOSUB 6000 1150 IF PC>4 AND B=1 THEN GOSUB 7000:PC= 1160 IF PC>4 THEN PC=N 1170 IF NP=N THEN 30000 1180 IF M=N THEN 2000 1190 IF S=50 THEN 3000 1200 IF S=100 THEN 4000 1210 IF I=G THEN S=50:A\$(MY,MY+3)=M2\$:60 TO 1950 1220 G=G-1:MY=MY-4:SG=PEEK(SCRN+H+G<u>\*40</u>): IF SG=64 AND G=S1 AND H=T1 AND B=1 THEN 9000 1230 IF SG=64 THEN S=100:GOTO 9500 1240 IF G=18 THEN GOSUB 1400:GOTO 1950 1250 A\$(MY+4,MY+7)=S\$:A\$(MY,MY+3)=M1\$:60 TO 1950 1400 U=15:SOUND 3,N,8,U:A\$(MY,MY+3)=M1\$: POKE 705, COLM: MX=46+H\*4: POKE 53249, MX: RE TURN 1950 IF NP=N THEN 30000 2000 IF NM=N THEN 1100 2010 GOSUB 5000:GOSUB 5500:POKE 764,255: GOTO 1140 3000 G=G+1:MY=MY+4:A\$(MY-4,MY-1)=S\$ 3005 IF H>1 AND H<36 AND G<18 THEN H=H+I NT(RND(N)\*3-1): MX=46+H\*4: PORE 53249 MX 3010 SG=PEEK(SCRN+H+G\*40): IF SG=64 AND G =S1 AND H=T1 AND B=1 THEN 3400 3020 IF SG=64 THEN S=100:GOTO 4100 3030 IF SG=71 THEN GOSUB 9800:GOTO 1950 3040 IF SG=73 OR (SG>64 AND SG<71) THEN GOSUB 9800:GOTO 30200 3070 A\$(MY,MY+3)=M2\$:GOTO 1950 3400 POKE 53250,N:POKE 53251,N:SOUND 1,N ,N,N:B=N:S=100:GOTO 4100



3500 POKE 53249,N:M=N:NM=NM-1:FOR J=1 TO 150 STEP 5:SOUND N.J.8,15-J/10:NEXT J:P OSITION H.G:? " ":RETURN 4000 A\$(MY,MY+3)=S\$:G=G-1:IF G<1 THEN M= N:NP=NP-1:NM=NM-1:POKE 53249,N:IF NP=N T HEN 30000 4010 IF M=N THEN 1950 4020 MY=MY-4:A\$(MY,MY+3)=M3\$:GOTO 1950 4100 POSITION H.G:? " ":A\$(MY-4,MY-1)=S\$ :A\$(MY,MY+3)=M3\$:GOSUB 9600:GOTO 1950 5000 BC=BC+1:IF BC>4 THEN BC=N:IF BONUS> N THEN BONUS=BONUS-1 5002 POSITION 6,23:? SC;:POSITION 17,23: ? BONUS;" "; 5005 ST=STICK(N):IF ST=10 OR ST=9 OR ST= 5 OR ST=6 THEN ST=OST 5010 OST=ST: IF ST=15 THEN RETURN 5020 OY=TY:IF ST=7 THEN TS=TS+1:TX=TX+4: IF TS>37 THEN TS=37:TX=TX-4 5030 IF ST=11 THEN TS=TS-1:TX=TX-4:IF TS
{1 THEN TS=1:TX=TX+4 5040 IF ST=14 THEN SS=SS-1:TY=TY-4:IF SS <1 THEN SS=1:TY=TY+4 5050 IF ST=13 THEN SS=SS+1:TY=TY+4:IF SS >18 THEN SS=18:TY=TY-4 5070 RETURN 5500 IF PEEK(764)=33 AND B=N THEN GOSUB 5510 IF STRIG(N)=N AND K)N THEN GOSUB 11 999 5520 RETURN 8000 0=0+1:IF 0>7 THEN 0=1 6010 IF E(0)=50 THEN RETURN 6020 POSITION F(0),E(0):? " ":F(0)=F(0)-1: IF F(0)X1 THEN F(0)=37 6030 POSITION F(0),E(0):?" ":RETURN 7000 POSITION T1,S1:? " ":IF T1<19 THEN T1=T1+17010 IF T1>19 THEN T1=T1-1 7020 S1=S1+1:IF S1>18 THEN S1=18 7030 IF S1=18 AND T1=19 THEN B=N:NP=NP-1:NPC=NPC+1:POKE 53250,N:POKE 53251,N:SOUND 1,N,N,N:SC=SC+50:RETURN 7040 B=1:POSITION T1,S1:? " ":RETURN 9000 B=N:S=100:SOUND 1,N,N,N:POKE 53250, N:POKE 53251.N:GOTO 9500 9500 POSITION H.G:? " ":A\$(MY+4,MY+7)=S\$ :A\$(MY,MY+3)=M3\$:GOSUB 9600:GOTO 1950 9600 FOR J=255 TO N STEP -25:SOUND N.J.1 4.15:NEXT J:POKE 705.56:FOR P=1 TO 7:IF E(P)=6 AND F(P)=H THEN E(P)=50:P=8 9610 NEXT P:SOUND N.N.N.N:RETURN 9800 POKE 53249,N:A\$(MY-4,MY-1)=S\$:POSIT

9810 IF H=28 THEN K=K-2 9812 BONUS=BONUS-100: IF BONUSKN THEN BO US=N 9815 FOR J=25 TO 220 STEP 2:SOUND N.J.8 15:SOUND 2.J+25.8.15:POKE 54277,RND(N)% 5:NEXT J:POKE 54277.N 9820 SOUND N.N.N.N:SOUND 2.N.N.N:IF K=N THEN 30100 9830 M=N:NM=NM-1:POSITION H.G:? " ":POS TION H.G+1:? " ";:RETURN 10000 SOUND N,20,6,15:SG=PEEK(SCRN+TS+S \*40):IF SG=64 THEN SOUND 1,200,6,12:GOS B 10200:RETURN 10010 FOR J=1 TO 5:NEXT J:SOUND N.N.N.N RETURN 10200 POKE 53250,121:POKE 53251,129:B=1 S1=SS:T1=TS:FOR P=1 TO 7:IF E(P)=S1 AND F(P)=T1 THEN E(P)=50:P=8 10210 NEXT P:SOUND N.N.N.RETURN 11000 FOR J=-14 TO 14 STEP 4:SOUND N,20 -J\*J,10,15:NEXT J:SG=PEEK(SCRN+TS+SS\*40 11010 SOUND N.N.N.N:IF TSKOH OR SSKOG T EN RETURN 11100 POKE 704,N:A=121:FOR J=1 TO 20:P0 E\_705,RND(N)\*255:SOUND N.A.8,15:IF A=12 E 705, RNLK N 74233. THEN A=243: GOTO 11110 11102 A=121 11110 NEXT J:POKE 53249,N:SOUND N,N,N,N NM=NM-1:M=N:MD=MD+1:POKE 704,COLS:SC=SC 10:IF A\$(MY,MY+3)=M3\$ THEN 11200 11120 A\$(MY,MY+3)=S\$:POKE SCRN+TS+SS\*40 ŜĠ: RETURN 11200 FOR P=1 TO 7:IF E(P)=50 THEN E(P): SS:F(P)=TS:POSITION TS,SS:? " ":P=8 11210 NEXT P:A\$(MY,MY+3)=S\$:RETURN 30000 SC=SC+BONUS:GOSUB 30300:? #6;" GAME FINISHED":GOTO 30400 30100 GOSUB 30300:? #6;"GAME OVER — ":? #6;"lasers destroyed":GOTO 30400 30200 GOSUB 30300:? #6;"GAME OVER - ":? #6;"Projector destroyed":60TO 30400 30300 FOR J=N TO 3:SOUND J.N.N.N:POKE 5 248+J.N: NEXT J: GRAPHICS 18: RESTORE 150 30305 POKE 16,64:POKE 53774,64:FOR J=70 TO J+3:READ A:POKE J,A:NEXT J:RETURN 30310 ? #6:? #6;" score ";SC:? #6 30320 ? #6;"pirates blasted ";MD:? #6:? #6: RETURN 30400 GOSUB 30310:? #6;" PRESS STAR TO PLAY AGAIN": POKE 764,25 ":? #6;" 30410 FOR J=1 TO 10:NEXT J:IF PEEK(5327 )=7 THEN 30410 30420 RUN

ION H.G:? " ": IF H=10 THEN K=K-1

#### Runs on a Vic-20 in 3.5K.

#### Converted by Paul Jay

Type in the first part of the program and save it before running. Make sure you do not alter anything, especially the "load" part of the program.

Save the second part of the program after the first and save it as "&POLYPS" in caps without a space.

When using the program, load and run the first part and leave the Play button on the cassette recorder down. A lot of gibberish will appear on the screen which is the machine code to be used in the second part of the program.

When the second part is loaded, the cursor should be flashing next to the word "RUN". Press the return button and the game will begin.

Do not clear the screen or change the display or the game will crash. The game runs on a standard Vic-N with a joystick.

```
10 POKE56,28:POKE52,28:CLR
                           ACROSS THE SCREEN. A BLUE PIRATE SHIP IS"
11 PRINT"37 SUN POLYPS FLOAT
12 PRINT"TRYING TO STEAL THEM. YOU HAVE 2 LASER BASES& A PROJECTOR. IF BOTH"
13 PRINT BASES OR THE PROJECTORARE HIT, THE GAME ENDS. PLACE YOUR LASER SIGHT"
14 PRINT"OVER THE PIRATE & FIRE(USING JOYSTICK). ALSO DO THE SAME TO COLLECT"
                          SCORING IS UNUSUAL & YOUR OWN TACTICS FOR"
15 PRINT"POLYPS.
                           USED. XXXXXPRESS ANY KEY": GOSUB25
16 PRINT"HIGH SCORES MUST BE
17 GETA$: IFA$=""THEN17
18 PRINT"DSCORES WORK LIKE THIS-":PRINT:PRINT"BLUE PIRATE HIT-":PRINT
19 PRINT"HUMBER OF LASER BASES *NUMBER OF POLYPS.":PRINT
20 PRINT"RED PIRATE HIT-":PRINT:PRINT"DOUBLE ABOVE SCORE":PRINT
21 PRINT"POLYP RESCUED-":PRINT:PRINT"NUMBER OF PIRATES HIT *NUMBER OF POLYPS"
22 PRINT "XXXXXXPRESS ANY KEY TO BEGIN" GOSUB25
23 GETR$: IFR$=""THEN23
24 PRINT" PLEASE WAIT" : GOTO37
25 FORI=1T010:GETA$:NEXT:RETURN
37 FORI=0T0463:POKE7168+I,PEEK(32768+I):NEXT
38 FORI=0T0111:READPD:POKE7432+I,PD:NEXT
39 POKE36879,13:POKE36878,7*16
40 DATA3,61,246,212,81,132,97,24,255,85,0,130,40,105,20,85,192,124,159,23,69,18,
50 DATA6,1,0,3,13,52,16,84,20,150,235,170,105,20,0,0,144,64,0,192,112,28,4,21,12
60 DATA255,190,186,40,32,40,40,170,170,190,150,130,130,231,129,129,0,0,129,129,2
 70 DATA0,0,0,0,12,59,213,148,0,0,0,0,240,140,27,97,0,0,0,0,12,51,222,48,252,18
 4,168
 80 DATA16,16,220,84,20,52,60,23,142,37,164,9
 第 "; M$
 100 FORDE=1T0300: NEXTDE, I
 105 FORDE=1T03000:NEXTDE
 110 DATA" # 1
 - 13 E
 130 DATA" ## ## ## # # # # # #
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 140 DATA" 3 1
 160 DATA" ## # # # # # # # # #
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 190 DATA"
 200 DATA"
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 210 DATA"
                     220 DATA"
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  230 DATA"
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  250 DATA" 374
  280 DATA" ## # # # # # # # # # # #
  300 DATA" 34 E 34 E 4 I E 4 E 38 E "
  320 DATA" BRY PAUL JAY. ADAPTED"
  330 DATA" IMFROM THE SPECTRUM GAME"
  340 DATA" BY P.W. NORRIS."
  400 PRINT"D"
  419 FORI=7966T08175:READO:POKEI,0:NEXT
  420 DATA169,15,141,14,144,120,169,82,141,20,3,169,3,141,21,3,88,96,10,15,16,64,1
  421 DATR162,222,173,78,3,201,10,176,9,238,78,3,238,10,144,76,116,3,140,10,144,23
  6,78,3
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422 DATR208,6,140,78,3,142,10,144,173,79,3,201,25,176,9,238,79,3,238,11,144,76,1 423 DATR140,11,144,236,79,3,208,6,140,79,3,142,11,144,173,80,3,201,16,176,9,238, 424 DATR206,12,144,76,176,3,140,12,144,236,80,3,208,6,140,80,3,142,12,144,173,81 425 DATR64,176,28,238,81,3,173,81,3,201,22,208,7,169,176,141,13,144,240,25,201,4 425 DATR21,169,160,141,13,144,240,14,140,13,144,236,81,3,208,6,140,81,3,144,240,25,201,4 426 DATR21,169,160,141,13,144,240,14,140,13,144,236,81,3,208,6,140,81,3,142,13,1 44,76 427 DATR191,234,169,0,141,14,144,120,169,191,141,20,3,169,234,141,21,3 1,161 500 PRINT \*\*\*SLOAD\*\*\*CHR\*\*\*(34)\*\*\*(34)\*\*\*CHR\*\*\*(34)\*\*\*(34)\*\*\*(34)\*\*\*(34)\*\*\*(34)\*\*\*(34)\*\*\*(34)\*\*\*(34)\*\*\*(34)\*\*\*(34)\*\*(34)\*\*\*(34)\*\*\*(34)\*\*(34)\*\*(34)\*\*(34)\*\*(34)\*\*(34)\*\*(34)\*\*(34)\*\*(34)\*\*(34)\*\*(34)\*\*(34)\*\*(34)\*\*

#### VIC-20 continued

```
@ IFPEEK(193)<>66THENFORI=1T0191:POKE827+I,PEEK(7965+I):NEXT
5 POKE193,66
20 CLR: SYS828: D=888: E=847: SN=200: DU=10: GOSUB7000
100 POKE36879,13:POKE36878,(16#7)OR(PEEK(36878)AND15):POKE36869,255:SC=0
110 P=39:SH=40:SS=41:GU=45:R=10:BL=14:PU=12:BC=BL:C=30720:BD=1:CY=11:K=10:L0=811
120 GC=2:DP=0:CP=0:Q=7:RESTORE:FORI=1T07:READP(I),L(I):NEXT:PRINT"0"
 130 D1=33:D2=34:D3=35:WH=0:L=0:M=0:B=0
 140 G=7680:K1=37139:K2=37154:X=10:Y=19:T=32:0=1:U=37137:V=37152
 150 DATA7723,7701,7754,7745,7808,7789,7841,7833,7886,7877,7937,7921,7949,7943
 160 FORI=8142T08163: A=INT(RND(1)*3)+42: POKEI, A: POKEI+C, R: NEXT
 162 POKE8121,9:POKE8121+C,1:POKE8140,9:POKE8140+C,1
 165 POKE8143,GU:POKE8143+C,9:POKE8162,GU:POKE8162+C,9
 170 A=33:FORI=8129T08131:POKEI,A:POKEI+C,CY:A=A+1:NEXT
 180 A=36:FORI=8151T08153:POKEI, A:POKEI+C, CY:A=A+1:NEXT
 1000 IFQ=OANDDP=OTHEN1020
 1010 GOSUB2000
  1020 IFDP=OTHENGOSUB3000
  1040 M=B:A=INT(RND(1)*3)+0:ONAGOT01050,1070,1080
  1050 K=K-O:IFKKOTHENK=O
  1060 GOTO1080
  1070 K=K+0:IFK>20THENK=20
  1080 A=INT(RND(1)*2)+0:0NAG0T01090,1110
  1090 L=L+BD: 1FL>20THENL=20:BD=-0
  1100 IFL<0THENL=0:BD=0:IFBC=RTHENGOSUB1190
  1120 IFWH=D10RWH=D20RWH=D3THEMPOKEG+M,T:POKEG+B,SH:POKEG+B+C,BC:GOSUB9000:GOTO80
   1140 IFWH=PANDBC=BLANDDP=0THENBC=R:BD=-0:DU=10:SN=222:D=948:E=849:GOSUB7000:GOSU
   1130 IFWH=9THENGC=GC-0
   1150 POKES+M,T:POKES+M+C,O:POKEG+B,SH:POKEG+C+B,BC
   1160 GOSUB4000:GOTO1000
   1170 FORI=OTOQ:IFP(I)=G+BTHENPC=I:POKEP(I),T:RETURN
   1180 NEXT
```

```
1190 P(PC)≃P(Q):L(PC)≃L(Q):Q≃Q-O:IFQ=0THEN8000
    1200 BC=BL:PC=0:RETURN
    2000 N=INT(RND(1)*Q)+O:IFN=CPANDQ<>1THEN2000
    2012 IFN=PCTHEN2000
    2015 IFQ=1ANDBC=RTHENRETURN
    2020 POKEP(N),T:P(N)=P(N)-0:IFP(N)=L(N)THENP(N)=P(N)+22
    2030 POKEP(N), P:POKEP(N)+C, PU:RETURN
   3000 POKEJ,T:J=J+22:IFJ>LOTHENDP=0:SC=SC+PH*Q:GOSUB6000:GOSUB3040:RETURN
   3020 D=948:E=849:SN=200:DU=50:GOSUB7000:POKEJ,P:POKEJ+C,CY
   3040 P(CP)=P(Q):L(CP)=L(Q):Q=Q-O:IFQ=0THEN8000
   3050 CP=0:RETURN
   4000 POKEK1,0:POKEK2,127:RESTORE:S=PEEK(U):S0=((SAND4)=0):S1=((SAND8)=0)
   4020 S2=((SAND16)=0):F=((SAND32)=0):S=PEEK(V):S3=((SAND128)=0):POKEK2,255:POKEK1
  4040 IFS2THENX=X-0:IFX(0THENX=0
  4050 IFS3THENX=X+0:IFX>21THENX=21
  4060 IFSOTHENY=Y-0:IFY<1THENY=0
  4070 IFS1THENY=Y+O:IFY>19THENY=19
  4080 Z=22*Y+X
  4085 IFF=-OTHENGOSUB5000
  4090 POKEG+W,T:POKEG+Z,SS:POKEG+C+Z,O:RETURN
 5000 FORI=OTOQ:IFP(I)=G+ZTHENIFDP=0THENJ=P(I):DP=O:CP=I:RETURN
 5010 NEXT: IFG+Z<>G+BORGC<=0THENRETURN
 5020 D=858:E=846:DU=40:SN=200:GOSUB7000:D=888:E=847:GOSUB7000:D=918:E=848:GOSUB7
 5030 IFBC=BLTHENSC=SC+GC*Q:PH=PH+1:G0T05050
 5040 SC=SC+GC*Q*2:PH=PH+2:PC=0
 5050 GOSUB6000:BC=BL:BD=O:L=0:K=10:B=0:RETURN
 7000 POKED, DU: POKE853, SN: POKEE, SN: RETURN
 8000 PRINT"DAYOUR SCORE WAS";SC
 8006 IFSC>HITHENHI≃SC
8007 PRINT" ■THE HIGHEST IS ";HI
8008 PRINT" NOULD YOU LIKE ANOTHER GAME"
8010 FORI=1T010:GETG$:MEXT
8020 GETG$: IFG$=""THEN8020
8030 IFG$="Y"THEN100
8040 END
9000 HH=36864:VV=36865:FORTT=1T050:GOSUB7000:HM=INT(RND(1)*2+10):VM=INT(RND(1)*8
9010 POKEVV,VM:POKEHH,HM:FORDD≈1TO25:NEXT:NEXT:POKEHH,12:POKEVV,38:RETURN
```



# CREATING GAMES

### The inner workings of a software house

Software houses have had to learn their trade fast.

Two years ago, games programming companies as successful as Bug-Byte, Psion, Quicksilva and Imagine were unthinkable. Now games software is big business and new software houses are appearing all the time. We asked one of these, Visions, to tell us about their operation, so if you send away a tape for consideration, you'll understand just what processes it has to go through before it finds its way into the local W.H. Smiths.

Visions was set up in West London last summer by four people with a background in different areas of the software industry: Sean de'Bray was previously involved in commercial software consultancy; Roz Evitts comes from a public relations company which specialised in computer clients; John Burnham is the production director with a background in the audio industry and Martin Parmiter is the financial director.

is the financial director.

They pooled their talents to become Visions and start producing games for the home market.

Any software house is ultimately only as good as its programs so Visions treat theirs with special care.

The company aims to have six programmers employed when it gets into full swing, but like many other games companies, a lot of the ideas are sent in by freelance writers.

These are tested and evaluated quickly. The accompanying informa-



tion is read and the game cassette loaded on the required machine. Some games have an initial impact and the testers take to them straight away, others only become compulsive when they have been played with for a while.

Any that show promise are looked at by other members of the Visions' staff — four people usually test each game and give their comments, and they're all keen games players.

As soon as it gets the go-ahead, the team start working on whether the game needs tidying up or if there are a few areas which need improvement. The programmer is contacted straight away and invited down for a chat — young programmers are asked to bring a parent. The schedule of the game is already being drawn up, with thought going into a possible release date, when adverts would need to be put into magazines and what sort of artwork will be used in presenting the cassette.

On meeting the programmer, the suggested improvements are talked over and Visions try to discover if he is capable of doing these himself or whether he will need help from the programmers on staff. Does he need any additional equipment to make the improvements, are there any books which might help.

At the end of the meeting, he is offered a contract. The company pays 25% royalties but will also pay an advance if extra work is involved.

Visions' designer asks an artist in to look at the game and work on some ideas for the cassette inlay.

Presentation of the cassette is an important factor in how it sells so a great deal of thought goes into the name of the game, the images which appear on the cassette packaging

and how it will be represented in advertisements.

If the formula is right, the company can end up with a top-selling cassette, finding its way into 10 15,000 homes.

#### HOW

Visions put great stress on the way of freelance programmer presents his games cassette.

The more information they have the quicker Visions' testing and production team can go into action.

Professional presentation can tell long before the games tester ever loads the cassette. One obvious requirement is to make sure you include your name and address and a phone number if you have one.

Explain what machine your game works for, whether it needs memory expansion, joysticks or any special cartridge to run.

Give its title, a brief write up on what kind of game it is and a rundown on the key controls. Full instructions should be included.

Is it written in Basic or Machine Code and what other machines might it be possible to transfer the game to?

Have you sent the game anywhere else and if so, is it on offer?

Before the tape goes in the post check that it loads, try it on more than one tape machine. Now it's time to include some personal details. Give your age if you're still a school, add a biography of your computer experience and (if you think it will help) where the idea for the game came from.

Your prize game may still not find its way into the shops but now you have at least given it every chance.



## Presentation on the

#### Simon Hunt talks colour and sound

The tips on Atari presentation come courtesy of English Software.

Simon Hunt is the programmer giving you the benefit of his knowledge of the Atari machine. He is responsible for the jewel in English Software's collection, Diamonds.

Diamonds is written in purely machine code, but Simon has reproduced the title sequence in Basic and uses it to illustrate a number of techniques which you can adapt to your own programs.

Variables used in the listing REGBKGD, REGDIAM, REGBKG2, REGNAME, REGTEXT: These define the addresses of the colour registers corresponding to the colour of the background, diamonds, author's name, and the other text

COLBKGD, COLDIAM, COLNAME, COLTEXT: define the actual colour value.

LABEL is used to read some of the Data: I have appended labels to the ends of data statements to show what the data is.

RAMTOP defines the register which points to the top of usable memory.

CHBAS defines the register which points to the beginning of the character set table.

SETP points to the area of memory IK below Ramtop: this is where my new character set will be placed. SETMEM is the actual value of the first memory location in the new character set table.

CHAR controls the input of the 44 re-defined characters

BYTE controls the input of the eight bytes which define each character.

DATA is used to read in the data values.

I is just a general variable.

DLIST defines the memory location at the start of the

display list.
DLISTP, DLISTP+1 define the registers which tell the
Atari where to find the display list.

DELAY is used to control the speed at which the colours change.

Figure 1: Bit values of a byte	data val 2+64 (66).		ld be		
128 64 32 16 8 4 2 1			re of		
Figure 2: Character set	Figure 3: Structure of the display				
table	Graphics		Scan		
Character 0	Mode	value	Lines		
Byte 0 Setmem	2	7+64*	16		
Byte 1 Setmem +1	-	112	8		
Byte 2 Setmem +2	2	7	16		
Byte 3 Setmem +3 Byte 4 Setmem +4	_	112			
Byte 5 Setmem +5		112	16		
Byte 6 Setmem +6	1	6	8		
Byte 7 Setmem +7	1	6 6	8		
Character 1	1	6	8		
Byte 0	1	112	0		
Byte 1	_	112	16		
Byte 2	2	7	16		
*NB The 64 is the part of	_	112	10		
the instruction which		112	16		
says the following two	2	7	16		
bytes define the start	_	112	8		
address of the display	2	7	16		
data. The 7 is the mode	_	112	8		
value. If the first line	0	2	8		
was a mode 0 line, this		Tota	l 192		

The success or failure of any programme usually depends upon its "POP". This stands for Presentation, Originality and Playability and I be-

lieve Presentation is the most important consideration of the three. In this listing below I'll start by showing how the colours are set up between lines 600 and 720.

Register 708 is colour register 0; register 712 is Colour register 4. The values of any combination of hue and luminance can be calculated by multiplying the hue value by 16 and adding the luminance level. This value is them poked directly into the colour register. So SETCOLOUR 1,4,8, can be replaced by Poke 709, 4\*16+8 or Poke 709,72.

Note that in Graphics mode 0 colour register 2 (location 710) defines the colour of the background, but in graphics modes 1 and 2, colour register 4 (location 712) defines the background colour.

Since the title page uses modes 0, 1 and 2 all at once, registers 2 and 4 have been set to the same colour to keep the background uniform; registers 0, 1 and 3 define the colours of the Text.

Lines 1000 to 1100 load in the character set.

The Atari's default character set is stored in 1K of ROM starting at location 57344. The register CHBAS (756) points to the first page of the character set data, (a 'page' is used to describe 256 bytes of memory). At power-up PEEK (756) will return the value 224 since 224\*256=57344. If we POKE CHBAS with a different page number (in multiples of four) the Atari will use the data in the following 1K of memory to display the characters.

Now each character is displayed as an 8 x 8 grid. Each row of pixels is defined by one byte of data and where the bits are set to 1 in the byte, the corresponding pixel in the character will be lit.

So each character is defined by eight bytes. The first byte is the top or row, the last byte is the bottom row. The bit values are shown in fig 1—29 to calculate the value of the byte, add the bit values together. (A row with the end bits lit has the value of the last he value of the byte are defined by the last he walle of the strength of the last he value of the strength of the byte are defined by the last he walle of the walle of the last he walle of the last he walle of the last he w

Programme lines 1060 to 1090 load the character set data into RAM IK below Ramtop while line 1100 activates the new character set.

Lines 2000 to 2040 load the title page data.

The area of RAM used to store the data telling the Atari which characters to display on the screen, is location 1536 to 1755. This is part of page six (page six runs from 1536 to 1791). The rest of page six will be used to store the display list.

Page six is an area of RAM which is not used by Basic or the operating system and so is free to be used by the programmer.

The display list is set up between 3000 and 3090.

It is a list of instructions which tell the Atari the types of graphics mode lines to use for a screen, and where the screen data may be found in memory.

When you execute a GRAPHICS command in Basic, an area at the top of RAM is cleared and used to store the screen data, and a display list is generated just below this area to define which mode lines to use in displaying the data. GRAPHICS 0 produces a display list that defines 24 mode, 0 lines. GRAPHICS 1 produces a display list which defines 20 mode 1 lines than 4 modes 0 lines for the text window.

By choosing the right instructions we can write our own display list to create whatever pattern of mode lines we require, remembering that the size of the screen must never exceed 24 mode 0 lines of 12 mode 2 lines, or the equivalent.

A 'SCAN' line is the name given to a line 1 pixel high. So a mode 0 line is eight scan lines high; a mode 2 line is 16 scan lines high. Thus the maximum number of scan lines in a display is 24\*8=192. My Display list is structured as shown in figure 3.

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20020 REM 9000 REM --- TEXT DATA ---29005 REM 29000 DATA 31,22,19,0,19,26,21,24,23,30,25,0,30,27,20,31,34,16,29,19
29015 DATA 0,0,17,27,25,28,16,26,35,0,28
29,19,30,19,26,31,30,6,0
39020 DATA 203,201,194,199,200,195,196,2
07,202,197,198,201,202,196,197,203,201,2
99,195,196 29030 ORTA 202,202,0,197,202,204,197,199 199,197,197,202,202,205,197,202,202,194 29040 DATA 202,202,0,197,202,0,197,197,1 3,197,197,202,202,202,197,202,202,200,0 29050 DATA 195,193,194,195,194,0,193,193 .0,193,194,193,194,0,193,195,193,0,195,0 29060 DATA 0,16,32,31,22,27,29,36,0,94,8 7,89,91,90,0,86,96,90,95,0 29070 DATA 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,37,0,38,39,40,4 1.0,0.0,0.0,0.0 2000 DATA 16,24,24,0,29,23,21,22,31,30, 0.0,29,19,30,19,29,33,19,18 2000 DATA 0.0,16,30,0,30,19,19,26,0,23, 20,0.43,17,27,25,28,32 2900 DATA 31,19,29,0,42,0,33,23,18,19,2 19900 REM --- CHARACTER SET DATA ---30010 REM X,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 DATA 0.0,0,0,0,0,X 30022 DATA 32,112,32,0,0,0,0,0,X 70024 DATA 2.7.2.0.0.0.0.0.X 9025 DATA 34,119,34,0,0,0,0,0,0,X 9028 DATA 0,0,0,0,32,112,32,0,X 9030 DATA 32,112,32,0,32,112,32,0,X 9032 DATA 2,7,2,0,32,112,32,0,X 70034 DATA 34,119,34,0,32,112,32,0,X 30035 REM 19936 DATA 0.0.0.0.2.7.2.0.X 70038 DATA 32,112,32,0,2,7,2,0,X 30040 DATA 2,7,2,0,2,7,2,0,X 39042 DATA 34,119,34,0,2,7,2,0,X 30044 DATA 0,0,0,0,34,119,34,0,X 39046 DATA 32,112,32,0,34,119,34,0,X 39048 DATA 2,7,2,0,34,119,34,0,X 39048 DATA 2,7,2,0,34,119,34,0,X 10051 REM 9052 DATA 56,40,108,108,68,254,198,0, 13054 DATA 124,238,192,192,192,238,124,0 0056 DATA 252,110,102,102,102,110,252,0 0058 DATA 254,224,192,252,192,224,254,0 3960 DATA 254,224,192,252,192,192,192,0 0082 DATA 124,238,192,206,198,238,126,0 0964 DATA 198,198,198,254,238,198,198,0 0066 DATA 60,24,24,24,24,24,60,0, 0068 DATA 192,192,192,192,192,224,254,0

```
30070 DATA 198,238,254,214,214,198,198,0
 30072 DATA 230,230,246,214,222,206,206,0
 30074 DATA 124,238,198,198,198,238,124,0
30076 DATA 252,238,198,252,192,192,192,0
30078 DATA 252,238,198,252,248,220,206,0
30080 DATA 124,238,192,124,6,238,124,0,
30082 DATA 126,60,24,24,24,24,24,0,
30084 DATA 198,198,198,198,198,238,124,0
30086 DATA 130,198,68,108,108,40,56,0,
30088 DATA 198,198,198,214,214,254,108,0
30090 DATA 102,102,102,60,24,24,24,0,
30092 DATA 0.0.24.24.0.24.24.0.
30094 DATA 60,66,153,161,161,153,66,60,
30096 DATA 24,56,24,24,24,24,60,0,
30098 DATA 124,238,198,126,6,238,124,0,
30100 DATA 124,238,198,124,198,238,124,0
30102 DATA 124,238,6,28,6,238,124,0,
30104 DATA 56,108,56,112,222,204,118,0,
70106 DATA 102,102,102,0,0,0,0,0,
10 REM *****************
20 REM *** DIAMONDS TITLE DISPLAY ***
30 REM *** ADAPTED TO BASIC BY ***
40 REM *** SIMON HUNT ***
50 REM *****************
80 REM
70 GRAPHICS 18:REM BLANK OUT SCREEN
500 REM
510 REM ....
800 REM --- SET UP COLOURS ---
610 REM
620 REGBKGO=712:COLBKGD=224
830 REGDIAM=711:COLDIAM=30
640 REGBKG2=710
650 REGNAME=709:COLNAME=218
860 REGTEXT=708:COLTEXT=22
670 REM
680 POKE REGBKGD, COLBKGD
690 POKE REGBKG2, COLBKGD
700 POKE REGNAME, COLNAME
710 POKE REGDIAM, COLDIAM
 20 POKE REGTEXT, COLTEXT
970 REM
980 REM
990 REM
1000 REM --- LOAD CHARACTER SET --
1010 REM
1020 DIM LABEL$(24):RESTORE 30020
1030 RAMTOP=106:CHBAS=756
```

```
1040 SETP=PEEK(RAMTOP)-4
  1050 SETMEM=SETP*256
 1000 SETTEMPSETA & 206
1000 FOR CHAR=0 TO 43:FOR BYTE=0 TO 7
1070 READ DATA
1080 POKE SETMEM+CHAR*8+BYTE, DATA
1090 NEXT BYTE:READ LABEL$:NEXT CHAR
1100 POKE CHBAS, SETP
   980 REM ....
  1990 REM
  2000 REM --- LOAD DATA INTO PAGE 6 ---
 2010 REM
 2020 RESTORE 29010
2030 FOR I=0 TO 219:READ DATA
2040 POKE 1536+I,DATA:NEXT I
  2060 REM
  2080 REM
  3000 REM --- SET UP DISPLAY LIST ---
  3010 REM
  3020 DLISTP=560:DLIST=1536+220
  3030 REM
  3040 RESTORE 3200:I=0
 3050 READ LABEL*:IF LABEL*(1,1)<>"-" THE
N POKE DLIST+I,VAL(LABEL*):I=I+1
3060 IF LABEL*<>"-END" THEN 3050
  3070 REM
  3090 POKE DLISTP,220:POKE DLISTP+1,6
 3100 REM -- DISPLAY LIST DATA --
 3120 REM
 3200 DATA 112,112,112,—SKIP 24 SCAN LNS
3210 DATA 71,0,6,—LMS MODE 2
3220 DATA 112,—SKIP 8 SCAN LINES
3220 DATA 112,—SKIP 8 SCAN LINES
3230 DATA 7,—MODE 2 LINE
3230 DATA 7,—MODE 2 LINE
3250 DATA 112,112,—SKIP 16 SCAN LINES
3250 DATA 112,112,—SKIP 16 SCAN LINES
3260 DATA 112,112,—SKIP 16 SCAN LINES
3270 DATA 7,—MODE 2 LINE
3280 DATA 112,112,—SKIP 16 SCAN LINES
3290 DATA 7,—MODE 2 LINE
3300 DATA 112,—SKIP 8 SCAN LINES
3310 DATA 7,—MODE 2 LINE
3320 DATA 112,—SKIP 8 SCAN LINES
3320 DATA 112,—SKIP 8 SCAN LINES
3330 DATA 2,—MODE 0 LINE
3330 DATA 2,—MODE 0 LINE
3340 DATA 65,220,6,—JUMP START OF DLIST
 3350 DATA -END
 3500 REM
4000 REM --- CYCLE THE COLOURS ---
4010 REM
4020 FOR I=1 TO 30
4300 COLDIAM=COLDIAM+16
4310 IF COLDIAM>256 THEN COLDIAM=COLDIAM
4330 POKE REGDIAM, COLDIAM
4330 FOR DELAY=1 TO 4:NEXT DELAY
4340 NEXT I
4350 COLTEXT=COLTEXT+16
4360 IF COLTEXT>256 THEN COLTEXT=COLTEXT
4370 POKE REGTEXT, COLTEXT
4380 GOTO 4020
20000 RFM
```

Lines 3040 to 3060 load the display list data into page six and line 3090 tells the Atari to start using this list.

Any address in the Atari's memory is defined by two bytes — the first is known as the least significant byte (LSB) and the second the most significant byte (MSB). The address is calculated by multiplying the MSB by 256 and adding the LSB.

The first three bytes of the display list cause 24 scan lines to be skipped; this defines the top border of the display. The next byte says to use a

mode 2 line and that the next two bytes give the start address of the screen data. These bytes point to location 1536: 0 (LSB) =6 (MSB)\*256. So the first 20 bytes of page six are displayed in mode 2 at the top of the screen.

The next byte says skip eight scan lines — this leaves a gap between the mode 2 lines. The next byte says use a mode 2 line, so the second 20 bytes of page six are displayed on this line.

The last three bytes of the display

list tell the Atari to jump to the beginning of the display list again. The first of these bytes is the jump command; the other two bytes give the start address of the Display List.

Lines 4000 to 4380 of the listing alter the colours of the text, and gives a sparkling effect to the Diamonds. The hue is changed by the luminance level is kept the same; this is achieved by adding 16 to the previous colour value lines 4310 and 4360 make sure the value to be POKED is within the range 0-255.

# VESPOZIAN An adventure transport of the control of

#### RUNS ON A DRAGON IN 32K.

1 CLS:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT" UTER & VIDEO GAMES":PRINT" Y PRATT":FORI=0T03000:NEXT		ZIAN AFFAIR' 'ENTURE BY":F					COMP
2 CLS:PRINT"YOU PLAY THE ROLE ESHIP VESPOZIAN."	OF D'TAAN	, scienti	FIC O	FFICER	ABOARD	THE	SPA(
3 PRINT"YOUR (PRIVATE) MISSION	IS TO	OBLITERATE	THE B	LOODLIN	ΙE	STAR	RGATE

- S PRINT"YOUR (PRIVATE) MISSION IS TO OBLITERATE THE BLOODLINE STARGA • ALL THE INFORMATION YOU NEED TO DO THIS IS AVAILABLEWITHIN THE GAME!"
- 4 PRINT:PRINT" USE 1-WORD OR 2-WORD COMMANDS":PRINT:PRINT" GOOD LUCK D'TA ha AN":FORI=0T08000:NEXT
- 5 CLEAR500
- 10 DIML#(14), L1#(14), E#(14), D#(14), O#(18), P(18), C(18), NB#(11), Q#(4), V#(8)
- 20 FORI=0T014:READL\$(I),L1\$(I),E\$(I),D\$(I):NEXT:FORI=0T018:READO\$(I),P(I),C(I):NEXT:FORI=0T011:READNB\$(I):NEXT
- 50 PN=1:CT=0:JM=-1:PV=6:CY=143:PF=600:CD=2:AT\$="A THOUGHT IS FRAMED IN YOUR MIND ":ST=1:PI=999:SF=1
- 60 WV\$="TAKDROLIFLOOEXAOPEUNLLOCCLOWEAREMINSRAIPREKILSLE"
- 70 WG\$="PORSTAFORAFTUP DOWOUTBUNSHUNOREASWESBULDOOCRAVES"
- 80 WD\$="PSFAUDOBTNEWLRCY"
- 90 WN\$="SHUDEYPOLCRAASBSPACONCYLTONBEZGRAMAC005001002003004KEYROCDISPILDOOBUTARO SCRBUNSHE"
- 95 Q\$(1)="COMPUTER & VIDEO GAMES":Q\$(2)="WELCOMES YOU TO":Q\$(3)="THE SEVENTH EMPIRE ADVENTURE"
- 100 IFPN=5ANDPL=9THENRT=5ELSEIFFN<>5THENRT=0
- 101 IFP(7)=90R(P(6)=9ANDC(6) > 2)THENSF=0
- 102 IFPV=3ANDP(2)=99THENP(2)=4
- 103 IFPN=2ANDC(0)=-4ANDC(4)<>5THENGOSUB35300:GOTO60050
- 104 CT=CT+1:IFC(6)=3ANDP(6)=9THENC(6)=4:PF=PF+2000:Q\$(3)="NEW FUEL LOADED":O\$(6) ="METAL CONTAINER"
- 105 IFST=1THENJE=JE+1:IFJE>24THENJE=JE-25:PV=PV+JM:CLS:IFPV=CD THENST=2:PF=PF-10
  0:PRINT"VESPOZIAN IN ";NB\$(PV);" ORBIT":PLAY"L404V31AP75AP75L3A#"ELSEPRINT"VESPOZIAN PASSING ";NB\$(PV):PLAY"L404V31AP75AP75L3A#"
- 106 IFRT=5THENP(9)=99:P(10)=6ELSEIFPN=5ANDRT=0THENP(9)=5:P(10)=5
- 107 IFCT>200THENCT=1:CY=CY+1
- 108 IFCD=PV THENST=2
- 109 IFST=2THENOD\$="ORBITING"ELSEOD\$="BEARING ON"
- 110 IFPN=9ANDC(4)<>4THENGOSUB35300:GOTO60010
- 120 IFPV=2ANDPN=4ANDP(12)=99THENP(12)=4
- 125 IFP(2)=13THENP(2)=88:PI=CY:Q\$(3)="POLYPS VANISH INTO THE ROCKS"
- 126 IFCY>PI+19 THENP(18)=13:PI=CY
- 129 IFP(1)=PN AND(PN=80RPN=13)AND(P(18)<)130RP(6)<)13)THENQ $\phi$ (3)="SWITCH STARTS MOTOR. DRILL":Q $\phi$ (4)="ENGAGES AND SPRAYS DUST!"
- 130 IFP(18)=13ANDP(1)=13ANDP(6)=13ANDC(6)=2THENP(18)=88:0\$(6)="FUEL CONTAINER":C(6)=3:Q\$(3)="SWITCH STARTS MOTOR, DRILL":Q\$(4)="ENGAGES AND FILLS CONTAINER"
- 135 IFP(17)=55THENC(3)=3
- 140 IFC(4) > 3AND(PN=10RPN=60RPN=70RPN=10)THENIG=IG+1ELSEIG=0
- 145 IFIG > 0THENP(10)=PN:IFIG=7THENGOSUB35300:GOTO60070
- 146 IFP(10)=PN THENIFRND(6)=3THENQ\$(1)="EVER GET THE FEELING . . ?"
- 150 IFP(4)<>PN ANDP(4)<>88ANDP(4)<>55ANDP(4)<>11ANDP(4)<>66THENP(4)=88:Q\$(1)="ST

The Seventh Empire is dominated by the Bloodline race, a tyrannical regime headed by hereditary clones. They alone control the 'greenhouse effect' planets, those rich in stellar energy - energy especially useful for interstellar travel. And interstellar travel means power.

Bloodline Scientists have developed a theory that "greenhouse effect" planets are created by 'Polyps" - small organisms that are the nomads of space. The theory holds that if a new generation of Polyps form on a dead planet, their activity turns it, over a period of time, into a greenhouse effect planet. The time scale for this process is estimated at 20 years.

The Bloodline Empire have therefore chartered a space exploration vessel, The Vespozian, skippered by Captain Bezel from the Pirate Empire, to investigate the Funus solar system to test their theories.

On board The Vespozian s D'taan, a female human scientist, charged with the responsibility of conducting this investigation. D'taan is ambitious, and would risk a lot to gain control of a source of stelar energy.

However, to do this, she would need to break free from the influence of the Bloodline Empire, by obliterating the Bloodline Sargate currently stafoned in the Funus Syslem, and to which the



Vespozian is now returning at the end of its voyage.

Nearing the end of its journey, Vespozian is low on fuel. Each change of course uses 100 picaroth of fuel, and Vespozian's only weapon, a laser cannon, uses a massive 1000 Picaroth each time it is fired.

D'taan is uneasy. She is convinced that there is a Bloodline spy aboard.

"The Vespozian Affair", you become the cautious D'taan.

To play this Adventure, enter 1-word or 2-word commands when prompted by "WHAT NOW?". Bear in mind that to move to a different location you must always use the verb "GO" followed by a direction or location. And be careful - I think you're being followed ...

#### SEVENTH EMPIRE ADVENTURE NOTES

Alward the Vespozian heading through the Funus system ago into orbit around Gyrates, and there to dock with the codline Stargate, also in orbit aound Gyrates. As the ume starts, the Vespozian is between the orbits of Great ligen and Bulgen.

#### Mission

obliterate the Stargate using the Vespozian's laser respon. As D'taan, you must do this covertly, avoiding epicion by the Bloodline spy Grakta, and without the liwledge or help from Captain Bezel.

#### 3. Game Description

This follows the usual Adventure format, but breaks out this mode for control of the ship, and view of the navigational details.

#### 3.1 Navigational Details

These are reported on a screen in the Navigation Room. The screen is not visible from "Adventure" mode, but a "LOOK AROUND" clue mentions the screen. "LOOK SCREEN" will display it. Details given are:-CLONE-YEAR

ZONETIME CURRENT BEARING OR ORBIT OF VESPOZIAN

ETA AT BEARING (IN ZONETIME) FUEL LEVEL (IN PICAROTH)

LASER OPEARTIVE OR INOPERATIVE

 Note that 1 clone-year = 200 Zonetime. 1 Zonetimes = 1 player's command.

At start, the fuel level is 600 picaroth. Picaroth is the energy unit, and usable as follows:-

To change ship's course - 100pR

To freeze crew cryogenically — 10pR/Clone-year To fire laser - 1000pR

#### 3,2 Control of Vespozian

Normally from Bridge, where LOOK AROUND clue says "Button marked Thought Control". Pressing button is impossible, as player is restrained by Machen, the pilot.

A metal lined gangway near the door of the suit room, reveals via "LOOK AROUND" a hidden bulkhead which can then be entered. It contains a duplicate control. No button is visible, so the player must deduce there is a button from his look at the Bridge. Pressing the button puts the game in "control mode" eg:

A THOUGHT IS FRAMED IN YOUR MIND HEADING, CRYOGEN, LASER or END?

To change the ship's direction, a touch of the "H" key will cause the current location and heading to be displayed, and a request for new destination.

The reply is validated against known planets and stars, and against the current fuel level. If OK, the course correction is applied and confirmed, and the fuel decreased by 100pR.

As the ship passes each planet, between moves, the screen is cleared and:

"VESPOZIAN PASSING say ROTH"

```
RANGE FEELING . . "ELSEIFP(5)<>PN ANDP(5)<>55ANDP(5)<>88ANDP(5)<>11ANDP(5)<>66THE
      160 IFC(3)=2ANDP(17) <> 55ANDP(17) <> 99THENP(17)=88:Q$(1)="FUNNY - SOMETHING'S
      170 IFP(10)=1ANDPN=1ANDK1=14THENGOSUB35300:GOT060080
      175 IFPN=60RPN=70RPN=100RPN=1THENIFRND(3)=2THENP(10)=PN ELSEP(10)=88
      180 IFP(17)=55ANDPN <> 11ANDPN <>10ANDC(17) > 2 THENGOSUB35300:GOTO60100
       185 IFC(0)=3ANDPN <> 1ANDPN <> 2THENGOSUB35300:GOTO60110
       200 FORI=1TOLEN(E$(PN))
       210 IFMIDs(Es(PN),I,1)="P"THENEXs=EXs+"PORT."
       220 IFMID#(E#(PN), I, 1)="S"THENEX#=EX#+"S'BOARD."
       230 IFMID#(E#(PN),I,1)="F"THENEX#=EX#+"FOR'D."
       240 IFMIDs(Es(PN),I,1)="A"THENEXs=EXs+"AFT."
       250 IFMID#(E#(PN),I,1)="U"THENEX#=EX#+"UP."
       260 IFMID#(E#(PN),I,1)="D"THENEX#=EX#+"DOWN."
       270 IFMID#(E#(PN),I,1)="O"THENEX#=EX#+"OUT."
       290 II=0:V$(II)="VISIBLE: ":FORI=0T018:IFP(I)=PN THENOS$=0$(I)ELSENEXT:GOT0330
       310 IFLEN( V$( II ) )+LEN( OS$ ) < 29THENV$( II )=V$( II )+OS$+". ": OS$=""ELSEII=II+1:GOTO
       330 CLS:PRINT"I AM ";L$(PN):PRINTL1$(PN):PRINTSTRING$(32,131);:IFLEN(EX$) > 0THE
        NPRINT"EXITS: ";EX#
        340 IFLEN(V$(0)) > 9THENPRINTV$(0)
        345 FORI=1T08:IFV$(I) <> ""THENPRINTV$(I)
        360 PRINTSTRING$(32,131);:IFA$<>""THENPRINT"---->YOU SAID ";A$
        365 PRINT:FORI=1T04:IFQ$(I)<>""THENPRINTQ$(I)
        390 PL=PN:FORI=0T04:V$(I)="":Q$(I)="":NEXT:A1$="":A2$="":A3$="":A4$="":EX$="":I
        370 NEXT
        380 PRINT:PRINT"---->WHAT NOW";
        405 IFA2$="INV"THEN4000ELSEIFA2$="WAI"THEN5000ELSEIFC2$="QUI"THEN61500ELSEIFA2$
        "HEL"THEN6000ELSEIFA2="SLE"THEN18000
        410 J=0:FORI=1TOLEN(A$):IFMID$(A$,I,1)=" " THENJ=I
        420 NEXT: IFJ=0THEN40110ELSEA1$=LEFT$(A$,J-1):A3$=RIGHT$(A$,LEN(A$)-J):A4$=LEFT$
         448 X$=WV$:Y$=A2$:GOSUB35000:IFJ=0THENQ$(2)="I DON'T KNOW HOW TO "+A1$:GOTO100:
         A3$,30
         SEK1=(J-1)/3+1
         450 X$=WN$:Y$=A4$:GOSUB35000
         460 IFJ=0THENQ$(2)="WHAT IS A "+A3$+"?":GOTO100
         490 ONK1 GOTO2000,3000,7000,8000,8000,9000,10000,11000,12000,13000,14000,15000
         1000 X#=WG$:Y$=A4$:GOSUB35000:IFJ=0THEN40010ELSEX$=E$(PN):Y$=MID$(WD$,(J-1)/3+
         1):GOSUB35000:IFJ=0THEN40010ELSEPN=VAL(MID$(D$(PN),(J-1)*2+1,2)):GOTO40020
         2000 IFK2=19THEN40030ELSEIFK2 > 18THEN40070ELSEIFP(K2)=55THEN40040ELSEIFP(K2)
         N THEN40050ELSEIFC(K2)=-2THEN40000ELSEIFC(K2)=-1THEN40060ELSEIFP(9)=PN THEN401
          2010 IF(K2=70R(K2=6ANDC(6)=3))ANDP(8) <> 55THENQ$(2)="TOO HOT TO HANDLE":GOTO
          ELSEIFIN > 3THENQ$(2)="I AM OVERLOADED ALREADY!":GOTO100ELSEIN=IN+1:P(K2)=55:
          3000 IFK2 > 18THEN40070ELSEIFP(K2) <> 55THEN40070ELSEIFK2=1AND(PN <> 8ANDPN <
          3)THENGOSUB35300:GOTO60060ELSEIN=IN-1:IFPN=14THENP(K2)=66:QΦ(3)="SLIPPED IT U
          R FILLOW"ELSEP(K2)=PN
          4000 Q#(1)="I AM CARRYING: ":IFIN=0THENQ#(2)="NOTHING":GOTO100ELSEJ=1:FORI=0T
          4010 IFP(I)=55THENIFLEN(Q$(J))+LEN(O$(I))>29THENJ=J+1:IFJ=5THENI=18:NEXT:GOTO
          ELSEGOTO4010ELSEQ#(J)=Q#(J)+O#(I)+". "
           4020 NEXT: GOTO100
          5000 CT=CT+15:IFST=1THENJE=JE+15
           6000 Q$(2)="ALWAYS LOOK AROUND AND":Q$(3)="EXAMINE THINGS. TRY WORDS":Q$(4)="
           E INSERT, LIFT, WAIT . .":GOTO100
```

7000 [FK2<>200RPN<>14THEN40000ELSEQ\$(2)="NOTHING !":FORI=0T018:IFP(I)=66THENP(I) =14:Q\$(2)="IT WAS STILL THERE!" 7010 NEXT: GOTO100 8000 IFK2<>23THEN8010ELSEIFPN=7THENQ\$(2)="I SEE BUTTON MARKED":Q\$(3)="-THINK CON TROL-":GOTO100ELSEIFPN=10ANDLEN(E\$(10))=2THENE\$(10)=E\$(10)+"L":Q\$(2)="WOW!":L1\$( 10)=L1\$(10)+" AND HIDDEN BULKHEAD":GOTO100 8005 IFPN=9ANDE\$(9)="S"THENE\$(9)="SC":P(3)=9:Q\$(2)="AHA!":GOTO100ELSEIFPN=6THENQ

\$(2)="COURSE DATA ON SCREEN":GOTO100 8007 IFPN=2THENIFC(0)=-3THENQ\$(3)="INNER DOOR OPEN":Q\$(4)="OUTER DOOR CLOSED":GO TO48828ELSEIFC(8)=-4THENQ\$(3)="INNER DOOR CLOSED":Q\$(4)="OUTER DOOR OPEN":GOTO48

8010 IFK2=19THEN40030ELSEIFK2=1THENIFP(1)<>55ANDP(1)<>PN THEN40030ELSEQ\$(2)="IT

HAS HOLLOW CYLINDRICAL CUTTER":Q\$(3)="AND PRESSURE—SENSITIVE SWITCH":GOTO100

8015 IF(PN=20RPN=1)ANDK2=22THENQ\$(2)="SIGN -AIRLOCK CONTROL-":GOTO100

8020 IFK2<17ANDK2>11THENIFP(K2)<>55THEN40070ELSEON K2-11G0T08700,8710,8720,8730, 9749

8025 IFK2=20ANDPN=14THENQ\$(3)="LOOKS STRANGELY LUMPY . .":GOTO40020

8026 IFK2=24ANDPN=6THEN45000

THE

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OTO

THE

: IH

92\$=

BOEL

3+1

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010

UNDE

8030 Q\$(3)="NOTHING SPECIAL":GOTO40020



You haven't seen the Bloodline disc have you?" grated Grakta

8700 Q\$(2)="LABEL -YUSES-":GOTO100 8710 Q\$(2)="LABEL -POLYPS-":GOTO100 8720 Q\$(2)="LABEL ~FUNUS~":GOTO100

8730 Q\$(2)="LABEL -CONFIDENTIAL-":GOTO100

8740 Q\$(2)="LABEL -BLOODLINE-":GOTO100

9000 IFK2<>21THEN40000ELSEIFPN<>10THEN40050ELSEIFC(17)=2THENQ\$(2)="LOCKED!":GOTO 100ELSEIFC(17)=4THENQ\$(2)="ALREADY OPEN!":GOTO100ELSEIFP(7)=10THEN60000

9018 C(17)=4:E\$(10)=E\$(10)+"R":GOTO40020

18888 IFK2<>21THEN48888ELSEIFPN<>18THEN488SØELSEIFC(17)>2THEN48898ELSEIFP(17)<>5 5THEN40060ELSEC(17)=3:G0T040020

SEC(17)=2:GOTO40020

12000 | IFK2<>21THEN40000ELSEIFPN<>10THEN40050ELSEIFC(17)<>4THEN40060ELSEC(3)=3:E\$ 10)=LEFT\$(E\$(10),3):GOTO40020

13000 IFK2<>4ANDK2<>5THEN40000ELSEIFP(K2)<>55THEN40070ELSEIFC(4)=K2 THENQ\$(2)="W HAT'S THIS I'M WEARING THEN?":GOTO100ELSEIFC(4)>2THENQ\$(2)="WEARING "+LEFT\$(0\$(C 4)),LEN(0\$(C(4)))-7):G0T0100ELSEC(4)≈K2:0\$(K2)=0\$(K2)+" (W0RN)":G0T040020

14000 IF(K2<>4ANDK2<>5>ORC(4)=2THEN40080ELSEC(4)=2:0\$(K2)=LEFT\$(O\$(K2),LEN(O\$(K2 D-7):GOT040020

15000 IFK2=19THEN40030ELSEIFK2<120RK2>16THEN40000ELSEIFP(K2)<>55THEN40070ELSEIFP

NC>6THENQ\$(2)="NO COMPUTER TO TAKE IT":GOTO100

15005 IFP(10)=6ANDK2>11ANDK2<17THENGOSUB35300:GOTO60090

15010 CLS3:PRINTO\$(K2);" SPINS IN IT'S DRIVE . .":PLAY"L101A":PLAY"05L100F#":CLS ON K2-11GOT015050,15100,15200,15250,15400

15050 PRINT"-YUSES SYSTEM-":PRINT"STAR SYSTEM ADJACENT":PRINT"TO FUNUS. HAS 3 PL ANETS: "SPRINTNB\$(11);" - BALL OF FIRE": PRINTNB\$(9); " - INHABITED BY MINING": COLONY, NO FINDS"

15060 PRINTNB\$(8);" - REMOTE DEAD PLANET":GOTO15500

15100 PRINT"-POLYPS-":PRINT"FREQUENT GALAXY IN MILLIONS":PRINT"AROUND ENERGY-RIC H PLANETS.":PRINT"REGENERATE EVERY 20 YEARS.":PRINT"ACTIVE POLYPS CAN TURN DEAD" PRINT"PLANET INTO GREENHOUSE-EFFECT":PRINT"PLANET, RICH IN STELLAR ENERGY"

15110 PRINT"AFTER 20 YEARS . . ":GOTO15500

15200 PRINT"-FUNUS SYSTEM-":PRINT"STAR WITH 7 PLANETS.":PRINT"IN ORDER FROM FUNU S:=":PRINTNB\$(1);" - (MOLTEN ROCK)":PRINTNB\$(2);" - (UNINHABITED)":PRINTNB\$(3);"

#### **DRAGON CONTINUED**

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- (GREENHOUSE EFFECT)":PRINTNB#(4);" - (INHABITED)"
15210 PRINTNB$(5):PRINTNB$(6);" - (ICY WASTE)":PRINTNB$(7);" - (LUMP OF ROCK)":G
15250 PRINT"-CAPTAIN'S LOG-":PRINT"BEARING TO DOCK WITH BLOODLINE":PRINT"STARGAT
E IN GYRATES ORBIT.":PRINT"MISSION ACCOMPLISHED - D'TARN'S":PRINT"EXPERIMENTS CO
NFIRM POLYP": PRINT"THEORY, PITY BLOODLINE WILL": PRINT"BENEFIT!"
15300 PRINT"GLAD TO GET SHOT OF THIS":PRINT"CREW! SUSPECT GRAKTA IS":PRINT"BLOOD
LINE SPY. MACHEN, ": PRINT"THE TIAITHEN LIZARD GIVES ME": PRINT"THE CREEPS. CAN'T G
ET RID OF":PRINT"HIM - ONLY PILOT ABOARD!":GOTO15500
15400 PRINT"-BLOODLINE-":PRINT"TYRANNICAL EMPIRE KEEPING":PRINT"CONTROL OF ENERG
Y SUPPLIES": PRINT"FROM GREENHOUSE PLANETS -": PRINT"ON WHICH INTERSTELLAR TRAVEL"
:PRINT"DEPENDS. ":PRINT"STARGATE IN FUNUS SYSTEM"
15410 PRINT"CAN SUMMONS CRUISERS TO":PRINT"QUELL REBELS.":GOTO15500
15500 FORJ=0T07:PLAY"05L100F#":FORI=0T01000:NEXT:NEXT:Q$(2)="YOU REMOVE THE DISC
 . .":GOT0100
16010 IFPN=7THENIFP(10)=7THEN60000ELSEQ$(2)="MACHEN, THE LIZARD PILOT":Q$(3)="RE
STRAINS YOU":GOTO100
16020 IFPN<>12THEN16400ELSEIFPF=0THEN60020ELSEGOSUB35100
16030 PRINT"HEADING, CRYOGEN, LASER, OR END"
16040 PLAY"05L255V31F":Z$=INKEY$:IFZ$="H"THEN16100ELSEIFZ$="C"THEN16200ELSEIFZ$=
"L"THEN16300ELSEIFZ$="E"THEN40020ELSE16040
16100 J=0:GOSUB35100:PRINT"CURRENTLY ";OD$;": ";NB$(CD):INPUT"NEW DESTINATION";A
A$:FORI=0T011:IFAA$=NB$(I)THENJ=I
 16105 NEXT:IFJ=0THENPRINT:PRINTAA$;" NOT ON DATABASE":FORI=0T02000:NEXT:GOT01602
 16110 IFJ=CD THEN16020ELSEIFJ>PV THENJM=1ELSEJM=-1
 16120 ST=1:JE=0:CD=J:PF=PF-100:PRINT:PRINT"COURSE CORRECTION APPLIED":PRINT"NEW
                                      ";PF;" PICAROTH":GOSUB35200:IFPF<1THEN60020
 BEARING: "; NB#(CD): PRINT"FUEL:
 16200 GOSUB35100:PRINT:PRINT"CRYOGENIC CONTROL":PRINT"ENERGY TO FREEZE CREW ~ 10
 PR/CY":PRINT:INPUT"HOW MANY CLONE-YEARS FREEZE"; AA$:IFVAL(AA$)*10>PF THENPRINT:
 PRINT"FUEL DEFICIENCY. "PRINT"ITERLOCK OVERRIDE": PRINT"* OPERATION ABORTED *": GOS
 16210 PF=PF-10*VAL(AA$):CY=CY+VAL(AA$):PRINT"STAND BY":GOSUB35200:GOSUB35300:PN=
 14:Q$(2)="YAWN . .":GOTO100
 16300 GOSUB35100:PRINT"LASER CONTROL":PRINT
 16305 PRINT:INPUT"TARGET ===>";AA$:IFAA$="STARGATE"THEN16320ELSEJ=0:FORI=0T011:I
 FNB#(I)=AA# THENJ=I:I=11:NEXTELSENEXT
 16310 IFJ=0THENPRINTAA$;" NOT ON DATABASE":GOSUB35200:GOTO16020
 16320 PRINT"TARGETED ON ";AA$:PRINT"POWER LOADING . .":FORI=0T05000:NEXT:IFPF<10
 00THENPRINT"FUEL DEFICIENCY"ELSEIFJ=PV OR(AA$="STARGATE"ANDPV=2)THEN16330ELSEPRI
  16325 PRINT"COMPUTER OVERRIDE":PRINT"* OPERATION ABORTED *":GOSUB35200:GOTO16020
 NTAA$;" OUT OF RANGE"
  16330 GOSUB35300:FORI=0T010:NEXT:GOSUB35300:FORI=0T010:NEXT:GOSUB35300:FORI=0T01
  0:NEXT:IFAA$<>"STARGATE"THEN60030ELSE60040
  16400 IFPN=1THEN16600
  16410 IFPN=2THEN16600ELSEIFPN<>3THEN40050
  16420 GOSUB35100:INPUT" THINK 'DESTINATION' OR 'END' ";AA$:IFAA$="VESPOZIAN"THEN
  IFP(0)=2THENPRINT"AT VESPOZIAN":PRINT"* OPERATION ABORTED *":GOSUB35200:GOTO100E
  LSEPRINT"IN FLIGHT VESPOZIAN":GOSUB35200:PRINT"DOCKING":GOSUB35200:P(0)=2:D$(3)=
  "2*":G0T016420
  16425 IFLEFT$(AA$,1)="E"THEN40020
  16430 J=0:FORI=0T011:IFAA$=NB$(I)THENJ=I
  16440 NEXT: IFJ=0THENPRINTAA$; " NOT ON DATABASE": GOSUB35200: GOTO100
  16450 IFJ<>PV THENPRINTAA$; " OUT OF RANGE": GOSUB35200: GOTO100
  16550 IFST=1THENPRINT"VESPOZIAN NOT IN ";AA$;" ORBIT":PRINT"* OPERATION BORTED *
  16560 IFJ<>8THENPRINT"CONDITIONS ON "; AA$: PRINT"NOT SUITABLE FOR SHUTTLE": PRINT"
  LANDING":PRINT"* OPERATION ABORTED *":GOSUB35200:GOTO100
  16565 IFC(0)<>-4THENPRINT"SHUTTLE BAY DOORS CLOSED":GOSUB35200:PRINT"* OPERATION
   16570 PRINT"HEADING - ";AA$:GOSUB35200:PRINT"LANDING ON ";AA$:P(0)=8:D$(3)="8*"
   16600 IFPN=1THENIFC(0)=-2THENC(0)=-3:L1$(1)="BLUE BUTTON BY OPEN BULKHEAD":E$(1)
   ="PFL":GOTO40020ELSEIFC(0)=-3THENC(0)=-2:L1$(1)="BLUE BUTTON BY CLOSED BULKHEAD"
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:E$(1)="PF":GOTO40020
16610 IFPN=2ANDC(0)=-3THENC(0)=-4:E$(2)="OT":D$(2)="4*3*":Q$(3)="INNER DOOR CLOS
ES":Q$(4)="OUTER DOOR OPENS":GOTO40020
16620 IFPN=2ANDC(0)=-4THENC(0)=-3:E$(2)="TP":D$(2)="3*1*":Q$(3)="OUTER DOOR CLOS
ES":Q$(4)="INNER DOOR OPENS":GOTO40020
16700 GOTO40050
17000 Q#(2)="TOO RISKY!":GOTO100
18000 Q$(2)="I'M NOT TIRED!":GOTO100
35000 J=0:FORI=1TOLEN(X$)STEPLEN(Y$):IFY$=MID$(X$,I,LEN(Y$)) THENJ=I:I=LEN(X$)
35010 NEXT: RETURN
35100 PLAY"":CLS:PLAY"05G#L255V30":PRINTAT$:PRINT:RETURN
35200 FORI=0T04000:NEXT:RETURN
35300 FORI=0T0100:CLS8:PLAY"05L255AV30":CLS5:PLAY"01L255A#V30":NEXT:RETURN
40000 Q$(2)="IMPOSSIBLE!":GOTO100
40010 Q$(2)="I CAN'T GO "+A3$:GOTO100
40020 Q$(2)≈"OK":GOTO100
40030 Q$(2)="REFERENCE DISC BY NUMBER":GOTO100
40040 Q$(2)="I'M ALREADY ACRRYIG IT!":GOTO100
40050 Q$(2)="I DON'T SEE IT HERE":GOTO100
40060 Q$(2)="I CAN'T - YET!":GOTO100
40070 Q$(2)≈"I'M NOT CARRYING IT!":GOTO100
40080 Q$(2)="YOU MUST BE JOKING!":GOTO100
40090 Q$(2)≈"OK — NOTHING HAPPENS":GOTO100
40100 Q$(2)≈"CAP'N WINKS TO ME AND":Q$(3)="GLANCES AT GRAKTA":GOTO100
40110 Q$(2)="HUH?":GOTO100
45000 CLS:PRINT:PRINT"CLONE YEAR:";CY;"
                                           ZONETIME: "; CT: PRINT: PRINTSTRING#(32,13
1);:PRINT:PRINT"VESPOZIAN ";OD#;" ";TAB(20)NB$(CD)
45002 IFST=1THENPRINT"ETA:";:CA=INT((CT+ABS(CD-PV)*25-JE)/200):CB=(CT+ABS(CD-PV)
*25-JE)-(CA*200):PRINTTAB(12)STR$(CA);".";RIGHT$(STR$(CB),LEN(STR$(CB))-1)
45005 PRINT"NEAREST BODY: "; TAB(9)NB$(PV): IFPV=2THENPRINTTAB(9)"BLOODLINE STARGAT
45010 PRINT"FUEL:";TAB(12)PF;" PICAROTH":PRINT"LASER:";:IFPF(1000THENPRINTTAB(13
)"INOPERATIVE"ELSEPRINTTAB(13)"OPERATIVE"
45020 PRINT:PRINTSTRING$(32,131);:PRINT:PRINT" THINK CONTROL REPORTING":PLAY"O
IL1V1B":PLAY"O1L1V1B":PLAY"O1L1V1B":PLAY"O1L1V1B":GOTO40020
50000 DATATHE CREW'S QUARTERS,LINED WITH BUNKS,DSB,7*1*14,IN THE RESEARCH LAB. W
ITH,BLUE BUTTON BY CLOSED BULKHEAD,PF,0*6*2*,IN THE SHUTTLE BAY,BLUE BUTTON ON W
ALL,P,1*,IN A SHUTTLE,WITH -THINK CONTROL- BUTTON,0,2*,OUTSIDE THE HULL,OF THE V
ESPOZIAN, V, 2*
50010 DATAIN THE CAPTAIN'S CABIN,,OC,6*9*,IN THE NAVIGATION AND,COMPUTER ROOM,AF
UP,1*7*105*,ON THE BRIDGE,,AU,6*0*,ON YUSES FAR UNDER,AN INDIGO SKY,TE,3*13,AT V
ESPOZIAN'S FUEL CORE,I CAN FEEL HEAT,8,105*
50020 DATAIN A METAL GANGWAY WITH A,DOOR,PD,9*6*1211,IN A SUIT ROOM,,P,10,IN A S
ECRET CONTROL ROOM, WITH DUPLICATE CONTROLS, 0, 10, ON YUSES FAR, UNDER AN INDIGO SKY
NEW,13138*,IN MY BUNK - IT HAS CLEAN,SHEETS & LARGE PILLOW,U,0*
50030 DATAAUTO-SHUTTLE,2,-2,STRANGE DEVICE,1,2,*POLYPS*,99,2,CRAWLWAY,99,-2,ASBE
STOS SUIT, 11, 2, SPACE SUIT, 11, 2, METAL CONTAINER, 5, 2, FUEL CYLINDER, 9, 2, INSULATED T
ONGS,1,2,CAP'N BEZEL,5,-2,GRAKTA,6,-2,MACHEN,7,-2,DISC 005,66,2
50040 DATADISC 001,1,2,DISC 002,7,2,DISC 003,5,2,DISC 004,6,2,KEY,12,2,GLOWING R
OCK, 99, -2
50050 DATAFUNUS,LITTLE FUNUS,GYRATES,ROTH,BILGEN,GREATER BILGEN,OUTER FUNUS,FAR
FUNUS, YUSES FAR, MID YUSES, YUSES NEAR, YUSES
60000 CLS:PRINT"GRAKTA, BLOODLINE SPY, BLASTS":PRINT"YOU WITH IS LASER":PRINT"YO
U ARE NOW A PILE OF YUSES DUST!":GOTO62000
60010 CLS:PRINT"AARGH . . !":PRINT"WENT INTO FUEL CORE WITHOUT":PRINT"PROTECTION
 - SEARING HEAT . .":GOTO62000
60020 CLS:PRINT"WITH NO FUEL, THE VESPOZIAN":PRINT"WANDERS AIMLESSLY OUT":PRINT"
OF CONTROL, LOST IN SPACE":GOT062000
60030 CLS:PRINT"TOO CLOSE PROXIMITY":PRINT"THE VESPOZIAN IS RIPPED APART":PRINT"
BY THE EXPLOSION": GOTO62000
60040 CLS:PRINT"WHAM!":PRINT"THE BLOODLINE STARGATE IS":PRINT"VAPOURISED. YOU HA
VE SUCCEEDED":PRINT"IN YOUR MISSION!":PRINT"CONGRATULATIONS!":GOTO62000
60050 CLS:PRINT"INNER DOOR CLOSES":PRINT"AIR EVACUATED":PRINT"OUTER DOOR OPENS":
PRINT"NO SPACE SUIT!":PRINT"YOU PERISH, AND DRIFT OUT":PRINT"INTO SPACE . . .":G
0T062000
60060 CLS:PRINT"PRESSURE SWITCH OPERATES":PRINT"DRILL ENGAGES AND BORES THROUGH"
PRINT"VESPOZIAN'S HULL.":IFC(4)=5THENPRINT"YOU DRIFT OFF INTO SPACE":PRINT"AND
PERISH WHEN YOUR":PRINT"OXYGEN RUNS OUT":GOTO62000
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60065 PRINT"YOU BURST APART WITH THE": PRINT"DEPRESSURISATION !": GOTO62000 60070 CLS:PRINT"WALKING AROUND IN ";O\$(C(4)):PRINT"IS HIGHLY SUSPICIOUS!":PRINT" GRAKTA — BLOODLINE SPY — ":PRINT"SHOOTS YOU!":GOT062000 60080 CLS:PRINT"GRAKTA - BLOODLINE SPY -":PRINT"KILLS YOU FOR TREACHERY AGAIST": 60090 CLS:PRINT"GRAKTA VAPOURISES YOU ON":PRINT"SUSPICION OF SPYING BY":PRINT"RE PRINT"THE BLOODLINE EMPIRE!": GOTO62000 TRIEVING COMPUTERISED DATA.":PRINT"YOU PERISH . .":GOT062000 60100 CLS:PRINT"GRAKTA NOTICES SUIT ROOM DOOR":PRINT"OPEN. FINDS KEY ON YOU AND" 60110 CLS:PRINT"GRAKTA NOTICES SHUTTLE BAY":PRINT"DOOR OPEN, AND SUSPECTS":PRINT "PLOT AGAINST BLOODLINE EMPIRE": PRINT"YOU ARE EJECTED IN THE": PRINT"SHUTTLE AND 61500 CLS:PRINT"YOU HAVE GIVEN UP!":PRINT"THE BLOODLINE WILL BE YOUR":PRINT"MAST 62000 PRINT:PRINT"YOUR ADVENTURE IS OVER":INPUT"AMOTHER GAME"; As:IFLEFTs(As,1)=" Y"THENRUNELSEEND

The Spectrum version of The Vespozian Affair will auto RUN from line 7000. It can be stopped at any time by use of the BREAK key and to resave use SAVE "ADVEN-TURE" line 7000.

8 BORDER 0: PAPER 0: INK 7: B RIGHT 0: FLASH 0: CLS 10 DIM L#(15,25): FOR I=1 TO 1 READ LECTO: NEXT I 11 DIM B\$(15,32): FOR I=1 TO 1 5: READ BS(I): NEXT I 12 DIM 0\$(19,15): FOR I=1 TO 1 9: READ OB(I): NEXT I 13 DIM R\$(12,14): FOR I=1 TO 1 READ RE(I): NEXT I 14 DIM E\$(15,4): FOR I=1 TO 15 READ ESCID: NEXT I 15 DIM D\$(15,4): FOR I=1 TO 15 READ DS(I): NEXT I 16 DIM P(19): FOR I=1 TO 19: R EAD P(I): MEXT I 17 DIM C(19): FOR I=1 TO 19: R EAD C(I): NEXT I 18 LET PQ=0: LET GR=0: DIM Q\$( 5,32): DIM U\$(1,14) 19 LET F\$="": LET G\$="": LET H \$="": LET I\$="": LET J\$="" 20 LET X=="": LET Y=="": LET A \$="NOTHING": LET S\$="": LET K1=1 : LET K2=1 25 FOR I=1 TO 4: LET Q\$(I)="": NEXT I 30 LET IN=0 50 LET JE=0: LET PN=2: LET PL= PN: LET CT=0: LET JM=-1: LET PV= 6: LET CY=143: LET PF=600: LET C

D=2: LET KS="A THOUGHT IS FRAMED IN YOUR MIND": LET ST=1: LET PI =999: LET SF=1

60 LET M#="TAKDROLIFLODEXAOPEU NLLOCCLOWERREMINSRAIPREKILSLE"

70 LET N#="PORSTAFORAFTUP DOWO UTBUNSHUNOREASWESBULDOOCRAVES" 80 LET PSFAUDOBTNEWLRCY"

90 LET T#="SHUDEVPOLCRARSBSPAC ONCYLTONBEZGRAMAC005001002003004 KEYROCDISPILDOOBUTAROSCRBUNSHE"

100 IF PN=6 THEN IF PL=10 OR P (10)=99 THEN LET P(10)=99: LET P(11)=99: GO TO 103

102 LET P(10)=6: LET P(11)=6 103 IF P(8)=10 OR (P(7)=10 AND C(7)>2) THEN LET SF=1: GO TO 10

104 LET SF=0 105 IF PV=4 AND P(3)=99 THEN L



X5 THEN GO SUB 3530: GO TO 605 107 IF C(7)=3 AND P(7)=10 THEN LET C(7)=4: LET PF=PF+2000: LET Q\$(3)="NEW FUEL LOADED" 108 LET CT=CT+1: IF ST=1 THEN LET JE=JE+1 109 IF JEK25 THEN GO TO 113 110 IF ST=1 THEN LET JE=JE+1: IF JE>24 THEN LET JE=0: LET PV= PV+JM: IF PV=CD THEN GO TO 112 111 CLS : PRINT INK 2; BRIGHT 1;"YESPOZIAN PASSING ---": PRINT PRINT INK 3;R\$(PV): PAUSE 80

106 IF PN=3 AND C(1)=-4 AND C(5

GO TO 113 112 LET ST=2: LET PF=PF-100: CL S : PRINT INK 2; BRIGHT 1; "VESP OZIAN IN ---": PRINT : PRINT IN K 3;R\$(PV);" ORBIT": PAUSE 80 113 IF CT>200 THEN LET CT=1: L

ET CY=CY+1

114 IF CD=PV THEN LET ST=2 115 IF ST=2 THEN LET W#="ORBIT ING": GO TO 117

116 LET WS="BEARING ON"

99 THEN LET P(13)=5

117 IF PN=10 AND C(5)K5 THEN G O TO 6010

118 IF PH=14 AND A\$="GO NORTH" THEN GO TO 6055 120 IF PV=3 AND PN=5 AND P(13)=

125 IF P(3)=14 THEN LET P(3)=8 8: LET PI=CY: LET Q#(3)="POLYPS

VANISH INTO ROCKS"

126 IF CYOPI+19 THEN LET POS =14: LET PI=CY

129 IF P(2)=PN AND (PN=9 OR PK 14) AND (P(19)<>14 OR P(7)<>14) THEN LET Q\$(3)="SWITCH STARTS OTOR. DRILL": LET Q\$(4)="ENGAGE AND SPRAYS DUST!"

130 IF P(19)=14 AND P(2)=14 AN P(7)=14 AND C(7)=2 THEN LET P 19)=88: LET O\$(7)="FUEL CONTAIN R": LET O\$(8)=" " LET C(7)=3: ET Q\$(3)="SWITCH STARTS MOTOR. RILL": LET Q#(4)="ENGAGES AND F LLS CONTAINER"

135 IF P(18)=55 THEM LET C(4)

140 IF C(5)>4 AND C(5)<7 AND ( N=2 OR PN=7 OR PN=8 OR PN=11) T EN LET IG=IG+1: GO TO 145

141 LET IG=0

145 IF IG>0 THEN LET P(11)=PN IF IG=5 THEN GO SUB 3530: GO 1 0 6070

146 GO TO 170: IF P(11)=PN THEN IF INT (RND\*7+1)=3 THEN LET ( #(1)="EVER GET THE FEELING . 150 IF P(5)<>88 AND P(5)<>PN 8 D P(5)<>55 AND P(5)<>12 AND P(5) <>66 THEN LET P(5)=88: LET Q\$(1) >="STRANGE FEELING . . ": GO TO 1 60

155 IF P(6)<>PN AND P(6)<>88 AN D P(6)<>55 AND P(6)<>12 AND P(6) <>66 THEN LET P(6)=88: LET Q\$(1 >="STRANGE FEELING . ."

160 IF C(4)=2 AND P(18)<>55 AND P(18)<>66 AND P(18)<>99 THEN L ET P(18)=88: LET Q\$(1)="STRANGE, SOMETHING SEEMS MISSING": LET (18)≈3

170 IF P(11)=2 AND PN=2 AND K1= 14 THEN GO SUB 3530: GO TO 6080 175 IF PN=7 OR PN=8 OR PN=11 OR PN=2 THEN IF INT (RND\*3+1)=3 T HEN LET P(11)≈PN: GO TO 180 176 IF PN=6 AND PL<>10 THEN

TO 188 177 LET P(11)=88

180 IF P(18)=55 AND C(18)=4 AND P(11)=11 AND (PN=12 OR PN=11) MEN GO SUB 3530: GO TO 6100

181 IF P(18)=55 AND C(18)=4 AND P(11)=11 THEN GO SUB 3530: GO TO 6100

185 IF C(1)=3 AND PN(>2 AND PN( >3 THEN GO SUB 3530: GO TO 6110 200 FOR I=1 TO LEN E\$(PN) 210 IF E#(PN)(I)="P" THEN

ET LE IF 4 GO

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S#=S#+"FORT. " 220 IF E#(PN)(I)="8" THEN LET S\$=S\$+"S'BOARD. " 230 IF E#(PN)(I)="F" THEN IFT S\$=S\$+"FOR'D. 240 IF E#CPNOCID="A" THEN LET S\$=S\$+"AFT. 250 IF E#(PM)(I)="U" THEN LET S\$=S\$+"UP. " 260 IF E#(PN)(I)="D" THEN IFT S\$=S\$+"DOWN. " 270 IF E#(PN)(I)="0" THEN LET S\$=S\$+"OUT. 280 NEXT I 330 CLS : PRINT INK 7;"I AM": PRINT INK 6; L\$(PN): PRINT B\$(PN ): PRINT : IF LEN S\$>0 THEN PRI NT INK 2; "WAYS: -- "; INK 5; S\$ 335 IF PN=9 OR PN=14 THEN PRIN INK 2; "WHICH WAY ?" 340 LET II=1: PRINT : PRINT 7; "VISIBLE: - ": IF PN=15 AND K 20021 THEN GO TO 345 342 FOR I=1 TO 19: IF P(I)=PN T HEN PRINT INK 5; Os(I) 344 NEXT I 345 IF PH=5 THEN PRINT : PRINT INK 3; "VESPOZIAN" 360 PRINT : IF A\$<>"" THEN PRI INK 7; "----YOU SAID "; INK 6;A\$: PRINT : FOR I=1 TO 4: IF Q \$CIDC1DCD" " THEN PRINT INK 5; Q\$(I) 365 FOR I=1 TO 4: IF Q\$(I)<>"" THEN PRINT INK 5; Qs(I) 370 NEXT I 375 IF Q\$(2)(1 TO 2)≃"OK" THEN BEEP . 05, 10 380 PRINT : PRINT INK 7;"---"WON TRHW 390 LET PL=PN: FOR I=1 TO 5: LE | Q\$(|)="": NEXT |: LET | A\$="": L ET G#="": LET H#="": LET I#="": LET J#="": LET S#="": INPUT A#: IF CODE (A\$(1))>90 THEN GO SUB 8050 400 LET J=1: IF LEN A\$<3 THEN GO TO 4000 401 IF A\$< 1 >< >" THEN LET J=J +1: LET G\$=G\$+A\$<1>: LET A\$=A\$<2 TO ): GO TO 401+2\*(A\$="") 402 LET I==A=(2 TO ) 403 LET H==(G=+" " ">(1 TO 3) 404 LET J==( I+" ")(1 TO 3) 405 IF I=="" THEN LET J=0 406 LET A==G+" "+I= 410 IF H#="INV" THEN GO TO 460 411 IF H\$="WAI" THEN GO TO 500 412 IF H#="QUI" OR H#="HEL" THE N GO TO 600 414 IF G#="GO" OR H#="GET" THEN GO TO 425 415 LET X==Ma: LET Y==Ha: GO SU

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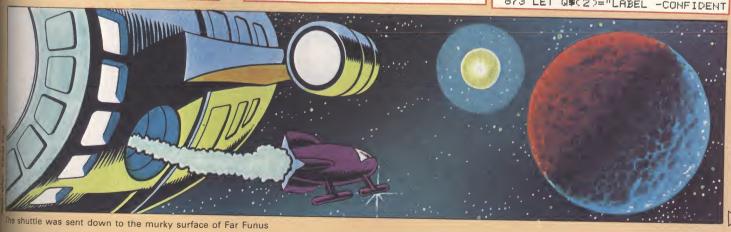
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I DON'T KNOW HOW TO "+G\$: GO TU 100 416 LET K1=INT ((J-1)/3+1) 417 LET X#=T#: LET Y#=J#: GO SU B 3500 419 IF J=0 THEN LET Q\$(2)="WHA T IS A "+I\$+"?": GO TO 100 420 LET K2=INT ((J-1)/3)+1 421 GO TO (K1=1)\*430+(K1=2)\*450 +(K1=3)\*700+(K1=4)\*800+(K1=5)\*80 0+(K1=6)\*900+(K1=7)\*1000+(K1=8)\* 1100+(K1=9)\*1200+(K1=10)\*1300+(K 1=11)\*1400+(K1=12)\*1500+(K1=13)\* 700+(K1=14)\*1600+(K1=15)\*1700+(K 1=16)\*1800 425 LET Xs=Ns: LET Ys=Js: GO SU B 3500: IF J=0 THEN GO TO 4010 426 LET X#=E#(PN): LET Y#=P#((J -1)/3+1): GO SUB 3500: IF J=0 TH EN GO TO 4010 427 LET PN=CODE (D\$(PN)(J))-64: GO TO 4020 430 IF K2=20 THEN GO TO 4030 431 IF P(11)=PN THEN GO TO 608 432 IF K2>19 THEN GO TO 4070 433 IF P(K2)=55 THEN GO TO 404 434 IF P(K2)<>PN THEN GO TO 40 50 435 IF C(K2)=-2 THEN GO TO 400 436 IF C(K2)=-1 THEN GO TO 406 440 IF (K2=8 OR (K2=7 AND C(7)= 3>> AND P(9><>55 THEN LET Q\$(2) ="TO HOT TO HANDLE": GO TO 100 441 IF IN>3 THEN LET Q\$(2)="I' M OVERLOADED ALREADY!": GO TO 10 442 LET IN=IN+1: LET P(K2)=55: GO TO 4020 450 IF K2>19 THEN GO TO 4070 451 IF P(K2)<>55 THEN GO TO 40 70 452 IF K2=2 AND (PNK)9 AND PNK) 14) THEN GO SUB 3530: GO TO 606 453 LET IN=IN-1: IF PN=15 THEN LET P(K2)=56: LET Q\$(3)="SLIPPE D IT UNDER PILLOW": GO TO 4020 454 LET PCK20=PN 455 GO TO 4020 460 PRINT INK 3; "I AM CARRYI NG: " 461 IF IN=0 THEN LET Q\$(2)="NO THING": GO TO 100 462 LET J=1 463 FOR I=1 TO 19 464 IF P(I)=55 THEN PRINT OS(I 470 NEXT I: PAUSE 200: GO TO 10 0 500 LET CT=CT+15: IF ST=1 THEN

510 GO TO 4020 600 LET Q\$(2)≈"LOOK AROUND AND" LET Q\$(3)="EXAMINE THINGS, TRY WORDS": LET Q\$(4)="LIKE INSERT, LIFT, WAIT ETC. ": GO TO 100 700 IF K2<>21 OR PN<>15 THEN G O TO 4000 701 LET Q\$(2)="NOTHING!": FOR I =1 TO 19: IF P(I)=66 THEN LET P (I)=15: LET Q\$(2)="IT'S STILL TH ERE!": GO TO 100 702 NEXT I: GO TO 100 800 IF K2<>24 THEN GO TO 812 801 IF PH=8 THEN LET Q\$(2)="I SEE BUTTON MARKED": LET Q\$(3)="-THINK CONTROL-": GO TO 100 802 IF PN=11 AND E\$(11)(1 TO 3) ="PD " THEN LET E\$(11)(1 TO 3)= "PDL": LET Q#(2)="WOW! A HIDDEN BULKHEAD": GO TO 100 805 IF PN=10 AND E\$(10)="S THEN LET E#(10)="SC ": LET P(4 )=10: LET Q\$(2)="AHA!": GO TO 10 806 IF PN=7 THEN LET Q\$(2)="CO URSE DATA ON SCREEN": GO TO 100 807 IF PN=3 THEN IF C(1)=-3 TH EN LET Q\$(3)="INNER DOOR OPEN." : LET Q\$(4)="OUTER DOOR CLOSED." GO TO 4020 808 IF PN=3 THEN IF C(1)=-4 TH EN LET Q\$(3)="INNER DOOR CLOSED ": LET Q\$(4)="OUTER DOOR OPEN": GO TO 4020 812 IF K2=20 THEN GO TO 4030 813 IF K2=2 THEN IF P(2)<>55 A ND P(2)<>PN THEN GO TO 4030 814 IF K2=2 THEN LET Q\$(2)="IT HAS HOLLOW CYLINDRICAL CUTTER" LET Q\$(3)="AND SENSITIVE PRESSU RE SWITCH": GO TO 100 815 IF (PM=3 OR PM=2) AND K2=23 THEN LET Q#(2)="SIGN -AIRLOCK CONTROL-": GO TO 100 820 IF K2<18 AND K2>12 THEN P(K2)<>55 THEN GO TO 4070 821 IF K2<18 AND K2>12 THEN TO (K2=13)\*870+(K2=14)\*871+(K2= 15)\*872+(K2=16)\*873+(K2=17)\*874. 825 IF K2=20 AND PN=15 THEN LE T Q\$(3)="LOOKS STRANGELY LUMPY . .": GO TO 4020 826 IF K2=25 AND PN=7 THEN GO TO 4500 830 LET Q\$(3)="NOTHING SPECIAL" GO TO 4020 870 LET Q#(2)="LABEL -YUSES-": GO TO 100 871 LET Q\$(2)="LABEL -POLYPS-": GO TO 100 872 LET Q\$(2)="LABEL -FUNUS-": GO TO 100 873 LET G#(2)="LABEL -CONFIDENT

LET JE=JE+15



LET Q#(2)="

83500: IF J=0 THEN

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IAL-": GO TO 100
 874 LET Q$(2)="LABEL -BLOODLINE
 -": GO TO 100
 900 IF K2<>22 THEN GO TO 4000
901 IF PN<>11 THEN GO TO 4050
  902 IF P(11)=11 AND PN=11 THEN
  GO TO 6100
  904 IF C(18)=2 THEN LET Q$(2)=
 "LOCKED!": GO TO 100
  905 IF C(18)=4 THEN LET Q$(2)=
 "ALREADY OPEN": GO TO 100
  906 IF P(8)=11 THEN GO TO 6000
  910 LET C(18)=4: LET E$(11)="PD
  R": GO TO 4020
 1000 IF K2<>22 THEN GO TO 4000
 1001 IF PN<>11 THEN GO TO 4050
 1002 IF C(18)>2 THEN GO TO 4090
 1003 IF P(18)<>55 THEN GO TO 40
 60
 1004 LET C(18)=3: GO TO 4020
 1100 IF K2<>22 THEN GO TO 4000
1101 IF PN<>11 THEN GO TO 4050
  1103 IF P(11)=11 AND PN=11 THEN
  GO TO 6080
 1104 IF C(18)<>3 OR P(18)<>55 TH
 EN GO TO 4060
 1106 LET C(18)=3: GO TO 4020
 1200 IF K2<>22 THEN GO TO 4000
1201 IF PN<>11 THEN GO TO 4050
  1203 IF P(11)=11 AND PN=11 THEN
  GO TO 6080
  1204 IF C(18)<>4 THEN GO TO 406
  1206 LET C(18)=3: LET E$(11)=E$(
       TO 30: GO TO 4020
  1300 IF K2<>5 AND K2<>6 THEN GO
   TO 4000
  1301 IF P(K2)<>55 THEN GO TO 40
  1302 IF C(5)=K2 THEN LET Q$(2)=
   "WHAT'S THIS I'M WEARING THEN?":
   GO TO 100
  1303 IF C(5)>4 THEN LET Q$(2)="
  WEARING "+0$(K2): GO TO 100
  1304 LET C(5)=K2: LET 0$(K2)=O$(
  K2)+" (WORN)": GO TO 4020
   1400 IF (K2<>5 AND K2<>6) OR C(5
   )=2 THEN GO TO 4080
   1401 LET C(5)=2: LET O#(K2)=O#(K
   2): GO TO 4020
   1500 IF K2=20 THEN GO TO 4030
   1501 IF K2<13 OR K2>17 THEN GO
   TO 4000
   1502 IF P(K2)<>55 THEN GO TO 40
   1503 IF PN<>7 THEN LET Q$(2)="N
   O COMPUTER TO TAKE IT": GO TO 10
   1505 IF P(11)=7 AND K2>12 AND K2
   <18 THEN GO SUB 3530: GO TO 609
   1510 CLS : PRINT INK 2; BRIGHT
   1;0$(K2): PRINT INK 3; BRIGHT 1
   ;"SPINS IN ITS DRIVE . .": FOR I
=1 TO 150: NEXT I: CLS : GO TO (
   K2=13)*1550+(K2=14)*1561+(K2=15)
   *1563+(K2=16)*1565+(K2=17)*1567
   1550 INK 5: PRINT "-YUSES SYSTEM
    ": PRINT : PRINT "STAR SYSTEM A
   DJACENT TO FUNUS": PRINT "IT HAS
    3 PLANETS. ": PRINT : PRINT R$(1
   1): PRINT "- BALL OF FIRE -": PR
   INT : PRINT R$(10): PRINT " - IN
    HABITED BY MINING COLONY,": PRIN
    T "NO FINDS.": PRINT
    1560 PRINT R$(9): PRINT " - REMO
TE DEAD PLANET -": GO TO 1569
    1561 PRINT "-POLYPS-": PRINT "FR
   EQUENT GALAXY IN MILLIONS": PRIN
    T "AROUND ENERGY RICH PLANETS.":
     PRINT "REGENERATE EVERY 20 YEAR
    S.": PRINT "ACTIVE POLYPS CAN TU
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RN DEAD": PRINT "PLANET INTO GRE 1627 INK 6: CLS : LET ST=1: LET
ENHOUSE EFFECT": PRINT "PLANET,
RICH IN STELLAR ENERGY"
1562 PRINT "AFTER 20 YEARS . .":
 gn TO 1569
1563 PRINT "-FUNUS SYSTEM-": PRI
NT "STAR WITH 7 PLANETS.": PRINT
 "IN ORDER FROM FUNUS: - ": PRINT
  PRINT R#(2);" -MOLTEN ROCK":
RINT R$(3);" -UNINHABITED": PRIN
T R$(4);" -GR'NHOUSE EFFECT": PR
INT R#(5);" -- INHABITED"
1564 PRINT R$(6): PRINT R$(7): P
RINT " - (BOTH ICY WASTES) -": P
RINT R$(8): PRINT " - (LUMP OF R
OCK) -": GO TO 1569
1565 PRINT "-CAPTAIN'S LOG-": PR
INT "BEARING TO DOCK WITH BLOODL
 INE": PRINT "STARGATE IN GYRATES
 ORBIT.": PRINT "MISSION ACCOMPL
 ISHED - D'TARN'S": PRINT "EXPERI
MENTS CONFIRM POLYP": PRINT "THE
ORY. PITY BLOODLINE WILL": PRINT
 "BEHEFIT!"
 1566 PRINT "GLAD TO GET SHOT OF
 THIS": PRINT "CREW!. SUSPECT GRA
 KTA IS": PRINT "BLOODLINE SPY. M
 ACHEN,": PRINT "THE TIAITHEN LIZ
 ARD GIVES ME": PRINT "THE CREEPS
 . CAN'T GET RID OF": PRINT "HIM
  THE ONLY PILOT ABOARD!": GO TO
 1569
 1567 PRINT "-BLOODLINE-": PRINT
 "TYRANNICAL EMPIRE KEEPING": PRI
 NT "CONTROL ON ENERGY SUPPLIES"
 PRINT "FROM GREENHOUSE PLANETS
 -": PRINT "ON WHICH INTERSTELLAR
 TRAVEL": PRINT "DEPENDS": PRINT
 "STARGATE IN FUNUS SYSTEM"
1568 PRINT "CAN SUMMON CRUISERS
 TO": PRINT "QUELL REBELS."
 1569 INK 7: FOR I=1 TO 1000: NEX
 T I: LET Q$ 2)="YOU REMOVE THE D
 ISK . .": GO TO 100
 1600 IF K2<>23 THEN GO TO 4020
 1602 IF P(11)=2 AND PN=2 THEN G
 n to 6000
 1603 IF PN=8 THEN IF P(11)=8 TH
 EN GO TO 6000
 1604 IF PN=8 THEN LET Q$(2)="MA
 CHEN, THE LIZARD PILOT": LET Q$(
 3)="RESTRAINS YOU": GO TO 100
 1606 CLS : IF PN<>13 THEN GO TO
  1661
  1607 IF PFK1 THEN GO TO 6020
  1608 GO SUB 3515
 1609 PRINT INK 5; "HEADING, (H)":
  PRINT : PRINT INK 3; "CRYOGEN, (
  CO": PRINT : PRINT INK 4; "LASER
  (L)": PRINT : PRINT INK 6; "END
  OF IMPUT, (E)"
  1612 LET V#=INKEY#: IF V#="H" TH
  EN GO TO 1618
  1613 IF V$="C" THEN GO TO 1633
  1614 IF V$="L" THEN GO TO 1639
  1615 IF V$="E" THEN GO TO 4020
  1616 GO TO 1612
  1618 LET J=0: GO SUB 3515: PRINT
    INK 2; BRIGHT 1; "CURRENTLY:-":
   PRINT INK 6; W#: PRINT INK 6; R
  $(CD): PRINT : PRINT INK 5;"NEW
   DESTINATION?": INPUT U$(1)
  1620 FOR I=1 TO 12: IF U$(1)=R$(
  I) THEN LET J=I
1621 NEXT I: IF J=0 THEN PRINT
   INK 2; BRIGHT 1;;U$(1);" NOT ON
   DATABASE": GO SUB 3527: GO TO 1
  606
  1624 IF J=CD THEN GO TO 1606
  1625 IF J>PV THEN LET JM=1: GO
  TO 1627
  1626 LET JM=-1
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JE=0: LET CD=J: LET PF=PF-100:
RINT : PRINT "COURSE CORRECTION
APPLIED": PRINT : PRINT "NEW BEA
RING:-": PRINT R$(CD): PRINT : P
RINT "FUEL:- ";PF;" PICORATH": P
AUSE 200
1628 INK 7: IF PF<1 THEN GO TO
6020
1629 GO TO 1606
1633 GO SUB 3515: INK 5: PRINT
 PRINT "CRYOGENIC CONTROL": PRIN
   "ENERGY TO FREEZE CREW - 10 PR
 ZCY": PRINT : PRINT "HOW MANY CL
ONE-YEARS FREEZET": INPUT F#: IF
  VAL (F#)*10>PF THEN PRINT : PR
 INT "FUEL DEFICIENCY.": PRINT "I
 NTERLOCK OVERIDE": PRINT
                           INK 2;
  BRIGHT 1; "* OPERATION ABORTED *
 ": GO SUB 3525: INK 7: GO TO 160
 1636 LET PF=PF-10*VAL (F#): LET
 CY=CY+VAL (F$): PRINT INK 3, BR
 IGHT 1; FLASH 1; "STAND BY": FOR
 I=1 TO 100: NEXT I: GO SUB 3530:
  LET PN=15: LET Q#(2)="YANN . .
  |": GO TO 100
  1639 GO SUB 3515: PRINT INK 4;"
  LASER CONTROL": PRINT
  1642 PRINT INK 4; "TARGET?": INP
  UT U$(1): IF U$(1)="STARGATE
  " THEN GO TO 1646
1643 LET J=0: FOR I=1 TO 12: IF
  R#(I)=U#(1) THEN LET J=I: LET I
  =12: NEXT I
  1644 NEXT I
  1645 IF J=0 THEN PRINT
                           INK 2;
  BRIGHT 1;U≢(1);" NOT ON DATABASE
": GO SUB 3527: GO TO 1606
  1646 PRINT INK 2; BRIGHT 1; "TAR
   GETED ON ";U$(1): FOR I=1 TO 150
   : NEXT I: IF PF<1000 THEN PRINT
    INK 3; FLASH 1; "FUEL DEFICIENC
   1647 IF Us(1)="STARGATE
   HEN GO TO 1650
   1649 IF JOPY THEN PRINT "OUT O
   F RANGE": GO TO 1652
   1650 IF U$(1)="STARGATE
   ND PVK>3 THEN PRINT INK 6;U$(1
    );" OUT OF RANGE": GO TO 1652
    1651 GO TO 1655
    1652 PRINT : PRINT INK 2; BRIGH
    T 1; "COMPUTER OVERRIDE": PRINT
    INK 2; BRIGHT 1; "* OPERATION ABO
    RTED *": GO SUB 3525: GO TO 1606
    1655 GO SUB 3540: IF U$(1)<>"STA
               " THEN GO TO 6030
    RGATE
    1656 GO TO 6040
    1661 IF PN=2 THEN GO TO 1692
    1664 IF FN=3 THEN GO TO 1692
    1665 IF PN<>4 THEN GO TO 4050
    1667 GO SUB 3515: PRINT INK 5;
    THINK 'DESTINATION' OR 'END'"
    NPUT U$(1): IF U$(1)="VESPOZIAN
         " THEN IF P(1)=3 THEN PRIN
       INK 3; BRIGHT 1; "SHUTTLE AT
     ESPOZIAN": PRINT : PRINT
                               TNK 2
      BRIGHT 1; "* MISSION ABORTED *"
     GO SUB 3525: GO TO 100
     1668 IF U$(1)="VESPOZIAN
     HEN PRINT INK 6; "IN FLIGHT VES
     POZIAN": GO SUB 3520: PRINT IN
      4; "DOCKING": GO SUB 3520: LET
     (1)=3: LET D$(4)="C
                               GO TO
     00
     1672 IF U$(1)(1)="E" THEN GO T
      4020
     1675 LET J=0: FOR I=1 TO 12: IF
     U$(1)=R$(I) THEN LET J=I
      1678 NEXT I: IF J=0 THEN PRINT
       INK 2; BRIGHT 1;F$; "NOT ON DAT
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41

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BASE": GO SUB 3527: GO TO 100 1681 IF J<>PV THEN PRINT INK ;U\$(1);"OUT OF RANGE": GO SUB 35 20: GO TO 100 1684 IF ST=1 THEN PRINT INK 3: "VESPOZIAN NOT IN ": PRINT INK 5;U\$(1);" ORBIT": PRINT PRINT INK 2; BRIGHT 1;"\* OPERATION AB ORTED \*": GO SUB 3525: GO TO 100 1687 INK 5: IF JK>9 THEN PRINT "CONDITIONS ON ";U\$(1): PRINT "N OT SUITABLE FOR SHUTTLE": PRINT "LANDING": PRINT : PRINT INK 23 BRIGHT 1; "\* OPERATION ABORTED \* GO SUB 3525: INK 7: GO TO 100 1690 IF C(1)<>-4 THEN PRINT IN K 4; "SHUTTLE BAY DOORS CLOSED": GO SUB 3520: PRINT INK 2; BRIGH T 1;"\* OPERATION ABORTED \*": GO SUB\3525: GO TO 100 1691 PRINT INK 3;"HEADING - ";U \$(1): GO SUB 3520: PRINT INK 5; "LANDED ON "; U#(1): LET P(1)=9: LET D\$(4)="I ": GO SUB 3520: G 0 TO 100 1692 IF PN=2 THEN IF C(1)=-2 TH EN LET C(1)=-3: LET B\$(2)="BLUE BUTTON BY OPEN BULKHEAD": LET E \$(2)="PFL ": GO TO 4020 1693 IF PN=2 THEN IF C(1)=-3 TH EN LET C(1)=-2: LET B\$(2)="BLUE BUTTON BY CLOSED BULKHEAD": LET E\$(2)="PF ": GO TO 4020 1694 IF PN=3 AND C(1)=-3 THEN L ET C(1)=-4: LET E\$(3)="OT T\_D\$(3)="ED \_\_": LET\_Q\$(3)="INNER DOOR CLOSES": LET Q\$(4)≈"OUTER DOOR OPENS": GO TO 4020 1695 IF PN=3 AND C(1)=-4 THEN ET C(1)=-3: LET E\$(3)≈"TP ": LE T D\$(3)≕"DB=": LET Q\$(3)≔"OUTER DOOR CLOSES": LET Q#(4)="INNER DOOR OPENS": GO TO 4020 1698 GO TO 4050 1700 LET Q\$(2)="NO CHANCE-TOO RI SKY": GO TO 100 1800 LET Q\$(2)="I'M NOT TIRED": GO TO 100 3500 LET J=0: FOR I=1 TO LEN X\$ STEP LEN YS 3505 IF Y==X=(I TO I-1+LEN Y=) T HEN LET J=I: LET I=LEN X\$+3: RE THRN 3510 NEXT I: RETURN 3515 CLS : PRINT INK 6;K\$: PRIN RETURN 3520 FOR I=1 TO 300: NEXT I: RET HRN 3525 FOR O≃1 TO 6: BEEP .1,7: BE EP .1,2: NEXT O: PAUSE 150: RETU 3526 BEEP 3,20: RETURN 3527 FOR 0=1 TO 10: BEEP .05,6: BEEP .05,10: NEXT O: RETURN 3530 FOR I=1 TO 15: CLS : PAPER 0: BORDER 0: PRINT : PAUSE 5: PA PER 7: BORDER 7: PRINT : NEXT I: PAPER 0: BORDER 0: INK 7: CLS RETURN 3540 FOR I=1 TO 10: CLS : PAPER 0: BORDER 0: PRINT : PAUSE 5: PA PER 2: BORDER 2: PRINT : NEXT I: PAPER 0: BORDER 0: INK 7: CLS : RETURN 3550 RETURN 3560 GO TO 4020 4000 LET Q\$(2)="IMPOSSIBLE!": GO TO 100 4010 LET Q\$(2)="1 CAN'T GO "+1\$: GO TO 100 #820 LET Q\$(2)="OK": GO TO 100

IT": GO TO 100 4080 LET Q\$(2)="YOU MUST BE JOKI NG!": GO TO 100 4090 LET Q#(2)="OK-NOTHING HAPPE NS": GO TO 100 4100 LET Q\$(2)="CAP'N WINKS AT M E AND": LET Q\$(3)≈"GLANCES AT GR AKTA": GO TO 100 4110 LET Q\$(2)="HUH?": GO TO 100 4500 INK 5: CLS : PRINT "CLONE Y EAR: "; CY; " ZONETIME: "; CT: PRIN T : FRINT " ..... 4501 PRINT : PRINT "VESPOZIAN " Ws: PRINT R#(CD): IF ST=1 THEN PRINT "ETA: - ";CT+ABS (CD-PV)\*25 - TF 4505 PRINT : PRINT "NEAREST BODY :- ";R\$(PV): IF PV=2 THEN PRINT "BLOODLINE STARGATE" 4510 PRINT : PRINT "FUEL: - "; PF; " PICORATH": PRINT : PRINT "LASE R:- ";: IF PFK1000 THEN PRINT INOPERATIVE": GO TO 4520 4511 PRINT "OPERATIVE" 4520 PRINT : PRINT "--4521 INK 7: PRINT : PRINT INK 4 "THINK CONTROL REPORTING": FOR I=1 TO 550: NEXT I: GO TO 4020 5000 DATA "IN THE CREWS QUARTERS ","IN THE RESEARCH LAB BY","IN T HE SHUTTLE BAY", "IN A SHUTTLE", ' OUTSIDE THE HULL", "IN THE CAPTAI NS CABIN", "IN THE NAVIGATION AND ", "ON THE BRIDGE", "ON YUSES FAR UNDER"; "AT VESPOZIANS FUEL CORE" 5001 DATA "IN A METAL GANGWAY WI TH A","IN A SUIT ROOM","IN A SEC RET CONTROL ROOM", "ON YUSES FAR" "IN MY BUNK-IT HAS CLEAN" 5002 DATA "LINED WITH BUNKS", "BL UE BUTTON BY A CLOSED BULKHEAD". "BLUE BUTTON ON WALL", "WITH-THIN K CONTROL-BUTTON", "OF THE VESPOZ IAN","", "COMPUTER ROOM","","A PU RPLE SKY","I CAN FEEL HEAT" 5003 DATA "DOOR","","WITH DUPLIC ATE CONTROL", "UNDER AN INDIGO SK Y","SHEETS AND LARGE PILLOW" 5004 DATA "AUTO SHUTTLE","STRANG E DEVICE","\*POLYPS\*","CRAWLWAY" "ASBESTOS SUIT", "SPACE SUIT", "ME TAL CONTAINER", "FUEL CYLINDER", " INSULATED TONGS", "CAP'N BEZEL" GRAKTA", "MACHEN", "DISK 005", "DIS K 001","DISK 002","DISK 003","DI SK 004","KEY","GLOWING ROCK" 5005 DATA "FUNUS","LITTLE FUNUS" ,"GYRATES","ROTH","BULGEN","GREA TER BULGEN", "OUTER FUNUS", "FAR F UNUS","YUSES FAR","MID YUSES","Y USES NEAR","YUSES"
5006 DATA "DSB","PF","P","O","V" "OC","AFUP","AU","TE","S","PD", "P","O","NEW","U" 5007 DATA "HBO", "AGC", "B", "C", "C ME", "K", "K", "NNI", "A" 5008 DATA 3,2,99,99,12,12,6,10,2 6,7,8,66,2,8,6,7,13,99 ,-2,-2,2,2,2,2,2,2,-2 6000 INK 2: CLS : PRINT "GRAKTA,

Y ITS NUMBER": GO TO 100

YING IT": GO TO 100

ERE": GO TO 100

O TO 199

BLOODLINE SPY, BLASTS": PRINT " YOU WITH HIS LASER": PRINT "YOU ARE NOW A PILE OF": PRINT "YUSES 4040 LET Q\$(2)="I'M ALREADY CARR DUST!": GO TO 6200 4050 LET Q\$(2)="I DON'T SEE IT H 6010 INK 2: CLS : PRINT "AARGH . !": PRINT "WENT INTO THE FUEL CORE WITHOUT": PRINT "PROTECTIO 4060 LET Q\$(2)="I CAN'T YET!": G N - SEARING HEAT . .": GO TO 620 4070 LET Q\$(2)="I'M NOT CARRYING 13 6020 INK 4: CLS : PRINT "WITH NO FUEL, THE VESPOZIAN": PRINT "WA NDERS AIMLESSLY OUT": PRINT "OF CONTROL, LOST IN SPACE": GO TO 6 200 6030 INK 2: CLS : PRINT "TOO CLO SE PROXIMITY": PRINT "THE VESPOZ IAN IS RIPPED APART": PRINT "BY THE EXPLOSION": GO TO 6200 6040 INK 5: CLS : PRINT "WHAM!": PRINT "THE BLOODLINE STARGATE I S": PRINT "VAPOURISED. YOU HAVE SUCCEEDED": PRINT "IN YOUR MISSI ON! CONGRATULATIONS": GO TO 6202 6050 INK 5: CLS : PRINT "INNER D OOR CLOSES": PRINT "AIR EVACUATE D": PRINT "OUTER DOOR OPENS - NO SPACE SUIT": PRINT "YOU PERISH AND DRIFT INTO SPACE": GO TO 620 6055 INK 5: CLS : PRINT "YOU HAV E STUMBLED BLINDLY ØNTO": PRINT "RAZOR SHARP ROCK": PRINT : PRIN "YOUR SUIT HAS RIPPED AND YOU" : PRINT "DIE FROM LACK OF OXYGEN ": GO TO 6200 6060 INK 2: CLS : PRINT "PRESSUR E SWITCH OPERATES": PRINT "DRILL ENGAGES AND BORES THROUGH": PRI NT "CRAFT." 6861 INK 4: IF C(5)=6 THEN PRIN T "YOU DRIFT OFF INTO SPACE": PR INT "AND PERISH WHEN OXYGEN RUNS OUT": GO TO 6200 6065 INK 2: PRINT "YOU BURST APA RT WITH THE": PRINT "DEPRESSURIS ATION!": GO TO 6200 6070 INK 5: CLS : PRINT "WALKING AROUND IN ";O\$(K2): PRINT "HIGH LY SUSPICIOUS!": PRINT "GRAKTA, BLOODLINE SPY BLASTS YOU": GO TO 6200 6080 INK 2: CLS : PRINT "GRAKTA, BLOODLINE SPY, BLASTS": PRINT YOU FOR TREACHERRY AGAINST THE": PRINT "BLOODLINE EMPIRE!": GO T 0 6200 6090 INK 2: CLS : PRINT "GRAKTA VAPOURISES YOU ON": PRINT "SUSPI CION OF SPYING BY": PRINT "RETRI EVING COMPUTERISED DATA": PRINT "YOU PERISH . . ": GO TO 6200 6100 INK 4: CLS : PRINT "GRAKTA NOTICES SUIT ROOM DOOR": PRINT " OPEN. FINDS KEY ON YOU AND": PRI NT "BLASTS YOU TOWARDS FUNUS": P RINT "YOU PERISH . .": GO TO 620 6110 INK 5: CLS : PRINT "GRAKTA NOTICES SHUTTLE BAY": PRINT "DOO R OPEN, AND SUSPECTS A PLOT": PR INT "AGAINST THE BLOODLINE EMPIR E": PRINT "YOU ARE EJECTED IN TH E SHUTTLE": PRINT "AND FOREVER L OST IN SPACE" 6200 FOR 0=10 TO -5 STEP -1: BEE P .05,0: NEXT O: INK 7: PRINT : , "GJ", "BHKF", "GA", "DN", "KF", "JG PRINT : PRINT "YOUR ADVENTURE IS OVER": PRINT "IF YOU WOULD LIKE ANOTHER": PRINT "GAME THEN PRES s ""Y""": GO TO 6205 5009 DATA -2,2,2,-2,2,2,2,2,2,-2 6202 INK 7: GO SUB 3525: GO SUB 3526: GO SUB 3527: PRINT : PRINT : PRINT "YOUR ADVENTURE IS OVER

4838 LET Q#(2)="REFERENCE DISC B

#### SPECTRUM CONTINUED

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": PRINT "IF YOU WOULD LIKE ANOT
HER": PRINT "GAME THEN PRESS ""Y
6205 IF INKEY$="" THEN GO TO 62
05
6210 IF INKEY$="Y" THEN CLS : C
LEAR : RUN 8
6215 PRINT : PRINT INK 6; FLASH
 1; "GOODBYE THEN": PAUSE 100: NE
7000 PAPER 0: BORDER 0: INK 2: C
7005 PRINT AT 2,5;"
7010 PRINT "
7015 PRINT "
7020 PRINT "
7025 PRINT
7030 PRINT "
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7035 PRINT "
7040 PRINT "
7045 PRINT "
7050 PRINT : PRINT
7055 PRINT
7060 PRINT
7065 PRINT
7070 PRINT "
 7075 PRINT : PRINT : PRINT INK
 5;"By Keith Campbell. @ C&VG 198
 3."
 7080 PRINT AT 21,7; INK 6; "PRESS
  ""P"" TO PLAY"
 7085 IF INKEY$="" THEN GO TO 70
 85
```

7090 IF INKEY\$="P" OR INKEY\$=" THEN GO TO 8000 7095 GO TO 7085 8000 IF PEEK 23560>64 AND PEEK 3560<91 THEN INK 2: CLS : RUN 8007 CLS : INK 2: PRINT WOULD YOU PLEASE ENSURE THAT" RINT : PRINT "YOUR SPECTRUM IS N THE": PRINT : PRINT """CAPITA MODE"" BEFORE PLAY" 8010 PRINT : PRINT "CHANGE TO " CAPITAL MODE NOW.": PRINT : PRI T : PRINT : PRINT "PRESS ""A"" WHEN READY" 8015 INPUT Q# 8017 IF Q\$≔"A" THEN GO TO 8020 8018 GO TO 8015 8020 INK 2: CLS : RUN 8 8050 PRINT AT 21,0;"YOU ARE NOT USING CAPITAL'S": PAUSE 200: PRI NT AT 21,0;" ": RETURN

#### RUNS ON A BBC MODEL B.

#### CONVERTED BY STEVE WILLIS

The display of the BBC is far superior in the Teletext mode (MODE 7) and of course the BBC has its very flexible sound options. It is in these two areas where the BBC translation has been enhanced, using a set pattern of colours for the displays with 'meaningful'(!) sounds.

Because space is tight on the BBC, especially when a large number of string arrays are in use, I have adopted a space saving way of inserting coloured displays.

This does require some work and the method for a machine with a 0.1 operating system is more complicated.

In order to use the listing provided, colour is not needed but mods will be required in the DATA strings (lines 1520-1580). Where I have shown words highlighted in yellow the words should be omitted and 1 space inserted instead. To use colour then the word must be replaced by its respective colour control character instead of a space. Following is a list of colour control character/keyboard equivalents:-

		********	
DIV	RED	1	A
EOR	GREEN	2	В
MOD	YELLOW	3	C
OR	BLUE	4	D
ERROR	MAGENTA	5	E
LINE	CYAN	6	F
OFF	WHITE	7	G
STEP	flashing on	8	H
	shing off9		I
SPC Has	ming one		

On the 1.0 or later operating systems these can be inserted using the shift+ a function key (where the function key number is the number in the 3rd column above). On 0.1 systems the function keys must be programmed using commands such as \*KEY1 !!!A to give red; the remaining keys are as in the 4th column above, e.g. \*KEY2 !!!B for green.

Please note however that, once typed in, listing these DATA lines will display the keyword and not the colour. This is fine as long as you do not edit any part of the line. If you edit a DATA line showing keywords then every keyword in that line must be replaced by the colour again.

For the strings in the text colour control display lines. These can be inserted between the first "and the first character of the string. The string will then be displayed in colour during listing as well as running. A spinoff is that the remainder of the listed line, after the end of the string, will also appear in colour to the end of the display line; this does not have any bearing on the operation of the program.



"You traitor", yelled Grakta, lashing out

20PRINTTAB(0,2)CHR\$(131)CHR\$(

30FORIX=3TO4:PRINTTAB(0,I%)CH R\$(131)CHR\$(141)CHR\$(255)CHR\$(25 THE VESPOZIAN IN 50CHR\$(2550" "CHR\$( 255 )CHR\$( 255 )CHR CIDENT \$(255): NEXT

40PRINTTAB(0,5)CHR\$(131)CHR\$(

50PRINT''TAB(4)" Written by K eith Campbell for"'':FORI%=6T07: PRINTTAB(7)CHR#(141)" COMPUTER & VIDEO GAMES": NEXT: PRINT''' BB C micro translation by Steve Wil lisher

601FPAGE<>%E00THENPAGE=%1200 70CHAIN"YESPOZ" SØEND

ZX=CYX

20:0

FIL

IN

I

10CLEAR: CLS: As="RUN" 20DIML\$(14),L1\$(14),E\$(14),D\$ (14),0\$(18),P%(18),C%(18),NB\$(11 ),Q\$(4),V\$(8) 30FORI%=0TO14:READL\$(I%),L1\$( IX),E申(IX),D申(IX):NEXT:FORIX=のTO 18:READ 0\$([%),P%([%),C%([%):NEX T:FORIX=@TO11:READNB\$(I%):NEXT 400%=RND(-TIME):IN%=0:K1%=0:P NX=1:CTX=0:JMX=-1:PVX=6:CYX=143: PF%=600:CD%=2:AT≢=" A THOUGHT IS FRAMED IN YOUR MIND":ST%=1:PZ%= 999:SFX=1 50MV\$≈"TAKDROLIFLOOEXAOPEUNLL OCCLOWEAREMINSRAIPREKIL" 60WG\$≕"PORSTAFORAFTUP DOWOUTB UNSHUNOREASWESBULDOOCRAVES" 70WD\$="PSFAUDOBTNEWLRCY" 80WN\$≈"SHUDEVPOLCRAASBSPACONC YLTONBEZGRAMAC005001002003004KEY ROCDISPILDOOBUTAROSCR" 90IFPN%<>5THENRT%=0ELSEIFPL%= STHENRT%=5:IFRT%=5THENP%(9)=5:P% (10)=5ELSEP%(9)=99:P%(10)=6 100IFP%(7)=90R(P%(6)=9ANDC%(6) >2)THENSF%=1ELSESF%=0 110[FPV%=3ANDP%(2)=99THENP%(2) 1201FPN%=2ANDC%(0)=-4ANDC%(4)< >5THENGOSUB1950:GOT01650 1301FC%(6)=3ANDP%(6)=9THENC%(6 )=4:PF%=PF%+2000:Q\$(3)=" NEW FUE L LORDED" 140CT%=CT%+1:IFST%<>1THENGOTO1 70ELSEJE%=JE%+1:IFJE%<25THENGOTO 170ELSEJEX=JEX-25:PVX=PVX+JMX:CL 1501FPV%=CD%THENST%=2:PF%=PF%-100:SOUND0,-15,8,10:FORXX=6TO7:P RINTTAB(11,X%)CHR\$(141)" VESPOZI AN IN": NEXT: FORXX=9T010: PRINTTAB (19-(LENCNB\$(PV%))+6)/2,X%)CHR\$( 141 )NB\$(PV%); " ORBIT": NEXT: GOSUB 1940:GOT0170 160SOUND0,-15,8,10:FORX%=6TO7: PRINTTAB(7,%%)CHR\$(141)" VESPOZI AN PASSING": NEXT: FORXX=9T010: PRI NTTAB(16-LEN(NB\$(PV%))/2,X%)CHR\$ (141)NB\$(PV%):NEXT:GOSUB1940 170IFCTX=200THENCTX=1:CYX=CYX+ 180IFCD%=PV%THENST%=2 190IFST%=2THENOD\$=" ORBITTING" ELSEODS=" BEARING ON" 2001FPN%=9ANDC%(4)<>4THEN1600 210IFPV%=2ANDPN%=4ANDP%(12)=99 THENP%(12)=4 2201FP%(2)=13THENP%(2)=88:PZ%= CY%:Q\$(3)=" POLYPS VANISH INTO T HE ROCKS"

2301FCY%>PZ%+19THENP%(18)=13:P

240IFP%(1)=PN%AND(PN%=80RPN%=1 3)AND(P%(18)<>130RP%(6)<>13)THEN SOUND0,-15,3,100:Q\$(3)=" SWITCH STARTS MOTOR. DRILL":Q\$(4)=" ENG AGES AND SPRAYS DUST !" 2501FP%(18)=13ANDP%(1)=13ANDP% (6)=13ANDC%(6)=2THENP%(18)=88:0\$ (6)=" FUEL CONTAINER":C%(6)=3:SO UND0,-15,3,100:Q\$(3)=" SWITCH ST ARTS MOTOR. DRILL":Q\$(4)=" ENGAG ES AND FILLS CONTAINER." 260IFP%(17)=55THENC%(3)=3 2701FC%(4)>3AND(PN%=10RPN%=60R PN%=70RPN%=10)THENIG%=IG%+1ELSEI 280IFIG%>0THENP%(10)=PN%:IFIG% =5THENGOSUB1950:GOSUB1680 290IFP%(10)=PN%THENIFRND(7)=3T HENQ\$(1)=" EVER GET THE FEELING . . 70 3001FP%(4)<>55ANDP%(4)<>11ANDP %(4)<>66THENP%(4)=88:Q\$(1)=" STR ANGE FEELING . . "ELSEIFP%(5)<>55 ANDP%(5)<>11ANDP%(5)<>66THENP%(5 )=88:Q\$(1)=" STRANGE FEELING . . 310IFC%(3)=2ANDP%(17)<>55ANDP% (17)<>66ANDP%(17)<>99THENP%(17)= 88:Q\$(1)=" STRANGE, SOMETHING SE EMS MISSING": C%(17)=3 320IFP%(10)=1ANDPN%=1ANDK1%=14 THENGOSUB1950:GOTO1690 3301FPN%=10RPN%=60RPN%=70RPN%= 10THENIFRND(3)=2THENPX(10)=PNXEL SEP%(10)=88 340IFP%(17)=55ANDPN%(>11ANDPN% <>10ANDC%(17)>2THENGOSUB1950:GOT 350IFC%(0)=3ANDPN%<>1ANDPN%<>2 THENGOSUB1950:GOTO1720 360FORIX=1TOLEN(E#(PN%)) 370IFMID#(E#(PN%), I%, 1)="P"THE NEX#=EX#+" PORT." 3801FMID#(E#(PN%), I%, 1)="S"THE NEX#=EX#+" S'BOARD." 3901FMID\$(E\$(PN%), I%, 1)="F"THE NEX#=EX#+" FOR'D." 400IFMID#(E#(PN%),I%,1)="A"THE NEX#=EX#+" AFT." 4101FMID#(E#(PN%), I%, 1)="U"THE NEX#=EX#+" UP." 4201FMID\$(E\$(PN%), I%, 1)="D"THE NEX#=EX#+" DOWN." 430IFMID#(E#(PN%), I%, 1)="0"THE NEX#=EX#+" OUT." 440NEXT 450II%=0:V\$(II%)=" VISIBLE: ": FORIX=0T018:IFPX(IX)=PNXTHENOS\$= O\$(I%)ELSENEXT:GOTO480 460IFLEN(V\$(II%))+LEN(OS\$)<35T HENV\$(IIX)=V\$(IIX)+OS\$+"。":OS\$= ""ELSEII%=II%+1:GOTO460

#### **BBC CONTINUED**

11

470NEXT 480CLS:PRINT" I AM";L#(PN%)//L 1#(PN%)'': IFLEN(EX#)>ØTHEN PRINT " WAYS: "; EX#' 490IFLEN(V\$(0))>9THENPRINTV\$(0 500FORIX=1T08:IFV\$(IX)<>""THEN PRINTV#(I%)' 510NEXT 520PRINT'" =====>YOU SAID ";A \$4:FORIX=1T04:IFQ\$(IX)<>""THENPR INTOSCIA) 530NEXT 540PRINT'" ======>WHAT NOW"; 550PL%=PN%:FORI%=0T04:V#(I%)=" ":Q\$(I%)="":NEXT:A1\$="":A2\$="":A 3#="": A4#="": EX#="": INPUTA# 560IFLEN(A\$)<3THEN1740ELSEA2\$= LEFT\$(A\$,3) 570IFA2\$="INV"THENGOTO710ELSEI FA2\$="WAI"THENGOTO740ELSEIFA2\$=" QUI"THEN760ELSEIFA2#="HEL"THEN76 @ELSEIFA2\$="SLE"THEN151@ 580J%=0:FORI%=1TOLEN(As):IFMID \$(A\$,I%,1)=" "THENJ%=I%:I%=LEN(A 590NEXT:IFJ%=0THENGOTO1850ELSE 日1年=LEFT事(日事, J%-1): 日3年=RIGHT事(日事 , LEN( A事 )-J%): A4事=LEFT\$( A3\$, 3) 6001FA1\$="GO"ORA2\$="GET"THEN66 610X\$=WV\$:Y\$=A2\$:GOSUB1910:IFJ %=0THENQ\$(2)=" I DON'T KNOW HOW TO "+A1\$:GOTO90ELSEK1%=(J%-1)/3+ 620X\$=WN\$:Y\$=84\$:GOSUB1910 630IFJ%=0THENQ\$(2)=" WHAT IS A "+83\$+"?":GOT090 640K2%=(J%-1)/3 6500N K1% GOTO670,690,770,790, 790,930,950,960,970,980,1<mark>000,101</mark> 0,770,1160,1500 660X\$=WG\$:Y\$=A4\$:GOSUB1910:IFJ %=0THEN1750ELSEX#=E#(PN%):Y#=MID \$(WD\$,(J%-1)/3+1,1):GOSUB1910:IF JN=0THEN1750ELSEPNN=VAL(MID#(D#( PN%),(J%-1)\*2+1,2)):GOTO1760 6701FK2%=19THEN1770ELSE1FK2%>1 8THEN174ØELSEIFP%(K2%)=55THEN178 ØELSEIFP%(K2%)<>PN%THEN179ØELSEI FC%(K2%)<-1THEN1740ELSEIFC%(K2%) =-1THEN1800ELSEIFP%(9)=PN%THEN18 6801F(K2%=70R(K2%=6RNDC%(6)=3) )ANDP%(8)<>55THENQ\$(2)=" TOO HO T TO HANDLE !":GOTO90ELSEIFIN%>3 THENQ\$(2)=" I'M OVERLOADED ALREA DY !":GOTO90ELSEINX=INX+1:PXCK2X )=55:G0T01760 6901FK2%>18THEN1810ELSE1FP%(K2

%><>55THEN1810ELSEIFK2%=1ANDCPN%

<>88NDPN%<>13>THENGOSUB1950:GOTO 1660ELSEINX=INX-1:IFPNX=14THENPX (K2%)=66:Q\$(3)=" SLIPPED IT UNDE R THE PILLOW."ELSEP%(K2%)=PN% 700G0T01760 710IFIN%=0THENQ\$(2)=" I AM CAR RYING: NOTHING !":GOTO90ELSEQ\$(2 )=" I AM CARRYING: ":J%=1:FORI%= **0T018** 720IFP%(I%)<>55THENGOTO730ELSE IFLEN( Q#( J%+1 > )+LEN( O#( I% > )<35TH ENQ\$(J%+1)=Q\$(J%+1)+O\$(I%)+"."EL SEQ#(J%+2)=0#(I%)+",":J%=J%+1:IF JN=5THENIN=18:NEXT:GOTO90ELSE NE XT. 730NEXT: G0T090 740CT%=CT%+15:IFST%=1THENJE%=J EX+15 750GOT01760 760Q\$(2)=" ALWAYS LOOK AROUND AND": Q\$(3)=" EXAMINE THINGS. TRY WORDS": Q\$(4)=" LIKE IN SERT, LIFT, WAIT . . ":GOTO90 7701FK2%<>200RPN%<>14THEN1740E LSEQ\$(2)=" NOTHING !":FORI%=0TO1 8:IFP%(IX)=66THENP%(IX)=14:Q\$(2) =" IT WAS STILL THERE !" 780NEXT: G0T090 790IFK2%<>23THEN820ELSEIFPN%=7 THENQ\$(2)=" I SEE A BUTTON MARKE D":Q#(3)=" -THINK CONTROL-": GOTO90ELSEIFPN%=10ANDLEN(E\$(10)) =2THENE\$(10)=E\$(10)+"L":Q\$(2)=" WOW !!! ":L1\$(10)=L1\$(10)+" AND HIDDEN BULKHEAD": GOTO9 8001FPN%=9ANDE\$(9)="S"THENE\$(9 )="SC":P%(3)=9:Q\$(2)=" !! ":GOTO90ELSEIFPN%=6THENQ\$(2)= " COURSE DATA IS ON THE SCREEN": GOTO90 810IFPN%=2THENIFC%(0)=-3THENQ\$ (3)=" INNER DOOR OPEN":Q\$(4)=" 0 UTER DOOR CLOSED":GOT01760ELSEIF C%(0)=-4ANDPN%=2THENQ\$(3)=" INNE R DOOR CLOSED":Q\$(4)=" OUTER DOO R OPEN": GOTO1760 820IFK2%=19THEN1770ELSEIFK2%=1 ANDPX(1)<>55ANDPX(1)<>PN%THEN177 ØELSEIFK2%≈1THENQ\$(2)=" IT HAS A HOLLOW CYLINDRICAL CUTTER":Q\$(3 AND SENSITIVE PRESSURE SW ITCH":GOT090 8301F(PN%=20RPN%=1)ANDK2%=22TH ENQ\$(2)=" A SIGN SAYS - AIRLOCK CONTROL -":GOTO90 8401FK2%>160RK2%<12THEN850ELSE IFP%(K2%)<>55THEN1810ELSE\_ONK2%-11 GOTO 880,890,900,910,920 8501FK2%=20ANDPN%=14THENQ\$(3)= " LOOKS STRANGELY LUMPY . . ":GOT 01760 8601FK2%=24ANDPN%=6THEN1860

90

(1)

1...

HOTHING SPECIAL 8700\$(3)=" ":GOTO1769 880Q\$(2)=" LABEL -YUSES-":GOTO 90 890Q\$(2)=" LABEL -POLYPS-":GOT 090 900Q\$(2)=" LABEL -FUNUS-":GOTO 9100\$(2)=" LABEL -CONFIDENTIAL -":GOTO90

9200\$(2)=" LABEL -BLOODLINE-":

GOTOSO 930IFK2%<>21THEN1740ELSEIFPN%<

>10THEN1790ELSEIFC%(17)=2THENQ事( 2)=" LOCKED ! ":GOTO90:ELSEIFC% (17)=4THENQ\$(2)=" ALREADY OPEN ! ":GOTO90ELSEIFP%(7)=10THEN1590 940C%(17)=4:E\$(10)=E\$(10)+"R": GOT01760

9501FK2%<>21THEN1740ELSEIFPN%< >10THEN1790ELSEIFC%(17)>2THEN183 @ELSEIFP%(17)<>55THEN18@@ELSEC%( 17)=3:GOTO1760

9601FK2%<>21THEN1740ELSEIFPN%< >10THEN1790ELSEIFC%(17)<>30RP%(1 7)<>55THEN1800ELSEC%(17)=2:GOTO1 760

970IFK2%<>21TMEN1740ELSEIFPN%< >10THEN1790ELSEIFC%(17)<>4THEN18 00ELSEC%(17)=8:E#(10)=LEFT#(E#(1 0),3):GOTO1760

9801FK2%<>4ANDK2%<>5THEN1740

9901FP%(K2%)<>55THEN1810ELSEIF CX(4)=K2%THENQ#(2)=" WHAT'S THIS I'M WEARING THEN ?":GOTO90ELSEI FC%(4)>2THENQ#(2)=" WEARING "+LE FT#( 0#( C%( 4 ) ) , LEN( 0#( C%( 4 ) ) )-7 ): GOTO90ELSEC%(4)=K2%:O\$(K2%)=O\$(K 2%)+" (WORN)":GOT01760

1000IF(K2%<>4ANDK2%<>5)ORC%(4)= 2THEN1820ELSEC%(4)=2:0\$(K2%)=LEF 「Φ( OΦ( K2% ) , LEN( OΦ( K2% ) )-7 ) : GOTO1

10101FK2%=19THEN1770ELSE1FK2%<1 20RK2%>16THEN174ØELSEIFP%(K2%)<> 55THEN1819ELSEIFPN%<>6THEN0\$<2>= " NO COMPUTER TO TAKE IT":GOTO90 1020IFP%(10)=6ANDK2%>11ANDK2%<1

7THENGOSUB1950:GOTO1700

1030CLS:FORXX=5TO6:PRINTTAB(7,X %)CHR\$(141)O\$(K2%):NEXT:FORX%=8T 09:PRINTTAB(2,%%)CHR#(141)" SPIN S IN IT'S DRIVE . . ": NEXT: SOUND 0,-15,7,100:TIME=0:REPEAT UNTIL TIME>500:CLS:ONK2%-11GOT01040,10 60,1080,1100,1120

1040PRINTTAB(12)" -YUSES SYSTEM -"//TAB(6)" STAR SYSTEM 7 LIGHT-YEARS"''TAB(6)" FROM FUNUS . HAS 3 PLANETS."//TAB(2)NB#(10);" -BALL OF FIRE"" TAB(2)NB\$(9);" INMABITED BY MINING"''"

COLONY, NO FINDS"

1050PRINT'TAB(2)NB\$(8);" OTE DEAD PLANET": GOTO1140 - FEED 1060PRINTTAB(13)" -POLYPS-""TH B(4)" FREQUENT GALAXY IN MILLION S"''TAB(4)" AROUND ENERGY-RICH P LANETS. "''TAB(4)" REGENERATE EVE RY 20 YEARS."''TAB(4)" ACTIVE PO LYPS CAN TURN DEAD"''TAB(1)" PLA NET INTO GREENHOUSE - EFFECT" 1070PRINTTAB(2)" PLANET, RICH I N STELLAR ENERGY" / TAB(8)" AFTER 20 YEARS . .":GOTO1140

1080PRINTTAB(12)" -FUNUS SYSTEM -"''TAB(7)" STAR WITH 7 PLANETS. "''TAB(2)" IN ORDER FROM FUNUS:-"''TAB(4)NB\$(1);" - (MOLTEN ROCK )"''TAB(4)NB\$(2);" GYRATES - (UN INHABITED>"''TAB(4)NB\$(3);" - (G REENHOUSE-EFFECT >"\*\* TAB(4)NB\$(4) 1090PRINT" - (INHABITED)"''TABC 4 >NB\$(5); ''TAB(4 >NB\$(6); " - (ICY WASTED TABCADABCTO; " - (LUMP

OF ROCK)":GOTO1140 1100PRINTTAB(10)" -CAPTAIN'S LO G-"''TAB(2)" BEARING TO DOCK WIT H BLOODLINE"''TAB(4)" STARGATE I

N GYRATES ORBIT. "''TAB(2)" MISSI ON ACCOMPLISHED - D'TAAN'S"''TAB (5)" EXPERIMENTS CONFIRM POLYP" THEORY, PITY BLOODLINE WILL

BENEFIT !"

1110PRINT'TAB(2)" GLAD TO GET 8 HOT OF THIS CREW !"''TAB(3)" BLO ODLINE SPY. MACHEN, "''TAB(3)" TH E TIAITHEN LIZARD. GIVES ME"''TA B(3)" THE CREEPS. CAN'T GET RID OF"''TAB(2)" HIM. - THE ONLY PIL OT ABOARD !":GOTO1140

1120PRINTTAB(12)" -BLOODLINE-" 'TAB(5)" TYRANNICAL EMPIRE KEEPI NG"''TAB(5)" CONTROL ON ENERGY S UPPLIES"''TAB(5)" FROM GREENHOUS E PLANETS -"''TAB(4)" ON WHICH I NTERSTELLAR TRAVEL" ' TAB(4)" DEP ENDS. "''TAB(4)" STARGATE IN FUNU S SYSTEM CAN"

1130PRINT'TAB(2)" SUMMONS CRUIS ERS TO QUELL REBELS.":GOTO1140 1140\*FX21,0

11500\$(2)=" YOU REMOVE THE DISK . . ":PRINTTAB(3,24)" PRESS SPAC E BAR TO CONTINUE"; : D=GET: IFD=82 ØTHEN9ØELSE114Ø

1160IFK2%<>22THEN1760

1170IFPN%=7ANDP%(10)=7THEN1590E LSEIFPN%=7THENQ#(2)=" MACHEN, TH E LIZARD PILOT":Q\$(3)="

RESTRAINS YOU. ": GOTO90

1175SOUND0,-10,2,5

1180IFPN%<>12THEN1350ELSEIFSF%= ØTHEN161ØELSEGOSUB193Ø

1190PRINT'TAB(4)" HEADING, CRYO

GEN, LASER, END"

1200\*FX21,0

1210Z#=INKEY#(100):IFZ#="H"THEN 1220ELSEIFZ#="C"THEN1260ELSEIFZ# ="L"THEN1290ELSEIFZ\$="E"THEN1760

1220J%=0:GOSUB1930:PRINT" CURRE ELSE1219 NTLY ";OD#;": ";NB#(CD%)':INPUT" NEW DESTINATION ===> "AA\$:AA\$=" "+AA\$:FORIX=0TO11:IFAA\$=NB\$(IX)T

HENJ%=I% 1230NEXT:IFJ%=0THENPRINT'" ";AA \$;" NOT ON THE DATABASE":TIME=Ø: REPERT UNTIL TIME>200:GOTO1180 1240IFJ%=CD%THEN1180ELSEIFJ%>PV XTHENJMX=1ELSEJMX=-1

1250STX=1:JEX=0:CDX=JX:PFX=PFX-100:SOUND0,-15,1,10:PRINT'" COUR SE CORRECTION APPLIED" " NEW BE ARING: "; NB\$(CD%)''" FUEL: "; PF% ;" PICAROTH":GOSUB1940:IFPF%<1TH EN1610ELSE1180

1260GOSUB1930:PRINT'TAB(11)" CR YOGENIC CONTROL"" TAB(3)" ENERGY TO FREEZE CREW - 10 PRZCY": INP UT" HOW MANY CLONE-YEARS FREEZE"

, ARS 1270IFVAL(AA\$)\*10>PF%THENSOUNDO ,-15,2,5:PRINT'TAB(11)" FUEL DEF ICIENCY"/ TAB(10)" INTERLOCK OVE RRIDE"''TAB(9)" \* OPERATION ABO RTED \*":GOSUB1940:GOTO1180

1280PF%=PF%-10\*VAL(AA\$):CY%=CY% +VAL(AA事):PRINT/TAB(15)" STAND BY":GOSUB1940:GOSUB1950:PN%=14:Q \$(2)=" YAWN . . !":ENVELOPE2,1,2 0,10,0,1,1,6,127,-1,0,-7,126,126 :50UND1,2,122,200:GOTO90

1290GOSUB1930:PRINTTAB(13)" LAS ER CONTROL"

1300INPUT'TAB(4)" TARGET ===== > "AR\$:IFAR\$="STARGATE"THEN1320E LSEAA#=" "+AA#: J%=0:FORI%=0T011: IFNB#(I%)=AA#THENJ%=I%:I%=11:NEX

T ELSE NEXT 1310IFJ%=0THENPRINT'" ";AA\$;" N OT ON DATABASE": GOSUB1940: GOTO11

1320PRINT'" TARGETED ON "; AA\$:T 80 IME=0:REPEAT UNTIL TIME>500:IFPF %<1000THENPRINT'TAB(12)" FUEL DE FICIENCY"ELSEIFJ%<>PV%AND(AA#="S TARGATE"ANDPV%<>2)THENPRINT'TABC 120" OUT OF RANGE"ELSE1340

1330SOUND0,-15,2,5:PRINT'TAB(11 )" COMPUTER OVERRIDE"''TAB(8)"

\* OPERATION ABORTED \*":GOSUB1940

:GOT01180 1340G0SUB1950:FORIX=0T01000:NEX T:GOSUB1950:FORIX=0TO1000:NEXT:G OSUB1950:FORI%=0TO1000:NEXT:IFAA \$<>"STARGATE"THEN1620ELSE1630

1350IFPN%=20RPN%=1THEN1460ELSEI FPN%<>3THEN1790

1360GOSUB1930

1370PRINT" THINK 'DESTINATION' OR 'END'":INPUT'" THINK COMMAND: "AA\$:AA\$=" "+AA\$:IFAA\$<>" VESPO ZIAN"THEN1380ELSEIFP%(0)=2THENPR INT'TAB(9)" SHUTTLE AT VESPOZIAN "''TAB(9)" \* OPERATION ABORTED \*":SOUND0,-15,2,5:GOSUB1940:GOTO

1375PRINT'TAB(10)" IN FLIGHT VE SPOZIAN":GOSUB23000:FORXXX=7TO8: PRINTTAB(11, XX%)CHR\$(141)" DOCK ING":NEXT:GOSUB1940:P%(0)=2:D#(3 >="2\*":G0T090

1380IFLEFT\$(AA\$,1)="E"THEN1760 1390J%=0:FORI%=0T011:IFAA\$=NB\$( I%)THENJ%=I%

1400NEXT: IFJ%=OTHENPRINT'" "; AA ₱;" NOT ON DATABASE":GOSUB1940:G OTO90

1410IFJ%<>PV%THENPRINT(" "; AA#; " OUT OF RANGE":GOSUB1940:GOTO90 1420IFST%=1THENPRINT'" VESPOZIA N NOT IN ";AA#;" ORBIT"''TAB(8) \* OPERATION ABORTED \* ":SOUND

0,-15,2,5:GOSUB1940:GOTO100 1430IFJ%<>8THENPRINT COMPI TIONS ON "; AA\$''" NOT SUITABL E FOR SHUTTLE LANDING"''TAB(8)" \* OPERATION ABORTED \* ":SOUNDØ, -15,2,5:GOSUB1940:GOTO90

1440IFC%(0)<>-4THENPRINT:TAB(7) " SHUTTLE BAY DOORS CLOSED": GOSU B1940:SOUND0,-15,2,5:PRINT'TAB(8 )" \* OPERATION ABORTED \* ":GOSU B1940:GOTO90

1450PRINT'" HEADING - ";AA#:GOS UB23000:FORXX%=7TOS:PRINTTAB(5,X XX)CHR\$(141)" LANDED ON ":AA\$:NE XT:P%(0)=8:D\$(3)="8\*":GOSUB1940: GOTO100

1460SOUND1,-10,1,60:IFPN%=1THEN IFC%(0)=-2THENC%(0)=-3:L1#(1)=" BLUE BUTTON BY OPEN BULKHEAD":E\$ (1)="PFL":GOTO1760ELSEIF(C%(0)=-3ANDPN%=1)THENC%(0)=-2:L1\$(1)=" BLUE BUTTON BY CLOSED BULKHEAD": E\$(1)="PF":GOTO1760

1470SOUND1,-10,1,60:IFPN%=2ANDC %(0)=-STHENC%(0)=-4:E\$(2)="OT":D #(2)="4\*3\*":Q#(3)=" INNER DOOR C LOSES":Q\$(4)=" OUTER DOOR OPENS" :GOTO1760

1480IFPN%=2ANDC%(0)=-4THENC%(0) =-3:E#(2)="TP":D#(2)="3\*1\*":Q#(3 >=" OUTER DOOR CLOSES":Q\$(4)=" I NNER DOOR OPENS":GOT01760

1490GOTO1790

1500Q\$(2)=" TOO RISKY !":GOTO90



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1510Q\$(2)=" I'M NOT TIRED !":GO

TO90

1520DATAMODIN THE CREW'S QUARTE
RS,MOD LINED WITH BUNKS,DSB,7
\*1\*14,LINEIN THE RESEARCH LABORA
TORY,LINE BLUE BUTTON BY CLOSED
BULKHEAD,PF,0\*6\*2\*,ERRORIN THE
SHUTTLE BAY,LINE BLUE BUTTON O
N THE WALL,P,1\*,DIVIN A SHUTTLE,
LINEWITHDIV-THINK CONTROL-LINEBU
TTON,0,2\*

1530DATAOROUTSIDE THE HULL,OR
OF THE VESPOZIAN,V,2\*,MODIN T
HE CAPTAIN'S CABIN,,OC,6\*9\*,LINE
IN THE NAVIGATION AND, LINECO
MPUTER ROOM,AFUP,1\*7\*105\*,EORON
THE BRIDGE,,AU,6\*0\*,ERRORONEOR'Y
USES FAR'ERRORUNDER, ERRORA

PURPLE SKY, TE, 3\*13
1540DATADIVAT VESPOZIAN'S FUEL
CORE, DIVI CAN FEEL THE HEA
T, S, 105\*, MODON A METAL GANGWAY W
ITH A DOOR, , PD, 9\*6\*1211, LINEIN A
SUIT ROOM, , P, 10, DIVIN A SECRET
CONTROL ROOM, DIVWITH DUPLIC
ATE CONTROL, O, 10, ERRORONEOR' YUSE
S FAR', ERRORUNDER AN INDIGO

SKY 1550DATANEW,13138\*,MODIN MY BUN K — IT HAS CLEAN, MODSHEETS AND A LARGE PILLOW,U,0\*

1560DATAEORAUTO-SHUTTLE,2,-2,EORSTRANGE DEVICE,1,2,MOD\*POLYPS\*,99,2,EORCRAWLWAY,99,-2,EORASBESTOS SUIT,11,2,EORMETAL CONTAINER,5,2,EORFUEL CYLINDER,9,2,EORINSULATED TONGS,1,2,EORCAP'N BEZEL,5,-2,EORDISK 905

1570DATAEORDISK 001,1,2,EORDISK 002,7,2,EORDISK 003,5,2,EORDISK 004,6,2,EORKEY,12,2,EORGLOWING ROCK,99,-2

1580DATAEORFUNUS, EORLITTLE FUNU S, EORGYRATES, EORROTH, EORBILGEN, E ORGREATER BILGEN, EOROUTER FUNUS, EORFAR FUNUS, EORYUSES FAR, EORMID YUSES, EORYUSES NEAR, EORYUSES

1590CLS:SOUND0,-15,6,10:PRINT''
" GRAKTA, BLOODLINE SPY, BLASTS
YOU"'' WITH HIS LASER."''
YOU ARE NOW A PILE OF YUSES DUST
!":GOTO1730

1600CLS:SOUNDO,-15,7,50:PRINT''
" AARGH . . !"'' WENT INTO
THE FUEL CORE WITHOUT"'' PROTE
CTION - SEARING HEAT . . !":GOTO
1730

1610CLS:PRINT''" WITH NO FUEL, THE VESPOZIAN"''" WANDERS A IMLESSLY OUT OF" / " CONTROL - LOST IN SPACE":GOTO173

1620CLS:SOUND0,—15,6,100:PRINT/ 'TAB(10)" TOO CLOSE PROXIMITY"/ '" THE VESPOZIAN IS RIPPED APART BY"''" THE TREMENDOUS EXPLOSION !":GOTO1730

1630CLS:SOUND0,-15,6,100:FORXX=
1TO2:PRINTTAB(16,X%)CHR\$(141)" W
HAM !":NEXT:FORX%=4TO5:PRINTTAB(
7,X%)CHR\$(141)" THE BLOODLINE ST
ARGATE IS":NEXT:FORXX=7TO8:PRINT
TAB(4,X%)CHR\$(141)" VAPOURISED.
\*YOU HAVE SUCCEEDED":NEXT

1640FORX%=10TO11:PRINTTAB(2,X%)
CHR\$(141)" IN YOUR MISSION! CONG
RATULATIONS!":NEXT:GOTO1730

1650CLS:SOUND0,-15,6,30:PRINT'
TAB(11)" INMER DOOR CLOSES"''TAB
(13)" AIR EVACUATED"''TAB(11)" O
UTER DOOR OPENS"''TAB(12)" NO S
PACE SUIT !"''TAB(7)" YOU PERISH
, AND DRIFT OUT"''TAB(11)" INTO

1660CLS:SOUNDO,-15,3,50:PRINT''
TAB(3)" PRESSURE SWITCH OPERATES
DRILL"''TAB(3)" ENGAGES AND BO
RES THROUGH CRAFT.":IFCX(4)=5THE
NPRINT'TAB(7)" YOU DRIFT OFF INT
O SPACE"''TAB(4)" AND PERISH WHE
N OXYGEN RUNS OUT.":GOTO1730

1670SOUND0,-15,6,50:PRINT'TAB(4 )" YOU BURST APART WITH THE"''TA B(20)" DEPRESSURISATION !":GOTO1 730

1680CLS:SOUND0,-15,6,25:PRINT''
" WALKING AROUND IN AN";LEFT\$(0\$
(C%(4)),14)''" HIGHLY SUSPICIOUS
!"''' GRAKTA , BLOODLINE SPY ,
SHOOTS YOU !":GOTO1730

1690CLS:SOUND0,-15,6,25:PRINT''
" GRAKTA , BLOODLINE SPY , SHOOT
S"''TAB(4)" YOU FOR TREACHERY AG
AINST"''TAB(8)" THE BLOODLINE EM
PIRE !":GOTO1738

1700CLS:SOUND0,-15,6,25:PRINT''
" GRAKTA VAPOURISES YOU ON"''TAB
(4)" SUSPICION OF SPYING BY"''
RETRIEVING COMPUTERISED DATA !"'
'" YOU PERISH . . !":GOTO1730

1710CLS:SOUND0,-15,6,20:PRINT"
GRAKTA NOTICES SUIT ROOM DOOR OP
EN."''TAB(5)" FINDS KEY ON YOU A
NO BLASTS "''"
OWARDS FUNUS !":GOTO1730

1720CLS:PRINT" GRAKTA NOTICES & HUTTLE BAY DOOR"''" OPEN, AND SUSPECTS A PLOT AGAINST"''

THE BLOODLINE EMPIRE."''' Y OU ARE EJECTED IN THE SHUTTLE"'' " AND ARE LOST FOREVER IN SPACE !!":GOSUB23000:GOTO1730

1730FORXX=20T021:PRINTTAB(6,X%) CHR\$(141)" YOUR ADVENTURE IS OVE R !":NEXT:INPUTTAB(11,23)" ANOTH ER GAME", A#: IFLEFT#(A#, 1)="Y"THE N CLEAR : RUN ELSE CLS : END 1740Q\$(2)=" IMPOSSIBLE !":GOTO9 1750Q\$(2)=" I CAN'T GO "+83\$:GO T090 1760Q\$(2)=" OK":GOTO90 1770Q\$(2)=" REFERENCE DISK BY I T'S NUMBER": GOTO90 1780Q\$(2)=" I'M ALREADY CARRYIN G IT !":GOTO90 1790Q\$(2)=" I DON'T SEE IT HERE ":GOTO90 1800Q\$(2)=" I CAN'T - YET !":GO 1810Q\$(2)=" I'M NOT CARRYING IT T090 !":GOTO90 1820Q\$(2)=" YOU MUST BE JOKING !":GOT090 1830Q\$(2)-" OK - NOTHING HAPPEN S":GOT090 1840Q\$(2)=" CAP'N WINKS TO ME A GLANCES AT GRAK ND":Q\$(3)=" TH": GOTO90 1850Q\$(2)=" HUH ?":GOTO90. 1860CLS:PRINT''" CLONE YEAR: ZONETIME: ";CT%" "; STRING#(38,"\_")''" VESPOZIAN ";O D#; TAB(24)NB#(CD%): IFST%=1THENPR INT" ETA: "; TAB(17)CT%+ABS(CD%-FVX)\*25-JEX 1870PRINT'" NEAREST BODY: "; TAB

3

(16)NB#(PV%):IFPV%=2THENPRINT'TA B(10)" BLOODLINE STARGATE" 1880PRINT'" FUEL: "; TAB(17)PF%; PICAROTH"//" LASER: ";:IFPF%< 1000THENPRINTTAB(17)"INOPERATIVE "ELSEPRINTTAB(17)"OPERATIVE" 1890SOUND1,-15,1,60:PRINT''" "; STRING\$(39, "\_") TAB(5)" THINK C ONTROL REPORTING ":TIME=0:REPERT UNTIL TIME>1000:GOT01760 1900RETURN: REM##FLASHING SCREEN HERE 1910J%=0:FORI%=1TOLEN(X#)STEPLE NCY事): IFY每号MID事CX事,IX,LENCY事))TH ENJX=1%: IX=LEN(X#): MEXT: RETURN 1920MEXT: RETURN 1930CLS:FORX%=2TO3:PRINTTAB(0,X なDCHR事(131DCHR事(141DAT事:NEXT:PRI NT: RETURN 1940TIME=0:REPEAT UNTIL TIME>70 1950FORI%≕0TO10:CLS:GOSUB1900:N EXT: RETURN 1960PRINTTAB(3)" THE ONLY TUBES OPEN ARE THOSE" TAB(3)" MARKED 'DTAAN' AND 'MACHEN' "''TAB(3)" = =====> WHICH ONE";:AAs="":IMPUTA A事:IFLEFT\$(AA事,1)="D"THENPN%=15E LSEIFLEFT\$(AA\$,1)="M"THENPN%=16 1970GOT01760 23000ENVELOPE1,1,0,5,0,9,1,8,8,-1,0,-1,82,80:SOUND0,-15,6,50:SOU ND1,1,1,200:SOUND1,0,1,20:FORX%= 53TO1STEP-1:SOUND1,-(INT(X%DIV4) ), XX, 2: NEXT: RETURN

#### RUNS ON AN ATARI 400/800. CONVERTED BY SIMON GOODWIN

10 REM VESPOZIAN AFFAIR - C&VG 1983 20 REM Author P. Norris 30 REM Atari conversion by S.Goodwin 32 READ N1,N2,N3,N4,N5,N6,Q2A,Q2B:OPEN # N1,N4,N,"K" 33 DATA 1,2,3,4,5,6,65,96 35 GRAPHICS N:POKE 82,N:POSITION 9,N:? "
THE VESPOZIAN AFFAIR ":?:?:? "You play the part of D'Taan, Scientific"
40 ? "Officer aboard the Bloodline Starship Vespozian, Your (private) mission is to blast the Bloodline Stargate out"; ? " of":? "existence.":? :? "All the availabl information you need is e on board the Vespozian." 50 POKE 752,N1:? :? :? ,"Good luck, D'Ta an!":? :LQ=192 55 DIM P(18),C(18),HU\$(48),HG\$(48),HD\$(1 6),L\$(480),L1\$(480),E\$(60),D\$(120),HN\$(8 1),O\$(418),NB\$(168),O\$\$(22),U\$(288) 57 DIM OD\$(10),S1\$(32),Q\$(LQ),SP\$(32),EX \$(32),A\$(32),A1\$(32),A2\$(N3),A3\$(32),A4\$ (N3),X\$(81),Y\$(N3),Z\$(N1),DX\$(120) 58 L\$(N1)=" ":L\$(480)=" ":L\$(N2)=L\$:L1\$= L\$:E\$=L\$:D\$=L\$:O\$=L\$:NB\$=L\$:SP\$=L\$:LL=32 :LNB=14:L0=22:LE=N4:LD=8 60 HU\$="TAKDROLIFLOOEXAOPEUNLLOCCLOHEARE NINSRAIPREKILSLE":Q\$=L\$:DIM AA\$(LNB) H6\$="PORSTAFORAFTUP DOHOUTBUNSHUNOREA SHESBULDOOCRAVES" 62 HD\$="PSFAUDOBTNEHLRCU" 63 HN\$="SHUDEUPOLCRARSBSPACONCYLTONBEZGA AMAC005001002003004KEYROCDISPILDOOBUTARO

SCRBUNSHE" 65 FOR I=N1 TO 15:READ S1\$:L\$(I\*32-31, 32)=S1\$:READ S1\$:L1\$(I\*32-31, I\*32)=S1\$ 70 READ S1\$:E\$(I\*N4-N3,I\*N4)=S1\$:READ S1 \$:D\$(I\*8-7,I\*8)=S1\$:NEXT I 72 FOR I=N1 TO 19:READ S1\$:0\$(I\*22-21,I\* 22)=S1\$:READ A:P(I-N1)=A:READ A:C(I-N1)= A: NEXT I 73 FOR I=N1 TO 12:READ S1\$:NB\$(I\*14-13,I \*14)=S1\$: NEXT I 75 PN=N1: JM=-N1: PV=N6: CY=143: PF=600: CD= 2:DIM AT\$(32):AT\$="A THOUGHT IS FRAMED N YOUR MIND":ST=N1:PI=999:SF=N1 80 DATA IN THE CREM'S QUARTERS, LINED WIT H BUNKS, DSB, 7\*1\*14, IN THE RESEARCH LAB. BY, BLUE BUTTON BY CLOSED BULKHEAD 81 DATA PF.0%6%2%, IN THE SHUTTLE BAY, BLU E BUTTON ON HALL, P.1%, IN A SHUTTLE, HITH -THINK CONTROL- BUTTON, 0, 2% 82 DATA OUTSIDE THE HULL OF THE VESPOZIA N,V,2\*,IN THE CAPTAIN'S CABIN,,OC,6\*9\*,I N THE NAVIGATION AND,COMPUTER ROOM 83 DATA AFUP,1\*7\*105\*,ON THE BRIDGE,,AU, 6\*0\*,ON YUSES FAR UNDER,A PURPLE SKY,TE, 3\*13,AT VESPOZIAN'S FUEL CORE 84 DATA I CAN FEEL HEAT, S, 105\*, IN A META L GANGHAY HITH A, DOOR, PD, 9\*6\*1211, IN A S UIT ROOM, P, 10, IN A SECRET CONTROL ROOM 85 DATA HITH DUPLICATE CONTROL, 0, 10, 0N Y USES FAR, UNDER AN INDIGO SKY, NEH, 13138\*, IN MY BUNK - IT HAS CLEAN 86 DATA SHEETS & LARGE PILLOH, U, 0\*, AUTO-SHUTTLE, 2, -2, STRANGE DEVICE, 1, 2, \*POLYPS\* ,99,2, CRAHLHAY, 99, -2, ASBESTOS SUIT

David Pugh

87 DATA 11,2, SPACE SUIT, 11,2, METAL CONTA INER, 5,2, FUEL CYLINDER, 9,2, INSULATED TON 65,1,2, CAP'N BEZEL, 5,-2, GRAKTA, 6,-2 88 DATA MACHEN,7,-2,DISK 005,66,2,DISK 0 01,1,2,DISK 002,7,2,DISK 003,5,2,DISK 00 4,6,2,KEY,12,2,6LOHING ROCK,99,-2 89 DATA FUNUS, LITTLE FUNUS, GYRATES, ROTH, BILGEN, GREATER BILGEN, OUTER FUNUS, FAR FUNUS, YUSES FAR, MID YUSES, YUSES NEAR 90 DATA YUSES 100 ? ," Press any key ":6ET #N1,J:? "
)":POKE 752,N:POKE 82,N4:60TO 1600
1000 IF \$1\$\(\scrt{SG}\),S6)=" " THEN \$6=\$6-N1:\$1\$
=\$1\$\(\scrt{N1}\),S6):60TO 1000 1010 RETURN 1100 SG=LNB: S1\$=NB\$( S62\*LNB+N1, S62\*LNB+L NB): 60SUB 1000: RETURN 1600 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="COMPUTER & VIDEO 6AMES ":Q\$(97,128)="WELCOMES YOU TO THE":Q\$(12 9,160)="SEVENTH EMPIRE" 1800 IF PN=N5 AND PL=9 THEN RT=N5:60TO 1 1810 IF PNK >N5 THEN RT=N 1900 SF=N: IF P(7)=9 OR (P(N6)=9 AND C(N6 )>N2) THEN SF=N1 2000 IF PU=N3 AND P(N2)=99 THEN P(N2)=N4 2100 IF PN=N2 AND C(N)=-N4 AND C(N4)X >N5 THEN GOSUB 19000:60TO 22500 2200 IF C(N6)=N3 AND P(N6)=9 THEN C(N6)= N4:PF=PF+2000:0\$(97,128)="NEN FUEL LOPOE 2300 CT=CT+N1:IF ST<>N1 THEN 2400 2310 JE=JE+N1:IF JE<25 THEN 2400 2320 JE=JE-25:PV=PV+JM:? ")" 2330 IF PU=CD THEN ST=N2:PF=PF-100:? "UE SPOZIAN ORBITING ";NB\$(PUXLNB+N1,PUXLNB+ LNB):60T0 2390 2340 ? "VESPOZIAN PASSING ";NB\$K PV\$LNB+N 1, PUXLNB+LNB) 2390 GOSUB 18900 2400 IF RT=N5 THEN P(9)=99:P(10)=N6:60T0 2500 2410 IF PN=N5 AND RT=N THEN P(9)=N5:P(10 )=N5 2500 IF CT>200 THEN CT=N1:CY=CY+N1 2600 IF CD=PU THEN ST=N2 2700 OD\$="BEARING ON": IF ST=N2 THEN OD\$= "ORBITING" 2800 IF PN=9 AND C(N4 X >N4 THEN 22100 2900 IF PU=N2 AND PN=N4 AND P(12)=99 THE N P(12)=N4 3000 IF P(N2)=13 THEN P(N2)=88:PI=CY:Q\$X 97,128)="POLYPS VANISH INTO THE ROCKS" 3100 IF CY>PI+19 THEN P(18)=13:PI=CY 3200 IF P(N1)=PN AND (PN=80 OR PN=13) AND (P(18)X)13 OR P(N6)X)13) THEN 3220 3210 GOTO 3300 3220 Q\$(97,128)="SHITCH STARTS MOTOR. DR ILL":Q\$(129,160)="ENGAGES AND SPRAYS DUS 3300 IF P(18)=13 AND P(N1)=13 AND P(N6)= 13 AND C(N6)=N2 THEN 3320 3310 GOTO 3400 3320 P(18)=88:0\$(N6\*L0+N1,N6\*L0+L0)="FUE L CONTAINER":C(N6)=N3:Q\$(97,128)="SHITCH STARTS MOTOR. DRILL" 3330 Q\$(129,160)="ENGAGES AND FILLS CONT AINER" 3400 IF P(17)=55 THEN C(N3)=N3 3500 IF C(N4)>N3 AND (PN=N1 OR PN=N6 OR PN=7 OR PN=10) THEN I6=I6+N1:60TO 3600 3510 IG=N 3600 IF IF>N THEN P(10)=PN:IF IG=N5 THEN G0SUB 19000:G0T0 22800 3700 IF P(10)=PN THEN IF INT(RND(N)\*7)=N 3 THEN Q\$(33,64)="EVER GET THE FEELING...?"

3900 IF P(N4)X)88 AND P(N4)X)PN AND P(N4) X)55 AND P(N4)X)11 AND P(N4)X)86 THEN P (N4)=88:GOTO 3990

3910 IF P(N5×3PN AND P(N5×388 AND P(N5 X355 AND P(N5×3PN AND P(N5×366 THEN P (N5)=88:60T0 3990 3920 GOTO 4100 3990 Q\$(33,64)="STRANGE FEELING... 4100 IF C(N3)=N2 AND P(17)X>55 AND P(17) <>66 AND P(17)X>99 THEN 4120 4110 GOTO 4300 4120 P(17)=88:Q\$(33,64)="STRANGE, SOMETH ING SEEMS MISSING":C(17)=N3 4300 IF P(10)=N1 AND PN=N1 AND K1=14 THE N GOSUB 19000:60TO 22900 4400 IF PN=N6 OR PN=7 OR PN=10 OR PN=N1 THEN P(10)=88: IF INT(RND(N)\*N3)=N2 THEN 4600 IF P(17)=55 AND PN(>11 AND PN(>10 A ND C(17)>N2 THEN GOSUB 19000:60T0 23100 4700 IF C(N)=N3 AND PNK N1 AND PNK N2 TH EN 60SUB 19000:60TO 23200 4800 EX\$="":FOR I=N1 TO LE:SG=PN\*LE+I 4900 IF E\$(SG.SG)="P" THEN EX\$(LEN(EX\$)+ 5000 IF E\$(\$6,\$6)="\$" THEN EX\$(LENCEX\$)+ N1)="\$'800RD." 5100 IF E\$(SG,SG)="F" THEN EX\$(LENKEX\$)+ N1 )="FOR 'D. 5200 IF E\$(SG,SG)="A" THEN EX\$(LENCEX\$)+ NI)="AFT." 5300 IF E\$(SG,SG)="U" THEN EX\$(LENCEX\$)+ N1)="UP. "
5400 IF E\$(SG,SG)="D" THEN EX\$(LENCEX\$)+
N1)="DOWN." 5500 IF E\$(SG,SG)="0" THEN EX\$(LENCEX\$)+ N1)="OUT." 5600 NEXT 5700 II=N:S1\$="VISIBLE: ":FOR I=N TO 18: IF P(I)=PN THEN OS\$=O\$(I\*LO+N1,I\*LO+LO): SG=L0:GOTO 5800 5710 GOTO 6000 5800 IF 0S\$(S6,S6)=" " THEN S6=S6-N1:0S\$ =0S\$(N1,S6):60T0 5800 5810 IF LENK \$1\$ >+LENK 0\$\$ > 29 THEN 5850 5820 IF LENKS1\$ X32 THEN S1\$ (LENKS1\$ )+N1 )=" ":60T0 5820 5830 V\$(II\*LL+N1,II\*LL+LL)=S1\$:II=II+N1: S1\$="":GOTO 5810 5850 S1\*(LENKS1\*)+N1 )=0S\$:S1\*(LENKS1\*)+N 1 )=". ":U\$(II\*LL+N1,II\*LL+LL)=S1\* S000 NEXT I:S1\$=L\$(PN\*LL+N1,PN\*LL+LL) 6001 S6=LEN(U\$): IF S6(288 THEN U\$(S6+N1) ="": U\$(288)=" ": U\$(S6+N2)=U\$(S6+N1) 6002 IF S1\$(LEN(S1\$))=" " THEN S1\$=S1\$(N 1,LEN(S1\$)-N1):60TO 6002 6005 ? ")I AM ";S1\$:? L1\$(PN\*LL+N1,PN\*LL 6010 IF LEN(EX\$)>N THEN ? "EXITS: ";EX\$: 6100 IF U\$(10,10)X)" " THEN ? U\$(N1,32) 6200 FOR I=N1 TO 8: IF U\$(I\*LL+N1,I\*LL+LL X)SP\$ THEN ? U\$(I\*LL+N1,I\*LL+LL) 6300 NEXT I 6400 ? :IF A\$<>"" THEN ? "---->YOU SAID ";A\$:? 5500 FOR I=N1 TO N5:IF Q\$(I\*LL+N1,I\*LL+L L)X>SP\$ THEN ? Q\$(I\*LL+N1,I\*LL+LL) 6600 NEXT I 6700 U\$(N1)=" ":U\$(288)=" ":U\$(N2)=U\$:? "---> WHAT NOW"; 6800 PL=PN:Q\$(N1)=" ":Q\$(LQ)=" ":Q\$(N2)= Q\$:A\$="":A1\$="":A2\$="":A3\$="":A4\$="":EX\$ 6900 IF LEN(A\$ XN3 THEN 19400 6910 A2\$=A\$(N1,N3) 7000 IF A2\$="INV" THEN 8900 7010 IF A2\$="HAI" THEN 9300 7020 IF A2\$="QUI" THEN 9600 7030 IF A2\$="HEL" THEN 9600 7040 IF H2\$="SLE" THEN 18400 7100 J=N: FOR I=N1 TO LENKA\$): IF A\$(I,I)= 7200 NEXT I: IF J=N THEN 20500 7210 A1\$=A\$(N1,J-N1):A3\$=A\$(J+N1)

7220 IF LENK R3\$ XN3 THEN R3\$(LENK R3\$)+N1
)=" ":GOTO 7220
7300 R4\$=R3\$(N1,N3): IF R1\$="60" OR R2\$="
7400 X\$=HV\$: Y\$=R2\$: GOSUB 18600: IF J=N TH
EN S1\$="I DON'T KNOH HON TO ":S1\$(LENK S1
\$)+N1)=R1\$: Q\$ (Q2R,Q2B)=S1\$: GOTO 1800
7410 K1=(J-N1)/N3+N1
7500 X\$=HN\$: Y\$=R4\$: GOSUB 18600
7600 IF J=N THEN S1\$="HHRT IS R ":S1\$(LE
2R,Q2B)=S1\$: GOTO 1800
7700 K2=(J-N1)/N3
7900 ON K1 GOTO 1800
7700 K2=(J-N1)/N3
7900 ON K1 GOTO 8300,8600,9800,10100,101
3000,9800,14500,12200,12400,12600,12800,1
8110 X\$=E\$(PN\$LE+N1,PN\$LE+LE):S6=(J-N1)/
N3+N1: Y\$=HD\$(S6,S6): GOSUB 18600
8120 IF J=N THEN 19500



Luckily the first shot struck home

8130 DX\$=D\$:S62=PN\*LD+N1+(J-N1)\*N2:PN=UA
L(D\$(S62,S62+N1)):D\$=DX\$:60TO 19600

8300 IF K2=19 THEN 19700

8310 IF K2=19 THEN 19700

8310 IF K2=18 THEN 19400

8320 IF P(K2)=55 THEN 19600

8330 IF P(K2)=55 THEN 19900

8330 IF P(K2)>PN THEN 19900

8340 IF C(K2)>-N1 THEN 19400

8350 IF C(K2)>-N1 THEN 29400

8360 IF P(9)=NN THEN 29400

8400 IF (K2=7 OR (K2=N6 AND C(N6)=N3))) A
HENDLE :60TO 1800

8410 IF IN>N3 THEN Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="TOO HOT TO

8410 IF IN>N3 THEN Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="I'N OVER
LOADED ALREDY!":60TO 1800

8420 IN=IN+N1:P(K2)=55:60TO 19600

8600 IF K2>18 THEN 20100

8610 IF P(K2X)>55 THEN 20100

8620 IF K2=N1 AND (PN(>R AND PN(>13) THE
8630 IF K2=N1 AND (PN(>R AND PN(>13) THE
97,128)="SLIPPED IT UNDER PILLON":60TO 1

9600

8640 P(K2)=PN:60TO 19600

8900 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="I AM CARRYING: ":IF IN =N THEN Q\$(97,128)="NOTHING":60TO 1800 J=N2:S1\$="I AM CARRYING: ":FOR I=N 9000 IF P(I)=55 THEN 9050 9010 NEXT I:S6=LEN(Q\$):IF S6(LQ THEN Q\$( S6+N1)=" ":Q\$(LQ)=" ":Q\$(S6+N2)=Q\$(S6+N1 9020 60TO 1800 9050 OS\$=0\$(I\*LO+N1,I\*LO+LO):S6=LO 9060 IF OS\$(S6,S6)=" " THEN S6=S6-N1:OS\$ =05\$(N1,S6):60T0 9060 9070 IF LENKS1\$ >+LENK 0S\$ X 29 THEN 9100 9080 IF LENKS1\$X32 THEN S1\$(LENKS1\$)+N1 )=" ":60T0 9080 9090 Q\$(J\$LL+N1,J\$LL+LL)=\$1\$:J=J+N1:IF J =N6 THEN I=18:\$1\$="":60T0 9010 9095 S1\$="":GOTO 9070 9100 S1\$(LENKS1\$)+N1 )=0S\$:S1\$(LENKS1\$)+N ":0\$(J\*LL+N1,J\*LL+LL)=S1\$:60T0 901 9300 CT=CT+15: IF ST=N1 THEN JE=JE+15 9400 GOTO 19600 9600 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="ALHAYS LOOK AROUND AND ":Q\$(97,128)="EXAMINE THINGS. TRY HORDS" :Q\$(129,160)="LIKE INSERT, LIFT, HAIT... 9610 60TO 1800 9800 IF K2<>20 OR PN<>14 THEN 19400 9810 Q\*(Q2A,Q2B)="NOTHING!":FOR I=N TO 1 8:IF P(I)=66 THEN P(I)=14:Q\*(Q2A,Q2B)="I T WAS STILL THERE!" 9900 NEXT I:60TO 1800 10100 IF K2<>23 THEN 10400
10110 IF PN=7 THEN Q\$(Q29,Q28)="I SEE BU
TTON MARKED":Q\$(97,128)="-THINK CONTROL":60TO 1800 10120 IF PN=10 AND E\$(43,43)=" " THEN E\$
(43,43)="L":@\$(028,028)="HOH!":60TO 1014 10130 GOTO 10200 10140 S1\$=L1\$(10\$LL+N1,10\$LL+LL):S6=32 10150 IF S1\$(LEN(S1\$))=" " :S1\$=S1\$(N1,S6):60T0 10150 THEN S6=SG-N1 10160 \$1\$(LEN(\$1\$)+N1)=" AND HIDDEN BULK HEAD":L1\$(10\$LL+N1,10\$LL+LL)=\$1\$:60TO 18 10200 IF PN=9 AND E\$(37,38)="\$ " THEN E\$
(38,38)="C":P(N3)=9:0\$(02A,02B)="AHA!":6 OTO 1800 10210 IF PN=N6 THEN Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="COURSE DATA ON SCREEN": 60TO 1800 10300 IF PNC XN2 THEN 10400 10310 IF C(N)=-N3 THEN Q\$(97,128)="INNER DOOR OPEN": Q\$(129,160)="OUTER DOOR CLOS ED":GOTO 19600 EN": GOTO 19600 10400 IF K2=19 THEN 19700 10410 IF K2<>N1 THEN 10500 10420 IF PONIX > 55 AND PONIX > PN THEN 19 10430 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="IT HAS HOLLOH CYLINDR ICAL CUTTER":Q\$(97,128)="AND SENSITIVE P RESSURE SHITCH":60TO 1800 10500 IF (PN=N1 OR PN=N2) AND K2=22 THEN @\$(@2A,@2B)="SIGN -AIRLOCK CONTROL-":60 TO 1800 10600 IF K2K17 AND K2>11 THEN IF P(K2 X) 55 THEN 20100 10610 IF K2<17 AND K2>11 THEN ON K2-11 G OTO 11100,11200,11300,11400,11500 10700 IF K2=20 AND PN=14 THEN Q\$(97,128) ="LOOKS STRANGELY LUMPY...":60TO 19600 10800 IF K2=24 AND PN=N6 THEN 20700 10900 Q\$(97,128)="NOTHING SPECIAL":60TO 19600 11100 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="LABEL -YUSES-":60TO 1 800 11200 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="LABEL -POLYPS-":GOTO 1800

11300 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="LABEL -FUNUS-":60TO 1

11400 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="LABEL -CONFIDENTIAL-" :GOTO 1800 11500 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="LABEL -BL00DLINE-":60 TO 1800 11710 IF PNK>10 THEN 19900 11720 IF C(17)=N2 THEN Q\$(Q29,Q28)="LOCK ED!":GOTO 1800 11700 IF K2K>21 THEN 19400 11730 IF C(17)=N4 THEN Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="ALRE ADY OPEN!":GOTO 1800 11740 IF P(7)=10 THEN 22000 11800 C(17)=N4:IF E\$(43,43)=" " THEN E\$( 43,43)="R":GOTO 19600 11810 E\$(44,44)="R":60T0 19600 12000 IF K2<>21 THEN 19400 12010 IF PNK>10 THEN 19900 12020 IF C(17)>N2 THEN 20300 12030 IF P(17)X>55 THEN 20000 12040 C(17)=N3:GOTO 19600 12200 IF K2<>21 THEN 19400 12210 IF PHK >10 THEN 19900 12220 IF C(17 X >30 OR P(17 X >55 THEN 200 12230 C(17)=N2:60T0 19600 12400 IF K2<>21 THEN 19400 12410 IF PNK>10 THEN 19900 12420 IF C(17 X XH4 THEN 20000 12430 C(17)=N3:E\$(44,44)=" ":60T0 19600 12600 IF K2K XN4 AND K2K XN5 THEN 19400 12610 IF P(K2 X >55 THEN 20100 12620 IF C(N4)=K2 THEN Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="HHAT S THIS I'M WEARING THEN?":60TO 1800 12630 IF C(N4)>N2 THEN S1\$="HEARING ":S1 \$(LEN(S1\$)+N1)=0\$(C(N4)\*L0+N1,C(N4)\*L0+L 0-7):Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)=S1\$:60T0 1800 12640 C(N4)=K2:0\$(K2\*L0+L0-N6,K2\*L0+L0)=
" (LIGRN)":GOTO 19666 (HORN)": GOTO 19600 12800 IF (K2<>N4 AND K2<>N5) OR C(N4)=N2 THEN 20200 12810 C(N4)=N2:0\$(K2\*L0+L0-6,K2\*L0+L0)=" ":GOTO 19600 13000 IF K2=19 **THEN 19700** 13010 IF K2K12 OR K2>16 THEN 19400 13020 IF PKK2X>55 THEN 20100 13030 IF PNK >NG THEN Q\$(65,96)="NO COMPU TER TO TAKE IT":60TO 1800 13100 IF P(10)=N6 AND K2>11 AND K2<17 TH EN GOSUB 19000:60TO 23000 13200 ? ")":S1\$=0\$(K2\*L0+N1,K2\*L0+L0):S6 =L0:GOSUB 1000 13220 ? S1\$;" SPINS IN ITS DRIVE...":FOR I=N TO 100:NEXT I:? ")" 13230 ON K2-11 GOTO 13300,13500,13700,13 900,14100 15300 ? "-YUSES SYSTEM-":? "STAR SYSTEM ADJACENT":? "TO FUNUS. HAS 3 PLANETS" 13320 ? S1\$;" - BALL OF FIRE":SG2=9:GOSU B 1100 - INHABITED BY MINING":? COLONY, NO FINDS" 13330 ? Si\$;" 13400 SG2=8:GOSUB 1100:? S1\$;" - REMOTE DEAD PLANET":GOTO 14300 13500 ? "-POLYPS-":? "FREQUENT GALAXY IN MILLIONS":? "AROUND ENERGY-RICH PLANETS 13510 ? "REGENERATE EVERY 20 YEARS.":? " ACTIVE POLYPS CAN TURN DEAD":? "PLANET I NTO GREENHOUSE-EFFECT" 13520 ? "PLANET, RICH IN STELLAR ENERGY"
:? "AFTER 20 YEARS...":60T0 14300
13700 ? "-FUNUS SYSTEM-":? "STAR WITH 7
PLANETS.":? "IN ORDER FROM FUNUS:-":S62= N1:GOSUB 1100 13710 ? S1\$;" - (MOLTEN ROCK)":S62=N2:60 SUB 1100:? S1\$;" - (UNINHABITED)":S 62=N3:60SUB. 1100 - (GREENHOUSE-EFFE 13720 ? S1\$;"

CT)":S62=N4:60SUB 1100:? S1\$;" INHABITED)" 13800 S62=N5:60SUB 1100:? S1\$:S62=N6:60S UB 1100:? S1\$;" - (ICY MASTE)":S62=7:60 SUB 1100:? S1\$;" - (LUMP OF ROCK)" 13810 GOTO 14300 13900 ? "-CAPTAIN'S LOG-":? "BEARING TO DOCK WITH BLOODLINE":? "STARGATE IN GYRA TES ORBIT." 13910 ? "MISSION ACCOMPLISHED - D'TARN'S
":? "EXPERIMENTS CONFIRM POLYP":? "THEOR
Y. PITY BLOODLINE WILL" 7. FITY BLUDULINE WILL"
13920 ? "BENEFIT!":? "GLAD TO GET SHOT O
F THIS":? "CREH! SUSPECT GRAKTA IS":? "B
LOODLINE SPY. MACHEN,"
13930 ? "THE TIAITHEN LIZARD GIVES ME":?
"THE CREEPS. CAN'T GET RID OF":? "HIM —
ONLY PILOT ABOARD!":GOTO 14300 14100 ? "-BLOODLINE-": ? "TYRANNICAL EMPI RE KEEPING": ? "CONTROL ON ENERGY SUPPLIE S": ? "FROM GREENHOUSE-PLANETS 14200 ? "ON WHICH INTERSTELLAR TRAVEL":?
"DEPENDS.":? "STARGATE IN FUNUS SYSTEM" 14210 ? "CAN SUMMON CRUISERS TO":? "QUEL L REBELS." 14300 ?:? "PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE... ":GET #M1,S6:Q≮(Q2A,Q2B)="YOU REMOVE THE DISK...":GOTO 1800 14500 IF K2<>22 THEN 19600 14600 IF PN=7 THEN IF P(10)=7 THEN 22000 14610 IF PN=7 THEN Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="MACHEN, THE LIZARD PILOT":Q\$(97,128)="RESTRAINS YOU": GOTO 1800 14700 IF PNK>12 THEN 16500 14710 IF PFKN1 THEN 22200 14720 GOSUB 18800 14800 ? "HEADING, CRYOGEN, LASER OR END" 14900 GET #N1,S6:Z\$=CHR\$(S6):IF Z\$="H" T HEN 15100 14910 IF Z\$="C" THEN 15600 14920 IF Z\$="L" THEN 15800 14930 IF Z\$="E" THEN 19600 14940 GOTO 14900 15100 J=99:GOSUB 18800:? "CURRENTLY ";00 \$;": ";NB\$(CD\$LNB+N1;CD\$LNB+LNB):? "NEM DESTINATION"; 15110 INPUT AAS: IF LENKAAS = N THEN 15110 15120 IF LENKAR\$ XLNB THEN AR\$(LENKAR\$)+ N1)=" ":60TO 15120 15130 FOR I=N TO 11:IF AA\$=NB\$(I\*LNB+N1, I\*LNB+LNB) THEN J=I 15200 NEXT I:IF J=99 THEN ?:? AA\$;" NOT ON DATABASE":FOR I=N TO 100:NEXT I:60TO 14700 15300 IF J=CD THEN 14700 15310 JM=-N1: IF J>PV THEN JM=N1 15400 ST=N1:JE=N:CD=J:PF=PF-100:? :? "CO URSE CORRECTION APPLIED" 15410 ? "NEH BEARING: ";NB\$(CD\$LNB+N1,CD \*LNB+LNB):? "FUEL: ";PF;" PICAROTH ":GOSUB 18900:IF PF(N1 THEN 22200 15420 GOTO 14700 15600 GOSUB 18800:? :? "CRYOGENIC CONTRO L":? "ENERGY TO FREEZE CREH - 10 PR/CY": ? "HOW MANY CLONE-YEARS FREEZE"; 15610 TRAP 15610: INPUT S6: TRAP 40000 15620 IF SG\*10>PF THEN ? "FUEL DEFICIENC Y.":? "INTERLOCK OVERRIDE":GOTO 19200 15700 PF=PF-10\*S6:CY=CY+S6:? "STAND BY": 60SUB 18900:60SUB 19000:PN=14:Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="YAHN...!":60TO 1800 15800 GOSUB 18800:? "LASER CONTROL":? 15900 ? "TARGET ===>"; 15901 INPUT AR\$:IF LENKAR\$)≔N THEN 15901 15902 IF AA\$="STARGATE" THEN 16100 15905 IF LENKAR\$ XLNB THEN AR\$(LENKAR\$)+ N1)=" ":60T0 15905 15910 J=99:FOR I=N TO 11:IF NB\$(I\*LNB+N1, I\*LNB+LNB)=AA\$ THEN J=I:I=11 15920 NEXT I 16000 IF J=99 THEN ? AR\$;" NOT ON DATABA SE":60SUB 18900:60TO 14700 16100 ? "TARGETED ON ";AA\$:FOR I=N TO 20

0:NEXT I:IF PF<1000 THEN ? "FUEL DEFICIE NCY":GOTO 16200 16110 IF J=PU OR (AA\$="STARGATE" AND PU= N2) THEN 16300 16120 ? AA\$;" OUT OF RANGE" 16200 ? "COMPUTER OVERRIDE": 60TO 19200 16300 GOSUB 19000:FOR I=N TO 10:NEXT I:I F AA\$<>"STARGATE" THEN 22300 16320 GOTO 22400 16500 IF PN=N1 THEN 17700 16600 IF PN=N2 THEN 17700 16610 IF PNK 3N3 THEN 19900 16700 GOSUB 18800:? "THINK 'DESTINATION' OR 'END' 16705 INPUT AAS: IF LENKAAS )=N THEN 16705 16710 IF AR\$<>"UESPOZIAN" THEN 16800 16760 IF P(N)=N2 THEN ? "SHUTTLE AT VESP 0ZIAN":GOTO 19100 16770 ? "IN FLIGHT VESPOZIAN":60SUB 1890 0:? "DOCKING":60SUB 18900:P(N)=N2:D\$(N3\* LD+N1,N3\*LD+LD)="2\*":60TO 1800 16800 IF AA\$(N1,N1)="E" THEN 19600 16900 IF LENKARS XLNB THEN ARK LENKARS >+ N1)=" ":60TO 16900 16910 J=99:FOR I=N TO 11:IF AA\$=NB\$(I\*LN B+N1,I\*LNB+LNB) THEN J= 7 17000 NEXT I:IF J=99 THEN ? AA\$;" NOT ON DATABASE":GOSUB 18900:GOTO 1800 DHIMBHSE::00508 18900:0010 1800
17100 IF J<>PV THEN ? AA\$;" OUT OF RANGE
":60SUB 18900:60TO 1800
17200 IF ST=N1 THEN ? "VESPOZIAN NOT IN
";AA\$;" ORBIT":60TO 19100
17300 IF J<>8 THEN ? "CONDITIONS ON ";AA
\$:? "NOT SUITABLE FOR SHUTTLE":? "LANDIN
6":60TO 191000 6":GOTO 19100 17400 IF C(N)X>-N4 THEN ? "SHUTTLE BAY D OORS CLOSED":60SUB 18900:60TO 19100 17500 ? "HEADING - ";AA\$:60SUB 18910:? " LANDED ON ";AA\$:P(N)=8:D\$(N3%LD+N1,N3%LD +LD)="8\*":60SUB 18910:60T0 1800 17700 IF PNC >N1 THEN 17800 17705 IF C(N)=-N2 THEN C(N)=-N3:L1\$(LL+N)
1,LL+LL)="BLUE BUTTON BY OPEN BULKHEAD":E\$(LE+N1,LE+LE)="PFL":60T0 19600 17710 IF C(N)=-N3 THEN C(N)=-N2:L1\$(LL+N 1,LL+LL)="BLUE BUTTON BY CLOSED BULKHEAD":E\$(LE+N1,LE+LE)="PF":GOTO 19600 17800 IF PN=N2 AND C(N)=-N3 THEN C(N)=-N 4:Ex(N2\*LE+N1,N2\*LE+LE)="0T":D\*(N2\*LD+N1,N3\*LD)="4\*3\*":GOTO 17850 17810 GOTO 17900 17850 Q\$(97,128)="INNER DOOR CLOSES":Q\$X 129,160)="OUTER DOOR OPENS":60TO 19600 17900 IF PN=N2 AND C(N)=-N4 THEN C(N)=-N 3:Ex(N2\*LE+N1,N3\*LE)="TP":D\*(N2\*LD+N1,N3 \*LD)="3\*1\*":GOTO 17950 17910 GOTO 19900 17950 Q\$(97,128)="OUTER DOOR CLOSES":Q#X 129,160)="INNER DOOR OPENS":60TO 19600 18200 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="TOO RISKY!":60TO 1800 18400 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="I'M NOT TIRED!":60TO 1800 18600 J=N:FOR I=N1 TO LEN(X\$) STEP LEN(Y \$):IF Y\$=X\$(I,I+LEN(Y\$)-N1) THEN J=I:I=L \$): IF ( EN(X\$) 18610 NEXT I:RETURN 18800 ? ")";AT\$:? :RETURN 18900 ? :? "press any key":GET #N1,S63:R ETURN 18910 FOR SG=1 TO 100:NEXT SG:RETURN 19000 FOR I=N TO 250 STEP N5:POKE 710,I: SOUND N,I,8,15:NEXT I:SOUND N,N,N,N:POKE 710,148:? ")":RETURN 19100 ? "\* OPERATION ABORTED \*": GOSUB 18 900:GOTO 1800 19200 ? "\* OPERATION ABORTED \*":GOSUB 18 900:GOTO 14700 19400 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="I**MPOSSIBLE!":60TO 180** 19500 S1\$="I CAN'T 60 ":S1\$(LENKS1\$)+N1) =A3\$:Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)=S1\$:60T0 1800 19600 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="OK":60TO 1800 19700 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="REFERENCE DISK BY ITS NUMBER":GOTO 1800

19800 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="I'M ALREADY CARRYING IT!":60TO 1800 19900 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="I DON'T SEE IT HERE": GOTO 1800 20000 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="I CAN'T - YET!**":6**0TO 20100 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="I'M NOT CARRYING IT!" :60T0 1800 20200 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="YOU MUST BE JOKING!": GOTO 1800 20300 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="OK - NOTHING HAPPENS" 20400 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="CAP'N WINKS TO ME AND ":Q\$(97,128)="GLANCES AT GRAKTA":GOTO 18 20500 Q\$(Q2A,Q2B)="HUH?":GOTO 1800 20700 ? ")":? "CLONE YEAR:";CY;" 20710°? "VESPOZIAN ";OD\$;" ";NB\$(CD\*LNB+ N1,CD\*LNB+LNB):? 20720 IF ST=N1 THEN ? " T+ABS(CD-PV)\*25-JE 20300 ? "NEAREST BODY: ":NB\$(PV\*LNB+N1.P V\*LNB+LNB):IF PV=N2 THEN ? " BLOODLINE STARGATE" 20900 ? " FUEL: ";PF;" PICAROTH":
NOPERATIVE":GOTO 21000

FUEL: ";PF;" PICAROTH":
1020910 7 "OPERATIVE":GOTO 21000 20910 ? "OPERATIVE" 21000 ? :? " :?:?:?:? " THINK CONTROL REPORTING"
> press any key (" 21010 GET #N1,I:GOTO 19600
22000 ? ")GRAKTA, BLOODLINE SPY, BLASTS"
:? "YOU WITH HIS LASER -":? "YOU ARE NOW
A PILE OF YUSES DUST!":GOTO 23300
22100 ? ")AARGH...!"? "MENT INTO THE FU
EL CORE WITHOUT":? "PROTECTION - SEARING
HEAT...":GOTO 23300
22200 ? ")WITH NO FUEL, THE VESPOZIAN":?
"HANDERS AIMLESSLY OUT":? "OF CONTROL,
LOST IN SPACE...":GOTO 23300
22300 ? ")TOO CLOSE PROXIMITY":? "THE VE
SPOZIAN IS RIPPED APART":? "BY THE EXPLO
SION":GOTO 23300
22400 ? ")WHAM!":? "THE BLOODLINE STARGA 21010 GET #N1,I:GOTO 19600 22400 ? ")MHAM!":? "THE BLOODLINE STARGA TE IS":? "VAPOURISED. YOU HAVE SUCCEEDED IN YOUR":? "MISSION! CONGRATULATIONS!" 22500 ? ">INNER DOOR CLOSES":? "AIR EUGC UATED":? "OUTER DOOR OPENS":? "NO SPACE SUIT!":? "YOU PERISH, AND DRIFT OUT" 22510 ? "INTO SPACE...":60TO 23300 22618 GOTO ZZYGE

22650 ? "YOU DRIFT OFF INTO SPACE":? "AN D PERISH WHEN YOUR":? "OXYGEN RUNS OUT":

GOTO 23300

22700 ? "YOU BURST APART WITH THE":? "DE PRESSURISATION!":GOTO 23300 PRESSORISHITON: \*GOTO 200 IN A";0\*(C(N4)\*
22800 ? ")WALKING AROUND IN A";0\*(C(N4)\*
LO+N1,C(N4)\*LO+LO):? "HIGHLY SUSPICIOUS!
":? "GRAKTA, BLOODLINE SPY, SHOOTS YOU!" 22900 ? ")GRAKTA, BLOODLINE SPY, SHOOTS" :? "YOU FOR TREACHERY AGAINST":? "THE BL OODLINE EMPIRE!":GOTO 23300 23000 ? ")GRAKTA VAPOURISES YOU ON":? "S USPICION OF SPYING BY":? "RETRIEVING CON PUTERISED DATA" 23010 ? "YOU PERISH...":GOTO 23300 23100 ? ")GRAKTA NOTICES SUIT ROOM DOOR"
:? "OPEN. FINDS KEY ON YOU AND":? "BLAST
S YOU TOHARDS FUNUS":GOTO 23300
23200 ? ")GRAKTA NOTICES SHUTTLE BAY":?
"DOOR OPEN, AND SUSPECTS":? "PLOT AGAINS
I BLOODLINE EMPIRE" 23210 ? "YOU ARE EJECTED IN THE":? "SHUT TLE AND FOREVER LOST":? "IN SPACE!!" 23300 ? :? "YOUR ADVENTURE IS OVER":? "A NOTHER GAME?":GET #NI,I:IF CHR\$(I)="Y" T

## Presentation on the

#### Taming the beast by Nat and Franklin

Giving your Dragon games a professional look are two of Salamander Software's top programmers.

Writing under the obscure title of Nat and Franklin are Peter Neale and one of Salamander's other programmers who wishes to remain

anonymous.

Peter Neale is Texas-born and has been involved in computing since high school in the States, where he learnt most of skills by playing Star Trek on a remote teletype link to the University of Texas computer.

He arrived in England in 1974 to attend the University of Sussex and then spent four years as an IBM mainframe programmer, two years as an accounts programmer and two

as a system programmer.

Finally he quit to set up Salamander Software with wife and friends in November 1982. He has a hand in designing most of the company's titles and was responsible for Dragon Trek and Wizard War.

Franklin claims to have been raised on Betelgeuse V but his Earthly programs include: Grand Prix, Starjammer, Gridrunner and Franklins Tomb. He is currently working on the sequels to Franklin's Tomb and the first will be called Lost in Space.

#### Taming the Beast

Having spent many hours in the high street Jungle, you finally managed to cage yourself a Dragon. But now that it's locked up in the back room, what do you do with it?

Feed it human sacrifices on the full moon? Not if you want to keep

your friends.

Subject it to the whims of other Dragon Masters? This can provide hours of harmless amusement.

But what you really want to do is to become a Dragon Master yourself, learning to tame and control the majestic beast. There is only one way to do this. Start writing programs.

There is one thing that can turn a good game into a great game, presentation. A player's first impression of a game is based almost solely upon what he sees, and this will greatly influence the player's final



judgement.

A cluttered screen, badly presented with difficult to readinformation, or boring graphics, can turn a player off, and he may grow to dislike what would otherwise be an excellent game.

The hardest and possibly most misunderstood aspect of presentation is printing. If you bought a book you wouldn't expect to find words split haphazardly, crooked margins

and spelling mistakes.

Neatness does, after all, count. When you are planning your program, lay all the text out on a print grid like the one in the Dragon manual. Centre the text in the middle of each line or insert extra spaces to make the margins even. It takes more time, but the results are worth it.

To further improve the appearance of your text, try printing everything in a greenbox on a coloured background. This technique is particularly effective. When printing columns of numbers, use the PRINT@ and the PRINT USING so the text is printed exactly where you want it. Using the semi-colon (";") in your PRINT statements allows you to print on any line without destroying the rest of the line. Use all these techniques together and you will find that your program will begin to take on a pro10

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fessional appearance.

It can be very useful to POKE characters directly onto the screen instead of printing (the text screen is located between addresses 1024 and 1535). Sample program 1 shows you how you can get the complete ASCII characters set inverse video. The inverted alphabet is available normally by pressing Shift and @. Other characters (e.g. & and %) can only be inverted by POKEing the correct values directly onto the screen. A particularly useful location is 1535, the last screen position. If you print a character at this location, the screen will automatically scroll up, but if you POKE the character in, you can avoid this.

The low resolution graphics on the

```
10 CLS3
 20 FOR I=12 TO 51 : RESET(I,2) : RESET(I,17) : NEXT I
 30 FOR I=2 TO 17 : RESET(12,I) : RESET(51,I) : NEXT I
 40 FOR I=13 TO 50 : SET(I,3,5) : SET(I,16,5) : NEXT I
 50 FOR I=3 TO 16 : SET(13, I,5) : SET(50, I,5) : NEXT I
 60 GOSUB260
 70 PRINT@78, "MENU";
 80 PRINT@135, "PRESS 1 FOR POKE";
 90 PRINT@167, "PRESS 2 FOR PRINT";
 100 PRINT@199, "PRESS 3 FOR QUIT";
 110 AS=INKEYS
120 IF AS="3" THEN CLS:END
130 IF A$="2" THEN B$="PRINT" : GOTO160
140 IF A$="1" THEN B$="POKE" : GOTO160
150 GOTO110
160 GOSUB260
170 PRINT@105, B$; " EXAMPLES";
180 FOR I=0 TO 255
190 PRINT@423,USING"ASCII VALUE £££";I;
200 IF A$="1" THEN POKE1465, I ELSE PRINT@441, CHR$(I); STRING$(8, CHR$(175));
210 PRINT@201, "PRESS ANY KEY";
220 B$=INKEY$
230 IFB$="" THEN 220
240 NEXTI
250 GOTO10
260 FOR I=71 TO 261 STEP 32 : PRINT@I,STRING$(18," "); : NEXT I
270 RETURN
```

# DRAGON

```
10 CLSO
20 READ A, B
30 IF A=99 THEN 70
40 SET (A, B, 2)
50 FOR I=1 TO 10 : NEXTI
50 GOTO20
70 AS=INKEYS
80 IF A$="" THEN 70
90 CLS
100 END
110 DATA8, 5, 8, 6, 8, 7, 8, 8, 8, 9, 8, 10, 8, 11, 8, 12, 6, 4, 7, 4, 8, 4, 9, 4, 10, 4, 11, 4, 12, 4, 13, 4, 14, 5, 15, 6, 16, 7, 16
8,16,9,16,10,15,11,14,12,13,13,12,13,11,13,10,13,9,13,8,13,7,13,6,13
DATA18,8,18,9,18,10,18,11,18,12,18,13,19,9,20,8,21,8,22,8,23,9,25,9,26,8,27,8,28,8,29,8,30,9
30,10,30,11,30,12,30,13,29,13,28,13,27,13,26,13,25,12,26,11,27,11,28,11,29,11,36,8,35,8,34,8,33
9,32,10,32,11,33,12,34,13,35,13,36,13,37,8,37,9
BO DATA37, 10, 37, 11, 37, 12, 37, 13, 37, 14, 37, 15, 37, 16, 36, 17, 35, 17, 34, 17, 33, 16, 40, 8, 41, 8, 42, 8, 43, 8, 44
7,44,10,44,11,44,12,43,13,42,13,41,13,40,13,39,12,39,11,39,10,39,9,46,8,46,9,46,10,46,11,46,12,
6,13,47,9,48,8,49,8,50,8,51,9,51,10,51,11,51,12,51,13,99,99
```



Dragon tend to be vastly under-rated and generally pooh-poohed by people. Don't make the same mistake. The great advantage of the low-res graphics is that you can get all nine volcurs and text on the same screen. Using the low-res graphics, you can put borders around text (as in sample program 1), put simple mimation in instructions (always a winner), or they can be used to great

effect in title pages. Sample program 2 is an example of the latter, where the X and Y co-ordinates, which are to be set on, are stored in DATA statements. As each position is set on, the impression of writing is given.

There's one thing to be careful of when using the low-res graphics, each character position is divided

10 SP\$="R20F6G6L20U12H4R6F4BD12G4L6E4 20 PMODE1,1 30 PCLS3 40 SCREEN1,0 50 FOR X=10 TO 100 STEP 4 60 A\$="BM"+STR\$(X)+",40C3"+SP\$ 70 B\$="BM"+STR\$(X+4)+",40C2"+SP\$ BO DRAWAS 90 DRAWB\$ 100 PLAY"T255L25505A" 110 NEXT X 120 DRAW"BM110,192C4U140" 130 FOR X=1 TO 10 : NEXT X 140 DRAW"C3D140" 150 COLOR4,3 160 FOR R=2 TO 36 STEP 2 170 CIRCLE(110,52),R 180 NEXTR 190 COLOR3, 3 200 FOR R=2 TO 36 STEP 2 210 CIRCLE(110,52),R 220 NEXTR 230 GOTO230

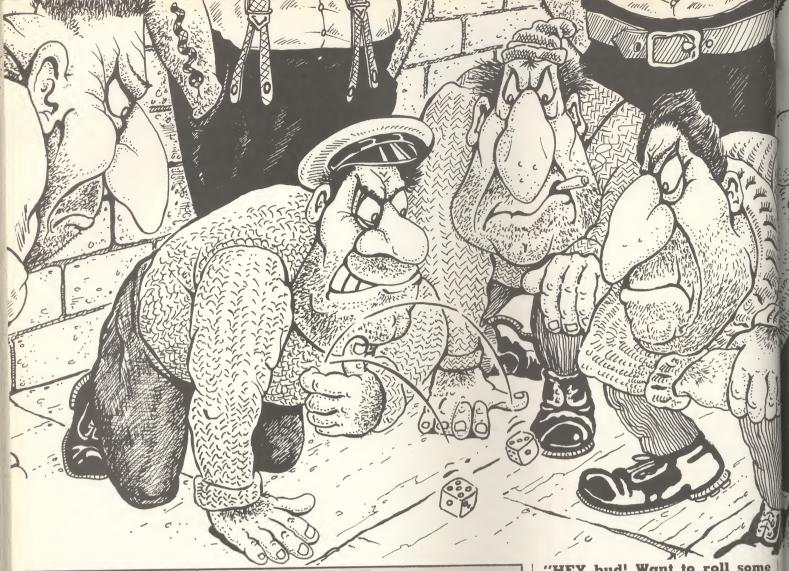
into four pixels. Within one character position, you can have only one colour and black, so be sure to plan well in advance.

High resolution graphics are a different kettle of fish indeed. The number of different ways of displaying anything on the hi-res screens

could fill a book. The best way to fully appreciate the hi-res graphics is to sit down and try different things out. The DRAW command is especially powerful. By setting up a few DRAW strings at the beginning of your program you can very easily create animation effects. The only thing to be wary of is DRAWing off the edge of the screen, as this will distort your picture. Sample program 3 illustrates both the DRAW command, and the effects you can get using FOR/NEXT loops. The expanding CIRCLE used for the explosion could be easily changed to look like an approaching tunnel or planet.

Treat your Dragon with respect and it will be a true and loyal friend.

```
Notes on sample 1
   Lines 10 — Clear screen
      20-50 — Draw box on text screen
        60 — Fill box subroutine
     70-100 — Print menu choices
   110-150 — Wait for option to be selected
   180-250 — Put character to screen and wait
             for key press, then put another
             character on etc
  260-270 — Subroutine to fill box with green.
 Notes on sample 2
 Lines 10 — Clear screen
20-60 — Read Data and set points
   70-100 — Wait for key press for end
  110-130 — Data. Format is X co-ordinate,
            Y co-ordinate etc.
            Value of 99 for X means end of
           data.
Notes on sample 3
Lines 10 — DRAW string for spaceship
  20-40 — Set up Hi-Res screen
 50-110 — Move spaceship across screen
120-140 — Draw fire line to ship
150-220 — Draw explosion
```



10 REM\*\*\*YAHTZEE BY MARK KERSHAW FOR THE DRAGON 32 (C)83
20 DIM NAME\$(20),SC(20,13),TTAL(20),R(20,20),S(20,20)
30 CLSO:PRINT0225,"IF INSTRUCTIONS ARE REQUIRED";:PRINT0261,"PRESS Y (ELSE ANY K EY)")
40 A\$=INKEY\$:IF A\$="" THEN 40
45 IF A\$="" THEN GOSUB 2230
50 CLS0:INPUT"HOW MANY TO PLAY";NO
60 IF NO=0 OR NO>20 THEN 50 70 FOR X=1 TO NO CLS0:INPUT"GIVE YOUR NAMES";NAME\$(X)
IF LEN(NAME\$(X))>>>THEN CLS0:PRINT"TOO MANY LETTERS. AGAIN PLEASE!":FORZ=1 TO 1000 : NEXTZ : G0T080 90 NEXT X 100 FOR GI=1 TO 13 100 CLS4:FOR X=1 TO 100:PRINT0230,NRME\$(C);"'S GO"; NEXTX 120 FOR X=1 TO 500:NEXT X 125 P(1)=1:P(2)=1:P(3)=1:P(4)=1:P(5)=1 130 FOR RT=1 TO 3 101 FOR C=1 TO NO 150 FOR X=1 TO 5 THEN D(X)=RND(6) ELSE 180 170 ON D(X) GOSUB 2300,2320,2340,2360,2380,2400 190 REM\*DRAW BOARD 190 REM\*DRAW BOARD
192 PMODE 4,1:SCREEN1,1:PCLS
193 DRAW"S4C5BM10,10U2D4U2L2R4BM0,0R2L2D20R2BM20,0L2R2D20R2"
194 GET(0,0)-(20,20),R,G:GET(0,160)-(20,180),S,G
195 PCLS0:COLOR 5,0
200 PUT(J,JJ)-(J+20,JJ+20),S,PSET:IF P(1)=1 THEN DRAW"S8BM 4.84"+DICE#(1) ELSE D
RAW"BM 10,6 S4"+DICE#(1)
RAW"BM 10,6 S4"+DICE#(1)
RAW"BM 10,6 S4"+DICE#(2) 210 IF P(2)=1 THEN DRAW"S8BM 56,84"+DICE\$(2) ELSE DRAW"BM 62,6 S4"+DICE\$(2) 220 IF P(3)=1 THEN DRAW"S8BM 106,84"+DICE\$(3) ELSE DRAW"BM 110,6 S4"+DICE\$(3)

IF P(4)=1 THEN DRAW"S8BM154.84"+DICE#(4) ELSE DRAW"BM160.6 S4"+DICE#(4)

BM34,170R8L8D3R8D3L9BM44,170D16U8R8U8D16BM54,170R8D16U8L8D8U16BM64,170D16U8E8G8F

260 DRAW"BM254,160L104D30BM170,170R8L@D8R8D8L8BM180,170R8L4D16BM194,178D16BM198,

240 IF P(5)=1 THEN DRAW"SSBM204,84"+DICE#(5) ELSE DRAW"BM 210,6 84"+DICE#(5) 241 LINE(0,32)-(254,32),PSET 250 DRAW"S4BM0,160 R100D30EM4,170R8D8L8D8V16D8F8EM14,170R8L8D8R8L8D8R8EM28,178L4

IF P=254 OR P=126 THEN SOUND190.2:GOT0300

"HEY bud! Want to roll some dice with us? All you need is some dough and a lot of luck. I know me and my friends might look a bit rough — but we've all got hearts of gold — really! We'll even give you a few hints and tips on how to play before you join in. The professor here has written down a few notes that give you background to the game. You might even make a few quick bucks while you're at it. We won't mind you taking our money. We're a fair minded bunch. All you have to do is let us win it back again. OK? Now just cast your eye over the professor's notes ..." Everything depends on the roll of a dice in this adaptation of the well known game Yahtzee. It is a dice game in which only certain combinations of dice score points. Once a combination has been used it cannot be scored again. The object is to score all 13 combinations and make as many points as possible. Five dice are thrown in-

231 P=PEEK(65280)

86M76,170R8L8D8R8L8D8R8"

170R8L8D16R8BM208,170D16U8E8G8F8"

270 J=JOYSTK(0):JJ=JOYSTK(1)



```
J=J#9: JJ=JJ#4
   271 J=JR3*JJ=JJA4
272 IF JJ<36 THEN JJ=89
273 IF JJ>168 THEN JJ=168
274 IF J>=234 THEN J=234
280 PUT(J,JJ>+(J+20,JJ+20),R.PSET
               P=PEEK(65280)
    290 IF P=254 OR P=126 THEN SOUND 190.2:GOTO300 ELSE200
    300 REM*CHECK JOYSTICK POSITIONS
  300 REM#CHECK JOYSTICK POSITIONS
310 IF JK=18 AND J>=0 AND JJX=100 AND JJ>=76 THEN P(1)=0 PCLS
320 IF JK=72 AND J>=45 AND JJ>=76 AND JJX=100 THEN P(2)=0 PCLS
330 IF JK=117 AND J>=99 AND JJK=100 AND JJX=76 THEN P(3)=0 PCLS
340 IF JK=171 AND J>=144 AND JJ>=76 AND JJX=100 THEN P(4)=0 PCLS
350 IF JK=216 AND J>=198 AND JJ>=76 AND JJK=100 THEN P(5)=0 PCLS
360 IF JK=100 AND JJ>=152 THEN 380
370 IF JX=144 AND JJ>=152 THEN 390
371 GOTO 200
   371 GOTO 200
380 NEXT AT
   390
               REM#SCORES
   400 FOR X=1 TO 1000 NEXT X SOUND 20.3
500 CLS
510 PRINT@0, "PLAYERS NAME: "NAME&CC)
520 PRINT@22, "$COPE: "%TTALCC)
520 PRINT@22, "$COPE: "%TTALCC)
520 PRINT@22, "$COPE: "%TTALCC)
520 PRINT@22, "$COPE: "%TTALCC)
530 FOR X=32 TO 63 PRINT@X, CHR&(143+96) NEXT X
540 PRINT@66, "ONES. (ADD ALL THE ONES)" IF $C(C.1)=1 THEN PRINT@96, "q":
555 PRINT@98, "TWO3 (ADD ALL THE TWOS)" IF $C(C.2)=1 THEN PRINT@96, "q":
556 PRINT@194, "FIVES (ADD ALL THE FOURS)" IF $C(C.3)=1 THEN PRINT@192, "q")
557 PRINT@194, "FIVES (ADD ALL THE FIVES)" IF $C(C.4)=1 THEN PRINT@192, "q")
558 PRINT@26, "$IXES (ADD ALL THE FIVES)" IF $C(C.5)=1 THEN PRINT@192, "q")
550 PRINT@258, "THREE OF A KIND(ALL THE DICE)" IF $C(C.6)=1 THEN PRINT@294, "q";
561 PRINT@290, "FOUR OF A KIND(ALL THE DICE)" IF $C(C.7)=1 THEN PRINT@296, "q";
562 PRINT@302, "FULL HOUSE ($CORE 25)" IF $C(C.9)=1 THEN PRINT@30, "q";
563 PRINT@34, "LON STRAIGHT ($CORE 30)" IF $C(C.10)=1 THEN PRINT@384, "q";
564 PRINT@386, "HIGH STRAIGHT ($CORE 40)" IF $C(C.11)=1 THEN PRINT@384, "q";
565 PRINT@418, "YAHTZEE ($CORE 50)" IF $C(C.12)=1 THEN PRINT@384, "q";
566 PRINT@450, "CHANCE (ADD ALL THE DICE)" IF $C(C.13)=1 THEN PRINT@384, "q";
570 J=JOYSTK(0):JJ=JOYSTK(1)
   与网络
  570 J=JOYSTK(0)/JJ=JOYSTK(1)
            JJ=INT(JJ/4):IF JJ=15 THEN JJ=14 ELSE IF JJ(2 THEN JJ=2
  572 PRINT@JJ#32 +1,"E"
 573 PRINTEJJ*32+30,"3"
574 P=PEEK(65280)
  580
            IF P=254 OR P=126 THEN SOUND 190,2:GOTO600 ELSE PRINT@JJ#32+1,CHR$(143):PRIN
 T@JJ#32+30, CHR#(143): GOTO540
 600 IF JJ=2 THEN CH=1
610 IF JJ=3 THEN CH=2
620 IF JJ=4 THEN CH=3
 630 IF JJ=5 THEN CH=4
640 IF JJ=6 THEN CH=5
            IF JJ=7 THEN CH≃6
 660 IF JJ=8 THEN
 670 IF JJ=9 THEN CH=8
 680 IF
                      JJ=10 THEN CH=9
 690 IF JU=11 THEN CH=10
```

#### BY MARK KERSHAW

# YAHAA A

### Runs on a Dragon 32 in 9K with one joystick

itially and any, all or none of the dice may be thrown or saved on subsequent throws. Up to three throws are allowed to achieve any desired combination. One problem in computerising Yahtzee is the number of inputs needed for saving, throwing and deciding which combination to choose. It

would be easier in most cases to just throw the dice and forget the computer! The author has got round the problem beautifully by utilising the right joystick as cursor control. This clever trick has enabled hi-res displays of the dice and very easy inputs. All instructions are included.

Variables.

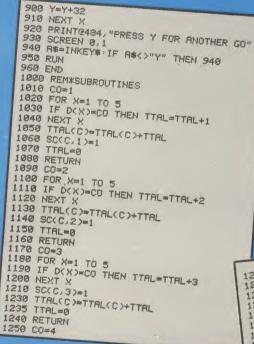
D(1)-D(5): array to store dice. P(1)-P(5): array to save disc. SC (C, CH): array to determine whether a player, C, has used a certain option, CH.

Name S (C): array to store names of players.

TTAI (C): array to store scores of each player.

```
700 IF JJ=12 THEN CH=11
710 IF JJ=13 THEN CH=12
720 IF JJ=14 THEN CH=13
730 IF SC(C,CH)=1 THEN500
740 ON CH GOSUB 1010,1090,1170,1250,1320,1390,1460,1570,1670,1800,1990,2130,2180
750 FOR X=1 TO 500.NEXT X
760 NEXT C,GI
760 CLS0
770 PRINT@230,"results";CHR$(128);"comins";CHR$(129);"soon";
790 FOR F=1 TO 3
800 PLAY"D18T10+T2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2L20FT2
```







```
TTAL(C)=TTAL(C)+TTAL
SC(C,8)=1
  1650 TTAL=0
  1660 RETURN
1670 COUNTER
  1680 FOR X=1 TO 5
        IF D(X)>ODER THEN ODER=D(X)
  1700 NEXT X
  1710 FOR X=1 TO 5
  1720 IF D(X)=ODER THEN D(X)=0
 1740 COUNT=COUNT+1: IF COUNT=2 THEN 1750 ELSE ODER=0:GOT01680
1750 IF D(1)=D(2) AND D(2)=D(3) AND D(4)=D(5) THEN TTAL=25 ELSE TTAL=0
  1760 TTAL(C)=TTAL(C)+TTAL
  1770 SC(C.9)=1
1780 TTHL=0
  1790 RETURN
  1800 CU#1:D=1
  1810 G=D(1):E=D(2)
 1820 FOR X=1 TO 5
1830 IF D(X)<G THEN G=D(X)
1840 IF D(X)>E THEN E=D(X)
 1850 NEXTX
 1860 FOR X=1 TO 5
 1870 IF D(X)=G+CU THEN 1890
 1880 NEXT GOTO 1900
 1890 CU=CU+1: IF CU=4 THEN 1940 ELSE 1860
 1990 FOR X=1 TO 5
1910 IF D(X)=E-D THEN 1930
1920 NEXT X:TTAL=0:GOTD1950
 1938 D=D+1 IF D=4 THEN 1948 ELSE 1988
 1940 TTAL=30
 1950 SC(C,10)=1
1960 TTAL(C)=TTAL(C)+TTAL
       TTAL=0.CU=0.D=0.E=0.G=0
 1980 RETURN
 1990 CU=1
2000 FOR X=1 TO 5
2001 G=D(1)
2010 IF D(X)<G THEN G=D(X)
2020 NEXT X
2030 FOR X=1 TO 5
2040 IF D(X)=G+CU THEN GOTO 2060
2050 NEXT X:TTAL=0:GOTO2080
2060 CU=CU+1: IF CU=5 THEN 2070 ELSE 2030
2070 TTAL=40
2080 TTAL(C)=TTAL(C)+TTAL
2090 SC(C,11)=1
2100 TTAL=0
2110 CU=0:G=0
2120 RETURN
      IF D(1)=D(2) AND D(2)=D(3) AND D(3)=D(4) AND D(4)=D(5) THEN TTAL=50
ELSE TT AL=0
2140 TTAL(C)=TTAL(C)+TTAL
2150 SC(C,12)=1
                                                             2160 TTAL=0
2170 RETURN
```





2178 RETURN 2188 TTRL=D(1)+D(2)+D(3)+D(4)+D(5) 2198 TTRL(C)=TTRL(C)+TTRL 2288 SD(C,13)=1 2210 TTRL=0
2220 RETURN
2230 REM\*INSTRUCTIONS
2240 CLS:PRINT"yahtzee IS AN ADAPTATION OF THE POPULAR BOARD GAME.IT DIFFERS VER
Y LITTLE FROM THE ORIGINAL"
2241 PRINT@484; "(PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE)"; 2242 SCREEN 0.1
2243 A#=INKEY#:IF A#="" THEN 2243
2245 CLS:PRINT"THE IDEA OF THE GAME IS VERY LOGICAL JUST MANOUEVRE THE JOYSTICK INTO A SULTABLE POSITION AND PRESS THE FIRE BUTTON . TO SAVE A DICE SIMPLY POSITION 2246 PRINT@484,"(PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE)";
2247 SCREEN 0.1
2248 A#=INKEY#:IF A#="" THEN 2248 2247 SCREEN 0:1
2248 ##=INKEY#:IF ###" THEN 2248
2250 CLS:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT"U-H USED COMBINATION":PRINT:PRINT"YAHTZEE-5 DICE ALL
CON ### RUN":PRINT:PRINT"FULL HOUSE-3 AND 2 DICE THE SAME":PRINT"YAHTZEE-5 DICE ALL
L ON ### RUN":PRINT:PRINT"LOW STRAIGHT-4(OR MORE) ON ### RUN"
2270 PRINT:PRINT"LOW STRAIGHT-4(OR MORE) ON ### RUN"
2280 SCREEN 0:1
2281 ### RUN"
2281 ### RUN"
2281 ### RUN" 2281 H#=INKEY#\*IF H#= IHEN 2001 2290 RETURN 2390 DICE#(X)="BM-0,-BROR14D14L14U13BM+6,+GROR1G1R1"

2320 DICE#(X)="BM-0, -0RBR14D14L14U13BM+2, +5R0R1G1R1BM+8, -1R0R1G1R1" 2330 RETURN 2340 DICE#(X)="EM-0,-OROR14D14L14U13BM+11,+IROR1G1R1BM-5,+3R0R1G1R1BM-6,+4R0R1G1 2350 RETURN 2350 RETURN 2360 DICE\$(X)="BM-0,-0R0R14D14L14U13BM+2,+1R0R1G1R1BM+8,-1R0R1G1R1BM-10,+8R0R1G1 BM+8,-1R0R1G1R1" 2370 RETURN

2378 METURN 2380 DICC#(X)="BM-0;-0R0R14D14L14U13BM+2;+1R0R1G1R1BM+8;-1R0R1G1R1BM-6;+3R0R1G1R 1BM-5;+4R0R1G1R1BM+8;-1R0R1G1R1" 2390 RETURN
2400 DICE\$(X)="BM-0,-QROR14D14L14U13BM+2,+1ROR1G1R1BM+8,-1ROR1G1R1BM-10,+4ROR1G1R1BM+8,-1ROR1G1R1BM-10,+4ROR1G1R1BM+8,-1ROR1G1R1BM-10,+4ROR1G1R1BM

Tips for tackling top

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It's a well known video gamers' maxim that the tough

Whilst agreeing with this wholeheartedly there is ones are best. always  $\alpha$  time in every gamer's life when  $\alpha$  little

assistance, or hint, is more than welcome. The C&VG review team have been busy over the last few months playing their way to the bitter end of some

of the toughest games you can get for the popular video Here are their reports, hints and tips for scoring

games systems.

highly on some of the toughest games around.

#### PITFALL — FUN IN THE JUNGLE!

Pitfall was one of the smash hits of 1983 and voted Game of the Year at the Consumer Electronics Show which is America's Chelsea Flower Show of video games, where all the major manufacturers show off their prize exhibits.

Pitfall Harry's Jungle Adventure takes you on a peri-

lous search for the lost treasure of Enarc.

On your search you will encounter many dangers in the shape of crocodiles, snakes, scorpions, logs, and disappearing lakes.

You have just three lives and twenty minutes to locate

all the Treasures of Enarc.

Control of Harry is simple. All you do is push the joystick in the direction you want him to move — right, left, or up and down the ladders that connect the two floors. Pressing the fire button makes Harry jump which is the way he avoids obstacles.

The nasties have different strengths and some of them are easier to avoid than others. Generally timing is the key to overcoming all of these obstacles, time your run and leap to the split second to get over

them.

The other general tip is to keep a record of the screens that you visit, try to memorise them and note down all the obstacles that appear on each screen.

The first screen is easy, simply skip Harry across a stationary log and one hole and your are on your way to

the next screen.

The first major hazard appears on screen three in the shape of a bog. Hop on to the vine — timing your leap carefully — and jump again as soon as you land on the far side of the bog to clear the log rolling towards you.

Toughest of all the jungle adversaries are the crocs. The only way to get across a croc infested lake is to use their heads as stepping stones. There are two ways to deal with the crocs — the slow safe way, and the fast risky way.

For the more cautious of you there is a safe spot at the back of each crocs head where you are out of reach of

those snapping jaws.

Daredevils may wish to attempt the fast method time your jump so that Harry's last footstep on land takes place just as the crocodiles mouths begin to close. If your timing is sharp enough you should be lable to clear all three crocs in three quick hops.

A couple of easy obstacles follow the crocodiles and it is not until screen seven that you come across your first

piece of treasure.

To claim the gold bar you must successfully negotiate a disappearing bog. The secret of getting past this obstacle is to position Harry in the space between the second number and the colon on the timer. When the bog begins to disappear make a dash to the right. This strategy is the best one to adopt for all diasppearing bogs on other screens.

These tips if learnt thoroughly should enable you to deal with all the obstacles you encounter in the follow-

For real speed in Pitfall you will have to learn when and where to use the underground tunnels. These take you through the jungle faster but be careful not to miss out on the treasure as well as the obstacles.

#### QUEST FOR THE RINGS

Quest for the Rings represented a totally new concept in games when it was launched last year.

The first ever board game come video game all in one. The theme is very Tolkienesque with demons,

dragons, hidden rings, and strange powers.

The idea of the game is to find the 10 rings that have been hidden by the Ringmaster. Two people can play as a team against the forces of evil or there is also a single

player version of the game.

The video part of the game is basically a maze chase affair. The various screens for this action are selected, by pressing the keys on the overlay giving you variously; The Dungeons, The Crystal Caverns, The Shifting Halls, and the Infernal Infernos.

Matching of partners is the key to success in the Quest. Pick partners that work well together, one to deal with the enemy, the other to dart in and grab the

You can choose to be a Wizard, Phantom, Changeling or an Alien.

Each has different powers. The Warrior is armed with "Theor's Sword" which can slay adversaries that come at you on a horizontal plane only. The sword is useless if the creatures attack from above or below.

Wizards can cast spells which have the effect of

temporarily immobilising enemies.

Phantoms can walk through walls and Changelings can become invisible altogether though both only move at half speed when in this state. Practising each of the four roles is the key to mastering Quest for the Rings, on the Philips G7000.

#### **BURGERTIME — FAST FOOD!**

Of all the food games that have appeared since Pacman, Burgertime must surely be the best.

It's fast food at its quickest as you score points in an attempt to assemble four hamburgers before the peppers,

eggs and sausages catch you.

Burgertime is a master strategy maze game. You have to plan your, route very carefully. Unlike Pacman you cannot go on long sweeping runs gobbling dots — as in this game it's not just simple dots and slow ghosts that are out to get you. Those pickles are really mean and the only defence you have against them is a limited supply of pepper.

Extra pepper can be earned by catching the tankards of beer and cartons of french fries that appear periodically.

The secret of success in Burgertime is to get the pickles to follow you, position them under a burger, lettuce leaf or bun and then splat — drop the morsel on their heads and send it crushing to the ground.

One tip for dealing with fried eggs is to turn and walk away from them once they have been peppered — don't walk through the points that appear, as this will cause

the eggs to reappear.

As you move your way up through the screens the layout of the burgers gets more complex and you will need to think even harder about the route to take.

One of the most dificult parts of Burgertime is learning to control the chef with the disc controller and it may pay off to spend an afternoon just steering the character wound the screen to practice tight cornering.

Go — gorge yourself.

### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

#### RAIDERS OF THE LOST ARK

It's just too damn tough was many a gamers comment on Howard Warsaw's adaptation of the Stephen Spielberg blockbuster — Raiders of the Lost Ark.

The 13 screen of action with their assorted challenges

had many of you stumped.

If you were one of those people, then help is at hand. But if you want the satisfaction of getting there for yourself then turn the page right now.

You are Indianna Jones — the hero of the game and

film in search of the Lost Ark of the Covenant.

The game begins in the entrance room which shows you, a snake, and the famous whip. Pick up the snake and dash down screen to the market place before the make gets you.

Once in the market place you must now assemble the

imes you will need for your adventure.

Items are picked up by moving Indy around the screen md simply touching the item you want. Get the magic lute first as this will give you immunity from the makes. Also pick up a grenade, a key, and an eyepiece wel.

Once these items are registered at the foot of the screen you are ready to enter the Temple of the Ancients. To do this you must blast a hole in the side of the entrance room with your grenade.

This needs to be a quick, clinical operation as once ou have selected the grenade you have lost immunity tom the snakes.

You will also have to remember to dart back to the

market place before the explosion takes place otherwise you will be blown to bits as well.

Pick up the timepiece in the Temple of the Ancients and head straight for the Blue Room — also known as the Room of the Shining Light. You will now find yourself trapped in one of the cells at the bottom of this room. This is your first opportunity to select the whip and blast a hole — Breakout style — in the wall of the cell.

Once you have escaped make a dash to the right towards the Treasure Room. Items to pick up here are many and the Egyptian Ankh — persistence is required to win the latter as the Gods are reluctant to part with such a valuable item easily.

You shold now have in your possession the Ankh, two bags of money, the time piece, and the eyepiece. Go back to the Blue Room and get yourself trapped in one of the cells. Select the Ankh, press the button, and hey presto you are teleported to the Mesa Field.

From the Mesa you must find your way into the Map Room. The map will appear at the centre of the screen. Centre yourself on the map and move the selector dot to the timepiece and press the joystick fire button.

This will make the clock appear. Just before the hands

of the clock are vertical select the eyepiece.

The sun will now flood in and if you look carefully through the eyepiece at the map you will be able to see a tiny flashing dot — in one of the mesas — this is the location of the Lost Ark of the Covenant.

So now you know where it is the next step is to go to the Black Market and buy a shovel which you will need

for the dig.

Take the right exit from the Black Market and head for the Treasure Room — you will now need to recover the Ankh to take you back to the Mesa Field, and two more bags of money to buy a parachute.

Use the parachute to arrive in the Mesa — you are now very close to finding the Ark and to give you further help would only spoil the last most exciting scene of the

game. Go to it Indy.

### \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

#### CENTIPEDE — INSECT ATTACK!

Fun in a mushroom field can mean only one thing to video gamers — Centipede.

This arcade game caused a real wow in the arcades as it was the first game to demonstrate the full potential of trackball controllers.

The key to success in Centipede is to fire quickly and fire accurately.

Beware of low lying mushrooms as the Centipede moves down a row when it collides with a mushroom.

The secret is to clear just the right number of mushrooms — don't clear all of them as if you do fleas will begin to appear. You must learn to look at mushroom configurations and act accordingly. If a formation of mushrooms is enabling the Centipede to fall rapidly through a certain part of the screen blast them away to slow it down.

Not all mushroom formations are dangerous — some of them can actually be a bonus. The best example of this is the funnel formation in which the Centipede has to travel through a tunnel of mushrooms to advance down screen. If you position blaster in just the right position at the foot of the funnel you can completely annihilate the Cen-

tipede which is helpless to dodge your fire.

Large scores can only be picked up by blasting the spiders that drop out at you every so often — to score really highly let them get quite near to you before you let fire.

This policy can be a bit hairy in the later stages of the game when the action is much faster.

Centipede is a game of priorities — always pursue the highest point scoring possibility on the screen at any given time. Go for all the spiders, scorpions, and try to shoot the heads off the Centipedes.

One tip for getting Centipedes that are near to the bottom of the screen is to position yourself at the very bottom of the screen with one mushroom one row above you — when the centipede head comes in between let fire with all you've got — the rapid fire created by the mushroom and Centipede sandwich will enable you to blast the whole thing segment by segment till it is completely dead.

Be adventurous, take risks, and assert yourself.





### **DEMON ATTACK — TOUGH ALIENS**

Demon Attack is arguably the toughest shoot 'em up type game available for the VCS.

No less than 84 waves of aliens are queueing up in this cartridge to attack your laser base.

This is the hybrid of two arcade games — space

invaders and Phoenix, though unlike the official Atari Phoenix does not have the home base.

The basic strategy is similar to invaders — slide and shoot.

Keep constantly on the move thus preventing the aliens from cornering you.

Pick off the low flying aliens first. If you kill these you may notice that the higher aliens flap around the screen harmlessly without firing back. You can now pick these off at your leisure.

There are 10 game options in Demon Attack. You can choose one or two players, regular or advanced aliens, and whether or not to have guided missiles.

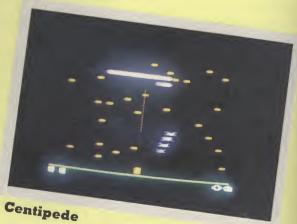
If you are playing the guided missile variation, be reminded that the laser base moves together with the missile so you must be careful not to guide your base into an oncoming missile as you pick off the aliens.

Speed and good hand-eye co-ordination are crucial to success in Demon Attack.









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BY STEPHEN GODFREY

#### RUNS ON A TI 99/4a in 16K

The baffling corridors of mazes seem to have a certain strange fascination for our readers. Maze games have become firm favourites with you funny people out there! So by public demand we bring you more mind-boggling frustration.

Stephen Godfrey took a look at the /3D Maze game we printed for the Sharp MZ-80k in our Book of Games earlier this year and came up with a conversion for the TI 99/ 4a.

All you have to do is find your way through the maze and discover the exit. Sounds simple, but just try it!

You'll soon be tearing your hair in great big lumps — we guarantee it! But never mind Stephen has come up with a cure for premature baldness.

Stephen has also included an ingenious "cheat" command — but you'll have to play the game to find out just what that does for you. Other, more standard controls, are; "L" for left, "R" for right, "M" to move forward and "F" to turn 180 degrees.

Program notes

To make your life easier type in lines 14 to 27 first and RUN. Then substitute the characters shown below — where they occur — with the given keystroke. (Note: This will be different if you have a TI 99/4.)



1 CALL CLEAR

2 PRINT :"3-D MAZE FOR TEXAS TI9

9/4(A)'

3 PRINT :"BY STEPHEN GODFREY" 4 PRINT :"ADAPTED FROM 3-D MAZE

BV"

5 PRINT :"MATTHEW BLAKSTAD IN TH

FII

6 PRINT :"'BOOK OF GAMES' FREE W

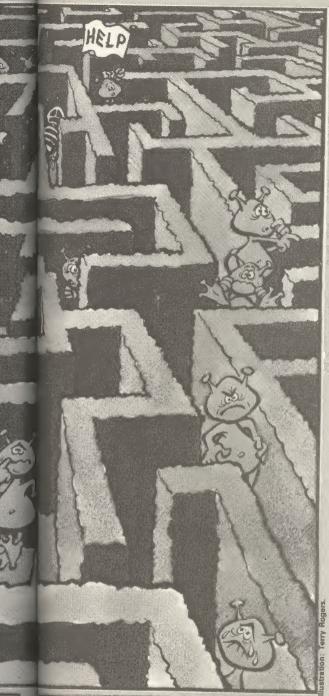
7 PRINT :"FEBRUARY 1983 C %/V.J.

8 PRINT : "PRESS ANY KEY"

9 CALL KEY(O,K,S):: IF NOT S THE

N 9 ELSE CALL CLEAR

10 PRINT "YOU HAVE TO FIND YOUR



WAY": :"OUT OF A MAZE. YOU ARE G
IVEN": :"A 3-D VIEW OF THE MAZE
FROM": :"THE POINT WHERE YOU STA
ND."

11 PRINT :"YOUR CONTROLS ARE:":
:"L - TURN LEFT": :"R - TURN R
IGHT": :"F - TURN 180 DEGREES":
:"M - MOVE FORWARD": :"C - CHEAT
(ONLY 5 ALLOWED!)"

12 PRINT :"PRESS ANY KEY"
13 CALL KEY(O,K,S):: IF NOT S TH
EN 13
14 DATA FFFFFFFFFFFFFF
15 DATA 8040201008040201
16 DATA 0102040810204080

17 DATA 000000000000000FF

18 DATA FF000000000000000 19 DATA 8080808080808080 20 DATA 0101010101010101 21 DATA 80808080808080FF 22 DATA FF01010101010101 23 DATA FF8080808080808080 24 DATA 01010101010101FF 25 DATA 1,133,232,298,20,144,237 26 DATA 20,12,6,2,2,3,5,7 27 FOR T=1 TO 11 :: READ D\$ :: C ALL CHAR(127+T,D\$):: NEXT T 28 CALL CHAR(120,"383810FE103844 82") 29 CALL CHAR(121, "001112D4F8D412 11") 30 CALL CHAR(122,"82443810FE1038 38") 31 CALL CHAR(123,"88482B1F2B4888 00") 32 CALL CLEAR :: CALL SCREEN(1) 33 PRINT "N 34 PRINT 3-D MAZE 35 PRINT \_\_\_\_\_ 36 PRINT 37 PRINT 38 PRINT 39 PRINT 40 PRINT 41 PRINT 42 PRINT 43 PRINT 44 PRINT 45 PRINT 46 PRINT 47 PRINT 48 PRINT 49 PRINT 50 PRINT 51 PRINT 52 PRINT "/PLEASE WAIT..... 54 FOR T=1 TO 14 :: CALL COLOR(T ,16,1):: NEXT T 55 DIM CL(2,4):: FOR I=1 TO 2 :: FOR J=1 TO 4 :: READ CL(I,J):: NEXT J :: NEXT I 56 RANDOMIZE 57 LI=6+INT(RND\*5):: LJ=6+INT(RN D\*5):: DIR=INT(RND\*4)+1 :: DD=DI R :: CI=LI :: CJ=11-LJ 58 DIM DW(4):: FOR I=1 TO 4 :: R EAD DW(I):: NEXT I 59 DIM DL(2,2):: DL(1,1)=129 :: DL(1,2)=130 :: DL(2,1)=130 :: DL (2,2)=12960 DIM VL(2):: VL(1)=134 :: VL(2 )=13361 DIM DR(4):: **FO**R I≃1 TO 4 :: R

EAD DR(I):: NEXT I 62 CALL COLOR(0,16,1) 63 DISPLAY AT(23,2)SIZE(18):"SEL ECT MAZE(1-3):";:: ACCEPT AT(23, 19)SIZE(1)BEEP.VALIDATE(DIGIT):M Z :: IF MZ<1 OR MZ>3 THEN 63 64 IF MZ=1 THEN RESTORE 204 ELSE IF MZ=2 THEN RESTORE 214 ELSE R ESTORE 224 65 DIM MS(10,10):: FOR I=1 TO 10 :: FOR J=1 TO 10 :: READ MS(I,J ):: NEXT J :: NEXT I 66 CALL CLEAR 67 TI=LI :: TJ=LJ :: FOR CA=1 TO 68 FOR SD=1 TO 2 69 OV=DIR+(3-2\*SD):: IF OV=O THE N 0V=4 70 IF DV=5 THEN DV=1 71 TV=MS(TI,TJ)/DR(UV) 72 IF INT(TV)<>TV THEN 119 73 FOR I=CL(SD,CA)TO CL(SD,CA)+( 35-2\*SD)\*(4-CA)STEP (35-2\*SD):: CALL POKE(I,DL(SD,1)):: NEXT I 74 IF CA=4 THEN I=CL(SD,CA)+32: : GOTO 76 75 TV=I+(SD\*2-3):: E=0 :: FOR I= TV TD TV+32\*(DW(CA)-2\*(4-CA)-3)S TEP 32 :: E=E+1 :: NEXT I :: Y=I NT(TV/32)+1 :: X=TV-INT(TV/32)\*3 2+1 :: CALL VCHAR(Y,X,VL(SD),E) 76 TV=I :: FOR I=TV TO TV+(29+2\* SD)\*(4-CA)STEP (29+2\*SD):: CALL POKE(I,DL(SD,2)):: NEXT I 77 E=0 :: X=CL(SD,CA)+(2\*SD-3):: FOR I=X TO CL(SD,CA)+(2\*SD-3)+3 2\*DW(CA)-32 STEP 32 :: E=E+1 :: NEXT I :: Y=INT(X/32)+1 :: X=X-I NT(X/32)\*32+1 :: CALL VCHAR(Y,X, VL(SD),E) 78 NEXT SD 79 IF CA=4 THEN 86 80 TV=MS(TI,TJ)/DR(DIR) 81 IF INT(TV)=TV THEN 114 82 IF DIR=1 THEN TI=TI-1 :: IF T I=O THEN CALL POKE(CL(1,4),69):: GOTO 87 83 IF DIR=2 THEN TJ=TJ+1 84 IF DIR=3 THEN TI=TI+1 85 IF DIR=4 THEN TJ=TJ-1 86 NEXT CA 87 CALL COLOR(13,16,1,14,16,1) 88 CALL KEY(O,K,S):: IF NOT S TH EN 88 89 A\$=CHR\$(K) 90 IF AS="L" THEN TN=1 91 IF AS="R" THEN TN=-1 92 IF AS="F" THEN TN=2



93 IF AS="M" THEN 101 94 IF A%="C" THEN CC=CC+1 :: IF CC>5 THEN 88 ELSE TN=3 95 IF TN=0 THEN 88 96 IF TNK3 THEN 98 97 ON MZ GOSUB 132,156,180 :: CA LL POKE(-31+64\*LI+2\*(11-LJ),119+ DIR):: CALL COLOR(13,16,1,14,16, 1):: FOR T=1 TO 2000 :: NEXT T : 98 DIR=DIR+TN :: IF DIR=O THEN D 99 IF DIR>4 THEN DIR=DIR-4 IR=4 100 TN=0 :: CALL CLEAR :: 60TO 6 101 IF MS(LI,LJ)/DR(DIR)=INT(MS( LI,LJ)/DR(DIR))THEN CALL SOUND(4 00,262,0):: DISPLAY AT(12,5)SIZE (10)BEEP:"HIT WALL !" :: GOTO 88 102 IF DIR=1 THEN LI=LI-1 :: IF LI=0 THEN 107 103 IF DIR=2 THEN LJ=LJ+1 104 IF DIR=3 THEN LI=LI+1 105 IF DIR=4 THEN LJ=LJ-1 106 GOTO 100 107 CALL SOUND(3000,262,0,330,0, 108 CALL SOUND(1,262,0,330,0,523 109 CALL CLEAR :: PRINT "CONGRA ,0) TULATIONS!!" 110 PRINT 111 PRINT "YOU HAVE FOUND THE EX IT!" 112 PRINT 113 INPUT "ANOTHER GO?":G\$ :: IF G\$="N" THEN END ELSE IF G\$="Y" THEN RUN ELSE 113 114 C1=CL(1,CA)+(5-CA)\*33 :: C2=

CL(2,CA)+(5-CA)*31 :: WH=DW(CA)-2*(5-CA)-1  115 X=C1-32 :: CALL HCHAR(INT(X/32)+1,X-INT(X/32)*32+1,131,C2-C1 +1)  116 E=WH+1 :: CALL VCHAR(INT(C1/32)+1,C1-INT(C1/32)*32+1,VL(2),E ):: CALL VCHAR(INT(C2/32)+1,C2-INT(C2/32)*32+1,VL(1),E)  117 E=0 :: X=C1+32*WH+32 :: FOR I=C1+32*WH TO C2+32*WH :: E=E+1 :: NEXT I :: CALL HCHAR(INT(X/32)+1,X-INT(X/32)*32+1,132,E)  118 GOTO 87  119 SI=TI :: SJ=TJ 120 IF OV=1 THEN SI=SI-1 :: IF SI=O THEN 78 121 IF OV=2 THEN SJ=SJ+1 122 IF OV=3 THEN SJ=SJ+1 123 IF OV=4 THEN SJ=SJ+1 124 TV=MS(SI,SJ)/DR(DIR) 125 IF INT(TV)<>TV THEN 78 126 DWL=DW(CA)-2*(5-CA):: CLL=CL(SD,CA)+32*(4-CA):: DM=3-2*SD 127 FOR I=CLL TO CLL+DM*(4-CA)ST EP DM :: CALL POKE(I,131):: NEXT I 128 I=I+(29+2*SD):: IF CA=4 THEN 130 129 TV=I :: E=0 :: FOR I=TV TO T V+32*(DWL-1)STEP 32 :: E=E+1 :: NEXT I :: CALL VCHAR(INT(TV/32)+1,TV-INT(TV/32)*32+1,VL(SD),E) 130 TV=I :: FOR I=TV TO T V+32*(DWL-1)STEP 32 :: E=E+1 :: NEXT I :: CALL VCHAR(INT(TV/32)+1,TV-INT(TV/32)*32+1,VL(SD),E) 130 TV=I :: FOR I=TV TO TV+(-DM) *(4-CA)STEP -DM :: CALL POKE(I,1 131 GOTO 78 132 PRINT "************************************
133 PRINT "
135 PRINT "
36 PRINT "
37 PRINT "
20 PD7111
40 PRINT "
41 PRINT "
PRINT "

143	PRINT	"							
144	PRINT	"							
145	PRINT	"							
146	PRINT	"							
147	PRINT	"							1
148	PRINT	"							
149	PRINT	"							
150	PRINT	"■"							
151	PRINT	"				1			
152	PRINT	"							
153 154 155 156	PRINT PRINT RETURN PRINT	V							***************************************
157	PRINT	"		1					
158	PRINT	"							
159	PRINT	"							
160	PRINT	"							
161	PRINT	"							
162	PRINT	"							
163	PRINT	"							
164	PRINT	"							
165	PRINT	71							
166	PRINT	"					-	e.	
167	PRINT	"		1		1			
168	PRINT	"	111						
169	PRINT	"							I
170	PRINT	"				11			I
171	PRINT	"			1 1				
172	PRINT	"							I
173	PRINT	. "							

# LICENSED TO THRILL



Licensing video games is a marketing man's dream. Theory and imagination meet head on as the most unlikely titles, characters, and products are "tied up" at enormous cost to be converted into home video games.

It all started with arcade games. It was an obvious step for the home video games manufacturers to license the title of a popular arcade game and convert it for home use.

Gamers now take for granted that successful arcade titles will eventually be converted for the home systems. But just five years ago it was thought very innovative when Atari introduced home versions of Space Invaders and Breakout for home use.

Now any arcade game which produces the slightest tremour of popularity in the arcades is leapt on by the large firms license-hunters.

Many games are tied up even before they go into the arcades, just in case they are hits.

Licensing has been the salvation of the arcade game manufacturers many of whom receive millions of pounds for their games.

Of course this has its bad side as well as its good side and many people in the arcade business believe that quick conversions to the home are killing the revenues of the arcade proprietors.

Whatever the effects on the arcade industry these games are key targets for the home game manufacturers.

Parker Brothers spent four million dollars each to get Popeye, Q\*bert and Tutankham and expect to have to pay at least this in the future for good titles.

Colecovision could not quote an exact figure for licensing arcade games because the deals they make are usually tor more then one game. One thing is certain though — with two of the hottest titles of the year in the shape of Zaxxon and Donkey Kong the sums involved would, as with Parker Brothers, be

How your favourite heroes are turned into your favourite games.
By Eugene Lacey

measured in at least six figures.

Atari are in a slightly more favourable position than some of their competitors as they have their own arcade division.

This means that they already own the rights to several hit games, Centipede, Pole Position, and Xevious to name but three.

Fortunes are made on the rights to arcade games but even larger fortunes are made on the rights to films.

Mattel Electronics were the first company to produce a home video game based on a popular film release — with their Tron games for the Intellivision.

Their deal with Walt Disney also enables them to produce games based on some of the Disney cartoon charaters.

Atari followed into films in a big way last year with a 25 million dollar deal with Stephen Spielberg which enabled them to produce both ET and Raiders of the Lost Ark games for the V.C.S.

The list of game-of-the-film titles is now a larger category than sports simulations.

Like all so-called comprehensive lists I've probably left something out. However, here are all the video games, some of which are not available in the UK, based on feature films.

ET, Raiders of the Lost Ark, Jedi Arena, Return of the Jedi, The Empire Strikes Back, Superman, Spiderman, M.A.S.H., Tron — Deadly Discs, Tron — Maze-a-Tron, Tron — Solar Sailor, Buck Rogers, China Syndrome and James Bond 007.

Before you read this there will probably be half a dozen other films announced for the video games treatment.

Although several films have now been converted by far and away the most expensive must surely be the Star War games.

The exact details of Parker Brothers deal with George Lucas, the director of the Star War films, is not known. We do know that Parker Brothers have the rights to produce all sorts of games and toys based on the films

There will be dozens of Star Wars toys in the shops this Christmas from large plastic Millenium Falcons, models of R2-D2, C3-PO and Chew Baca and the video games—of which Parker already have three, with one more in the pipeline.

Unlike Spielberg, who received his money "up front" from Atari, Lucas earns a percentage of the profits of all the Star Wars toys.

Blockbuster films are by no means the only areas being looked at by the game license hunters.

Anything which has popular awareness, particularly among young people, can be turned into a game.

The Americans band Journey recently became the first pop group to have their own video game and are likely to be followed by Devo as number two. Come on Duran Duran let's have the first British group's video game.

Television programmes are also being looked at and in America a firm recently advertised a Dukes of Hazard game, which should just beat Atari's Muppets game on to the shelves.

We have probably not even scratched the surface of video and computer game licenses.

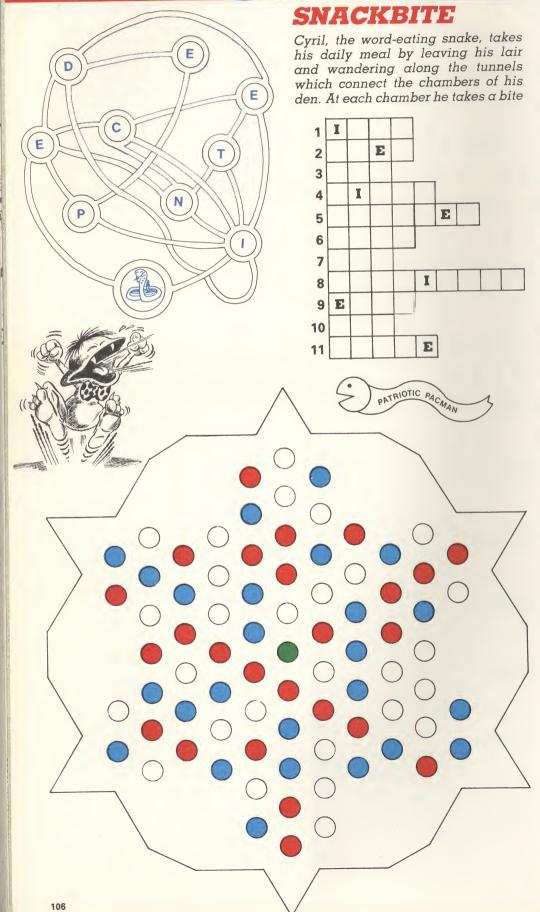
One clue to what to expect in the future is a game recently gone on sale in America with the charmingly ridiculous name of Attack of the Beef Steak Tomatoes.

```
100
```

```
174 PRINT "
   175 PRINT "
   176 PRINT "
   177 PRINT
   178 PRINT
   179 RETURN
   ISO PRINT "
   181 PRINT "
  182 PRINT "
  183 PRINT "
  184 PRINT "
  185 PRINT "
  186 PRINT "
  187 PRINT "
 188 PRINT "
 189 PRINT "
 190 PRINT "
 191 PRINT "
 192 PRINT "
 193 PRINT "
 194 PRINT "
 195 PRINT."
196 PRINT "
197 PRINT "■
198 PRINT "
199 PRINT "
200 PRINT "
201 PRINT
202 PRINT
203 RETURN
204 DATA 14,15,42,14,10,10,2,6,1
4,6
205 DATA 21,14,15,21,70,10,15,21
,21,21
```

```
206 DATA 21,21,14,5,10,10,2,15,2
1,21
207 DATA 7,3,35,10,10,6,35,10,15
, 21
208 DATA 21,35,10,10,6,21,14,10,
10,15
209 DATA 105,14,10,10,15,105,35,
10,10,6
210 DATA 70,5,10,10,10,2,10,2,10
, 15
211 DATA 14,10,10,10,10,3,42,7,1
0,30
212 DATA 35,10,2,6,70,15,21,21,7
0.6
213 DATA 70,10,15,35,10,10,5,5,1
0,15
214 DATA 42,14,10,2,10,15,14,10,
10,6
215 DATA 21,35,30,21,14,10,5,10,
6,21
216 DATA 35,10,6,21,21,14,10,6,2
1,21
217 DATA 14,6,21,21,21,35,6,21,2
1,21
218 DATA 21,105,21,21,35,10,15,2
 1,21,21
219 DATA 35,10,3,35,10,10,10,15,
 105,21
 220 DATA 14,10,5,6,14,6,14,10,10
 , 15
 221 DATA 21,14,6,105,21,21,35,10
 ,10,6
 222 DATA 21,21,7,10,15,21,14,10,
 30,21
 223 DATA 35,15,35,10,10,5,5,10,1
 0.15
 224 DATA 14,10,10,6,21,14,2,10,6
 , 42
 225 DATA 21,14,6,21,35,15,21,42,
 21,21
 226 DATA 21,42,21,21,14,2,15,21,
 35,15
 227 DATA 7,2,3,21,21,21,14,3,14,
 228 DATA 21,21,105,21,21,21,21,3
 5, 15, 21
 229 DATA 21,35,10,15,21,35,5,10,
 10,3
 230 DATA 35,10,10,10,5,10,2,10,6
 ,21
 231 DATA 42,70,10,2,10,6,21,42,3
 5, 15
  232 DATA 7,21,2,3,14,5,5,5,10,6
  233 DATA 105,70,15,105,35,10,10,
  30,70,15
  234 SUB POKE(A,B):: Y=INT(A/32):
  : X=A-Y*32/:: CALL HCHAR(Y+1,X+1
  ,B):: SUBEND
```

# PUMG



at a letter and he is so intelligent that his path always forms words.

He cannot turn round in a tunnel and will not visit the same chamber more than once in any one word.

What puts his I.Q. way above that of his fellow computer asps is that the last letter of one word is also the first letter of the next.

Can you find the eleven words which he makes before returning to his sleeping quarters?

#### PATRIOTIC PACMAN

It is only right and proper that P\*\*\*\*E W\*\*\*\*\*\*'s first toddler micro should be accompanied by software of a regal and loyal nature.

In his version of Munchyman, the dots are coloured Red, White and Blue and the patriotic little gobbler always eats the dots in that order, Blue being followed by Red again and so on.

Once a dot has been visited it cannot be used or passed through again and the task is to consume as many dots as possible before becoming stuck.

From any dot you can only move to a **neighbouring** dot — i.e. one you can reach without passing between two other dots. Starting from the Green dot at the centre, just what is the longest path you can find?

For family fun, place a piece of tracing or thin paper over our picture and draw on that, then everyone can have a turn.

PUZZLING SOLUTIONS ON PAGE 128



Computer and Video Games Yearbook

# INTO THE FUTURE

what gaming's got in store By Terry Pratt

Imagine your ideal game with graphics that leave nothing to the imagination.

It comes to your home where you sit alone but can play against other people sitting in their own living rooms.

It has stereo sound and the explosions actually rock your chair.

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It may be science fiction at the moment but it will be happening very shortly. All of the technology is already here and it won't be long before someone packages a game which puts you on the inside with the action happening around you.

The most important development is laser disc games. The next generation of arcade games will feature laser disc technology with film action reacting to the player's movement and firing.

Already a game called Astron Belt is in UK arcades, showing what is possible on laser disc.

Astron Belt puts a computer graphic ship in front of a film background, which comes from a lapanese science fiction film. The background consists of planets, stars, alien ships and alien landscapes and when the computer registers a hit on an alien craft, the screen dissolves into a bright orange explosion.

The game has plenty of flaws but hese should be corrected and improved as the manufacturers understand the medium better. The main problem with laser disc is interruption in the game action.

This is due to the speed at which the laser can search appropriate scenes and sounds called for by the player's response.

One way around the disc response time is to store the information in an efficient way so that it follows the game's logical sequence. Another more expensive way is to use a double disc system so that one disc follows the current action while the second prepares for the player's next move, providing a "seamless" picture. A laser disc cabinet costs about £2,000 but it is easily re-usable with a new game disc.

Other examples of games using this technology are: Dragon's Lair and Eon and the Time Tunnel.

Dragon's Lair is a fully animated sword-and-sorcery cartoon with the player taking the part of Dirk the Daring. He swashbuckles through a castle loaded with scorpions, snakes, trapdoors and pools of fire.

Eon and the Time Tunnel is a similar fantasy theme but the player travels through a series of movie scenes featuring ominous Welsh castles and futuristic cities.

Astron Belt also features the vibraseat. A chair which shakes and vibrates in time with the action, so those explosions can really rock you to the core.

Another arcade breakthrough is in allowing players to take on each other as well as the computer. A Californian company, Simutron has just produced the Simulator game system which allows up to 16 players to interact on one tournament centre.

Each player is sat in a cubicle with up to four screens of action in front of him. The first game using this system is called: Star Trek: The Motion Picture (not to be confused with the current Star Trek game going the rounds in arcades).

A player has four screens of information, showing tactical displays and laser disc film from the movie Star Trek. It has a hundred buttons, voice synthesis and stereo sound. If he wants to compete against a friend, the other players' ships appear on his screen as rebel fleets.

For the future they plan a sports simulation, a fantasy game and games based on other popular movies. The system can also be connected down a phoneline to other similar centres allowing a nation-wide or even worldwide tournament.

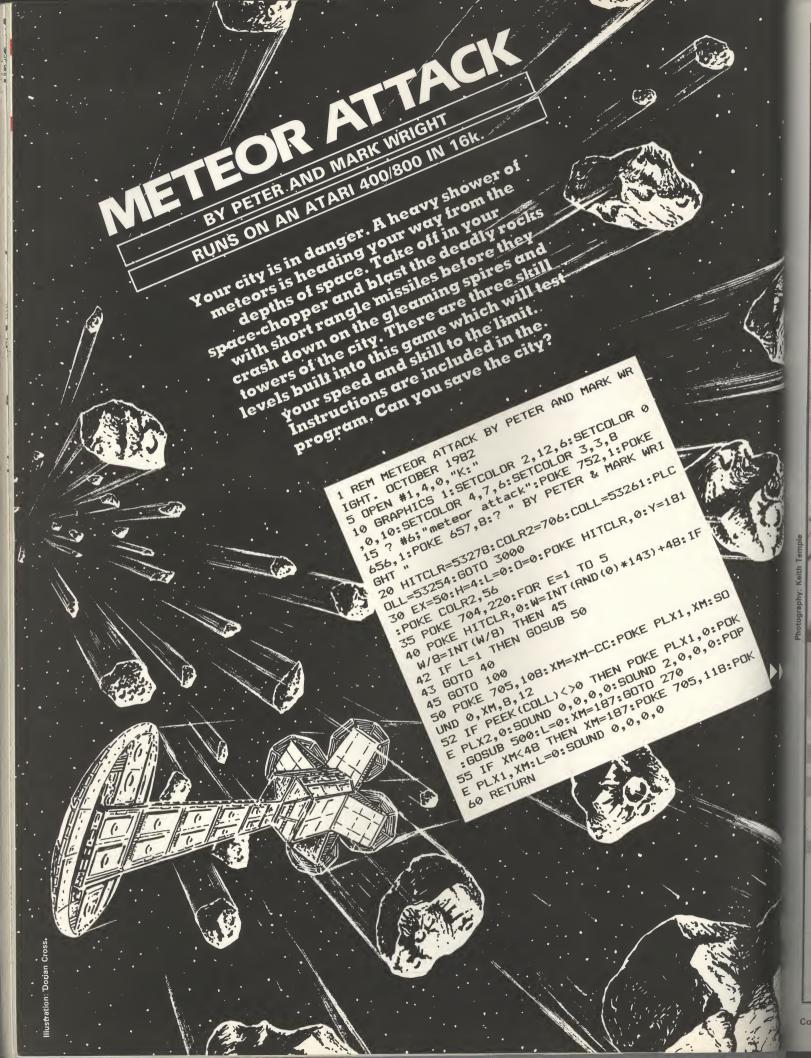
In the U.S. they are already doing without the phones, using cables. The system is currently limited to a small audience served by Play-Cable, a New York City-based firm, half-owned by Mattel. This winter will see the launch of the Games Network of Los Angeles and three other companies (including Atari) are exploring the possibilities.

PlayCable offers subscribers (\$15 a month) 20 video games which change every month. The system can only be used by owners of Mattel's Intellivision System and games are downloaded into the system in about 10 seconds.

Games Network will place a microcomputer in the subscribers home for \$50 (about £35) and then it's \$14 a month for 20 games, including some arcade hits.

It's all just around the corner.



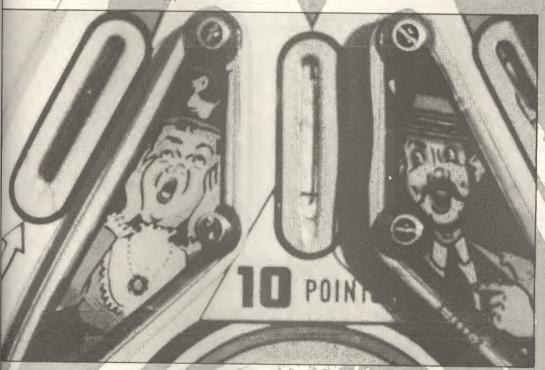


Behind the quiet facade of suburban homes all over the country something strange is going on. In the quiet culde-sacs and peaceful treelined streets of towns and cities you'll find ordinary looking homes which hide a secret known only to a select few. Venturing into this secret world takes you on a nostalgic journey — but if the secret gets out then the residents of these houses may have already discovered the shape of things to come!

Keith Temple, who lives on the outskirts of London, near Croydon, is one of the

# PINBALL CINAZI

Tim Metcalfe finds he isn't the only one.



few. The back room of his house is an Aladdins' cave of arcade memorabilia—with pride of place given over to two veteran pinball machines. All bumpers, bells and bright lights these machines are Keith's pride and joy. Along with four other pins and a magnificent 50's style juke-box that is!

Keith is just one of the 300 or so members of the Pinball Owners' Association which has kept the art of playing the silver ball alive during the lean years of the video boom. Now the game which grew up with rock 'n' roll and the Cold War is coming of age in the era of synthesised pop and cruise missiles.

More and more people are turning to pinball as an alternative to hammering the Smart bomb button on their favourite video game.

Keith is pleased to see pinball making a comeback and although he is a fan of the older machines is ready to admit the modern games are just as good. "The older machines are nice to play, but often the modern electronic pins are faster and give you a better game." Having said that his favourite pins are the "wooden-rail" machines from the 50's — so called because of the wooden strip along the sides of the cabinet.

Keith's love affair with pinball began when he was still at school in Lincolnshire. He used to nip down to the local cafe and rattle up a few high scores.

Several years later he was passing a shop in Croydon and saw a pin-table lan-

guishing in the window. "I thought to myself, I've got to have that!" Later, on his way home with a car full of old machinery he thought to himself: "What have I done!"

But he learned of the then recently formed Pinball Owners' Association and realised that he wasn't alone in his passion for pinball. He joined up — becoming one of the first members of the fledgling association — and since then has never looked back. He became the associations' Pinball Wizard at their annual convention in 1980, beating all-comers to that coveted prize.

Although Keith has six

Although Keith has six machines he is just an average pinball fanatic. Other members take their passion even further. Some have built special extensions to

their homes to take collections of pin-tables which often run into double figures. There's a family of pinball fans who have a house full of machines and there's a rumour that one member owns an amazing 200 pins!

But what attracts people like Keith to go to such lengths to preserve these old machines and encourage interest in them? "I suppose there's a certain amount of nostalgia attached to it. But really it's the 64,000 dollar question and very difficult to answer!"

Keith is an art-restorer by trade and lavishes the same care and attention on old pintables as he does on Victorian paintings.

Pinball has been thought of as primitive compared to the latest 3D stereo-sound video games. And admittedly many of the features you'll find on a modern pin date from the 30's and 40's. But pinball has made a bold step into the microchip age.

Electro-mechanical machines are things of the past—replaced by chip controlled games. Some even speak to you as you flip the ball around. There are pins based on video game themes, like the Williams Defender and combined video and pinball games like Bally's Baby Pac-Man. All a far cry from the first pin-tables which had light bulbs to mark up the score instead of digital displays!

Pinball has also survived conversion to the small screen. Some video games centres have pinball cartridges produced for them and computer owners can also play pinball.

Tandy brought out a cartridge for the TRS-80 Colour Computer which had the added attraction of allowing the player to design his own playfield. Texas owners can also play the game,

But for people like Keith their will never be a substitute for the real thing. They II be Pinball Crazy until their flipper fingers seize-

If you want to know more about pinball or the Pinball Owners' Association contact the association's headquarters at "Arcadia", 465 Cranbrook Road, Ilford, Essex.

100 FOR MP=42 TO 183 STEP H: SOUND 2, MP, 0 ,8:ST=STICK(0):POKE HITCLR,0 105 IF ST=15 THEN 115 110 Y=Y+5\*(ST=13)-5\*(ST=14):POKE PLY,Y 115 IF L=0 THEN M=STRIG(0): IF M=0 THEN P OKE PLY1, Y:L=1 120 IF L=1 THEN GOSUB EX 130 POKE PLX2, W: POKE PLY2, MP 140 IF L=0 THEN FOR Z=1 TO 20:NEXT Z 150 Y=Y+5\*(ST=13)-5\*(ST=14):POKE PLY,Y 160 IF L=1 THEN GOSUB EX 170 IF PEEK(PLCOLL) <>0 THEN COLOR ASC(CH AR\$(5)):PLOT (W-48)/8, (MP-34)/8 1010 POKE 30729,0 190 SOUND 2,0,0,0:NEXT MP 1020 DATA 0,0,0,24,24,126,127,255 200 IF MP>=182 THEN COLOR 138:PLOT (W-48 1021 DATA 255, 153, 153, 153, 153, 153, 255, 2 )/8,19 1022 DATA 255, 153, 153, 255, 153, 153, 255,2 270 NEXT E 280 IF H=4 THEN POKE COLR2, 104: H=5: GOTO 1023 DATA 24,255,126,102,102,102,102,255 290 IF H=5 THEN POKE COLR2,232:H=6:GOTO 1024 DATA 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 1025 DATA 0,0,0,42,28,8,20,20 300 IF H=6 THEN POKE COLR2,250:H=7:GOTO 1040 DIM CHAR\$ (7): CHAR\$="\*+-<>@" 1045 CHSET=(PEEK(106)-8)\*256:CHORG=5734 310 IF H=7 THEN POKE COLR2,250:H=8:GOTO 1050 IF PEEK (CHSET+9) <>0 THEN 1140 1060 FOR I=0 TO 511: POKE CHSET+I, PEEK (CH 320 SOUND 0,0,0,0:SOUND 2,0,0,0:GOTO 200 ORG+I):NEXT I 1070 FOR I=1 TO 6 500 FOR C=1 TO 5:SOUND 0,255,4,15:FOR I= 1090 CHPOS=CHSET+(ASC(CHAR\$(I))-32)\*8 1 TO 5:SETCOLOR 4,2,8:NEXT I:FOR I=1 TO 1100 FOR J=0 TO 7 5: SETCOLOR 4,7,6: NEXT I: NEXT C 1110 READ A: POKE CHPOS+J, A 510 POKE HITCLR, 0: SOUND 0, 0, 0, 0: 0=0+1:P0 1120 NEXT J:NEXT I SITION 6,0:? #6; "s hit "; O:RETURN 1130 FOR I=32 TO 39: POKE CHSET+I, 255-PEE 750 POSITION 4,3:? #6;"1=novice" K(CHORG+I):NEXT I 760 POSITION 4,5:? #6; "2=pilot" 1140 POKE 756, CHSET/256 770 POSITION 4,7:? #6; "3=commander" 1150 RESTORE 1181 1160 FOR I=1536 TO 1706: READ A: POKE I, A: 790 IF K=49 THEN CC=8:POSITION 15,0:? #6 1170 FOR I=1774 TO 1787: POKE I, 0: NEXT I :"sk=1":60TO 820 800 IF K=50 THEN CC=6:POSITION 15,0:? #6 1181 DATA 162,3,189,244,6,240,89,56,221, 240, 6, 240, 83, 141, 254, 6, 106, 141 ; "sk=2":60TO 820 810 IF K=51 THEN CC=4:POSITION 15,0:? #6 1182 DATA 255,6,142,253,6,24,169,0,109,2 53, 6, 24, 109, 252, 6, 133, 204, 133 "sk=3":GOTO 820 1183 DATA 206, 189, 240, 6, 133, 203, 173, 254, 815 GOTO 780 820 POSITION 4,3:? #6;" 6, 133, 205, 189, 248, 6, 170, 232, 46, 255 830 POSITION 4,5:? #6; 1184 DATA 6, 144, 16, 168, 177, 203, 145, 205, 1 840 POSITION 4,7:? #6;" 69, 0, 145, 203, 136, 202, 208, 244, 76, 87 850 FOR T=1 TO 10: SOUND 0,47,10,10: POSIT 1185 DATA 6, 160, 0, 177, 203, 145, 205, 169, 0, ION 0,0:? #6; "meteor alert": FOR J=1 TO 5 145, 203, 200, 202, 208, 244, 174, 253, 6 0:NEXT J:SOUND 0,64,10,10 1186 DATA 173, 254, 6, 157, 240, 6, 189, 236, 6, 860 POSITION 0,0:? #6;" 240, 48, 133, 203, 24, 138, 141, 253, 6 R J=1 TO 50:NEXT J:NEXT T:SOUND 0,0,0,0 1187 DATA 109, 235, 6, 133, 204, 24, 173, 253,6 870 POSITION 0,0:? #6; "meteor alert" , 109, 252, 6, 133, 206, 189, 240, 6, 133 1188 DATA 205, 189, 248, 6, 170, 160, 0, 177, 20 880 GOTO 30 1000 REM CHARACTER SET DATA 3,145,205,200,202,208,248,174,253,6 1189 DATA 169, 0, 157, 236, 6, 202, 48, 3, 76, 2, 6,76,98,228,0,0,104,169 1190 DATA 7,162,6,160,0,32,92,228,96 1200 PM=PEEK (106) -16: PMBASE=256\*PM: Y=181 1210 FOR I=PMBASE+1023 TO PMBASE+2047:P0 KE I,0:NEXT I 1230 PLX=53248: PLX1=53249: PLX2=PLX+2: PLY =1780:PLL=1784:PLY1=PLY+1:PLY2=PLY+2 1240 POKE 704, 118: POKE 705, 118: POKE COLR 1250 POKE 559,62:POKE 623,1:POKE 1788,PM

+4:POKE 53277,3:POKE 54279,PM:POKE 1771, PM: PDKE 53256, 1 1260 RESTORE 1280 1270 FOR I=PMBASE+1024 TO PMBASE+1035:RE AD A: POKE I, A: NEXT I 1280 DATA 254,254,16,16,127,127,120,120, 32, 32, 112, 112 1290 RESTORE 1310 1300 FOR I=PMBASE+1280 TO PMBASE+1291:RE AD A: POKE I, A: NEXT I 1310 DATA 0,0,0,0,0,0,1,3,60,60,3,1 1320 RESTORE 1340 1330 FOR I=PMBASE+1536 TO PMBASE+1543:RE AD A: POKE I, A: NEXT I 1340 DATA 30, 126, 252, 126, 127, 255, 254, 90 1350 POKE PLY, Y: POKE PLY1, Y: POKE PLX, 193 C(CHAR\$(2)):PLOT I,N:NEXT N :POKE PLX1, XM: POKE PLL, 12: POKE PLL+1, 12: 1620 FOR N=15 TO 13 STEP -1:COLOR ASC(CH AR\$(3)):PLOT I,N:NEXT N POKE PLL+2,12 1630 FOR N=12 TO 10 STEP -1:COLOR ASC(CH 1360 X=USR (1696) 1380 POSITION 0,18:? #6; "press fire to s AR\$(2)):PLOT I,N:NEXT N , 25 1640 FOR N=9 TO 7 STEP -1:COLOR ASC(CHAR tart" 1400 IF STRIG(0)=0 THEN 1420 \$(2)):PLOT I,N:NEXT N , 25 1650 COLOR ASC(CHAR\$(4)):PLOT 0,6 1420 FOR N=2 TO 18 STEP 2:FOR I=0 TO 19: 1410 GOTO 1400 1660 COLOR ASC(CHAR\$(6)):PLOT 1,19:PLOT SOUND 0, I+100, 8,8: POSITION I,N:? #6; ": 255 7,19:PLOT 12,19:PLOT 6,12:PLOT 8,14:PLOT NEXT I:NEXT N:SOUND 0,0,0,0 1430 POKE 656,1:POKE 657,8:? " 1670 GOTO 750 2000 REM END GAME ROUTINE 544 1500 POSITION 0,0:? #6; "meteor attack" 2002 POSITION 0,0:? #6; "ALL CLEAR 1505 FOR I=2 TO 6:FOR N=19 TO 18 STEP -1 :COLOR ASC(CHAR\$(3)):PLOT I,N:NEXT N CH 2005 CITY=0:POKE 704,118:POKE 705,118:PO 1510 FOR N=17 TO 16 STEP -1: COLOR ASC (CH KE 706,118:POKE PLY,181:POKE PLY1,181:PO AR\$(2)):PLOT I,N:NEXT N 1520 FOR N=15 TO 13 STEP -1: COLOR ASC (CH 2010 FOR I=0 TO 17:FOR N=6 TO 19 AR\$(3)):PLOT I,N:NEXT N:NEXT I 1530 FOR I=3 TO 5: COLOR ASC (CHAR\$ (2)): PL 2020 LOCATE I,N,XX 2030 IF (XX=43) OR (XX=45) OR (XX=60) TH OT I,12:NEXT I:COLOR ASC(CHAR\$(4)):PLOT EN CITY=CITY+1 EE 2040 NEXT N: NEXT I 1540 FOR I=8 TO 11:FOR N=19 TO 16 STEP 2050 SC=INT((CITY/124)\*100) 1:COLOR ASC(CHAR\$(2)):PLOT I,N:NEXT N 2060 FOR N=6 TO 19:FOR I=0 TO 19:SOUND 0 1550 COLOR ASC(CHAR\$(3)):PLOT I,15:NEXT ,75+I,8,8:POSITION I,N:? #6; " ":NEXT I:N 1560 FOR I=9 TO 10:COLOR ASC(CHAR\$(4)):P EXT N: SOUND 0,0,0,0 2070 POSITION 0,0:? #6;" 1570 FOR I=13 TO 17:COLOR ASC(CHAR\$(3)): 2075 POSITION 0,0:? #6;" 1580 FOR N=18 TO 12 STEP -1:COLOR ASC(CH ION 1,1:? #6; "METEORS DESTROYED": POSITIO PLOT I,19 AR\$(2)):PLOT I,N:NEXT N 2080 POSITION 5,5:? #6; "YOU SAVED": POSIT 1590 COLOR ASC(CHAR\$(3)):PLOT I,11:NEXT ION 8,7:? #6;SC; "%":POSITION 4,9:? #6;"0 1600 FOR N=14 TO 16:COLOR ASC(CHAR\$(3)): FF THE CITY" 2130 POSITION 0,11:? #6;"TO PLAY AGAIN P PLOT N, 10: NEXT N: COLOR ASC (CHAR\$ (4)): PLO RESS":POSITION 7,13:? #6; "start":FOR T=1 TO 50: NEXT T: POSITION 7, 13 1610 I=0:FOR N=19 TO 16 STEP -1:COLOR AS T 15,9 2140 ? #6; " ":FOR R=1 TO 50: IF PEEK( 53279) =6 THEN R=50:GOTO 2160 2150 NEXT R: GOTO 2130 2160 FOR N=1 TO 11 STEP 2:FOR I=0 TO 19: SOUND 0,75+1,8,8:POSITION I,N:? #6;" ":N EXT I:NEXT N:SOUND 0,0,0,0 2170 GOTO 1500 3000 POSITION 0,2:? #6; "the city is in p eril":? #6;"a swarm of meteors" 3010 ? #6:? #6;"is heading for earth":? #6;"your helicopter" 3020 ? #6:? #6; "cannot enter the":? #6:? #6; "danger zone. destroy" 3030 ? #6;"the meteors with":? #6:? #6;" short range missiles" 3050 GOTO 1000

Communication to Tracker Z680 ... unprogrammed android in your sector. Type: security droid. Status: control malfunction. Solution: terminate ... message ends.

Another assignment for overworked and underpaid Tracker. Δ dangerous job hunting down rogue androids. You never know just what you are likely to come up against. Some of them are pretty tough customers. But then, so are the Track-

These men are the bounty hunters of the 21st century. Seeking out and destroying rogue androids who get too big for their programming sequence. Now you can join the elite ranks of these modern day hunters and save the world from the dangerous androids.

The fugitive android lurks somewhere among the obstacles on your Tracker control screen, displaying the sector your Tracker patrols. The Tracker must catch the android within

18 moves or the fugitive realises it is being followed with nasty consequences for the Tracker. To catch the android the Tracker first has to work out the best route to reach his target and input them into his control computer. The complete set moves must be typed in up to 18 — and then just hit the return key and sit back and watch.

The Tracker on screen follows the appropriate course step by step.

While this is going on a small arrow points to the appropriate instruction on the line the player has keyed in, and the move number is shown. Inputs are: L = left, R = right, U = up, D = down.

Remember totake care when you are typing the listing into your machines. If you make a mistake it could mean many frustrating moments.

So to save your sanity check each line carefully - and only turn to the Bug Hunter as a last resort!



BY RICHARD BARTON

#### **RUNS ON AN UNEXPANDED VIC-20**

#### Variables

Z = step count for display on screen.

CO = colour address offset from character address.

S1, S2, S3 = Vic sound addresses.

V = volume.

U, D, L, R = represent screen codes form various arrows (Tracker).

G = Grid display.

C = border of grid.

Q = fugitive position.

X = tracker position.

Y = represents whatever arrow code is being used at any time (U, D, LR) (e.g. = Y = R).

MS = special sound effect routine.

T = time delay.

Lines 100 to 140 creates the grid display. Lines 220 to 280 creates the random obstacles on the

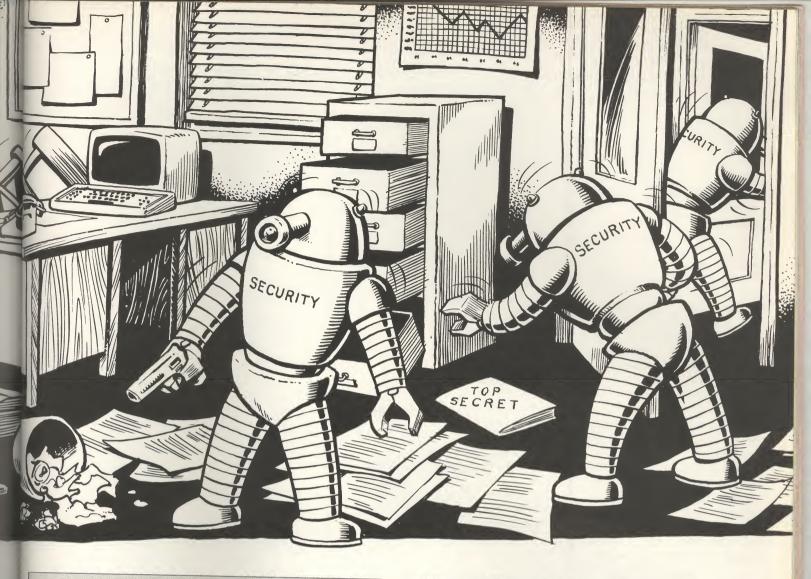
Lines 283 to 288 draws the border around the grid.

Lines 300 to 320 draws the fugitive in a random

Line 340 draws the initial starting position of Tracker.

Line 400 tests length of inputted directions. Lines 520 to 585 moves Tracker and tests positions.

Lines 700 to 760 tests for a "HIT". Lines 800 to 960 gives sound effects for "HIT" or "MISS".



- 20 PRINT""
- 40 CO=30720:Z=0
- 60 U=1:D=22:L=60:R=62:X=7822
- 80 S1=36874:S2=36875:S3=36876:V=36878
- 100 FORG=7680T07921
- 120 POKEG, 122: POKEG+CO, 0
- 140 NEXTG
- 220 FORB=1TO40
- 240 M=INT(RND(1)\*241)+7680
- 260 POKEM, 160 : POKEM+CO, 6
- 280 NEXTB
- 283 FORC=7680T07701:POKEC,160:POKEC+CO,0:NEXTC
- 284 FORC=7701T07943STEP22:POKEC,160:POKEC+CO,0:NEXTC
- 286 FORC=7943T07922STEP-1:POKEC,160:POKEC+CO,0:NEXTC
- 288 FORC=7922T07680STEP-22:POKEC,160:POKEC+CO,0:NEXTC
- 300 Q=INT(RND(1)\*241)+7680
- 310 IFPEEK(Q)=160THEN300
- 320 POKEQ, 102: POKEQ+CO, 2
- 340 POKEX, R: POKE8098+CO, 2

- 380 INPUTR\$
- 488 IFLEN(R\$>>>18THENPRINT"# \$ TOO MANY MOVES #":FORT=1T0800:NEXTT:GOT0980
- 420 POKEV, 10
- 440 POKEN, 30: POKEN+CO, 4
- 460 N=8166
- 480 POKEN,30:POKEN+CO,4:POKEN-1,32
- 500 IFPEEK(N-22)=32THEN700
- 520 IFPEEK(N-22)=21ANDPEEK(X-22)<>160THENX= X-22:POKEX+22,122:POKEX+C0+22,0:Y=U
- 540 IFPEEK(N-22)=4ANDPEEK(X+22)<>160THENX= X+22:POKEX-22,122:POKEX+C0-22,0:Y=D

- 560 IFPEEK(N-22)=12ANDPEEK(X-1)<>160THENX= X-1:P0KEX+1,122:P0KEX+C0+1,0:Y=L
- 580 IFPEEK(N-22)=18ANDPEEK(X+1)<>160THENX= X+1:POKEX-1,122:POKEX+CO-1,0:Y=R
- 585 POKEX, Y: POKEX+CO, 2
- 586 Z=Z+1
- 600 POKES3, 200
- 620 FORT=1T0100:NEXTT
- 640 POKES3,0
- 660 N=N+1
- 680 GOT0480
- 700 IFPEEK(X)=UANDPEEK(X-22)=102THEN790
- 720 IFPEEK(X)=DANDPEEK(X+22)=102THEN790
- 740 IFPEEK(X)=LANDPEEK(X-1)=102THEN790
- 760 IFPEEK(X)=RANDPEEK(X+1)=102THEN790
- 780 PRINT" SANAGARA AND AND AND MISSED! 2":GOTO900
- 800 FORMS=132T0240STEP.7
- 820 POKES2, MS
- 840 NEXTMS
- 850 FORT=1T0500:NEXTT
- 860 POKES2,0
- 880 GOTO980
- 900 FORMS=240T0132STEP-.7
- 920 POKESI, MS
- 940 NEXTMS
- 950 FORT=1T0500:NEXTT
- 960 POKES1, 0
- 980 PRINT" THOUGHIS HIT R FOR NEW GAME ""
- 1000 GETA\$: IFA\$=""THEN1000
- 1020 IFA\$="R"THENRUN
- 1040 GOTO1000

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## MICRO'S

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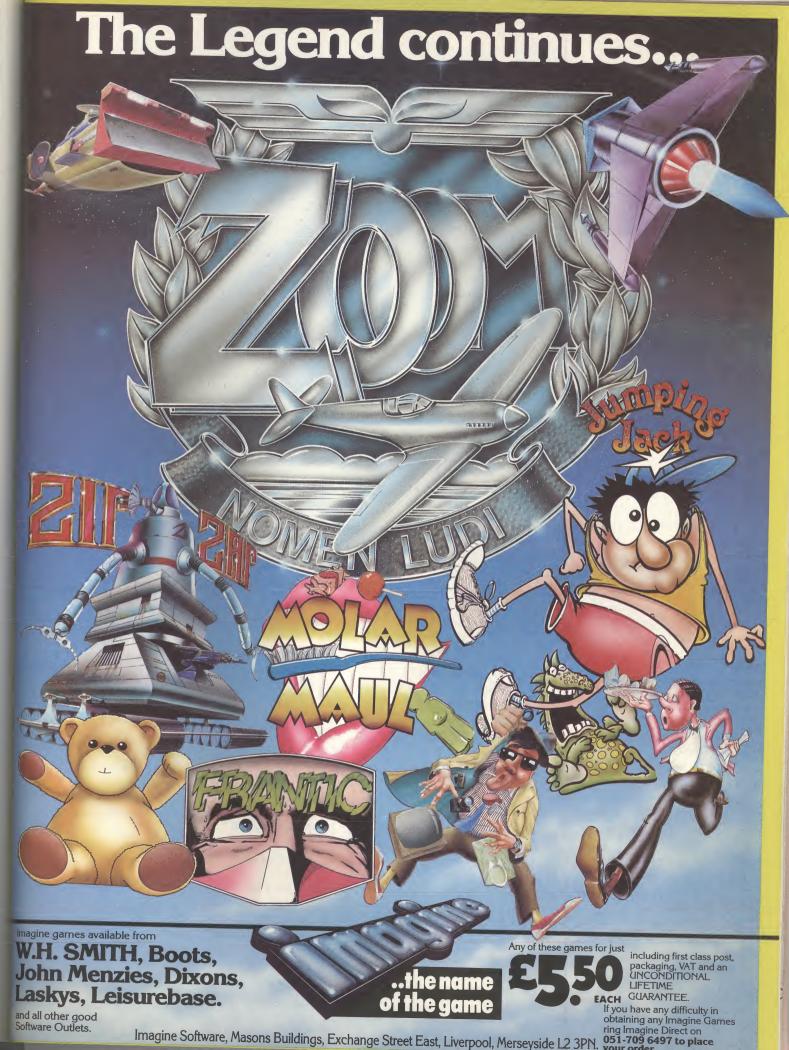
NEW GAME FOR YOUR BBC MODEL B



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	Scramble 64	£7,00		Galaxzions	Vic 20	£5.00	
	Star Trek 64	£7.00		Fantazia	Vic 20	£6.00	
	Frogger 64	£7.00		Crazy Kong	Vic 20	£6.00	
	Panic 64	£7.00		Frog	Vic 20	£4.00	
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	Spriteman 64	£7.00		Vic Rescue	Vic 20	£5.00	
	Fighter Pilot Atari	£7.00	-	Penny Slot	Vic 20	£4.50	
	Wordhanger Atari	£5.00					
	Intruders BBC	£5.00					
	Jupiter Defender	£6.00		P&P			
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The Green, Tadley, Hants.

Postage & Packing .50p



Imagine Software, Masons Buildings, Exchange Street East, Liverpool, Merseyside L2 3PN.

## DATA FOR GRAPHICS

1 FOR x=65368 TO 65535 2 READ d: POKE X,d 3 NEXT X 4 DATA E < 60,126,90,219,255,255,219,137,25 5,0,0,0,0,0,0,255,129,129,129,12 9,129,129,129,129,252,2,1,1,1,1, 2,252,129,129,129,129,129,129,66 ,60,63,64,128,128,128,128,64,63, 60,66,129,129,129,129,129,129,60 ,126,255,248,248,255,126,60,36,1 02,231,255,255,255,126,60,60,126 ,255,31,31,255,126,60,60,126,255 ,255,255,231,102,36,0,0,0,0,0,0,0, 1,255,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,128,128,12 8,128,128,128,128,128,255,0,0,0, 0,0,0,0,60,90,90,255,255,255,90, 74, 15, 48, 64, 64, 128, 128, 128, 128, 1 ,1,1,1,2,2,12,240,128,128,128,12 8,64,64,48,15,240,12,2,2,1,1,1,1

10 REM A. Beale @ 1983 15 REM SAYE "Pacman" LINE 777 7: SAVE "Pacman G"CODE USR "a",2 1 \*8 20 LET h=0: LET c=0 25 LET ##0: LET 1#2 30 DATA .3,0,.3,0,.3,0,.2,-5,. 2,-5,.2,0,.4,0,.5,4 31 DATA .3,0,.3,0,.3,0,.2,-5,. 2,-5,.2,0,.3,0,.5,-3 32 DATA .3,0,.3,0,.3,0,.2,-5,. 2,-5,.2,0,.3,0,.3,4 33 DATA .3,5,.3,6,.3,5,.3,4 34 DATA .3,0 39 DATA .4,3,.4,0 50 RESTORE : BORDER 0: PAPER 0 : CLS 100 INK 1: PRINT TAB 5; "qbbbbbb bbobbbbbbbbbt" 110 PRINT TAB 5; "c.......... ...... 120 PRINT TAB 5; "cuqt.qot.c.qot . qtuc" 130 PRINT TAB 5; "c. sr. slr. e. slr .sr.c" 140 PRINT TAB 5; "c....... . . . . . . . . . 150 PRINT TAB 5; "c.fd.g.fbobd.g .fd.c" 160 PRINT TAB 5; "c....c...c \* \* \* \* 🚾 🖽 170 PRINT TAB 5; "sbbt. nbd.e.fbm . 9bbr" 180 PRINT TAB 5;" . . 190 PRINT TAB 5; "fbbr.e.qd ft.e .sbbd"

Late at night, when we were sitting around looking at programs for this year book in the C&VG office we suddenly hear a mysterious sniffing sound coming from the computer room. Expecting to find Mal Function up to no good among the software we crept up to the door and slowly pushed it open. Not a Bug in sight. But sitting in the middle of the floor was a small round yellow being with a small tear running down its chubby cheek. A Pac-man. "What's wrong little fellow?" we asked. "I've heard you are doing a great programs we have known section in the yearbook," it said, wiping away another tear. "Why, yes," we replied, "But why are you upset? Pacmen are usually happy little creatures." "A little ghost told me that I was being left out!", it sobbed. "How could we leave you out! Everyone loves a Pac-man!"

Its round face brightened. "Really!" it exclaimed. "Of course!" we said. "Just wait until I see that ghost!" said the Pacman, gulping down a

powerpill, "I'll soon sort him out!" And with that he disappeared in a puff of golden smoke, leaving behind him this neat little listing for the Spectrum.

This program gets as close to the original arcade version as is possible within the limits of the Spectrum. There are four power pills, two escape tunnels, and all the video-pills a Pac-man can eat. Because of the limitations of Basic there is only one ghost - but he's a mean Pachunter. And there's a nice twist to the original theme which gives the little muncher additional problems. The power pills can be transformed into poisonous pills by the devious ghost. While they are poisonous to the Pac-man the pills stop flashing. You get three lives as in the arcade version and the Pac-man is controlled by using the "Q" key to move up, "2" down, "M" left and "N" right.

Program notes
When entering the mazeprinting section of the program the dots are full stops

```
N N N C. 3. C. N N
200 PRINT THE 5;"
210 PRINT TAB 5; "fbbt.g.sbbbr.g
. qbbd"
220 PRINT TAB 5;"
                    C.C. C. . . . . . . C
230 PRINT TAB 5; "qbbr.e.fbobd.e
.sbbt"
240 PRINT TAB 5; "c.....c....
. . . . . C. 11
250 PRINT TAB 5; "c.ft.fbd.e.fbd
. qd.c"
 260 PRINT TAB 5; "cu.c.....
. C. U.C.
 270 PRINT TAB 5; "nd.e.g.fbobd.g
.e.fm"
 280 PRINT TAB 5; "c....c...c
290 PRINT TAB 5; "c.fbblbd.e.fbl
bbd.c"
 300 PRINT TAB 5; "c.....
........
 bbbbr"
 311 LET i=0: LET u=0: LET t=0
 392 FOR f=1 TO 31: READ A: READ
  Ь
  394 BEEF a-.1,b: NEXT f
  399 LET j=PI: LET m=PI
                             INK
  400 INK 6: FLASH 1: PRINT
```

and must be coloured with ink 7 (white). The maze is drawn using user defined graphics and must be coloured using ink 1 (dark blue. To colour the maze do not use the INK command. Press CAPS SHIFT and SYMBOL SHIFT together. Then hold down the CAPS SHIFT key and press the appropriate ink key. This method saves memory and is necessary if the program is to run on a 16k machine. User defined graphics are shown as capital letters in quotes and should be entered in graphics mode. This program runs on a 48K machine. To run in 16K add line 5 CLEAR 65367: LOAD"" Then type in lines 1-5 and save on tape. Type NEW and enter the rest of the program.

To play the game, load in the first part and run it. This will then define the characters and load in the main listing.



6;AT 16,6;"u";AT 16,22;"<mark>u"</mark> 410 PRINT AT 2,6; "u"; AT 2,22; "u

421 FLASH 0: FRINT AT 0,0;"SCOR E"; AT 0,5;

422 PRINT AT 0,24; "HI-SCORE"; AT

425 LET y1=8: LET x1=14

427 PRINT AT 21,0;" f=0 TO 1-1: PRINT INK 6; AT 21, f \*2; "h": NEXT f

430 PRINT INK 7; AT 11, 12; "Read

431 PRINT INK 6; AT 16, 14; "j" 432 FOR F=1 TO 150: NEXT F: PRI NT AT 11,12; "sbbbr"

440 PRINT INK 0; AT 10,4; "a"; AT

10,24; "a" 445 NEXT f

PRINT DVER 1; AT 8, 14; "4"

460 LET x=14: LET y=16

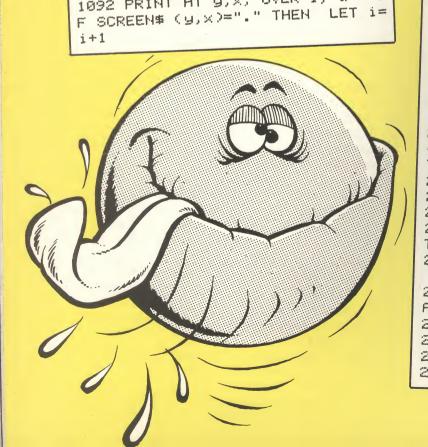
465 LET a=1 470 LET b#="5"

477 PRINT AT 10,14;" "

480 IF INKEY#<>"" THEN LET ba= **INKEY®** 482 IF b\$>"4" AND b\$<"9" THEN LET a=CODE b=-52 484 BEEP .01, 1/5 510 PRINT AT 9,x;" " 520 LET y=y+(a=2)-(a=3): LET x= x+( a=4 )-( a=1 ) 530 LET c\$≃SCREEN\$ (y,x): IF c\$ <>" " THEN GO TO 700 INK 6; AT 9, x; a\$(a) 540 PRINT OVER 1; AT 91, x1; "a" 545 PRINT 550 IF j=y1 AND m=x1 THEN LET u=4: REM 3200 552 LET u=u-1: IF u>0 THEN TO 3200 561 LET j=y1: LET m=x1 563 IF t>0 THEN LET t=t-1: GO TO 3000 565 LET y1=y1+(y1<y)-(y1>y) 566 IF y1=y AND x=x1 THEN GO T 0 1000

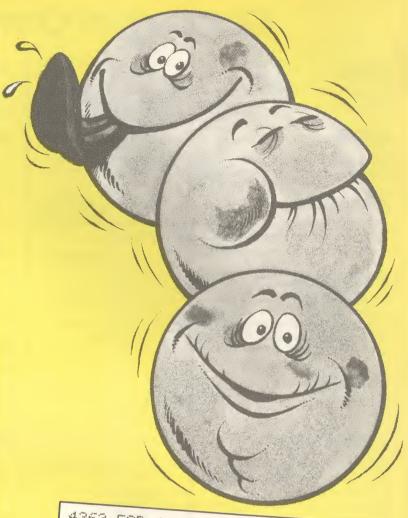
ILLUSTRATION:

570 IF SCREEN\$ (91,×1)="" AND A 10001 TTR (g1,x1)<>134 THEN LET g1=j 580 LET ×1=×1+(×1<×)-(×1>×) 590 IF y1=y AND x=x1 THEN GO T 0 1000 600 IF SCREEN\$ (y1,x1)="" AND A TTR (g1,x1)<>134 THEN LET x1=m 610 INK 4: IF t>0 THEN INK 7 620 PRINT OVER 1;AT y1,x1;"a" 690 GO TO 480 700 IF c\$<>"." THEN GO TO 710 702 LET s=s+5: PRINT AT 2,0;s: LET i=i+1: BEEP .01,30 704 IF i>177 THEN GO TO 2000 707 GO TO 533 710 IF ATTR (9,x)=0 THEN GO TO 715 IF ATTR (9,x)=134 THEN GO TO 750 717 IF ATTR (9,x)<>1 THEN GO T 0 1000 720 LET y=y-(a=2)+(a=3): LET x= x-(a=4)+(a=1): GO TO 535 749 REM got big dot 750 FOR 9=30 TO 5 STEP -5: BEEP .01,9: NEXT 9: FOR 9=5 TO 30 ST EP 5: BEEP .01,9: NEXT 9 760 LET t=30 770 LET s=s+25: PRINT AT 2,0;s: GO TO 535 800 IF x=4 THEN LET x=23 810 IF x=24 THEN LET x=5 820 GO TO 533 1091 IF SCREEN# (9,x)="." THEN LET i=i+1 1092 PRINT AT 9,x; OVER 1; "a": I



1095 IF t>0 THEN GO TO 1300 1100 FOR f=1 TO 4 1105 PRINT AT 9,x;"a": FOR 9=0 T 0 6 STEP 2: BEEP .01,9: NEXT 9: PRINT AT 9,x;"p": FOR 9=6 TO 0 8 TEP -2: BEEP .01,9: NEXT 9: NEXT 1110 INK 6: DATA "i"," "," " 1115 RESTORE 1110 1120 FOR 9=30 TO 10 STEP -10 1123 READ as: PRINT AT y, x; as: F OR f=1 TO f 1130 BEEP .015, f+g: NEXT f: NEXT 1140 PRINT AT 9,x;" ": PAUSE 14: BEEP .1,0: PAUSE 8: BEEP .1,5 1200 LET 1=1-1 1210 IF 1≈-1 THEN GO TO 1500 1220 GO TO 425 1300 PRINT OVER 1;AT 9,x;"a" 1301 FOR 9=-10 TO 40 STEP 5: BEE P .01,9: NEXT 9 1310 PRINT INK 6;AT 9,x;a\$(a) 1320 LET s=s+200: PRINT AT 2,0;s 1330 LET ⊎1=8: LET ×1=14 1333 PRINT OVER 1; INK 4;AT 8,1 4; "a" 1335 LET t=0 1340 GO TO 535 1500 INK 7: PRINT AT 10,10; "GAME OVER" 1510 IF s>hs THEN LET hs=s: PRI NT AT 2,24;hs: PRINT AT 14,2;"(Y ou have the high-score!)" 1511 PAUSE 50 1520 PRINT FLASH 1;AT 5,2;"Pres s any key to begin..." 1530 IF INKEY#<>"" THEN GO TO 1 1540 IF INKEY#="" THEN GO TO 15 1600 GO TO 25 2000 PAPER RND\*6+1: FLASH 1: CLS 2010 FOR f=0 TO 40 STEP 10: FOR 9=0 TO f STEP 3: BEEP .02,9: NEX T 9: NEXT f 2020 PAPER 0: FLASH 0: CLS 2040 RESTORE 2041 INK 6 2042 LET c≃c+1: IF c>1 THEN GO TO 3500 2050 FOR f=1 TO 31: READ a: READ b: BEEP a-. 15, b+6 2060 PRINT AT 10,f-1;" "; INK 6; AT 10, f; "h" 2070 NEXT f 2075 RESTORE : LET 9=0 2077 INK 4 2080 FOR f=0 TO 30

```
2090 READ a: READ b: BEEP a-.15,
2091 PRINT AT SIN 9*3+10,f-1;" "
2095 LET 9=9+.5
2100 PRINT AT SIN 9#3+10,f;"a"
2110 NEXT f
           INK 6; AT 10,31; "k"
2120 PRINT
2130 INK 6: CIRCLE 199,147,28
2140 CIRCLE 230,120,8
2150 PRINT AT 8,30; "o"
2160 PRINT INK 7; AT 3,22; "Oh No
1 11
2165 PAUSE 80
2170 CLS : INK 6: PRINT AT 10,31
;";"; INK 4;AT 11,30;"a"
2180 FOR f≈30 TO 0 STEP -1
2190 BEEP .005,50-f: PRINT AT 10
, f; "j ": NEXT f
2200 PRINT AT 10,0;" "
2210 GO TO 50
2999 STOP
3010 LET 91=91+(91>9)-(91<9)
3040 IF SCREEN$ (y1,x1)="" AND A
TTR (91,×1)<>134 THEN LET 91=j
3044 LET x1=x1+(x1<23 AND x1>x)-
(x1)5. AND x1(x)
3050 IF SCREEN$ (y1,x1)="" AND A
TTR (g1,x1)<>134 THEN LET x1=m
3100 GO TO 610
3200 IF u=3 THEN LET o=INT (RND
*40
3210 LET x1=x1+(x1<23 AND o=0)-(
o=1 AND x1>5>: LET y1=y1+(o=2)-(
0=3)
3220 IF SCREEN$ (91,×1)="" THEN
 LET x1=x1-(o=0)+(o=1): LET y1=y
1-(0=2)+(0=3)
3225 IF x1=m THEN GO TO 580
3230 GO TO 610
3510 IF c=2 THEN GO TO 4300
3520 IF c=3 THEN GO TO 4400
4310 FOR f=0 TO 30
4320 READ a: READ b
4322 BEEP a-. 15, b
4325 PRINT INK 6;AT 10,f;" h"
4328 PRINT INK 4; AT 8, 31-f; "a "
4330 NEXT f
4332 PAUSE 20
4333 RESTORE
4337 FOR f≈30 TO 16 STEP -1
4340 READ a: READ b
4342 BEEP a-.15,b+24
4348 PRINT INK 6;AT 10,f;",j ";
INK 4; AT 8, 31-f; " a"
4355 NEXT f
4358 PRINT INK 7; FLASH 1; AT 9,
16;"!": INK 6: PRINT AT 10,16;"i
4360 PAUSE 50: PRINT AT 9,16;" "
;AT 10,16;"j": PAUSE 50: PRINT A
T 10,16;"k"
```



```
4363 FOR f=10 TO 21: PRINT AT f,
   16; "k": BEEP .02, f: PRINT AT f, 1
   4370 NEXT F
   4373 PRINT AT 6,16;"?"
   4375 PAUSE 60: GO TO 50
  4410 FOR f=0 TO 14
  4420 READ a: READ b: BEEP a-.15,
  4422 PRINT INK 6; AT 10, f; " h";
  INK 4;AT 10,31-6; "a "
  4427 NEXT F
  4430 INK 2
 4434 PLOT 130,100
 4440 DRAW -30,40
 4450 DRAW 30,0,-PI
 4455 DRAW 30,0,-PI
 4460 DRAW -30,-40
 4462 PAUSE 40: PRINT AT 10,15; I
 NK 6; "j"
 4470 FOR f=15 TO 0 STEP -1
4475 READ a: READ b: BEEP a-.1, b
4480 PRINT AT 10,f; INK 6; "h"; I
NK 4; "a
4490 NEXT f
4492 LET C=0
4494 GO TO 50
7777 LOAD ""CODE USR "a", 21*8: R
UN
```

## **Glossary of Computer Terms**

6502

The CPU chip used in many popular home computers, e.g. BBC, and Oric, also in the Atari VCS games centre.

#### 6809

A newer CPU chip with some similarities to the 6502. As used in the Dragon-32.

#### **Absolute**

A way of specifying movement on the screen which bears no relation to where you are moving from. E.g., Move to coordinates (10,9). See also relative.

#### **Accumulator**

The main register in the CPU on which arithmetic and other instructions operate. To use certain functions on other registers requires copying that register into the accumulator, operating on it and then returning the registers to their original state.

#### **Address**

A name, number or label indicating a position in the computer's memory.

#### **Adventure**

The name given to computer simulations of fantasy role-playing games. The machine plays the part of the adventurer which you control by giving instructions from the keyboard usually in plain English. The objective is usually to find treasure.

## **Algorithm**

A detailed step-by-step description of a problem which can then be solved by translation into part of a computer program.

## **Append**

A Basic command to load data or a program into the computer and add it on to the end of whatever is there already.

## **Argument**

The value on which a Basic function operates. e.g., POKE has two arguments: an address and its contents.

## **Array**

A way of storing related pieces of information in the computer, so that each element of the array shares a common variable name. E.g., instead of storing a list of addresses as A, B, C and their 'phone numbers as D, E, F, two arrays could be used so that the addresses would be labelled A(1), A(2), A(3) and the phone numbers as P(1), P(2) and P(3). Then, finding the phone number for a known address becomes simple.

## ASC( )

A Basic function to give the ASCII code of the character in the brackets. e.g.

PRINT ASC("A") will print 65. If you use ASC on a string, the function will return the ASCII code of the first character in the string.

#### **DZA**

American Standard Code for Information Interchange. A standard code used in most micros to represent 128 characters in a 7 bit code.

#### **Assembler**

A program which helps in writing machine code programs. It allows the programmer to enter machine code instructions using mnemonic codes which are easier to remember than the hex values. eg., in 6502 machine code one way of loading a value into the accumulator is by using hex code A9. With an assembler, the load-accumulator instruction is LDA.

#### ATTR

A Basic function on the ZX Spectrum used to find data about a certain point on the screen. For a pair of coordinates it returns the colour of the screen at that point, whether it is in extra-bright mode and whether that particular character is flashing or steady.

#### Basic

Beginners' All-purpose Symbolic Instruction Code. A programming language invented in America in 1964 and available in almost all computers from those running power stations to those playing Space Invaders.

#### **BAUD RATE**

The speed at which data bits are sent down a wire. Baud rate is approximately equal to bits per second; so with an average of ten bits per byte an interface working at 300 baud can transmit or send about 10 characters per second (or CPS.)

#### BEEP

The command used in Basic on the 2X Spectrum and Jupiter Ace to produce sound from the built-in speaker. The two arguments are pitch and duration, where pitch is relative to middle-C and duration is specified in a range from 0 to 255.

## **Binary**

Base two. The way in which all information is represented in the computer internally. The only digits used are 1 and 0 which correspond to an electrical signal either being present in a wire or not.

#### Bit

A short form for binary digit, a single 1 or 0.

#### Border

An area round the edge of a playing screen which can be a different colour from the main playing area. Used mainly to ensure that the whole of the game is visible on the screen.

### **Bright**

A Basic command to print on the screen in varying brightness. An Atari 800 has 16 variations while a Spectrum has two.

### Bug

An error in a program which prevents it from working properly.

## Byte

A short form of Binary Eight, used to describe a set of eight bits.

#### **Cassette**

A (usually) plastic case containing magnetic tape on which programs can be stored using two frequencies. The computer can "listen" to a cassette and reconstruct the program at a later date. One frequency is used to represent a 1 and another for a zero (see binary).

#### Centronics

A form of interface for computers used in connecting printers. The centronics interface is a parallel device as opposed to the RS232 interface. It uses eight separate wires for the date and a complete byte is sent at a time. Originally used in a range of printers by Centronics, this interface is now standard or optional in most micro printers.

#### Character

A letter, number or other symbol which is represented by a unique code in the computer. The usual number of characters is up to 255, which represent numbers, letters and other specialised control characters which mean special things like "turn on printer" or "change to upper or lower case".

#### Character set

The range of characters which a computer is able to produce. Some machines have special character sets with mathematical signs or non-English languages.

## Chip

An electronic circuit reduced photographically and produced on a piece of silicon of around ¼ inch square. The final version of a chip is much larger to accommodate the pins which are used to connect the chip to the outside world.

## CHR \$

A Basic function to output a character whose ASC/I code is known. E.g.,

PRINT CHR\$(65)

will print a capital letter A.

## Chunky graphics

The term used to describe graphics made from whole characters as opposed to pixels. These characters are often whole blocks with one or more quarters removed. As found on machines like the ZX81.

#### CLOAD

A Basic command to load a program from a cassette as opposed to loading from disk.

#### Command

A statement in Basic may be either a command or a function. A command tells the computer to do something and does not expect a numerical or alphabetical result, while a function does. So addition and PEEK are functions but POKE and LIST are commands.

## Compiler

A program which converts a program written in a high level language such as Basic to machine code. This may be useful because machine code programs are hard to write but run much faster than those in Basic. Compilers are often used in the writing of game programs for this reason. A compiler differs from an interpreter because an interpreter translates each line as it is encountered, which may be many times during a run, while a compiler translates each line once, at the start, before the program is run.

## Copyright

The area of the law which allows the originator of a piece of work the exclusive right to make copies of that work. No copyright laws specific to computer programs exist at present. The difficulties arise over the idea of a program as much as the program itself. Because the author of a program is entitled to a payment for each copy sold, copying of programs illegally is considered theft.

#### CPU

Central Processing Unit. The main chip in a computer which organises the work of all the other components in the machine as well as performing logical and arithmetic functions.

#### CSAVE

A Basic command to save a program onto cassette.

#### Cursor

A marker on the screen of a computer to show where, if a key is pressed, the next character will appear.

#### Data

Information which a program needs before or during a run E.g., a program to draw a square needs to know where on the screen the corners are to be. Note that data in this sense is a plural word as in a list of data. A single item in that list is called a datum.

#### DATA

A command in Basic which is used to supply data to the program. The word DATA is followed by the data itself, with each datum separated by a comma. To access this data the function READ is used.

### Debug

To ensure that a program works properly by removing the bugs from it.

#### **Decimal**

The most common way of representing numbers. It uses the digits 0 to 9. Also known as base 10, or denary.

#### DIM

A command used in Basic to reserve space in the computer's memory for an array. Most machines will automatically allow for an array to have 10 elements so if you plan to have anything larger you must use DIM. To reserve enough space for array D to have 75 elements, use the command DIM D(75). Short for DIMension.

#### DIN

Deutsche Industrie-Norm. A German-designed standard of connections used extensively in audio equipment and, therefore, also in the connecting of cassette recorders to computers. A DIN connector usually has between three and seven connecting pins.

## Disk (or Disc)

An alternative medium to cassettes on which computers can store programs and data. It consists of a thin circle of plastic coated in a similar substance to cassette tape and housed in a flexible protective plastic jacket, which is why they are often called floopy disks or floppies. They are available either 5.25 or 8 inches across and need a special machine called a disk drive for them to be used.

#### **Disk Drive**

The machine which is used to get information on and off disks. Once a disk is inside the drive it is rotated against a head similar to that in a cassette recorder. Disk storage is up to 50 times faster than using cassettes but is also more expensive. An average drive costs 10 times more than a cheap portable cassette recorder.



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#### **Edit**

To alter part of a program while leaving the rest unchanged. This can range from the addition of a single character to the removal of a large block of the program.

## Element

A single part of an array identified by the array's name and the element's unique subscript.

#### **END**

A basic command to tell the computer that the end of the program has been reached.

#### **ENVELOPE**

A command used in Basic on the BBC micro to define the characteristics of a note which will be produced by the BBC's SOUND command. ENVELOPE defines the actual wave form of the note and can be used to simulate the sound of various instruments.

## ÉPROM

Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory. A ROM chip which can be re-used by exposing it to ultra-violet light which erases it.

### File

A collection of related pieces of data stored for use by the computer on tape or disk.

## **Fixed point**

The way the computer stores numbers. Instead of moving the decimal point around it is always placed after the first digit. Then the entire number is multiplied or divided by a factor of 10 to make it the correct value. For example . . .  $\frac{1}{10} = 10^{-1}$ 

so 0.168 in fixed point format would be  $1.68 \times 10^{-1}$ 

## Floating point

The normal way of specifying decimal fractions. The decimal point is placed between the whole part and the fractional part of the number.

## Floppy disk

see Disk.

#### FOR

A Basic command to perform part of a program a certain fixed number of times. The part to be repeated is placed between a FOR statement and a NEXT statement

#### **Forth**

A computer programming language. It is the language of the Jupiter Ace and is also available for some other micros. Although slightly harder to learn than Basic it runs much faster and is useful for writing games programs. Was originally to be known as "fourth" as in fourth-generation language, but the computer on which it was invented only allowed 5 characters for a program name!

#### **Function**

see Command.

**GET** 

A Basic function to get a single key press from the keyboard.

#### **GOSUB**

A Basic command which jumps to a certain part of the program called a subroutine. These are useful where the same part of a program may be "called" several times. The subroutine may consist of several program lines and will continue until it finds a RETURN statement. Then control returns to the line after the initial GOSUB.

#### GOTO

Jumps to a certain point in a Basic program and continues to run from that point.

## **Graphics characters**

Characters which the computer can print apart from normal letters and numbers. These can be used in blocks to form pictures. See also Characters.

#### **Hardware**

The physical components of a computer which can actually be seen, as opposed to programs and data which cannot.

#### Hexadecimal

(or Hex.) A way of specifying numbers in base 16. Hex uses 15 digits, namely 0 to 9 and then A to F. So eleven in hex is B, and hex 10 is 16 in decimal.

## High level language

A programming language in which the language itself does some of the work for you. For example, Basic is a high level language because most of the commands available in Basic are not available directly in the computer but must be broken down into many simple instructions by the Basic interpreter.

Used in Spectrum and Oric Basic to specify the colour in which printing on the screen will be.

#### INKEY

Similar to GET. As used on Sinclair computers.

#### INPUT

A Basic function to get a key or keys from the keyboard. Keeps getting keys until the RETURN or ENTER key is pressed.

#### INT

A Basic function to strip a number of its decimal places and leave the integer part. Note that INT will not round the number up or down so INT(5.01) is the same as INT(5.99).

## Integer

A number, positive or negative, which has no fractional part. 1,2,3, -9, -96 are integers, whereas 7.5 is not.

## Interpreter

The program which decodes the statements in a high level language. It converts the lines which you type into simple steps which the CPU can understand.

## Jack plug

A connector used for linking cassette recorders to computers.

## Joystick

A hand-operated controller for video games. A short stick can be pushed in 4 or 8 directions which controls the object on the screen. There is also usually a "fire" button.

## K (or Kb.)

Stands for Kilobytes or a 1024 bytes. The unit used to measure the size of a computer's memory. Usually goes up in multiples of 4 or 8. One byte is equal to about 1 character.

## Language

The set of commands with which a computer is programmed. Basic is the most common language for beginners but special languages also exist for certain jobs. Cobol is mainly used for writing business programs while Fortran is a science and mathe-based language.

#### LEFT\$

The Basic function to take the leftmost characters from a string, thus LEFT\$(S\$,5) would take the first five characters of string S\$.

#### LET

Used in Basic to assign a value to a variable, eg., LET X=10 or LET S\$="HELLO".

#### Line number

Each line in a Basic program must have a line number. When the program is run the lines will be executed in numerical order, and not the order in which they were typed in.

#### LIST

A Basic command to produce a copy of the current program on the screen or printer.

#### LLIST

List the Basic program on the printer.



#### LOAD

Read a program into the computer from cassette or disk.

#### Location

The actual position in memory where a byte is stored.

## Low level language

A language in which a limited number of commands can be handled directly and they must be broken down and simplified by the programmer.

#### Lower case

The small, non-capital letters available on a keyboard. The characters produced by pressing a key without holding down a shift key.

#### LSI

Large Scale Integration. Getting a lot of components into a small area on a chip.

#### Computer and Video Games Yearbook

#### LPRINT

A Basic command to output to the printer as opposed to the screen.

#### Machine code

The lowest level language available on a computer. It is the language which the CPU can directly understand and because it does not need an interpreter, machine code programs run very fast but are complicated to write and debug. A typical machine code program may run 100 times faster than its Basic equivalent.

## **Memory map**

The way in which the computer organizes its memory. The memory map states where the machine holds its program, variables and Basic interpreter. Most computers also hold the contents of the screen in memory as well so that altering that area of memory will change the contents of the screen. This is known as having a memory-mapped screen.

## Merge

Loading a program or data without destroying the one already in memory. Where program lines are duplicated, the convention is for the incoming line to replace the one already there.

## Microprocessor

A single chip which can get information in, process it and output it.

Similar to CPU.

#### Microsoft

A software company responsible for writing the Basic interpreters in many micros.

### MIDS

A function in Basic to extract a certain part of a string starting from a certain position and going on for a certain number of characters. MID\$(A\$,5,3) will be a string made up from A\$ starting at position 5 and continuing for 3 characters.

#### **Mnemonic**

A short code which helps in remembering something. For example, in Z80 machine code, the code to compare the accumulator with a value is known by the mnemonic CP A.

#### MODEM

Short for MOdulator/DEModulator. A peripheral to convert the signals sent from a computer to the correct frequencies to allow them to be sent over the telephone lines and fed into another computer.

## Monitor

A device used as the display for a computer. It is similar to a TV screen but is of much higher quality and costs more. Monitors cannot normally receive TV signals. A typical colour monitor costs at least twice the price of a portable colour TV.

#### Monochrome

Single colour. A computer display which cannot show more than one colour. Usually black and white but can also be green on black, or orange on black.

#### Network

A number of computers connected together such that each can communicate with any other and that they can share peripherals which would be too expensive to provide for each computer.

#### NEW

A Basic command to tell the computer to forget the current program and to expect another one.

#### NEXT

see FOR.

## Nybble

Half of a byte (4 bits.) A byte is made up from two nybbles. The first 4 bits are called the high nybble and the last four are called the low nybble.

## **Operating system**

The program in the computer which controls the coordination of all the components. Every computer has an operating system. Some operating systems are common to many computers subject to minor alterations. One such system is CP/M which runs on many Z80 based machines. CP/M controls the loading and saving of programs and also control of the disc drive, keyboard and printer. Commands to load and save on one CP/M machine will be almost identical on any other machine with the same operating system.

#### **OVER**

A Basic command to print on the screen on top of the character which is already there.

#### PAPER

A command on the Spectrum and Ace to specify the colour of the screen.

#### PEEK

A Basic function to look at the contents of a certain location in memory. For example, the character at the centre of the screen on a PET is held in memory location 33268. So to see what character is at the centre of the screen you would use PEEK (33268).

### **Peripheral**

Additional hardware used with a computer but not an integral part of it. Eg. a disk drive, cassette recorder, printer or joystick.

## Phono plug

A connector commonly used to connect a computer to a TV set or monitor.

#### **Pixel**

Short for Picture Element.

The smallest dot which can be displayed by a computer. Pixels can be used individually or be placed in blocks to make alphabetic or graphics characters.

#### POKE

A Basic command to load a certain value into a known location in memory. The syntax of the command is:

POKE address, value

so to put character 46 (a full stop) at the centre of the screen on a PET, type POKE 33268,46.
See also PEEK.

#### **Printer**

A peripheral used to produce output onto paper which can then be stored, as opposed to output on a VDU which cannot.

### **Program**

A list of instructions which will be executed sequentially by the computer.

#### **PROM**

Programmable Read-Only Memory.

A ROM chip which can be programmed by a special PROM programming machine. One programmed a PROM cannot be altered or erased.

#### RAM

Random-Access Memory.

Memory in a computer which can be altered and is therefore used to hold the current Basic program and data. RAM memory loses its contents when the power is turned off.

#### Raster scan

The way in which a TV picture is produced in the set itself. A single dot scans across the 625 horizontal lines which make up the picture. Whatever the display on the screen, the dot always follows the same course. It goes so fast that the display appears steady and stationary.

#### READ

Used in Basic with a DATA statement. It reads one item from the DATA list each time it is called.

## Register

A memory location built into the CPU chip itself, used to hold data temporarily to perform arithmetic and logical functions.

#### Relative

A way of specifying direction which does not depend on where you are going but on where you are coming from. Eg., "move 7 positions to the left" is a relative direction. See also Absolute.

#### RENUMBER

A Basic command to alter the line numbers of a program so that they all run in even, neat steps. RENUMBER should also alter any GOTO or GOSUB statements as well to enable the program to run correctly.

#### Resolution

The number of pixels which a computer can display on the screen at one time. The higher the number, the better quality graphics can be produced.

#### RESTORE

Used in Basic with READ and DATA. RESTORE sets the data pointer back to the beginning so that the next READ statement will start reading from the first item in the DATA statement.

#### RETURN

See GOSUB.

#### **RIGHTS**

Similar Basic command to LEFT\$ but takes the last characters from a string. Eg., RIGHT\$ ("therefore", 4) would be "fore".

#### RND

A Basic function to produce a random number, used in games and simulations.

#### ROM

Read-Only Memory.

A memory chip whose contents cannot be altered. ROMs are used to hold such things as the Basic interpreter and the operating system.

#### **RS232**

The name of an interface used for connecting computer peripherals together. All devices with RS232 interfaces should by definition have the same connections via a 25pin D-plug although some manufacturers vary these for their own use. The RS232 is a serial interface which means that although there are 8 bits to a byte the bits are sent one at a time down a single wire.

See baud rate.

#### RUN

A Basic command to start the execution of the current program in the computer.

#### SAVE

A Basic command to record the current program on to cassette or disk, so that it can be re-used at a later date.

#### Scroll

Moving the contents of the screen up or down by a single pixel or character at a time. Some programs also scroll the screen sideways.

## Shoot-'em-up

A video game where the object is to shoot at aliens which are above you. The first such game was Space Invaders.

#### Software

Programs for a computer. The part of the computer which cannot actually be seen (unless printed out on screen or printer) See also Hardware.

## String

A set of between 1 and 255 characters assigned to the same variable name. Some Basics allow strings of unlimited length, but most allow 255, which is the highest number which can fit in 1 byte.

#### Subroutine

A frequently-used part of a program, placed, usually at the end, which can be called whenever needed. Thus although it is used frequently, it only needs to be typed in once. See also GOSUB.

### Subscript

A number used to identify single elements in an array. Although each element has the same variable name they have different subscripts. Eg,

LET A\$(7) = "COMPUTER" where the variable name is A\$ and the subscript is 7.

### **Syntax**

The composition of a statement, its arguments and any punctuation. Eg., a certain Basic statement may need two arguments, separated by commas and a semi-colon at the end. If this is not typed correctly it will be rejected by the computer with a "SYNTAX ERROR" message.

#### TRACE

A command in Basic which prints out the line number of each statement as it is executed. This can be useful in debugging to check that the program lines are being executed in the correct order.

## **Upper case**

The characters available on a computer by pressing a key at the same time as pressing a shift key. The shift key usually produces capital letters for the alphabet keys and various punctuation and graphics for the others.

## **User defined graphics**

Graphics characters made up of a block of pixels which can be designed by the user. Custom characters can then be made, like a Pacman figure or a space invader.

## **User friendly**

Describes a program which is easy to operate by non-computer minded people.

A good user-friendly program will help the operator and should produce helpful messages in response to mistakes from the user.

#### USR

Used to transfer execution from the Basic program being executed to a machine code routine written by the user. This may be done if a certain part of the program needs to be executed very fast or for certain things which Basic cannot do.

#### **VDU**

Visual Display Unit.

A monitor or TV used as the output device for a computer.

#### **Vector Scan**

The alternative to raster scan. Instead of scanning the whole screen, the dot traces out the shape of whatever it is required to produce. Programming such a device needs great care because if the dot is allowed to stop for just a fraction of a second it will burn straight through the screen! Vector scan produces clearer, smoother graphics.

As used in some arcade games like Atari's Asteroids, and also in the Vectrex.

## Verify

Used in Basic to compare the program currently in RAM with one on tape or disk, to ensure that it has been SAVED correctly.

#### Word processor

A program to accept text from the keyboard and help in producing written documents. A good word processor will align the text to the margins, store standard letters on disk etc. Separate files of addresses can be stored so that a single letter need only be in typed once but can be printed many times with different addresses on top.

#### **Z80**

A common CPU used in many micros including the Spectrum and Sharp MZ80K.

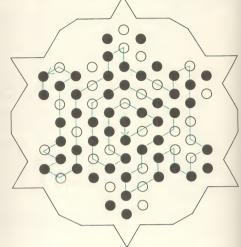
# SOLUTIONS

## THE SPLURGS OF MOG

WHO DIRECTION LOCATION WHAT WITH

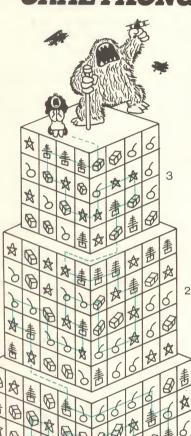
MEDUSA	SOUTH	CAVES	EVIL SPELL	
BEELZEBUB	WEST	FOREST	SWORD	
HYDRA	NORTH	LAKE	FIRE	
VAMPIRE	X	MOUNTAIN	GOLD CASKET	
GORGON	EAST	SWAMP	POISON	

## PATRIOTIC PACMAN



SOLUTION TO PATRIOTIC PACMAN 64 is the number of dots in the longest path.

## CRAZYKONG



## DAMAGED GOODS

Top Layer: BERZERK TRICKSHOT FROGGER 2nd Layer: GALAXIANS PACMAN

3rd Layer: PHOENIX DRACULA PIT-

4th Layer: MEGAMANIA STAR-MASTER DEFENDER

## SNACKBITE

1	С	E	D					
D	1	E	T					
T	1	N						
N	1	E	C	Е				
E	N	T	1	С	E	D		
D	1	N	T					
T	1	С						
C	E	N	T	1	P	E	D	E
E	D	1	Т					
T	1	P						
P	E	N	C	Ε				

#### DIRAMOND: GIG

At the time of going to press 18 moves is the best solution known and it can be achieved as follows: 2.1.2

2,1,2 0,3,2 3,0,0 1,0,2 0,1,1 0,2,2 1,1,0 1,1,2 2,0,2

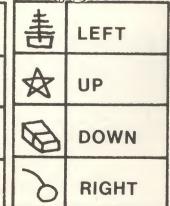
3,1,1 1,3,0 3,1,2 1,1,2

2,0,2 3,1,0 0,2,1

3,3,2 0,2,0



書	RIGHT
众	LEFT
B	UP
2	DOWN



害	UP
众	DOWN
Ø	RIGHT
8	LEFT

DUCKSHOOT

MIGEL: 25 20 10 10 10 5

TRACEY: 50 10 5 3 2

The common total is 71.

Muppet creator Jim Henson put his puppeteers to work on a fantasy epic last year.

He created a land peopled by the weird Mystics, cruel Skeksis and gentle Pod People. Through this world two Gelflings are sent on a quest to break the rule of the Skeksis and return peace to the land.

A computer program of the quest was released and we at Computer and Video Games asked readers to come up with their own graphic representations of the weird and wonderful creatures from the world of the Dark Crystal.

Henson Associates put up a prize package of a

head of Aughra, one of the "stars" of the film, flown over from America, the book of the film — beautifully illustrated by artist Brian Frood — and an LP of the film score.

When Bruce McNally, Henson Associates' creative director came in to judge the entries, he found a runaway winner in Alan Outter's marvellous representation of Jen the Gelfling on the BBC.

We show a screen picture of the winning entry over the page and for those who are feeling brave enough to key it in we reproduce the listing to show the work Alan put into his creation.

# The Dark Grystal Recreated

By Alan Outter

Runs on the BBC Model B

10 MODE5:GCOL0,4:MOVE 0,0:MOV E1280,0:PLOT85,0,1024:PLOT85,128 0,1024:X=24

20PRINTTAB(8,10); "JEN":FORI=1

T010000:NEXT I:CLS 30VDU19,6,4,0,0,0

40VDU19,3,3,0,0,0

50 YDU19,0,0,0,0,0,0

60VDU 23;8202;0;0;0 700NERROR GOTO120

80 B=4:X=X+8:MOVEX,0

90GCOL0,B:READ A,B:DRAW X,A\*8

-220 100IF A=180 THEN 80

110GOTO 90

120END

130DATA140,1,143,4,149,1,151,4

140DATR127,1,139,4,143,1,149,4,180,4

150DATA124,1,137,4,142,1,144,4

160DATA123,1,125,3,133,1,142,4 ,180,4

170DATA120,1,123,3,138,1,143,4 ,180,4

180DATA119,1,122,3,140,1,146,4

190DATA114,3,141,1,147,4,180,4 200DATA110,3,143,1,147,4,149,1

,152,4,160,1,161,4,180,4 210DATA106,3,144,1,147,4,148,1 ,161,4,180,4

220DATA98,0,99,4,104,3,145,1,1 48,3,154,4,162,1,165,4,169,3,170

,5,172,4,180,4 230DATA97,0,100,4,102,7,138,3, 150,1,154,3,159,1,164,4,169,3,17 0,5,171,4,180,4

240DATA97,0,100,4,101,7,102,0,108,7,110,0,113,7,114,0,115,7,138,3,149,1,154,3,157,1,161,4,162,1,167,3,168,5,170,4,180,4

250DATA95,0,104,1,107,0,109.6, 111,1,115,0,116,7,141,3,158,1,16 0,3,162,4,167,5,170,4,180,4

260DATA89,0,94,1,95,0,98,1,104 3,106,1,108,6,112,1,114;0,115,1 ,117,0,118,6,133,7,144,3,161,5,1 63,4,164,5,167,4,180,4

270DATA 58,0,70,4,75,0,77,4,87,0,94,1,95,0,97,1,101,3,108,1,110,0,111,3,112.6,113,1,114,0,115,1,117,0,118,7,132,6,133,7,145,3,161,1,163,3,164,1,169,5,171,4,180.4

280DATA46,0,94,1,95,7,96,0,97, 1,102,3,105,1,106,6,107,3,108,7, 110,1,112,3,113,1,115,0,116,6,11 7,1,118,0,119,6,131,7,133,6,134, 7,148,3,161,1,163,3,164,1,169,5, 171,4,180,4

290 DATA45,0,94,1,95,0,97,1,10 2,3,105,1,106,7,107,3,108,1,111, 0,112,3,113,1,116,0,117,1,118,0, 119,6,126,7,130,6,131,7,133,6,13 4,7,148,3,161,1,162,3,167,1,168, 5,169,4,180,4

300LISTDATA44,0,50,1,51,0,92,1,93,0,95,1,97,5,99,7,105,1,107,3,108,1,113,3,114,1,116,0,117,5,119,0,120,7,124,6,125,7,129,6,130,7,148,3,169,5,170,4,180,4

310DATA43,0,50,1,52,0,55,1,56,0,86,3,90,1,95,5,97,7,99,6,103,7,105,1,107,7,109.1,111,0,112,1,116,0,117,1,119,0.120,7,124,6,125,7,128,6,130,7,150,3,165,4,169,3,174,4,180,4

320DATR42,0,51,1,53,0,54,1,56,0,60,1,62,0,75,1,77,0,78,1,82.0,86,3,89,7,91,1,95,6,96,7,99,6,102,7,105,1,106,5,107,7,109,1,112,3,113,1,116,0,117,1,118,0,119,7,136,6,137,7,151,3,164,4,165,5,166,4,170,5,172,4,180,4

330DATA42,0,52,1,53,0,54,1,56, 0,60,1,62,0,75,1,84,0,87,3,88,7, 90,5,91,1,95,5,95,7,105,1,106,5, 107,7,109,1,112,7,113,3,114,1,11 6,0,117,7,130,6,131,7,134,6,135, 7,137,6,139,7,150,3,170,5,171,4, 180.4

340 DATA41,0,52,1,54,0,55,1,57,0,58,1,61,0,66,1,68,0,74,1,75,5,77,1,79,5,80,1,85,0,87,3,88,5,8

9,1,92,5,93,7,95,6,102,7,105,1,1 07,7,109,1,111,7,113,3,114,1,117,7,131,6,132,7,137,6,142,7,151,3,170,4,172,5,176,3,179,4,180,4

350DATR40,0,55,1,56,0,57,1,60,0,61,1,67,0,70,1,72,5,74,1,75,3,80,5,85,1,86,0,87,1,88,7,90,6,95,7,104,1,107,7,108,0,109,1,111,7,114,1,116,7,121,6,124,7,131,6,133,7,134,6,135,7,137,6,140,7,149,3,169,5,172,3,174,5,176,3,179,4,180,4

360DATR40,0,42,1,50,0,55,1,56,0,57,1,60,0,61,1,67,0,70,1,72,5,74,3,79,7,80,5,82,7,94,6,103,1,104,0,105,1,106,7,108,0,109,1,111,115,6,126,7,128,6,133,7,137,6,139,7,150,3,168,5,173,3,175,5,176,3,177,4,180,4

370DATA41,0,43,1,52,0,55,1,57,0,58,1,71,5,72,3,78,7,90,0,92,7,103,1,104,0,105,1,108,0,111,7,112,1,115,6,126,7,128,6,132,7,137,6,138,7,148,3,163,5,167,3,170,4,171,5,172,3,177,4,180,4

380DATA41,0,43,1,55,0,57,1,70, 5,75,7,76,3,77,1,85,0,86,4,93,0, 99,7,101,1,102,0,104,1,107,0,108 ,1,111,7,112,1,115,5,116,7,120,6 ,124,7,131,6,132,7,147,3,159,1,1 65,3,166,1,168,3,171,5,173,4,180

390 DATR42,0,46,3,47,5,54,1,56,0,58,5,60,1,63,5,66,1,69,5,70,3,73,7,77,5,81,7,83,0,84,4,99,0,100,1,102,0,104,1,114,7,115,0,117,6,120,7,123,6,129,7,130,6,131,7,147,3,159,5,168,3,171,5,173,4,180,4

400 DATA42,0,46,3,54,5,57,0,59,5,60,1,64,5,65,7,66,5,67,1,69,7,70,1,73,7,75,5,78,7,80,0,84,4,98,1,99,0,102,1,103,0,104,1,105,0,107,1,112,0,115,3,116,1,120,7,123,6,129,7,130,6,133,7,148,3,159,5,163,1,168,3,170,4,171,5,173,4,180,4

410DATA43,0,60,5,63,1,66,5,67, 1,69,5,70,3,71,0,77,4,97,1,99,0, 101,1,102,0,103,1,104,0,105,1,11 2,0,113,1,115,0,119,1,120,7,138, 3,158,5,161,3,163,5,165,3,167,1, 169,3,171,4,172,5,174,4,180,4

420 DATA43,0,46,1,51,0,57,3,58
,0,59,3,60,0,62,3,63,0,68,4,90,3
,96,1,97,0,102,1,103,0,104,1,105
,0,108,1,109,0,113,1,115,0,116,7
,137,3,155,1,158,3,164,5,163,3,1
66,5,172,4,173,5,176,3,177,1,178
,3,179,4,180,4

430DATA44,0,49,1,55,0,57,3,59,0,60,1,61,5,62,3,63,0,64,5,66,3,68,0,69,1,70,4,89,1,90,3,91,0,94,3,95,1,100,0,101,1,102,0,108,1,109,0,112,1,114,7,116,3,125,7,134,3,158,1,163,3,165,5,166,3,167,4,172,3,175,4,176,5,178,4,180,4

440DATA44,0,51,3,55,0,56,3,59, 0,60,1,61,5,62,3,64,0,65,5,66,3, 68,0,69,1,70,4,89,1,90,3,91,0,94, 1,99,0,102,1,103,0,106,1,107,0, 108,1,112,7,115,3,148,5,161,4,16 2,5,163,3,166,5,167,3,168,4,175, 3,176,4,180,4

450DATA46,0,49,1,53,0,55,1,57, 0,60,1,62,5,63,0,64,5,65,3,66,1, 67,0,68,3,69,0,70,1,73,4,80,3,89 ,0,91,3,92,0,93,1,101,0,107,1,10 8,7,113,3,146,5,152,3,156,1,159, 4,162,1,163,3,166,5,167,3,169,4, 175,3,176,4,180,4

460DATA45,0,50,1,57,0,58,1,59, 5,62,3,63,0,64,5,66,3,68,0,69,3, 70,0,72,1,75,4,86,3,87,1,89,0,92 ,3,94,1,98,0,104,1,107,4,110,3,1 44,5,147,1,150,3,151,4,155,3,159 ,4,163,1,164,3,166,4,169,3,170,4

470DATA45,0,55,1,58,0,60,3,62, 1,63,5,64,3,66,1,67,0,68,3,70,0, 71,3,74,1,75,0,76,1,77,4,85,3,86 ,1,88,0,91,1,95,3,97,0,101,1,104 ,3,110,3,125,1,130,3,141,5,146,1 ,147,4,157,3,159,4,175,3,176,4,1

480DATA46,0,54,1,55,0,60,3,62, 0,63,1,67,0,68,3,70,0,71,3,74,1, 75,0,76,3,78,1,79,3,80,4,82,3,85 ,1,86,0,90,3,92,1,94,0,100,3,101 ,1,102,4,121,5,126,4,132,3,139,5 ,145,4,175,3,176,4,180,4

498DATA47,0,56,3,58,0,62,1,66, 0,67,3,70,0,71,3,74,1,75,0,76,3, 83,1,85,0,90,3,94,1,95,0,100,3,1 92,1,103,4,175,3,178,4,180,4

500DATA48,0,57,3,59,1,64,0,67, 3,68,0,69,7,70,0,71,3,75,1,76,0, 77,3,81,1,82,0,85,3,91,0,92,1,93 ,0,96,1,98,3,103,4,114,0,116,4,1 76,3,177,4,180,4

510DATA51,0,64,7,65,0,69,3,74, 1,75,0,76,3,80,1,81,0,85,3,89,0, 92,1,96,3,98,0,108,4,112,0,118,6 ,127,4,180,4

520DATA53,0,62,1,64,0,68,1,69, 3,75,1,76,0,77,1,78,0,85,3,88,0, 90,1,91,0,92,3,98,0,100,7,101,6, 103,7,109,0,110,7,115,6,118,7,12 2,6,126,0,127,6,132,4,180,4

530DATA55,0,68,1,69,3,72,7,74, 1,75,0,76,1,77,0,80,1,83,3,87,0, 90,3,95,0,96,1,99,0,105,7,110,0, 115,7,118,0,120,6,124,0,125,6,12 6,7,127,0,129,7,132,0,134,6,138,

540DATA56,0,66,1,68,3,71,1,72, 7,73,1,75,0,76,1,77,0,78,1,79,3, 85,0,89,1,90,3,95,0,97,1,98,6,10 4,0,108,6,110,0,117,7,119,6,133, 7,137,0,138,6,140,4,180,4 550DATA54,0,63,1,64,0,70,1,73, 0,77,1,79,3,83,1,84,0,87,1,88,3, 91,0,92,1,93,0,94,0,119,7,122,6, 123,0,137,6,138,0,140,6,142,4,18 0,4

560DATA54,0,58,5,60,0,70,1,72, 0,77,3,81,0,83,1,85,0,87,3,90,0, 91,1,92,3,95,6,100,0,135,6,136,0 ,140,6,141,0,144,4,180,4

570DATR47,1,48,0,55,5,56,1,61,0,65,1,70,0,75,1,76,3,80,7,82,0,84,1,86,3,89,0,90,1,92,3,94,7,98,6,108,0,121,3,122,7,127,0,135,6,138,0,139,6,144,0,147,4,180,4580DATR46,1,48,0,53,1,61,0,63,1,69,0,74,1,75,3,79,0,84,3,88,0,89,1,91,3,92,6,109,0,116,3,120,7,130,0,137,6,140,0,143,6,145,0,148,4,180,4



590DATA38,1,47,0,50,5,54,1,55,3,59,1,61,0,63,1,68,0,72,1,74,3,78,1,79,0,84,3,89,1,91,3,92,0,98,6,104,0,115,3,118,7,122,3,123,7,130,0,136,6,141,0,142,6,144,0,150,4,180,4

600DATA32,1,47,5,51,7,52,3,55,5,59,0,61,3,64,0,71,1,72,3,77,1,81,3,85,1,90,0,111,3,116,7,119,3,120,7,122,3,125,7,131,0,140,6,148,0,150,4,180,4

610 DATA30,3,36,1,40,0,47,5,49,1,51,3,58,5,59,0,61,3,63,0,70,1,71,3,74,1,79,0,80,3,84,0,85,1,91,0,110,3,116,7,118,3,125,7,133,0,140,6,149,0,150,6,151,0,152,4,180,4

620DATA29,3,35,1,41,0,46,5,50,3,58,0,62,3,64,0,66,1,69,3,72,1,74,0,76,1,78,0,79,3,84,0,85,1,86,3,87,1,94,0,139,3,110,7,115,3,125,7,132,0,133,7,136,1,138,0,140,6,144,0,146,6,149,0,152,6,153,0,154,4,180,4

630DATA31,0,46,5,52,3,56,0,60, 3,61,0,62,3,64,0,65,1,66,3,72,0, 79,3,82,0,83,1,84,3,88,1,92,3,94,0,96,5,98,3,103,0,109,3,110,7,115,1,116,3,125,7,130,3,131,0,132,7,134,0,135,7,137,1,140,6,146,0,148,6,151,0,152,6,153,0,154,4,1

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650 DATA145,6,147,0,148,7,150, 6,151,0,152,6,153,6,154,4,180,4 660DATA34,3,38,1,41,0,45,1,50,7,51,5,54,0,55,6,56,0,62,3,65,1,66,3,68,0,74,3,78,0,81,1,83,3,85,1,90,3,95,7,107,5,108,3,109,7,114,1,115,0,117,1,118,7,121,0,122,3,123,7,124,3,125,7,129,1,130,3,132,2,133,7,134,2

670 DATA135,0,136,3,137,7,141,0,143,6,144,7,148,0,150,6,153,0,155,4,180,4

680DATA28,3,35,1,39,0,45,1,51,3,55,0,62,3,65,7,66,0,74,3,77,0,81,1,82,3,84,1,90,3,93,0,94,5,95,3,96,5,97,0,99,3,101,0,103,1,10,5,3,106,7,107,5,108,3,109,7,113,1,115,0,117,1,121,7,122,3,123,7,129,5,130,3,132,2,133,0,134,2,135,0,136,3,137,7

690DATA138,5,140,6,141,0,142,6,144,7,147,6,148,0,150,6,154,0,155,4,180,4

700DATA30,3,34,0,44,3,54,0,63,3,65,0,71,3,77,0,78,1,79,3,83,0,84,1,87,3,88,0,89,3,90,7,91,3,93,0,94,6,95,3,96,5,97,0,98,3,100,0101,5,102,3,106,7,107,5,108,3,109,7,113,1,114,7,115,0,116,7,117,0,118,1,119,3,124,7,129,5,131,3,133,0,135,3

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720DATA29,0,44,1,50,3,54,0,57,1,61,0,63,3,66,0,70,3,72,1,76,3,77,1,79,3,84,0,85,1,86,3,88,0,91,7,92,1,93,0,94,5,95,3,96,5,97,1,98,3,99,0,100,1,101,3,104,7,106,0,107,5,108,3,109,7,113,1,115,0,117,1,118,7,121,0,122,3,123,1,124,7,130,5,131,7

730DATA134,0,135,7,136,5,140,1,143,6,147,7,146,0,147,6,150,0,153,6,154,0,155,7,156,0,157,4,180

740DATA28,0,44,1,49,3,53,0,57,12,60,0,64,3,66,0,68,1,69,0,70,3,72,1,73,0,75,3,76,1,78,7,81,3,84,0,85,3,87,1,88,0,90,1,93,0,94,3,95,0,96,3,108,7,106,0,107,5,108,1,109,3,113,1,115,0,116,1,117,7,122,3,123,1,124,3,129,7,133,0,134,5

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770DATA29,0,43,1,49,3,50,0,53,1,54,0,55,1,60,0,54,3,69,1,71,0,73,1,77,0,80,3,85,1,88,0,89,1,90,3,96,0,98,3,100,7,105,1,106,0,107,1,108,5,113,7,115,0,116,5,118,3,119,5,121,7,124,1,129,3,137,7

,139,6,145,0,146,6,147,7,149,0,1 54,6,155,0,156,6 780DATA157,4,180,4 790DATA33,1,40,0,42,3,46,1,47, 3,50,0,53,1,56,0,57,1,58,0,59,1, 61,0,64,3,69,0,73,1,88,0,89,1,92 ,7,94,0,97,3,98,7,104,3,105,1,10 6,5,197,0,198,1,109,5,113,3,115, 0,116,1,117,5,120,7,124,1,127,5, 130,1,131,7,132,3,136,7,138,0,14 5,6,148,7,149,0 800DATA154,6,155,0,156,4,180,4 810DATA31,5,32,0,41,3,42,1,47, 3,49,0,51,1,53,0,54,1,56,0,58,1 62,0,65,3,70,0,73,1,80,3,88,0,89 ,1,90,3,91,1,92,3,96,1,97,3,105, 1,106,5,107,0,108,1,109,5,113,3, 114,5,120,6,122,1,128,3,131,5,13 2,7,137,0,146,6,151,0,152,7,154, 6,155,0,156,4 820DATA180,4 830DATA30,1,33,0,41,1,46,3,49, 0,50,1,53,0,54,1,55,0,67,3,74,0, 75,1,81,3,88,0,89,1,90,3,91,1,94 3,96,1,102,3,104,1,108,7,109,1, 110,5,115,3,116,1,117,5,119,6,12 0,1,128,5,131,1,134,3,137,1,140, 3,141,7,144,0,147,6,156,0,157,6, 158,4,180,4 840DATA34,0,40,3,41,1,46,3,48, 0,49,1,54,0,55,1,56,0,83,3,88,0, 89,1,90,3,91,1,93,3,94,0,95,1,10 8,7,109,1,110,5,111,1,13,5,114,3 115, 1, 117, 7, 118, 6, 121, 1, 125, 5, 1 31,1,133,3,134,1,137,5,142,3,143 ,6,144,7,145,0,150,6,151,0,154,6 ,156,0,157,6 850DATA158,4,180,4 860DATA33,0,40,3,43,1,45,3,48, 0,49,1,50,0,51,1,52,0,53,1,54,0, 55,1,57,0,60,1,74,3,77,0,80,3,83 .0,84,1,85,3,88,0,89,1,90,3,91,0 ,92,3,96,0,97,1,108,7,109,1,114, 5,115,3,116,1,117,7,119,6,120,1, 122,3,125,5,126,3,127,1,131,7,13 4,0,135,1,142,0 870DATA145,6,153,0,154,6,157,4 880DATA31,0,35,1,37,0,40,3,44, 1,46,0,49,1,50,3,51,0,54,1,56,0, 57, 1, 58, 0, 60, 1, 61, 3, 67, 1, 73, 3, 75 ,1,76,3,80,0,83,3,84,0,85,1,86,3 88,0,89,1,93,0,94,1,95,3,96,7,9 7,0,98,1,108,3,109,1,110,5,113,1 114,3,115,7,117,6,119,1,121,3,1 23,7,124,5,125,3 890DATA127,5,129,1,130,7,134,0 ,135,1,136,6,137,1,141,7,144,0,1 51,6,153,0,155,6,157,4,180,4 900DATA31,0.33,1,38,0,40,3,44, 1,45,3,47,0,50,3,51,0,55,1,56,0, 58,1,59,0,61,1,63,0,67,1,71,3,75 ,1,77,3,79,1,80,0,83,3,84,1,85,0

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1,36,0,42,1,47,0,56,1,58,0,69,1, 85,3,87,0,88,1,90,3,91,0,92,6,93 ,0,95,1,96,3,99,0,100,1,105,5,10 7,1,109,3,110,1,120,7,125,3,130, 7,132,5,133,2,134,7,135,2,136,0, 137,3,139,5,140,1,142,0,150,6,15 5,0,156,6,157,4 950DATA180,4 960DATA30,1,31,3,32,1,33,0,41, 1,46,0,56,1,59,0,67,1,68,0,69,1 85,3,86,1,87,0,89,3,91,0,92,5,93 ,0,95,1,96,3,99,0,101,1,109,3,11 0,5,113,1,114,5,115,1,119,7,125, 3,130,7,132,5,133,2,134,7,135,2, 136,0,137,3,139,6,140,5,142,0,14 9,6,155,0,157,4 970DATA180,4 980DATA30,1,31,3,34,1,35,0,39, 1,43,0,44,1,46,0,55,3,56,0,61,3, 65,1,67,0,69,1,79,3,80,1,83,3,87 ,1,88,0,90,3,91,0,92,5,93,0,95,1 ,96,3,100,0,102,1,104,5,109,3,11 0,5,113,1,114,5,115,1,120,3,122, 1,123,3,125,7,129,3,130,7,132,1, 133,0,136,1 990DATA137,3,138,5,140,1,142,6 , 152, 0, 154, 6, 156, 4, 180, 4 1000DATA31,1,32,3,35,0,44,3,45, 1,47,0,55,1,57,0,73,1,74,3,75,1, 77,3,78,1,79,3,81,1,87,3,88,1,91 ,0,92,5,93,0,95,5,96,3,100,0,103 ,1,104,5,108,1,109,3,110,5,113,1 , 114, 5, 116, 1, 119, 3, 122, 5, 124, 3, 1 27,7,129,3,130,7,133,1,134,0,136 ,1,142,6,143,0 1010DATA149,6,151,0,153,6,156,0 ,158,4,180,4 1020DATA31,1,32,3,34,1,35,0,43, 3,44,1,47,0,51,1,55,0,74,1,77,3, 78,1,84,3,87,1,91,0,92,5,93,3,94 ,0,96,5,99,3,101,0,103,3,104,1,1 06,6,108,1,109,3,111,1,114,5,118 ,1,119,5,124,3,126,7,129,3,130,7 . 134, 1, 135, 0, 136, 1, 142, 0, 144, 7, 1 45,6,149,0,153,6 1030DATA156,0,157,4,180,4 1040DATA33,3,35,0,51,1,59,3,60, 0,73,1,76,0,77,1,83,3,89,1,91,5, 92,0,93,3,94,0,97,5,100,7,102,0, 103,3,104,0,107,1,110,3,111,1,11 4,5,116,0,117,1,120,5,124,7,126, 3,128,7,131,3,133,1,134,3,135,0, 137,1,141,6,142,0,145,6,147,0,15 0,7,152,0,157,4 1050DATA180,4 1060DATA33,3,34,0,48,1,49,0,51, 1,53,0,56,1,59,3,62,1,64,0,77,1, 83,3,89,1,90,7,91,0,93,3,95,0,10 0,7,103,0,110,1,114,5,115,0,116, 1,121,5,124,7,126,1,128,3,130,7 134, 0, 136, 1, 141, 0, 146, 6, 149, 7, 15 0,0,156,7,157,6,158,4,180,4 1070DATA31,0,33,3,34,0,48,1,50, 0,51,1,52,0,59,1,60,3,61,1,62,0, 76,1,85,0,87,3,90,7,92,0,93,3,96 ,0,100,7,103,0,111,1,116,0,118,5 ,119,1,125,7,126,5,129,3,131,1,1 35,3,136,1,141,0,142,6,146,0,148 ,7,149,0,154,6,155,0,156,6,158,0 ,159,4,180,4 1080DATA31,0,33,3,34,0,48,1,50, 0,51,1,52,0,58,1,59,3,60,1,62,0 68,1,69,3,71,0,73,1,84,0,88,3,90 ,7,92,0,95,7,98,0,111,1,1118,0,1 20,1,126,5,128,7,130,1,135,5,137 ,1,140,3,146,6,147,0,151,6,157,0 ,158,4,180,4 1090DATA32,0,33,3,34,0,44,1,45, 0,50,1,51,0,58,1,59,3,60,1,61,0, 68,1,70,3,71,0,79,1,83,0,92,6,94

15,0,150,6,155,0,157,4,180,4 1100DATA29,0,30,7,32,0,39,1,40, 0,51,1,46,0,62,1,63,0,64,1,65,0 68,1,72,0,76,1,85,0,89,6,92,0,94 ,6,95,0,97,6,101,0,105,7,106,0,1 14,5,117,0,149,6,150,7,151,6,154 ,0,156,4,180,4 1110DATA29,0,37,1,40,0,45,1,47, 0,63,3,65,0,68,1,70,0,76,1,78,0, 83,1,86,0,91,6,94,0,95,6,96,0,98 ,6,102,0,105,7,107,0,115,6,117,0 . 148, 6, 149, 7, 150, 6, 151, 0, 155, 4, 1 80,4 1120DATA32,1,33,0,34,1,35,0,45, 1,47,0,62,1,63,3,65,0,66,1,68,3, 70,1,71,0,75,1,79,0,82,1,83,3,85 ,1,87,0,91,1,92,0,96,0,97,6,98,0 , 100, 6, 105, 0, 108, 6, 114, 0, 116, 7, 1 23,6,137,0,146,6,148,7,149,6,150 ,0,154,4,180,4 1130DATA33,1,34,0,45,1,46,0,62, 1,63,3,64,0,66,1,68,3,69,1,70,0, 73,1,78,0,82,1,83,3,85,1,86,0,91 ,1,93,0,96,6,99,0,102,6,129,7,13 6,0,138,6,142,0,145,6,147,7,149, 6,150,0,153,4,180,4 1140DATA33,0,44,1,45,0,62,1,63 3,64,0,65,1,68,3,69,0,71,1,79,0, 80,1,85,0,86,1,91,0,92,1,94,0,97 ,6,100,0,102,6,110,0,115,6,117,0 , 138, 6, 140, 0, 143, 6, 145, 7, 146, 6, 1 48,0,152,4,180,4 1150DATA38,1,39,0,46,1,47,0,68, 1,70,0,71,1,73,3,78,1,82,3,85,0, 86,1,90,0,91,1,93,0,112,7,114,0, 131,6,138,7,139,0,141,6,142,0,14 3,6,144,0,150,4,153,6,154,4,180, 64. 1160DATA40,0,48,1,50,0,68,3,69, 1,70,0,71,1,78,3,80,1,84,3,85,0, 86,1,90,0,91,1,93,0,112,7,114,0, 131,6,138,7,139,0,141,6,142,0,14 3,6,144,0,150,4,180,4 1170DATA44,0,68,3,69,1,70,0,71, 1,75,0,76,1,78,3,81,1,84,3,85,1, 94,0,100,6,130,0,133,6,138,0,141 ,6,142,0,145,6,146,0,150,6,153,4 ,180.4 1180DATA47,0,71,1,74,0,75,1,77, 3,78,1,81,3,82,0,83,1,85,3,87,1 94,0,99,6,102,0,148,6,150,7,151, 6, 153, 4, 180, 4 1190DATA58,0,71,1,73,0,75,1,77, 3,78,0,79,1,82,0,83,1,86,3,87,1, 92,0,99,6,102,7,104,6,108,7,109, 6,111,0,112,6,120,0,135,5,137,0, 147,6,149,7,150,6,152,4,180,4 1200DATA63,0,74,1,76,3,77,0,79 1,82,0,85,1,91,0,92,1,95,0,102,6 , 106, 0, 107, 6, 110, 0, 115, 6, 125, 7, 1 26,0,138,5,141,0,146,6,150,4,180 1210DATA65,0,69,1,71,0,75,1,77 0,79,1,83,0,85,1,91,0,92,1,95,0 96,1,97,0,98,6,102,0,130,1,132,0 ,140,3,141,0,146,6,149,4,180,4 1220DATA67,0,71,1,72,0,79,1,80, <mark>0,84,1,87,0,92,1,94,0,100,7,</mark>102, <mark>6,103,0,130,1,140,0,142,3,143,5,</mark> 144,6,146,4,180,4 1230DATA69,0,73,1,77,0,79,1,80, 0,92,1,94,0,131,1,140,0,141,3,14 2,5,144,6,145,4,180,4 1240DATA73,0,75,1,80,0,133,1,13 7,6,139,1,145,4,180,4 1250DATA74,0,89,4,98,0,131,6,13 5,1,136,5,139,1,144,4,180,4 1260 DATA76,0,80,4,85,0,87,4,99 ,0,125,6,134,4,180,4 1270DATA103,0,120,6,128,4,180,4 1280DATA107,0,116,6,122,4,180,4

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